Technical Presentation

Moving goods between Great Britain and France

12 Feb 2021







Today's Hosts



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Agenda and running order / Q&A

- Exchange of views on logistics and customs -
 - Customs agents
 - FLG (UK)
 - GEFCO (FR)
 - State of play
 - Douane
 - Border Force / HMRC
 - Q&A
- 2. Exchange of views on SPS 1 min scene setter
 - DEFRA
 - DGAL
 - Luke Hindlaugh Food Drink Federation
 - Q&A
- 3. Exchange of views for the future and on planning for 1 April and 1 July and to understand views from industry on what is most urgent to cover in future engagement
- 4. Wrap up and closing remarks

Customs

Facilitated by Caroline de Saussure

- State of Play presentation by a UK and a French customs agent / intermediary
- Presentation by douane
- Border Force South East presentation and HMRC
- Q&A

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Customs agents views

Richard Catt Rhenus Group / PSL Freight



Transit

Export Accompanying Documents process

Authorised consignor / consignee

Rules of Origin

Guarantees and reference amounts

Driver education and attendance at IBFs - FR logistics envelope

EU imports

ATA and TIR carnets

GVMS

Olivier Thouard

GEFCO





French Douanes update

Caroline de Saussure Project BREXIT lead

The smart border in France

GOALS

- Maintain fluidity by avoiding long stops on site that could lead to infrastructures congestion
- Enable all stakeholders to meet their legal obligations while respecting the regulatory framework
- **1. Facilitate the exchange of information** between stakeholders: hauliers, maritime companies, infrastructure, customs...

ANTICIPATION of customs formalities before loading the means of transport 1 2 3 IDENTIFICATION of the means of transport upon arrival at the departure infrastructure

IMPLEMENTATION



border.

At each Brexit impacted crossing point, the maritime companies, ports and the tunnel worked together to adapt the infrastructures and mobilise local actors to prepare for the implementation of the smart are

French customs have developed a dedicated information system: the SI Brexit. It works as an interface between the maritime companies' and the tunnel IT systems and the customs clearance systems (Delta G and French NCTS).

Smart border crossing tips







SCAN THE RIGHT CUSTOMS FORMALITIES



Scan the **barcode of** the TAD or of the pre-lodged import declaration (EU-D) or of the **logistics** envelope



Do not scan the barcode of the UK EAD or of the ENS



TRANSIT: COMPLETE THE DECLARATION CORRECTLY

- For **Common transit** entry flow: the transit office is located in FR (not in GB)
- For **Union Transit** entry direction: country of shipment = GB (not FR)



IMPORT: VALIDATE THE DECLARATION AT THE RIGHT TIME

 Validate the pre-lodged import declaration in the French customs system Delta G after receiving the boarding notification (and not before the crossing, in accordance with the Union Customs Code)

Smart border: step by step

GOODS INFORMATION CUSTOMS DECLARATION LOGISTICS ENVELOP (optional) **ENS**

PAIRING ON SITE

IMPORTER EXPORTER SHIPPER



EXCHANGE RELEVANT INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS DECLARATION

- Details of goods, usefull documents (invoice, certificate of origine if necessary)
- Defined incoterms

DECLARANT



GENERATE THE TRANSIT OR IMPORT/EXPORT DECLARATION

 Identify correctly the final consignee in transit declaration with its EORI number

DECLARANT SHIPPER HAULIER



CREATE A LOGISTICS ENVELOPE

 Ease border crossing by grouping several import or export and/or transit declarations





SUBMIT THE ENTRY SUMMARY DECLARATION

- · No need to hold it in paper neither to scan it
- Prevent stop upon arrival on EU customs territory and penalty (300 to 3000€ fine)

GOODS SHIPMENT

SHIPPER



TRANSMIT THE DECLARATION

- · Customs declarations (transit, import or export) transmitted to the driver
- · Do not transmit the ENS

HAULIER DRIVER



PRESENT THE DECLARATION

 Driver provided with the right declaration to enter EU, able to answer the pairing questions and aware of the name and contact details of the agent/broker What TO SCAN and what NOT TO SCAN to enter France





Questions?







UK Inland Border Facilities (IBFs)

Dave Smith,
Director,
Border Force South
East



IBFs - Introduction

IBF = Inland border facility. Used for both inbound and outbound freight movements.

At present most traffic is outbound goods. The need for inbound facilities will accelerate as we approach the end of the phased controls period in June 2021

What they are:

- Offices of **Departure** and **Destination** for CTC movements
- Processing centres for Carnets movements (ATA and TIR)
- Endorsement of CITES licences
- Time limited to two hours

What they are not:

- Truck stops/rest points for drivers
- Places to arrange customs checks (go elsewhere for those services - no customs agents are on site)
- Mandatory for every export if you have all your paperwork for both sides and P2P from CHIEF then you don't need to attend an IBF

Export Accompanying Document (EAD)

IBFs - for the person instructing the driver

The loader, exporter or agent must make sure the driver...

Knows what they are going there for, including:

- They know what documents they are going to present
- They know what documents they are going to get back

Has the correct documents depending on the movement:

- LRN (transit, outbound only)
- TAD document (Transit, inbound only)
- There is no need to attend an IBF with an outbound TAD
- TIR or ATA Carnets documents (If applicable)
- Customs import references (CHIEF declaration, CDS declaration)
- Any applicable licenses e.g. CITES

"Attend an inland border facility" app allows you to

Notify HMRC in advance of your arrival to reduce the time you'll need to spend at the IBF

Identify busy locations in advance

HMRC site complaint box

This is for complaints about IBFs to be sent to HMRC

The email addresses will be pasted into today's chat box and included in the follow up communications

IBFs - What can go wrong

Worst case scenario based on real movements:

Import EU-GB using Transit

- Driver attended IBF
- Had transit documents but could not show customs declarations
- Transit couldn't be discharged
- Agent couldn't be contacted because it was a Saturday afternoon
- Driver had to wait to Monday morning to locate correct references
- Driver missed delivery slot and will receive penalty

Export GB-EU using Transit

- Driver attended IBF
- Presented one handwritten LRN
- HMRC could not identify LRN
- Agent was contacted and provided one LRN
- TAD was issued to driver
- Driver did not present LRNs for other movements on his vehicle
- At Office of Destination only one movement could be discharged
- Remaining goods had to be returned to office of Departure

IBFs - Best practice

	Do		Don't
V	Use the Check an HGV service and obtain a Kent Access Permit	X	Use the IBF if you don't
V	Use the Attend an IBF service to book into a site in advance and provide		need to
	LRNs direct to HMRC	X	Allow the driver to leave
V	Complete your border preparations as early as possible in your journey		until all relevant
V	Provide your driver with a clear list of typed LRNs		paperwork has been
V	Include contact details for the agent in any paperwork so they can be		prepared including any
	contacted directly in case of any issues		licences obtained and
V	Ensure your driver is advised of a GVMS "Held Goods" message and that		permissions granted
	they must attend an IBF and advise they have a "held message" as "The	X	Enter Kent without a
	goods are not cleared for customs control" [currently inbound until July]		Kent Access Permit
V	Bring a LRN/non activated TAD or a customs import document including	X	Enter Kent without a
	barcode issued by French Customs showing the goods have been		COVID test
	pre-lodged for importation into France	X	Present a UK EAD - an
V	For issue resolution, there are NCTS, DEFRA and BPDG mailboxes as		EAD is no longer
	well as the usual gov.uk sources		required

Customs update

Claire Wilson

HMRC

Questions?







SPS update

Hosted by

Helena Busby DEFRA

Key points:

- Pre notify the SIVEPs
- Commis contracted to act for economic operators whose goods are selected for SPS checks
- Specific commodities e.g. live animals / horses in particular
- Fish and seafood and the Boulogne-sur-Mer SIVEP arrangements and transit

Verification and release mechanisms

Legal interpretation - UK CVO, FR officials and the Commission

GB Import controls for SPS goods

1st April 2021

- Health certificates required for Products of Animal Origin, High Risk Food and Feed Not of Animal Origin.
- Importers will need to register and submit pre-notification for imports on IPAFFS with the accompanying certificates.
- Upcoming programme of webinars Feb-March for EU exporters.

July 2021

- All imports from the EU will be subject to the same controls as RoW imports.
- SPS goods will be subject to checks and processes documentary, and/or identity and/or physical checks which are undertaken on animals, products of animal origin, plants, plant products and some foods.
- We will be holding a further programme of events.

SPS update

Pierre Primot Arnaud Chatry

DGAL

SPS update

Luke Hindlaugh

Food Drink Federation Logistics

Sarah Laouadi

Logistics UK

Questions?







Planning for the 1
April and 1 July

Future industry facilitation

Heather Jones and Hervé Mathevet

Questions?





