



Belgium

This factsheet provides the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Belgium.

Date of release: 2 May 2025; Date of next planned release: 19 June 2025

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Belgium was **£60.7 billion** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 4.8% or £2.8 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Of this £60.7 billion:

- Total UK **exports** to Belgium amounted to £26.0 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of 0.5% or £132 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023);
- Total UK **imports** from Belgium amounted to £34.7 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 (an increase of 8.3% or £2.7 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Belgium was the UK's 8th largest trading partner in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 accounting for 3.4% of total UK trade.¹

In 2023, the **outward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** from the UK in Belgium was £12.8 billion accounting for 0.7% of the total UK outward FDI stock.

In 2023, the **inward stock of foreign direct investment (FDI)** in the UK from Belgium was £49.8 billion accounting for 2.4% of the total UK inward FDI stock.²

¹Trade data sourced from the latest ONS publication of [UK total trade: all countries seasonally adjusted](#) data.

²Investment data sourced from ONS publication on [Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies](#).

Contents

About these statistics	3
Summary trade and investment statistics for Belgium	4
Trade with Belgium, in current prices (ONS)	6
Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)	8
Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)	10
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)	11
Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)	12
UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)	13
Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)	14
Trade in Value Added (OECD)	15
Foreign Direct Investment with Belgium (ONS)	16
Economic statistics (as reported by Belgium)	18
Background Notes	22

About these statistics

This factsheet presents the latest statistics on trade and investment between the UK and Belgium. It summarises a wide range of publicly available data, from data providers such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS) and HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC), as well as international data providers.

This factsheet is part of a wider range produced by the Department for Business and Trade which draws together many data sources into one single compendium document for each individual trade and investment partner. The full set of factsheets for different individual partners can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#) on GOV.UK.

Where data are available, these factsheets contain metrics on:

- [Headline trade statistics between the UK and each trading partner for the latest four quarters.](#)
- [Trade statistics by commodity and service type.](#)
- [Trade between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by UK country and English region.](#)
- [Trade in services between the UK and each trading partner, broken down by mode of supply.](#)
- [UK's market share as a total of all imports for each trading partner.](#)
- [Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods.](#)
- [UK's Foreign Direct Investment \(FDI\) with each investment partner.](#)
- [Summary trade and investment data as reported by each trade and investment partner, as well as economic data and projections.](#)

All statistics are correct at the time of publication, with upcoming release dates available on the [Government update schedule for Official Statistics](#). The Department for Business and Trade strongly recommends users download the latest factsheet to ensure the most up-to-date statistics are used. Please do not use previous factsheets to analyse earlier time periods than those shown in the most recent factsheets, as the data will have been revised and previous factsheets will no longer be correct. For analysis of earlier time periods, please use the published source data.

For the most up to date snapshot of the UK's trade and investment position with all partners, please see the [UK trade in numbers](#) publication or the [trade and investment core statistics book](#). These statistics are based on the same data sources as this factsheet and therefore are comparable. A list of all [Official Statistics](#) publications from the Department for Business and Trade can be found online.

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Summary trade and investment statistics for Belgium

UK trade with Belgium, in current prices (based on the latest four quarters)³

Trade	Value in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Total trade	£60.7 billion	an increase of 4.8% or £2.8 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's trading partners	8th	
Total UK exports	£26.0 billion	an increase of 0.5% or £132 million
Ranking out of all the UK's export partners	7th	
UK exports in goods (percentage of total UK exports that were goods)	£17.7 billion (67.8%)	a decrease of 0.5% or £87 million
UK exports in services (percentage of total UK exports that were services)	£8.4 billion (32.2%)	an increase of 2.7% or £219 million
Total UK imports	£34.7 billion	an increase of 8.3% or £2.7 billion
Ranking out of all the UK's import partners	7th	
UK imports in goods (percentage of total UK imports that were goods)	£32.0 billion (92.1%)	an increase of 8.5% or £2.5 billion
UK imports in services (percentage of total UK imports that were services)	£2.7 billion (7.9%)	an increase of 6.0% or £154 million

³Trade data sourced from Office for National Statistics data on [UK total trade \(seasonally adjusted data\)](#).

UK market share in Belgium⁴

UK market share for total trade	Value in 2023	Change from 2022
Total UK market share	5.8%	a decrease of 1.9 percentage points
UK market share for goods only	5.7%	a decrease of 2.7 percentage points
UK market share for services only	6.2%	an increase of 0.8 percentage points

UK Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) with Belgium⁵

UK FDI	Value in 2023	Change from 2022
Total UK outward FDI	£12.8 billion	a decrease of 10.6% or £1.5 billion
Total UK inward FDI	£49.8 billion	a decrease of 2.1% or £1.1 billion

Economic statistics and projections using gross domestic product (GDP) for Belgium⁶

Economic statistics	2023	2024	2025	2026
Economic growth, using GDP in real terms, compared to the previous year	1.3%	1.0%	0.8%	<i>1.0%</i>
GDP per capita in \$USD (in thousands)	54.9	56.3	57.8	59.5

Belgium was the 23rd largest economy in 2024, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP).

⁴UK market share data calculated using the methodology outlined in the [market share section](#) in the factsheet, based on data from the Office for National Statistics and United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

⁵FDI data sourced from the Office for National Statistics publication [Foreign Direct Investment Involving UK Companies](#).

⁶Economic data sourced from the International Monetary Fund [World Economic Outlook](#) databases; Estimates and projections are given in italics; GDP rankings where provided are based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD, where some partner values are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

Trade with Belgium, in current prices (ONS)^{7 8 9}

Trade definitions

- **UK exports** - Goods and services that were produced or sourced in the UK, which were sold to Belgium.
- **UK imports** - Goods and services that were sold to the UK, which were produced or sourced by Belgium.
- **Total or 'bilateral' trade** - The value of total trade between the UK and Belgium (exports plus imports).
- **Trade balance** - The difference between exports and imports, calculated by UK exports minus UK imports.
- **Trade surplus** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Belgium is greater than the value of UK imports from Belgium.
- **Trade deficit** - This occurs when the value of UK exports to Belgium is less than the value of UK imports from Belgium.

Headline trade statistics include trade in non-monetary gold (reported within the unspecified goods category), which can significantly affect trends for some partners. Please see the factsheet [quality and methodology report](#) for more information. These statistics are given on a balance of payments (change of ownership) basis.

Note: UK trade statistics experienced higher levels of volatility between 2019 and 2022, due to the pandemic, global recession, supply chain disruption, EU Exit, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, price inflation, conflict in the Middle East, and data collection changes. All figures are reported in current prices (not adjusted for inflation), unless otherwise stated. We recognise that some of the recent changes in UK trade values will be partly due to price changes.

Total trade in goods and services (exports plus imports) between the UK and Belgium was £60.7 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, an increase of 4.8% or £2.8 billion in current prices from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK exports** to Belgium amounted to £26.0 billion (an increase of 0.5% or £132 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK exports to Belgium in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, £17.7 billion (67.8%) were **goods** and £8.4 billion (32.2%) were **services**. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, UK **exports of goods** to Belgium decreased by 0.5% or £87 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **exports of services** to Belgium increased by 2.7% or £219 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, **total UK imports** from Belgium were £34.7 billion (an increase of 8.3% or £2.7 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023).

Of all UK imports from Belgium in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, £32.0 billion (92.1%) were **goods** and £2.7 billion (7.9%) were **services**. In the same period, UK **imports of goods** from Belgium increased by 8.5% or £2.5 billion in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023 while UK **imports of services** from Belgium increased by 6.0% or £154 million in current prices, compared to the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

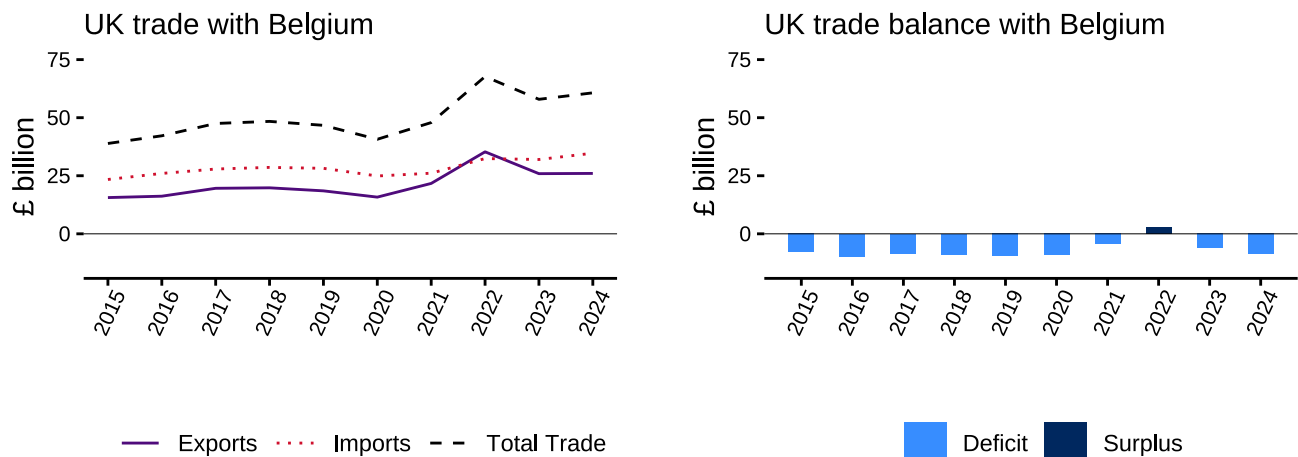
This means the UK reported a **total trade deficit** of £8.7 billion with Belgium, compared to a trade deficit of £6.1 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, the UK had a **trade in goods deficit** of £14.3 billion with Belgium, compared to a trade in goods deficit of £11.7 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023. Meanwhile, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 the UK reported a **trade in services surplus** of £5.6 billion with Belgium, compared to a trade in services surplus of £5.6 billion in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023.

⁷Office of National Statistics (ONS) data source for total trade: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

⁸This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK, users are advised to use UK-reported data where possible for consistency between partners. These data are subject to [asymmetries](#) e.g. the value of UK exports to Belgium (reported by the UK) may not match the value of Belgium imports from the UK (reported by Belgium).

⁹Data are in current prices, meaning no adjustment has been made to account for changes in inflation or exchange rate. The totals may not exactly match the sum of their parts due to rounding.'

The charts below present a time series for trade between the UK and Belgium for each year between 2015 and 2024:



Source: ONS, UK trade in goods and services, Q4 2024

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of total trade	38.9	42.2	47.5	48.4	46.7	40.7	47.9	67.7	57.9	60.7
Value of exports	15.6	16.2	19.6	19.8	18.5	15.8	21.7	35.3	25.9	26.0
Value of imports	23.4	26.0	27.9	28.6	28.2	24.9	26.1	32.4	32.0	34.7
Trade balance	-7.8	-9.8	-8.4	-8.9	-9.6	-9.1	-4.4	+2.9	-6.1	-8.7

In the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, Belgium was the UK's:¹⁰

- **8th largest trading partner** (accounting for 3.4% of total UK trade).
 - 6th largest **goods** trading partner (5.2% of UK goods trade).
 - 19th largest **services** trading partner (1.3% of UK services trade).
- **7th largest export market** (accounting for 3.0% of total UK exports).
 - 6th largest **goods** export market (4.8% of UK goods exports).
 - 18th largest **services** export market (1.6% of UK services exports).
- **7th largest import market** (accounting for 3.8% of total UK imports).
 - 6th largest **goods** import market (5.4% of UK goods imports).
 - 27th largest **services** import market (0.9% of UK services imports).

More timely data, for trade in goods only¹¹, show that UK exports of goods to Belgium decreased by 7.5% the 12 months to February 2025 in current prices, compared to the same period the previous year. UK imports of goods from Belgium increased by 11.0%, in current prices, over the same period.

¹⁰Rankings are based on the ONS dataset which contains data for all individual partners: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹¹ONS data source for trade in the latest 12 months up to February 2025: [UK Trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#). More timely data for trade in goods reports the latest 12 month period, which includes data during 2021 and 2022. Due to a change in data collection methodology for Great Britain imports from the EU, data collected in 2022 are not fully comparable with data collected in 2021. More information on this methodology change can be found in an [article by the ONS](#).

Trade in goods by commodity, in current prices (ONS)^{12 13}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

The **top 5 goods exported from the UK to Belgium** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products	£2.8 billion	15.8%	an increase of 13.9%
33R - Refined oil	£1.8 billion	10.4%	a decrease of 32.6%
78M - Cars	£1.7 billion	9.5%	a decrease of 27.3%
34 - Gas	£1.5 billion	8.3%	an increase of 69.4%
51 - Organic chemicals	£892.7 million	5.1%	an increase of 25.8%

The **top 5 goods imported to the UK from Belgium** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Commodity	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total goods imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
54 - Medicinal & pharmaceutical products	£4.0 billion	12.5%	an increase of 13.5%
78M - Cars	£3.8 billion	12.0%	-
33R - Refined oil	£2.8 billion	8.6%	an increase of 5.1%
78K - Road vehicles other than cars (capital)	£1.4 billion	4.3%	an increase of 63.5%
05 - Vegetables & fruit	£1.4 billion	4.2%	an increase of 8.5%

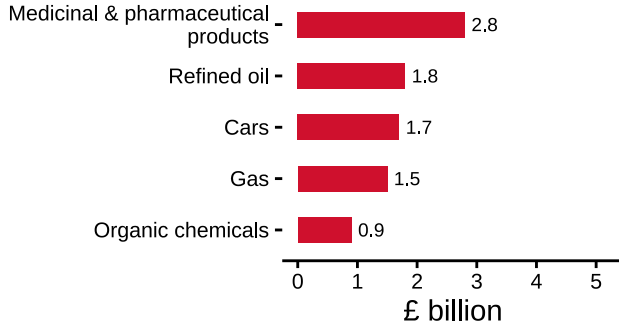
Note: Percentage changes between the current and previous period that exceed 100% have been omitted. This is to avoid presenting small value changes from a low base as fast growing.

¹²Data on trade in goods by commodity are sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade release \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#). These statistics for **exports** and **imports** present the latest data from the February 2025 ONS publication which are given on a monthly basis.

¹³The commodities are categorised based on [SITC](#) codes using a mixture of level 2 and level 3 codes.

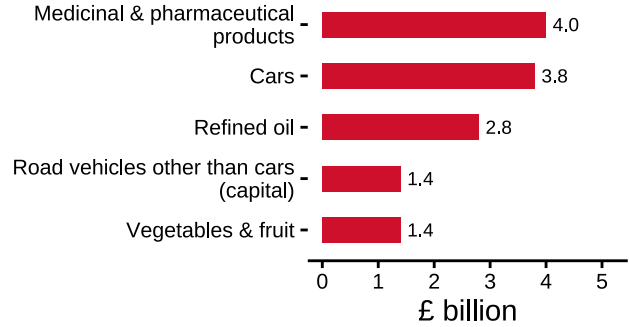
The chart below shows the top 5 products exported from the UK to Belgium and the top 5 products imported to the UK from Belgium, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.

The top 5 UK goods exports, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, to Belgium



Source: ONS, February 2025

The top 5 UK goods imports, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024, from Belgium



Source: ONS, February 2025

Trade in services by service type, in current prices (ONS)^{14 15 16 17}

Please note, these data are presented on a non-seasonally adjusted basis and are not directly comparable to seasonally adjusted data, including the headline trade statistics presented before.

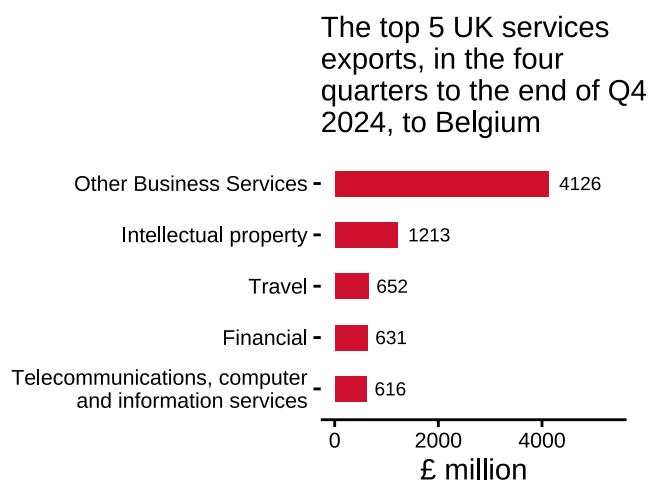
The **top 5 service types exported from the UK to Belgium** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Exports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total services exports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Other Business Services	£4.1 billion	49.3%	an increase of 8.3%
Intellectual property	£1.2 billion	14.5%	a decrease of 8.5%
Travel	£652 million	7.8%	an increase of 15.2%
Financial	£631 million	7.5%	a decrease of 10.6%
Telecommunications, computer and information services	£616 million	7.4%	an increase of 2.8%

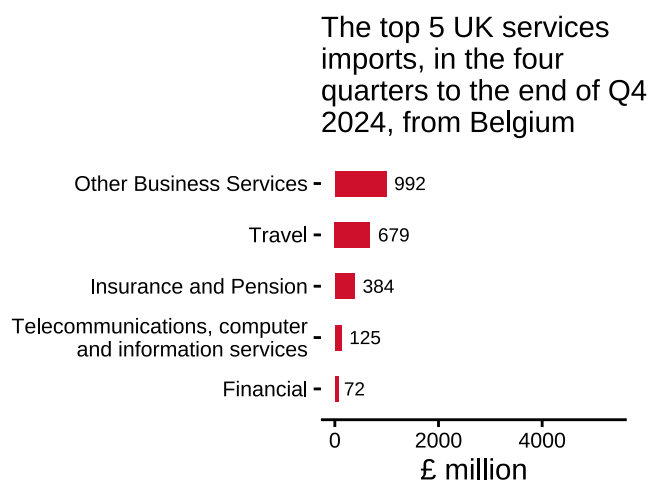
The **top 5 service types imported to the UK from Belgium** in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024 were as follows:

Service type	Imports in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024	Percentage of total services imports	Change from the four quarters to the end of Q4 2023
Other Business Services	£992 million	36.4%	an increase of 1.3%
Travel	£679 million	24.9%	an increase of 13.7%
Insurance and Pension	£384 million	14.1%	an increase of 78.6%
Telecommunications, computer and information services	£125 million	4.6%	a decrease of 7.4%
Financial	£72 million	2.6%	Unavailable due to suppressed data

The chart below shows the top 5 service types exported from the UK to Belgium and the top 5 service types imported to the UK from Belgium, by value, in the four quarters to the end of Q4 2024. All data shown in the chart are provided in the text above.



Source: ONS, Q4 2024



Source: ONS, Q4 2024

¹⁴Trade in services by service type is sourced from data by the ONS: [UK trade in services by partner country \(non-seasonally adjusted\)](#).

¹⁵Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

¹⁶Service type data may be unavailable for some quarters, due to the suppression of figures for the confidentiality of individual traders.

¹⁷Where data suppressions prevent a comparison between the current and previous four quarters, the above tables will state "Unavailable due to suppressed data" in the comparison column.

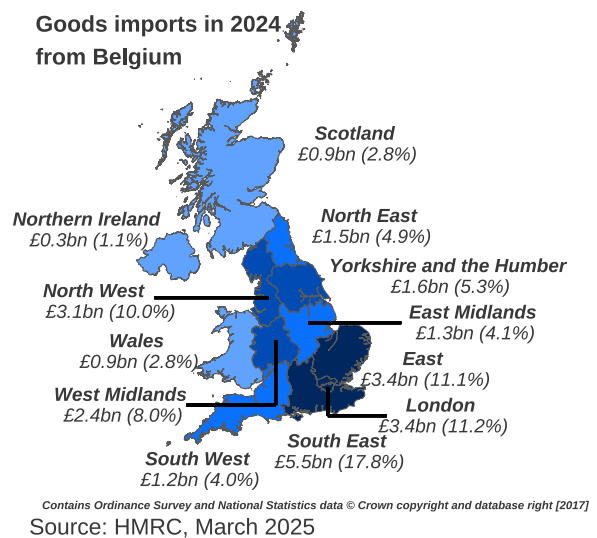
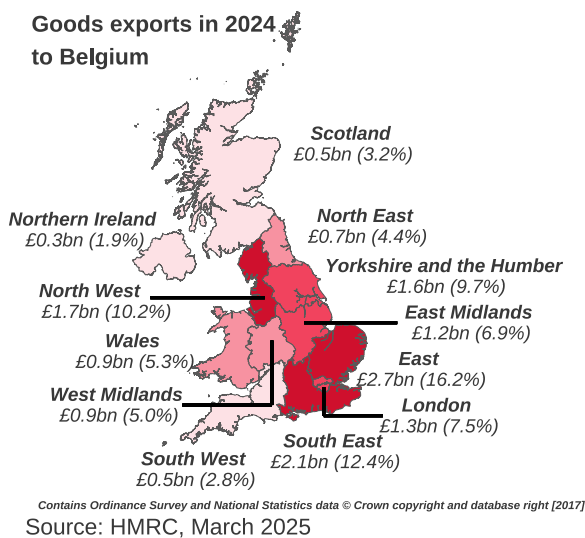
Trade in goods by UK countries and English regions, in current prices (HMRC)¹⁸

19

Regional trade definitions

- **UK regions** - The UK is categorised into 12 regions based on the International Territorial level 1 (ITL1). This level includes 9 regions in England, as well as Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- **Regional trade data** - The data are compiled by merging HM Revenues & Customs (HMRC) trade data with employment data from the Interdepartmental Business Register (IDBR) so a business' trade can be allocated to a UK region based on the proportion of its employees employed in that region. Where a trader is not matched with the IDBR, its trade is matched with ONS postcode data to obtain the UK region in which the Head Office of the VAT-registered business is based.

The maps below show the value of UK goods exports and imports between each UK region and Belgium in 2024. The maps are shaded with the 3 UK regions with the highest amount of trade as the darkest colour, and the 3 UK regions with the lowest amount of trade as the lightest colour.



The data that are presented in the maps above for 2024 in £ billion are also given in the table below:

UK country or English region	Exports to Belgium					Imports from Belgium						
	North East	North West	Yorkshire and the Humber	East Midlands	West Midlands	East	London	South East	South West	Wales	Scotland	Northern Ireland
Value of goods exports to Belgium	0.7	1.7	1.6	1.2	0.9	2.7	1.3	2.1	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.3
Percentage of total goods exports to Belgium	4.4%	10.2%	9.7%	6.9%	5.0%	16.2%	7.5%	12.4%	2.8%	5.3%	3.2%	1.9%
Value of goods imports from Belgium	1.5	3.1	1.6	1.3	2.4	3.4	3.4	5.5	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.3
Percentage of total goods imports from Belgium	4.9%	10.0%	5.3%	4.1%	8.0%	11.1%	11.2%	17.8%	4.0%	2.8%	2.8%	1.1%

Note that these figures from HMRC are reported on a physical movement basis and are **not directly comparable** to trade data from ONS which are reported on a change of ownership basis. **Percentages will not total 100%** as data not allocated to a single UK country or English region are not presented.

¹⁸ HMRC data source for regional UK trade data: [HMRC Regional Trade Statistics](#) (data extracted from the spreadsheet download using the HMRC interactive tables).

¹⁹ Totals presented here will differ from overall HMRC trade figures due to the exclusion of trade in non-monetary gold and non-response estimates and the exclusion of data not allocated to a UK country or region. Figures for 2024 are provisional and subject to change.

Trade in services by mode of supply, in current prices (ONS)^{20 21}

Trade in Services by Mode of Supply definitions

- **Modes of Supply** define the way services trade is conducted. The World Trade Organisation's [General Agreement on Services](#) categorises methods for trade in services into four different modes of supply, which depend upon on the territorial presence of the supplier and the consumer at the time of transaction.
- **Mode 1** - Remote trade (a supplier in one country sells a service to a customer in another, without the movement of people).
- **Mode 2** - Consumption abroad (the person receiving the service travels to the supplier's country).
- **Mode 3** - Commercial presence (e.g. a company subsidiary) - this mode is not counted as part of UK services trade on a balance of payments basis and is not reported in this release. This means that total figures are only the total of Modes 1, 2 and 4.
- **Mode 4** - Presence of natural persons (a supplier sends its personnel to the customer's country to provide service).

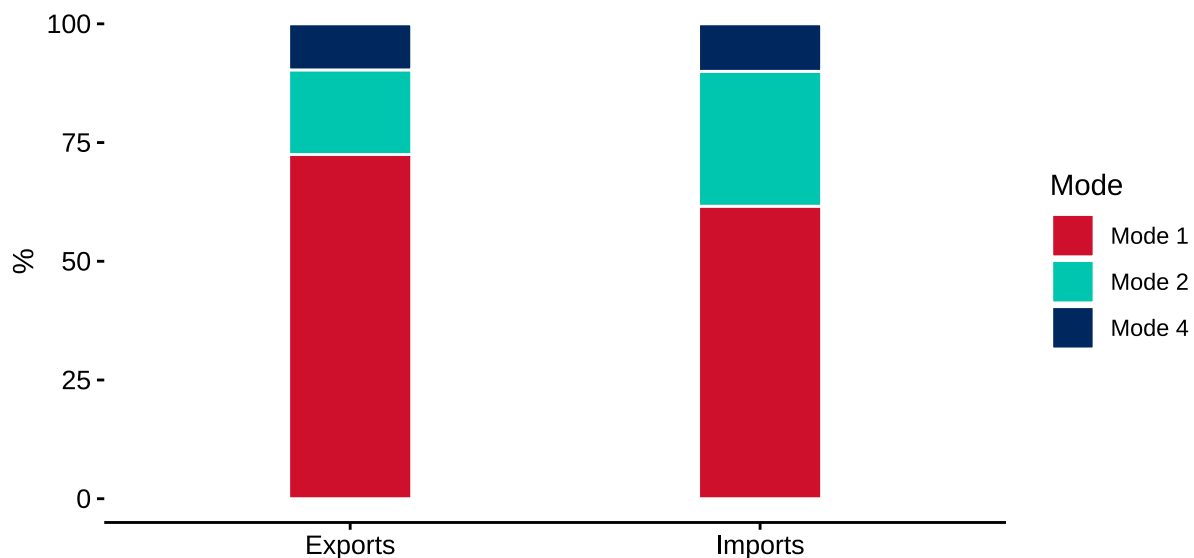
UK services exports to Belgium by mode of supply in 2022:

- £4.5 billion of services exports to Belgium were delivered by Mode 1 (72.5%).
- £1.1 billion of services exports were delivered by Mode 2 (17.8%).
- £600 million of services exports were delivered by Mode 4 (9.7%).

UK services imports from Belgium by mode of supply in 2022:

- £1.6 billion of services imports from Belgium were delivered by Mode 1 (61.6%).
- £733 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 2 (28.4%).
- £258 million of services imports were delivered by Mode 4 (10%).

Proportion of total trade flows of services with Belgium by Modes 1, 2, & 4 in 2022 (%)



Source: ONS, 2022

²⁰ONS data source for UK Trade in Services by Mode of Supply: [ONS Imports and exports of services by country, by modes of supply, UK](#)

²¹Data included in this ONS release are experimental estimates.

UK Market Share (ONS and UNCTAD)^{22 23}

Market Share definitions

- **UK market share** – Imports from the UK as a percentage of all the goods and services imported by Belgium. Market share is provided for total imports from the UK, as well as for goods and services separately.
- **Market share methodology** – These UK market share statistics are derived by the Department for Business and Trade, using publicly available data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). These new statistics allows users to estimate the importance of UK trade on imports to each trading partner. Market share is calculated as the value of imports from the UK using data from [ONS](#), divided by the value of total imports using data from [UNCTAD](#). Data from UNCTAD are converted from US dollars into pounds sterling by using the annual average spot exchange rate ²⁴.

The UK's market share for Belgium in 2023 was as follows:

- **The total UK market share in Belgium was 5.8% in 2023 for goods and services.** This is a decrease of 1.9 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Belgium was 5.7% in 2023 for **goods only**. This is a decrease of 2.7 percentage points from 2022.
- The UK market share in Belgium was 6.2% in 2023 for **services only**. This is an increase of 0.8 percentage points from 2022.

The table below presents the UK's market share for Belgium between 2014 and 2023. Values presented in italics are based on UNCTAD estimates of imports.

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total goods and services	6.0%	6.7%	5.9%	6.1%	5.8%	5.4%	5.0%	5.7%	7.7%	5.8%
Goods only	6.3%	7.2%	6.0%	6.1%	5.9%	5.4%	4.9%	5.8%	8.4%	5.7%
Services only	5.0%	5.7%	5.7%	6.0%	5.6%	5.5%	5.1%	5.4%	5.5%	6.2%

²²ONS data source for market share: [UK total trade data \(seasonally adjusted\)](#).

²³UNCTAD data source for market share: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#). Some UNCTAD data may be based on estimates.

²⁴Annual average spot exchange rates for \$USD to £GBP are sourced from the [Bank of England](#)

Number of VAT-registered businesses trading goods (HMRC)^{25 26 27}

Business counts definition (Regional Trade in Goods Statistics)

- Business counts report UK VAT-registered business exporting and importing goods. Data is collected primarily from customs declarations (using the Intrastat survey and VAT returns for Northern Ireland businesses trading with the EU).
- Counts exclude businesses trading below the statistical value thresholds for customs declarations and exclude trade in non-monetary gold.

Businesses trading with Belgium in 2024:

- In 2024, around 15,900 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to Belgium.
- In 2024, around 18,700 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from Belgium.

Businesses trading with the world in 2024:

- In 2024, around 122,000 UK VAT-registered businesses exported goods to the world.
- In 2024, around 256,400 UK VAT-registered businesses imported goods from the world.

²⁵HMRC data source for Regional Trade Statistics business counts data: [UK trade in goods statistics](#).

²⁶Data for UK businesses engaged in trade of services with Belgium are not available. A single business may trade with multiple trading partners abroad, so care should be taken when adding figures for multiple trading partners.

²⁷HMRC does not receive partner country information for customs declarations with commodity line values that fall under the statistical value threshold of £873 (in value) and 1,000kg (in net mass). Therefore, these counts of exporting/importing businesses only capture those businesses with exports/imports (respectively) above the statistical value threshold. The number of businesses has been rounded to the nearest 100.

Trade in Value Added (OECD)^{28 29}

Trade in Value Added definitions

- **Trade in Value Added (TiVA)** - TiVA is a statistical approach to examine supply chains, which is not possible with conventional ('gross') trade statistics. This is because TiVA treats international trade flows as flows of value added rather than gross flows of final goods and services.
- **Domestic and foreign value added** - In TiVA, gross exports are decomposed into domestic and foreign value added. Domestic value added measures the value added generated by the domestic economy in the production of its exports (e.g. the value added by UK car manufacturers and their UK supply chains in car exports). Foreign value added measures the value added contribution that foreign suppliers make to these exports (e.g. the import of foreign car parts).
- **TiVA statistics** - Although TiVA offers advantages over traditional ways of measuring trade, these statistics are not fully developed. These results are estimates which should be considered complementary to conventional trade statistics and not be over-interpreted. In addition, the geographical detail is limited for developing countries. More information on TiVA can be found in a recent [research report](#) by the Department for Business and Trade and Cambridge Econometrics.
- **UK forward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of foreign exporters on UK value added (inputs).
- **UK backward linkages for exports** - Measures the reliance of UK exporters on foreign value added (inputs).
- **Employment supported by exports** - This provides an estimate of the number of employees in exporting industries, and their domestic supply chains that are supported by exporting activity.

UK forward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, 2.0% of the total value added in gross exports from Belgium originated in the UK.**
- In 2020, 33.4% of the value added content in gross exports from Belgium reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from Belgium were France (3.8%), Netherlands (3.8%), and Germany (3.5%).

UK backward linkages for exports:

- **In 2020, 0.4% of the total value added in gross exports from the UK originated in Belgium.**
- In 2020, 14.3% of the value added content in gross exports from the UK reflected foreign imports from abroad. The largest sources of foreign value added for gross exports from the UK were United States (2.4%), Germany (1.5%), and China (1.2%).

Employment supported by exports.³⁰

- Exporting activity in Belgium supported 1.7 million persons in 2020 (35.3% of total Belgium employment). Exports to the UK supported around 114,600 jobs in Belgium in 2020.
- Exporting activity in the UK supported 6.7 million persons in 2020 (20.6% of total UK employment). Exports to Belgium supported around 148,900 jobs in the UK in 2020.

²⁸The estimates in this factsheet are based on Trade in Value Added statistics published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD): a) [Trade in Value Added database \(origin of value added in gross exports\), June 2024](#); and b) [Trade in employment \(TIM\) database, February 2024](#), indicators EXGR_DEM.

²⁹The data shown in this factsheet is from 2020.

³⁰These estimates measure employees directly and indirectly supported by exports i.e. workers employed in exporting businesses and in other domestic businesses supplying inputs to the exporting businesses. The estimates should be interpreted as employment *supported* by exports, rather than employment *created* by exports, as the jobs may have previously existed to serve the domestic market. Employees may also be supported by exports from a multiple number of trading partners. As with the core TiVA data, these estimates are based on a number of assumptions and modelling, so should be interpreted with caution.

Foreign Direct Investment with Belgium (ONS)^{31 32 33}

Foreign direct investment definitions

- **Foreign direct investment (FDI)** - Investment made by a firm or individual in one economy ('direct investor') to acquire a 'lasting interest' in an enterprise operating in another economy. The lasting interest is deemed to exist if the direct investor acquires at least 10% of equity, or equivalently 10% of the voting rights, of the company.
- **FDI stock** - The accumulated value of all previous investments at the end of a reference period. Figures are net, that is the value of investment minus disinvestment. **UK outward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by UK investors in economies abroad (investment of a UK parent company in Belgium), while **UK inward FDI stock** provides the total value of FDI by non-UK investors in the UK (investment of a Belgium parent company in the UK).
- **Data disclosure** - It can happen that FDI is coming from only a few investors. In that case, figures are suppressed by the ONS to avoid disclosure of information relating to individual enterprises.

Note: The FDI data for 2020 have been affected by changes in sampling methodology. Improvements have been made to the population which has been sampled and the way that businesses are sampled from the population, capturing a wider range of businesses. This means data from 2020 and onward are more representative of UK FDI with overseas partners and are comparable.

More information about the methodology changes can be found on the [ONS website](#).

UK outward FDI stock:

- In 2023, the **stock of FDI from the UK in Belgium** was £12.8 billion, 10.6% or £1.5 billion lower than in 2022. In 2023, Belgium accounted for 0.7% of the total UK outward FDI stock.
- In 2023, the total UK FDI abroad was £1.9 trillion. In 2023, the **top destination for UK FDI** was United States, accounting for 26.7% of the total UK outward FDI stock, followed by Netherlands (14.8%) and Luxembourg (7.6%).

UK inward FDI stock:

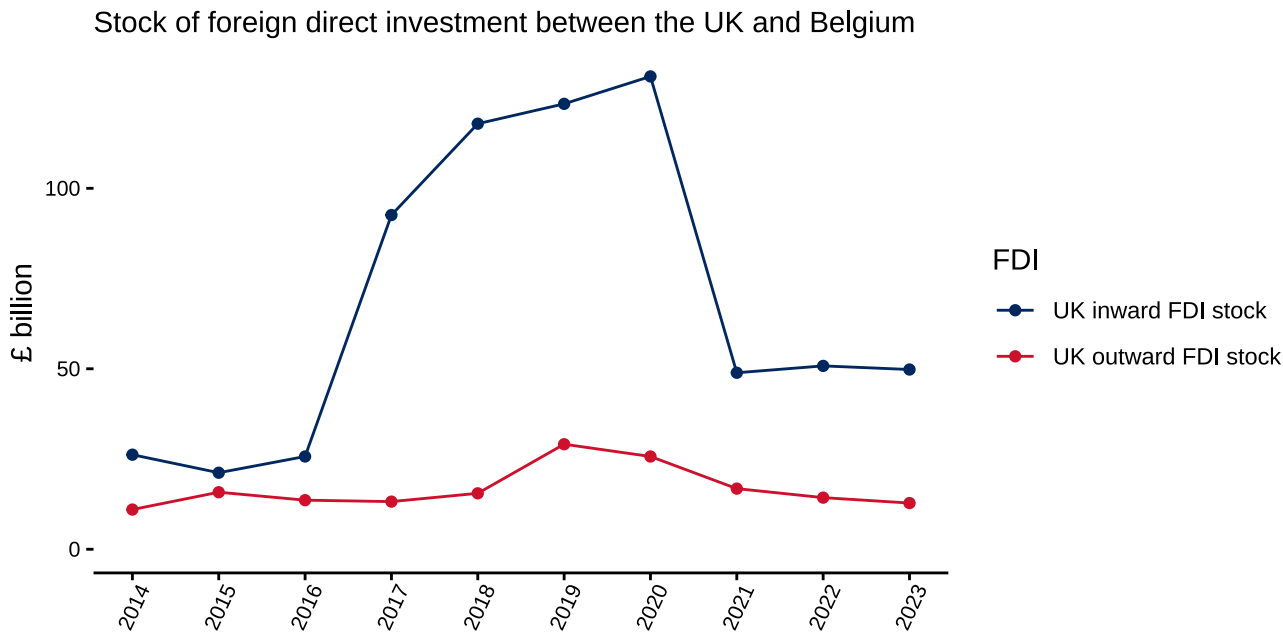
- In 2023, the **stock of FDI from Belgium in the UK** was £49.8 billion, 2.1% or £1.1 billion lower than in 2022. In 2023, Belgium accounted for 2.4% of the total UK inward FDI stock.
- In 2023, the total FDI in the UK in was £2.1 trillion. In 2023, the **top investor in the UK** was United States, accounting for 34.1% of the total UK inward FDI stock, followed by Luxembourg (9.1%) and Jersey (7.9%).

³¹ ONS data source for FDI statistics: [Foreign Direct Investment involving UK companies](#).

³² Data are presented on a directional basis which means they are not directly comparable to the asset/liability report prepared by ONS as part of the Balance of Payments statistical release. Figures are on net basis (investments minus disinvestments) and are given in nominal terms. Negative FDI values occur when disinvestments are greater than investments. Data are on an immediate destination/source basis and not an ultimate destination/source, which is likely to overstate financial centres such as the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

³³ This factsheet contains data as reported by the UK and are subject to asymmetries e.g. UK outward FDI to Belgium (reported by the UK) may not match Belgium inward FDI from the UK (reported by Belgium). For consistency when comparing between partners, users are advised to use UK-reported data as far as possible.

The chart below shows FDI between the UK and Belgium between 2014 and 2023:



Source: ONS, 2023 FDI main release. Data are on a directional basis, data suppression can cause breaks in the trends.

The data that are presented in the charts above are given in the table below in £ billion:

Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
UK outward FDI stock	11.0	15.8	13.6	13.2	15.5	29.1	25.7	16.8	14.3	12.8
UK inward FDI stock	26.2	21.2	25.7	92.6	117.9	123.4	131.0	48.9	50.8	49.8

Economic statistics (as reported by Belgium)

Trade and investment data for Belgium (UNCTAD)^{34 35 36}

The following data are reported by Belgium and are for reference only. Whenever possible use data from UK sources for trade and investment. All data below are presented in \$USD in billions.

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Nominal exports	377.9	417.6	451.2	443.9	419.4	536.0	563.0	536.3
Nominal imports	372.2	412.3	453.0	438.4	410.0	522.1	565.8	539.9
Nominal trade balance	5.7	5.2	-1.8	5.5	9.4	13.9	-2.8	-3.6
Inward FDI stock	517.4	580.2	502.4	583.7	609.6	563.8	531.0	578.0
Outward FDI stock	599.4	707.8	544.2	658.3	687.0	717.8	685.5	770.5

³⁴United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) data sources for trade: [Goods and Services \(BPM6\): Exports and imports of goods and services, annual](#); and for investment: [Foreign direct investment: Inward and outward flows and stock, annual](#).

³⁵Estimates are given in italics. Historic data pre-2016 can be found on the [UNCTAD website](#).

³⁶All trade data are on a Balance of Payments basis. The FDI data are on a directional and net (investment minus disinvestment) basis. These figures are given in current prices and are rounded to the nearest \$0.1 billion, with missing data represented by dashes.

Economic data and projections for Belgium (IMF)^{37 38}

The following table presents economic statistics for Belgium. Projections include assumptions of the effects of COVID-19 and may be subject to change in the future. Estimated data, as well as projections up to 2030, are presented in italics and are subject to revision.

Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Change in exports (%)	0.9	-6.2	-4.1	-0.2	2.0	2.5	3.2	3.1	3.1
Change in imports (%)	2.4	-5.0	-4.2	0.4	2.7	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.3
Current account balance (% of GDP)	-1.3	-0.7	-0.9	-1.1	-1.3	-1.4	-1.3	-1.2	-1.1
Change in real GDP (%)	4.2	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
GDP per capita (1,000 \$USD)	51.1	54.9	56.3	57.8	59.5	60.8	62.4	64.0	65.7
GDP PPP (Int'l \$billion)	800.5	839.7	868.6	899.1	927.7	956.0	988.3	1,019.6	1,052.6
Inflation, year average (CPI %)	10.3	2.3	4.3	3.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9
Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)	5.6	5.5	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.8
Population (million)	11.6	11.7	11.8	11.9	11.9	11.9	12.0	12.0	12.0
Total investment (% of GDP)	26.9	25.3	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.1	24.2
Gross national savings (% of GDP)	25.6	24.6	23.2	23.0	22.8	22.7	22.8	22.9	23.1
General government net lending/borrowing (% of GDP)	-3.6	-4.2	-4.4	-5.0	-5.8	-6.1	-6.5	-7.0	-7.6
General government gross debt (% of GDP)	102.6	103.1	104.5	106.4	110.0	113.6	117.2	121.2	125.6

Belgium was the 23rd largest economy in 2024, in terms of gross domestic product (GDP). The UK was the 6th largest economy in 2024.³⁹

³⁷International Monetary Fund (IMF) provide economic commentary in their [World Economic Outlook reports](#). The latest data presented here can be found in the [World Economic Database, April 2025](#).

³⁸Projections and estimates are given in italics. More information for each metric and each partner, as well as historic data pre-2022, can be found on the [IMF website](#).

³⁹GDP ranking based on values in current prices (nominal terms) in \$USD. Some GDP values for partners are based on estimates which may influence the rankings when revised.

Top goods traded with the world by Belgium, in current prices (UN Comtrade)^{40 41}

Data presented here show the top commodities traded with the world, not solely the UK, by Belgium. These data are based on a different commodity classification system to the ONS commodity data used earlier in this factsheet, and the two sections should therefore not be directly compared.

Top goods exported to the world by Belgium in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods exported
1	30 - Pharmaceutical products	60.5	16.0%
2	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	43.9	11.6%
3	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	42.5	11.3%
4	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	24.9	6.6%
5	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	20.3	5.4%
6	72 - Iron and steel	14.1	3.7%
7	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	13.5	3.6%
8	29 - Organic chemicals	13.4	3.6%
9	71 - Precious stones and metals	11.8	3.1%
10	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	10.9	2.9%
	All goods exported	377.3	100.0%

Top goods imported from the world by Belgium in 2024:

Rank	HS Commodity	\$USD billion	% of total goods imported
1	27 - Mineral fuels or oils, products of their distillation	59.8	16.3%
2	87 - Vehicles other than railway or tramway stock	45.1	12.3%
3	30 - Pharmaceutical products	44.3	12.1%
4	84 - Machinery and mechanical appliances	28.7	7.8%
5	85 - Electrical machinery and equipment	21.7	5.9%
6	29 - Organic chemicals	14.2	3.9%
7	39 - Plastics and articles thereof	12.3	3.3%
8	90 - Optical, photographic, cinematographic and medical equipment	10.7	2.9%
9	71 - Precious stones and metals	9.8	2.7%
10	72 - Iron and steel	8.9	2.4%
	All goods imported	366.9	100.0%

⁴⁰United Nations (UN) Comtrade data are sourced from the online [UN Comtrade Database](#). The data reported above are for 2024, but as the data upload to UN Comtrade is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

⁴¹Data are classified using the [Harmonized System](#) and are given on a physical movement basis, with UK data comparable to HMRC data sources rather than the headline trade figures presented here from ONS.

Top services traded with the world by Belgium, in current prices (ITC Trade Map)^{42 43 44}

Data presented here shows the top service types traded to the world, not solely the UK, by Belgium.

Top services exported to the world by Belgium in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services exported
1	Other business services	51.4	36.8%
2	Transport	31.7	22.8%
3	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	18.4	13.2%
4	Financial services	8.3	6.0%
5	Travel	6.9	5.0%
	All services exported	139.4	100.0%

Top services imported from the world by Belgium in 2022:

Rank	EBOPS Service Type	\$USD billion	% of total services imported
1	Other business services	52.1	36.3%
2	Transport	33.3	23.2%
3	Travel	16.3	11.4%
4	Telecommunications, computer, and information services	16.2	11.3%
5	Financial services	7.4	5.2%
	All services imported	143.6	100.0%

⁴²International Trade Centre (ITC) Trade Map data are sourced from the online [ITC Trade Map tool](#). The data above are for 2022, but as the data upload to ITC is continuous, more timely data may be available from the source.

⁴³Data are classified on the [EBOPS 2010](#) basis. 'Other business services' include: Research and development, professional and management consulting services, technical services and trade related services. A full description of all service types can be found on the [UN Statistics Division website](#).

⁴⁴Estimates are shown in italics, where for some partners only estimates are available - These data have been included for information and should be treated with caution.

Background Notes

This document is one of a wider set of factsheets between the UK and its individual trade and investment partners which can be found on the [Trade and Investment Factsheets website](#). All of these factsheets are published as [Official Statistics](#) as defined by the [UK Statistics Authority](#).

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