



Department for
International Trade



Trade & Investment Factsheets

British Virgin Islands

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and British Virgin Islands.

Date of release: 9 April 2021; Date of next planned release: May 2021

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and British Virgin Islands was **£723 million** in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, an increase of 0.3% or £2 million from the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019. Of this £723 million:

- Total UK **exports** to British Virgin Islands amounted to £660 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 (an increase of 9.1% or £55 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019);
- Total UK **imports** from British Virgin Islands amounted to £63 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 (a decrease of 45.7% or £53 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019).

British Virgin Islands was the UK's 86th largest trading partner in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 accounting for 0.1% of total UK trade.¹

In 2019, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in British Virgin Islands was £14.4 billion accounting for 1.0% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

In 2019, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from British Virgin Islands was £17.9 billion accounting for 1.2% of the total UK inward FDI stock.²

¹ Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade](#) data.

² Investment data sourced from the ONS [ad-hoc data release](#) if not provided in the latest ONS [main FDI release](#).

About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and British Virgin Islands. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for International Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- ['Ease of doing business' rankings and scores.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for International Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used as some statistics are revised on a regular basis.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as the trade and investment factsheets and therefore are comparable between the two publications. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for International Trade can be found online.

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Trade with British Virgin Islands (ONS)^{3 4 5}

Trade definitions

UK exports - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to British Virgin Islands.

UK imports - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by British Virgin Islands.

Total or 'bilateral' trade - The value of total trade between the UK and British Virgin Islands (exports plus imports).

Trade balance - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.

Trade surplus - This occurs when the value of UK exports to British Virgin Islands is greater than the value of UK imports from British Virgin Islands.

Trade deficit - This occurs when the value of UK exports to British Virgin Islands is less than the value of UK imports from British Virgin Islands.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

Note: The latest data includes trade between March and September 2020 which have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. As data are presented for the four quarters ending Q3 2020 (up to September 2020), trade between October 2019 and February 2020 is included before any UK lockdown measures were introduced. Data quality has also been affected and may be subject to larger revisions.

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and British Virgin Islands was £723 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, an increase of 0.3% or £2 million from the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019.

In the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, **total UK exports** to British Virgin Islands amounted to £660 million (an increase of 9.1% or £55 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019).

Of all UK exports to British Virgin Islands in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, £24 million (3.6%) were **goods** and £636 million (96.4%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, UK **exports of goods** to British Virgin Islands increased by 41.2% or £7 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019 while UK **exports of services** to British Virgin Islands increased by 8.2% or £48 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019.

In the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, **total UK imports** from British Virgin Islands were £63 million (a decrease of 45.7% or £53 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019).

Of all UK imports from British Virgin Islands in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, £44 million (69.8%) were **goods** and £19 million (30.2%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from British Virgin Islands increased by 144.4% or £26 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019 while UK **imports of services** from British Virgin Islands decreased by 80.6% or £79 million compared to the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019.

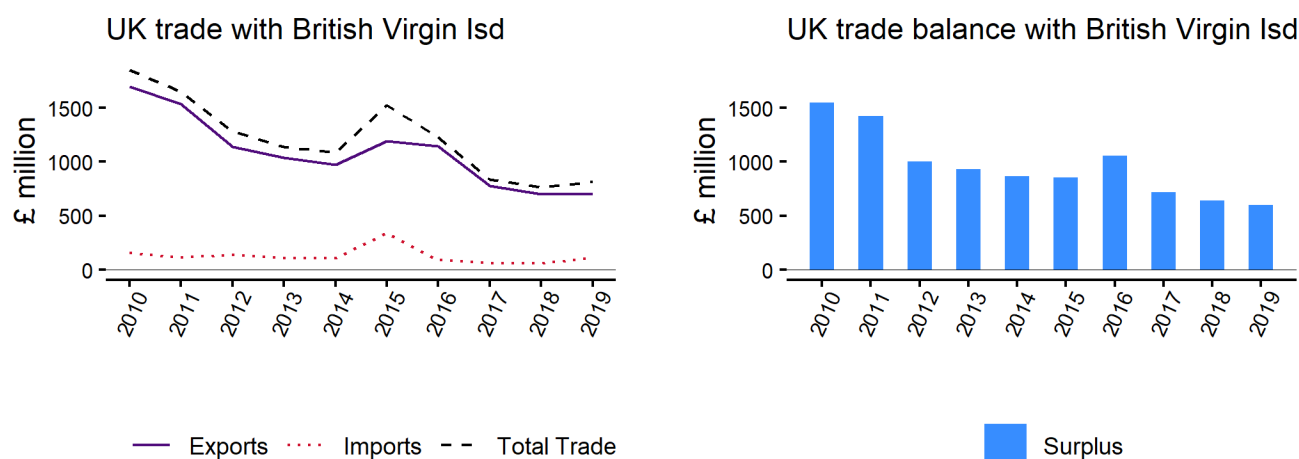
This means the UK reported a **total trade surplus** of £597 million with British Virgin Islands, compared to a trade surplus of £489 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019. In the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, the UK had a **trade in goods deficit** of £20 million with British Virgin Islands, compared to a trade in goods deficit of £1 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £617 million with British Virgin Islands, compared to a trade in services surplus of £490 million in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2019.

³ Office of National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

⁴ This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to British Virgin Islands (reported by the UK) may not match the value of British Virgin Islands imports from the UK (reported by British Virgin Islands).

⁵ Data are in nominal terms, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding. Data in this section are non-seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated and should not be compared to seasonally adjusted data.

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and British Virgin Islands for each year between 2010 and 2019:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q3 2020

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ million:

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Value of total trade	1851	1650	1278	1141	1083	1526	1230	836	763	812
Value of exports	1698	1537	1140	1035	974	1189	1142	777	702	705
Value of imports	153	113	138	106	109	337	88	59	61	107
Trade balance	+1545	+1424	+1002	+929	+865	+852	+1054	+718	+641	+598

In the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, British Virgin Islands was the UK's:⁶

- **86th largest trading partner** (accounting for 0.1% of total UK trade).
 - 116th largest **goods** trading partner (less than 0.1% of UK goods trade).
 - 61st largest **services** trading partner (0.1% of UK services trade).
- **68th largest export market** (accounting for 0.1% of total UK exports).
 - 133rd largest **goods** export market (less than 0.1% of UK goods exports).
 - 54th largest **services** export market (0.2% of UK services exports).
- **Joint 122nd largest import market** (accounting for less than 0.1% of total UK imports).
 - Joint 103rd largest **goods** import market (less than 0.1% of UK goods imports).
 - Joint 126th largest **services** import market (less than 0.1% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only⁷, show that UK exports of goods to British Virgin Islands increased by 60.0% in the 12 months to January 2021 compared to the same period the previous year. UK imports of goods from British Virgin Islands increased by 186.7% over the same period.

Note: Data between March 2020 and January 2021 have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. As these data are presented for the 12 months ending January 2021 this also includes trade in February 2020, before any UK lockdown or other measures were introduced. Data quality has also been affected and may be subject to larger revisions than usual.

⁶ Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). Note this dataset is not comparable with other ONS seasonally adjusted datasets.

⁷ ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to January 2021: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#). Note that these statistics use seasonally adjusted data and are **not directly comparable** to statistics which use non-seasonally adjusted data.

Trade in goods by commodity (ONS)^{8 9}

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to British Virgin Islands** in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 were:

- 792 - Aircraft (£12.9 million)
- 793 - Ships (£2.4 million)
- 54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products (£1.1 million)
- 771 - Miscellaneous electrical goods (intermediate) (£700 thousand)
- 78M - Cars (£640 thousand)

Note: The percentage of the total UK exports of goods to British Virgin Islands accounted for by the above commodities are not provided here. This is due to the value of total UK exports of goods to British Virgin Islands being rounded to the nearest £million, with commodity trade values being given to a greater level of accuracy. As a result, in some cases, the percentages of the total accounted for by each commodity would sum to more than 100%.

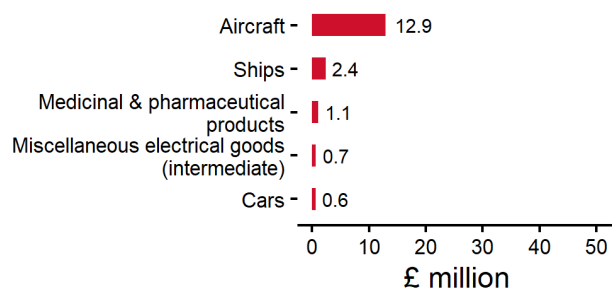
The **top 5 goods imported to the UK from British Virgin Islands** in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 were:

- 793 - Ships (£39.2 million)
- 77K - Miscellaneous electrical goods (capital) (£2.9 million)
- 896 - Works of art (£1.2 million)
- 89OC - Other manufactures (consumer) (£970 thousand)
- 67 - Iron & steel (£880 thousand)

Note: The percentage of the total UK imports of goods from British Virgin Islands accounted for by the above commodities are not provided here. This is due to the value of total UK imports of goods from British Virgin Islands being rounded to the nearest £million, with commodity trade values being given to a greater level of accuracy. As a result, in some cases, the percentages of the total accounted for by each commodity would sum to more than 100%.

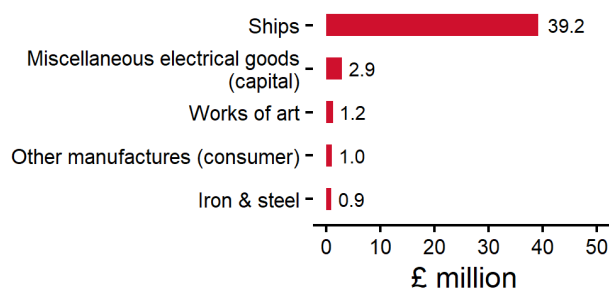
The chart below shows the top 5 products exported from the UK to British Virgin Islands and the top 5 products imported to the UK from British Virgin Islands, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK goods exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, to British Virgin Isd



Source: ONS, January 2021

The top 5 UK goods imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020, from British Virgin Isd



Source: ONS, January 2021

⁸ Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for [exports](#) and [imports](#) present the latest data from the January 2021 ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

⁹ The commodities are categorised based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.

Trade in services by service type (ONS)¹⁰

Note: Service type data for the trade in services between the UK and British Virgin Islands in the four quarters to the end of Q3 2020 are not available from UK sources.

Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions (HMRC)¹¹

Regional trade definitions

UK regions - The UK is categorised into 12 regions, which includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. These UK regions are based on the *Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics* references as defined by Eurostat as [NUTS1](#) regions.

Regional trade data - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

Note: Data for UK regions are not available for British Virgin Islands in 2020.

¹⁰ Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹¹ HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the [interactive tables](#)).

UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)^{12 13}

Market Share definitions

UK market share – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by British Virgin Islands. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.

Market share methodology – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for International Trade, using publicly available data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate¹⁴.

The UK's market share for British Virgin Islands in 2019 was as follows:

- The UK market share in British Virgin Islands was 6.8% in 2019 for **goods only**. This is a decrease of 1.9 percentage points from 2018.
- UK market share in services for British Virgin Islands was not available in 2019.

Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)^{15 16 17 18}

VAT-registered businesses definition

VAT-registered businesses - Any company with a VAT taxable turnover of more than £85,000 must be registered for VAT with HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC). These estimates do not cover unregistered businesses (those businesses who are not registered for VAT and do not have an Economic Operator Registration and Identification (EORI) number), or those businesses that trade in services.

Businesses trading with British Virgin Islands in 2019:

- Data on the number of VAT-registered businesses trading with British Virgin Islands are not available from this source.

Businesses trading with the world in 2019:

- In 2019, around 159,600 UK **VAT-registered businesses exported goods to the world**, worth around £366.5 billion of exports.
- In 2019, around 256,500 UK **VAT-registered businesses imported goods from the world**, worth around £543.5 billion of imports.

¹² ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹³ UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

¹⁴ Annual average spot exchange rates for USD\$ to GBP£ are sourced from the [Bank of England](#).

¹⁵ HMRC data source for VAT-registered businesses trading goods: [HMRC Trade in Goods by Business Characteristics](#).

¹⁶ These are experimental statistics and results should be treated with caution.

¹⁷ Estimates only cover VAT-registered businesses exporting or importing goods. Figures on the 'services' industry in this dataset refers to trade in goods carried out by businesses classified as 'services'. Similar data for UK businesses engaged in trade in services with British Virgin Islands are not available. VAT-registered business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad so care should be taken when adding figures for a multiple number of trading partners.

¹⁸ Counts of businesses trading with individual EU partners exclude businesses trading below [Intrastat](#) thresholds, which for 2018 was £1.5million for EU imports and £250,000 for EU exports. The number of VAT-registered businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100 here.

Trade in Value Added (OECD)¹⁹

Trade in Value Added definitions

Trade in Value Added (TiVA) - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.

Domestic and foreign value added - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).

TiVA statistics - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for International Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.

UK forward linkages for exports - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).

UK backward linkages for exports - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).

Employment supported by exports - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

Note: Data for British Virgin Islands on forward and backward linkages for exports in 2015 are not available from this data source.

Employment supported by exports:²⁰

- Data for British Virgin Islands on employment supported by exports in 2015 are not available.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.6 million persons in 2015 (21.2% of total UK employment). Data regarding the number of UK jobs supported by export activity to British Virgin Islands in 2015 are unavailable.

¹⁹ The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(Origin of Value Added in Gross Exports, December 2018\)](#); and b) [Trade in Employment \(TiM\) database: Principal indicators](#), indicators EXGR_DEM and EMPN_EXGRDEM. Latest data available from this data source are for 2015.

²⁰ These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.

Foreign Direct Investment with British Virgin Islands (ONS)^{21 22 23}

Foreign direct investment definitions

Foreign direct investment (FDI) - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.

FDI stock - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in British Virgin Islands), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a foreign parent company in British Virgin Islands).

Data disclosure - It can happen that FDI to a certain partner is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

UK outward FDI stock:

- In 2019, the **stock of FDI from the UK in British Virgin Islands** was £14.4 billion, 6.7% or £1.0 billion lower than in 2018. In 2019, British Virgin Islands accounted for 1.0% of the total UK outward FDI stock.
- In 2019, the total UK FDI abroad was £1.5 trillion. In 2019, the **top destination for UK FDI** was United States, accounting for 25.3% of the total UK outward FDI stock, followed by Netherlands (10.4%) and Luxembourg (6.4%).

UK inward FDI stock:

- In 2019, the **stock of FDI from British Virgin Islands in the UK** was £17.9 billion, 12.4% or £2.0 billion higher than in 2018. In 2019, British Virgin Islands accounted for 1.2% of the total UK inward FDI stock.
- In 2019, the total FDI in the UK was £1.6 trillion. In 2019, the **top investor in the UK** was United States, accounting for 24.5% of the total UK inward FDI stock, followed by Netherlands (10.7%) and Luxembourg (8.6%).

²¹ Data for both inward and outward FDI between the UK and British Virgin Islands are not available in the main ONS release ([Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#)). Therefore, an [ONS FDI ad-hoc data release](#) is used to provide the latest FDI data for British Virgin Islands where it is unavailable in the main ONS release.

²² Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

²³ This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to British Virgin Islands (reported by the UK) may not match British Virgin Islands inward FDI from the UK (reported by British Virgin Islands). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

Ease of doing business (World Bank)²⁴

Ease of doing business definitions

Ease of doing business ranking - Trading partners are ranked by World Bank on how easy it is to conduct business with them. A high 'Ease of doing business' ranking means the regulatory environment is more conducive to the starting and operation of a local firm than other trading partners. A total of 190 partners were ranked by World Bank for this metric.

Ease of doing business score - The ease of doing business rankings are based on each partners 'Ease of doing business' score. These scores were determined by scoring each partner in 10 individual indicators, such as the ease of starting a new business and trading across borders, and then taking an average. Rankings for each of these individual indicators can be found on the [World Bank website](#). Each score is on a scale from 0 to 100, where 100 represents the best performance. These scores can be compared between years as an increase in score would indicate that a partner is improving in their ease of doing business with. For further detail, see the [methodology](#) explaining how these scores are calculated.

Note that this report shows data for 2019 in the latest 'Doing Business 2020' report, as all data was benchmarked in May 2019.

Note: The ease of doing business ranking is not available for British Virgin Islands.

- **In 2019, the UK was ranked 8th for its ease of doing business** (1 place better than in 2018), behind New Zealand, Singapore, Hong Kong SAR, Denmark, South Korea, United States and Georgia.

These rankings were based on their individual ease of doing business scores:

Note: The ease of doing business score is not available for British Virgin Islands.

- **In 2019, the UK had an ease of doing business score of 83.5**, compared to 83.6 in the previous year.

²⁴ World Bank data source: [Ease of Doing Business rankings](#).

Economic statistics (as reported by British Virgin Islands)

Trade and investment data for British Virgin Islands (UNCTAD)^{25 26 27}

The following data are reported by British Virgin Islands and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in USD\$ in billions.

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
TRADE								
Nominal exports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nominal imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nominal trade balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INVESTMENT								
Inward FDI stock	399.3	512.7	568.5	594.0	651.8	709.3	768.1	826.1
Outward FDI stock	483.7	588.3	674.1	747.2	777.9	830.8	870.2	911.3

²⁵ United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

²⁶ Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2012 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

²⁷ All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

Economic data and projections for British Virgin Islands (IMF)^{28 29}

The following table presents economic statistics for British Virgin Islands. Projections include assumptions of the effects of COVID-19 and may be subject to change in the future. Estimated data, as well as projections up to 2026, are presented in italics and are subject to revision.

Note: IMF World Economic Outlook does not have data on British Virgin Islands.

²⁸ International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in their [World Economic Database, April 2021](#).

²⁹ Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2018, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

Top goods traded with the world by British Virgin Islands (UN Comtrade)^{30 31}

Data presented here shows the top commodities traded to the world, not solely the UK, by British Virgin Islands. These commodities are presented on a different classification from the earlier data by commodity from the ONS and should not be directly compared. You can find out more about individual export and import **markets** for British Virgin Islands by using the online [UN Comtrade tool](#).

Top goods exported to the world by British Virgin Islands

Note: British Virgin Islands did not report export data to UN Comtrade by commodity during the past 3 years.

Top goods imported from the world by British Virgin Islands

Note: British Virgin Islands did not report import data to UN Comtrade by commodity during the past 3 years.

³⁰ United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online [UN Comtrade tool](#). The data reported above are for , but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

³¹ Data are classified using the [Harmonized System](#) and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

Top services traded with the world by British Virgin Islands (ITC Trade Map)^{32 33 34}

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by British Virgin Islands.

Top services exported to the world by British Virgin Islands

Note: British Virgin Islands did not report export data to ITC Trade Map by service type during the past 5 years.

Top services imported from the world by British Virgin Islands

Note: British Virgin Islands did not report import data to ITC Trade Map by service type during the past 5 years.

³² International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online [ITC Trade Map tool](#). The data above are for , but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

³³ Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

³⁴ Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#), and are compliant with the [Code of Practice for Statistics](#) where they meet user needs as well as promoting trustworthiness, quality and public value in Government statistics. The publication of these factsheets as Official Statistics was agreed by the Chief Statistician at the Department for International Trade, who monitors these factsheets to ensure they continue to adhere to the [Code of Practice for Statistics](#). These factsheets have not been formally assessed by the [Office of Statistics Regulation](#) and are therefore not designated as [National Statistics](#).

As a requisite of publishing as Official Statistics, a [quality and methodology report](#) has been produced which outlines the quality of these factsheets, as well as providing more information on the methodology of the data sources presented here. This report contains hyperlinks to information on the strengths and weaknesses for each data source. Statistics contained in the factsheets from UK data providers all come from Official Statistics publications, with some sources also being from National Statistics publications.

Future updates of these factsheets can be found on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). These scheduled updates are in line with significant updates from UK data providers when they release new data. Unscheduled releases of the factsheets may also be necessary to accommodate data updates where little or no advanced notice are given, such as in the case of international data updates. Please see the data update schedule and revisions policy in the [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. Please note that there may be occasions where more recent data than is provided here can be found directly from the data providers.

The Department for International Trade welcome any feedback or comments on these factsheets, please send these to statistics@trade.gov.uk.



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