Animal and Plant Health Agency

Certification scheme fruit plants
Explanatory guide to top fruit
*Cydonia, Malus, Prunus, Pyrus*
Rootstocks Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 and Certified categories

March 2021

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1. Introduction

This document is a guide to Top Fruit certification taken from The Plant Health (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 and The Plant Health (Phytosanitary Conditions) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

2. Applications

The scheme is open to any grower in England and Wales who can meet the general conditions for entry and comply with the specific conditions of entry. Applications for entry of material to be submitted through the approved administrator, presently the Nuclear Stock Association Limited. Visit [http://nsa-plants.co.uk](http://nsa-plants.co.uk)

Growers will need to apply to APHA and be registered to issue Plant Passports.

3. Labelling / sealing / supplier and variety registration

Refer to separate documents covering labelling, sealing, supplier and variety registration.

4. Grades and stock eligibility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GRADE</th>
<th>PARENT STOCK</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-basic</td>
<td>Candidate pre-basic mother plants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic 1</td>
<td>Pre-basic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic 2</td>
<td>Pre-basic, Basic 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic 3</td>
<td>Pre-basic, Basic 1, Basic 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Certified</td>
<td>Pre-basic, Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New Stoolbeds

- **Basic 1:** Established using material certified as Pre-basic category in the previous year.
- **Basic 2:** Established using material certified as Pre-basic or Basic 1 in the previous year.
- **Basic 3:** Established using material certified as Pre-basic, Basic 1 or Basic 2 in the previous year.
- **Certified:** Established using material certified as Pre-basic, Basic 1, Basic 2 or Basic 3 in the previous year.
For Established Stoolbeds

Basic 1: Basic 1 in the previous year.
Basic 2: Basic 1 or Basic 2 in the previous year.
Basic 3: Basic 1, Basic 2 or Basic 3 in the previous year.
Certified: Certified as Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 or Certified in the previous year.

Lined Out Rootstocks:

Basic 1: Derived from Basic 1
Basic 2: Must be derived from Basic 1 or Basic 2 parent material.
Basic 3: Must be derived from Basic 1, Basic 2, or Basic 3 parent material.
Certified: Must be derived from Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 or Certified parent material.

5. Soil sampling requirements

Application for soil sampling should be made through the approved administrator.

Growers can select sites but are advised to consult their local APHA Plant Health & Seeds Inspector if in doubt regarding the eligibility of a proposed field.

**Cydonia, Malus, Pyrus**

**Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 and Certified**

Soil Sampling not required.

**Prunus avium, P. cerasus**

**Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3**

Soil sampling of the proposed field in advance of planting required for freedom from nematodes:

*Longidorus attenuatus*

*Longidorus elongatus*

*Longidorus macrosoma*

*Xiphinema diversicaudatum*
**Prunus domestica, P. perisica and P. salicina**

**Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3**

Soil sampling of the proposed field in advance of planting required for freedom from nematodes:

*Longidorus attenuatus*

*Longidorus elongatus*

*Xiphinema diversicaudatum*

Fields found to be infested cannot be used for certified stocks.

NB. The soil sampling requirements listed shall not apply where host plant species of the nematodes listed above have not been grown on any proposed production field for at least 5 full years or longer.

The relevant hosts for Basic or Certified mother trees of *Prunus spp.* are: grapevine, *Fragaria spp.*, *Ribes spp.*, *Rubus spp.*, cherry, plum, apricot, peach, almond and Japanese plum and their rootstocks, poplar trees, hops, or elder/elderberry.

**Prunus avium, P.cerasus, P.domestica, P.persica and P.salicina**

**Certified**  Soil sampling not required.

### 6. Isolation distances for field grown material

Minimum isolation distances apply:

**Plum Pox Hosts:**

50 metres from any other plum pox hosts (incl. ornamentals) not entered for certification.

**Other Prunus:**

10 metres from any other *Prunus spp.* not entered for certification.

**Cydonia, Malus and Pyrus:**

10 metres from any *Pomoideae* not entered for certification

Growers should ensure they can meet isolation requirements before planting stocks in new sites.
7. Spacing

Stoolbeds, layer beds and hedges of different varieties must be planted at least 1.5 metres apart. Lined out rootstocks must be in rows at least 0.75 metres apart.

NB. Spacing requirements do not apply to bench-grafted material grown indoors in pots in a soil free medium.

8. Identifying stocks

Each stock must be permanently and clearly labelled as to type. Stocks must be kept in identifiable lots. Rootstocks of different types or rootstocks produced at different times (even if the same type) may not be mixed.

9. Control of pests and diseases / standards to be met

The control of pests and diseases must be of the highest standard and failure to achieve this will need rectification and may result in a further chargeable inspection prior to certification.

Where a significant mixture is identified and roguing is impractical certification may be withheld.

Age of trees

There is no maximum age for Rootstock stoolbeds at any of the Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 and Certified grades.

Testing

However a representative portion of the Rootstock stoolbeds of Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 and Certified categories will be subject to re-testing over certain time periods dependent upon the crop for freedom from certain pathogens.

Annex II List of viruses

Cydonia and Pyrus- every 15 years for:

Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple stem grooving virus (ASGV), Apple stem pitting virus (ASPV)
**Malus** - every 15 years for:

Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple stem grooving virus (ASGV), Apple stem pitting virus (ASPV) and Apple mosaic virus (ApMV)

**Prunus amygdalus** - every 10 years for Basic and every 15 years for Certified for:

Apricot chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple mosaic virus (ApMV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot virus (PNRSV), plus every year if allowed to flower, or every three years if not allowed to flower, for PDV and PNRSV

**Prunus armeniaca** - every 10 years for Basic and every 15 years for Certified for:

Apricot chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple mosaic virus (ApMV), Apricot latent virus (ApLV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot virus (PNRSV), plus every year if allowed to flower, or every three years if not allowed to flower, for PDV and PNRSV

**Prunus avium and Prunus cerasus** - every 10 years for Basic and every 15 years for Certified for:

Apricot chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple mosaic virus (ApMV), Arabis mosaic virus (ArMV), Cherry green ring mottle virus (CGRMV), Cherry leaf roll virus (CLRV), Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus (CNRMV), Little cherry virus 1 and 2 (LChV1, LChV2), Cherry mottle leaf virus (ChMLV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot virus (PNRSV), Raspberry ringspot virus (RpRSV), Strawberry latent ringspot virus (SLRSV), Tomato black ring nepovirus (TBRV), plus every year if allowed to flower, or every three years if not allowed to flower, for PDV and PNRSV.

**Prunus domestica** and **P. salicina**: every 10 years for Basic and every 15 years for Certified for:

Apricot chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple mosaic virus (ApMV), Myrobalan latent ringspot virus (MLRSV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot virus (PNRSV), plus every year if allowed to flower, or every three years if not allowed to flower, for PDV and PNRSV.

**Prunus persica**: every 10 years for Basic and every 15 years for Certified for:

Apricot chlorotic leaf spot virus (ACLSV), Apple mosaic virus (ApMV), Apricot latent virus (ApLV), Prune dwarf virus (PDV), Prunus necrotic ringspot virus (PNRSV), Strawberry latent ringspot virus (SLRSV), Prunus latent mosaic viroid (PLMVd)

[Exemption for viroids only applies to Cydonia, Pyrus, Malus], plus every year if allowed to flower, or every three years if not allowed to flower, for PDV and PNRSV,

plus every year if allowed to flower for Prunus latent mosaic viroid (PLMVd).
**Inspection**

Pre-basic, Basic and Certified plant material shall be visually free from pests and diseases in Annex 1 Part A. Freedom can be met by removal of infected plants and / or by biological, physical or chemical treatments if applicable.

**Annex I**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annex I Part A</th>
<th>Pre-basic, Basic and Certified</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cydonia</strong></td>
<td><strong>Insects</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Malus</strong></td>
<td><em>Eriosoma lanigerum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pyrus</strong></td>
<td><em>Psylla spp.</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Nematodes</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Meloidogyne hapla</em></td>
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<td><em>Meloidogyne javanica</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Pratylenchus penetrans</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Pratylenchus vulnus</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Fungi</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Armillariella mellea</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Chondrostereum purpureum</em></td>
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<td><em>Glomerella cingulata</em></td>
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<td><em>Pezicula alba</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Pezicula malicorticis</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Nectria galligena</em></td>
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<td><em>Phytophthora cactorum</em></td>
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<td><em>Roessleria pallida</em></td>
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<td><em>Verticillium dahlia</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Verticillium albo-atrum</em></td>
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<td>Pre-basic, Basic and Certified</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bacteria</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae</em></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Prunus amygdalus</strong></td>
<td><strong>Insects</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Prunus armeniaca</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Prunus domestica</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Prunus persica</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Nematodes</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Meloidogyne arenaria</em></td>
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<td><em>Meloidogyne javanica</em></td>
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<td><em>Meloidogyne incognita</em></td>
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<td><em>Pseudomonas syringae pv. morsprunorum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae (on P. armeniaca)</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>Pseudomonas viridiflava (on P. armeniaca)</em></td>
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</tbody>
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10. Roguing
Limited roguing or removal of affected parts or pesticide treatments in order to meet the requirements is permissible after inspection by APHA Plant Health & Seeds Inspectors, provided records are kept.

11. Gapping up
Gapping up is permissible providing that the material used is eligible and prior approval from APHA Plant Health has been obtained. Growers must keep records and make them available if requested to do so.

12. Number of inspections
Basic 1, Basic 2, Basic 3 and Certified
One inspection for all categories. Usually during late July or early August.

13. Quarantine pest & diseases
Growers who become aware of or suspect the presence of any quarantine pest or disease on their premises must immediately notify their local APHA Plant Health & Seeds Inspector.
Requirements for regular 3 yearly official re-testing of some Prunus spp. for the quarantine pest Plum pox virus will need to be carried out and APHA inspectors will provide information on this requirement.

14. Record keeping (critical points plan)
During the production of propagating material and fruit plants the supplier must maintain relevant information to monitor the key points in the production process.
These include:

- Location and number of plants
- Timing of their cultivations
- Propagation operations
- Packaging, storage and transportation operations.
The information should remain available for at least three years and made available to PHSI upon request.