



SARS-CoV-2 inactivation testing: interim report

Report identifier	HCM/CoV2/007/v2
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Undertaken by High Containment Microbiology, NIS Laboratories, National Infection Service, Public Health England N.B. This is an interim report and may be updated as further results are obtained	

Product/treatment details	
Product/treatment	Aptima® Specimen Transport Medium
Manufacturer	Hologic
Product code	Specimen Transport Medium tubes supplied with Aptima Multitest Swab Specimen Collection Kit (PRD-03546)
Composition of product, as supplied	Not known
Manufacturer's recommended ratio of sample to product	Multitest Swab Specimen Collection Kit instructions: Swab directly into tube containing 2.9ml buffer; Aptima Specimen Transfer Kit instructions: 0.5ml VTM sample to tube containing 2.9ml buffer

Sample details	
Sample type tested	Tissue culture fluid containing 5% (v/v) foetal calf serum
Virus strain tested	SARS-CoV-2 England 2
Ratio of spiked virus stock to sample matrix	Not applicable; tissue culture fluid used undiluted

Experimental conditions	
Ratio of sample to product tested	1 volume sample to 5.8 volumes product
Contact times	10 minutes 30 minutes 60 minutes
Temperature of incubation	Room temperature
Brief description of tests performed	<p>Triplicate samples were treated with test buffer for indicated contact time/s or mock-treated in triplicate with an equivalent volume of PBS. All samples were then subjected to a purification step to remove cytotoxic buffer components. PBS-treated samples were subjected to the same purification procedure in parallel.</p> <p>Test 1: Purified samples were immediately titrated by plaque assay on Vero E6 cells to establish virus titre. This test is quantitative and reports the titre of virus in each treatment condition in TCID₅₀/ml. Reduction in virus titre following treatment is given as the difference between the mean log₁₀ TCID₅₀/ml for treated conditions and the PBS control.</p> <p>Test 2: In parallel, purified samples were seeded onto Vero E6 monolayers to amplify any remaining virus over the course of up to four serial passages. Virus amplification over each passage was detected by visual (microscopic) examination of monolayers for cytopathic effect, and confirmed by SARS-CoV-2-specific real-time PCR. This test is qualitative and reports either the presence or absence of virus amplification. This test may detect levels of virus that are below the detection limit of the titration assay (test 1) due to a greater sample plating volume and the opportunity for any virus present to amplify over serial passages.</p>

Table of results			
Maximum detectable virus reduction in test (log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml)			4.4
	Test 1: Virus titration post-treatment		Test 2: Passage of samples in cell culture
	Mean virus titre (log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml)	Titre reduction (log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml)	Virus detected/ Virus not detected
PBS-treated	5.1	-	Virus detected (all sample replicates)
Test buffer-treated (10 minute contact time)	≤0.7	≥4.4	Virus not detected
Test buffer-treated (30 minute contact time)	≤0.7	≥4.4	Virus not detected
Test buffer-treated (60 minute contact time)	≤0.7	≥4.4	Virus detected (≥1 sample replicate)

Interpretation
<p>Test 1: All contact times tested resulted in ≥4 log₁₀ reduction in infectious virus titre. The maximum detectable virus reduction in this test was 4.4 log₁₀ TCID₅₀/ml.</p> <p>Test 2: Infectious virus was recoverable from one sample replicate at one of the three contact times tested following passage in cell culture, indicating that virus inactivation by this treatment was incomplete. This test is ongoing and it is possible that virus will be detected in additional samples replicates at later passages.</p> <p>Demonstrating complete inactivation is dependent on the starting titre of virus used for testing, and it is likely that complete inactivation could be achieved if samples contained lower levels of infectious virus than those tested here. Conversely, sample treatments that inactivate virus effectively in our testing may fail to inactivate samples containing higher levels of virus than those evaluated in this study.</p> <p>This test has been performed on tissue culture fluid containing 5% (v/v) foetal calf serum. The effectiveness of this treatment against SARS-CoV-2 may vary when used to inactivate clinical samples or other types of sample matrix. Any results of inactivation testing using other sample matrices will be released as they become available.</p> <p>Inactivation reagents should not be assumed to be 100% effective against SARS-CoV-2.</p>

Suitability of products and treatments for inactivation of other pathogens has not been evaluated in this study.

All COVID-19 laboratory testing workflows must be subjected to suitable and sufficient risk assessment, with consideration given to any inactivation step. Risk assessments should be reviewed regularly as new information on the inactivation of SARS-CoV-2 becomes available.

The impact of chosen inactivation method on the sensitivity of subsequent SARS-CoV-2 detection should also be assessed locally.

Disclaimer

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Summary of revisions

Version 1: New document

Version 2: Reformatted for publication

Queries regarding this report or HCM inactivation testing should be directed to
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