

Enterprise M3 LEP

Census 2001 Focus on Rural Areas

Enterprise M3 LEP is in the South East Region

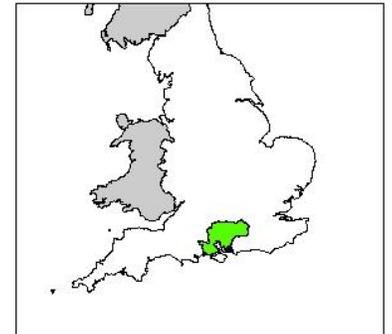
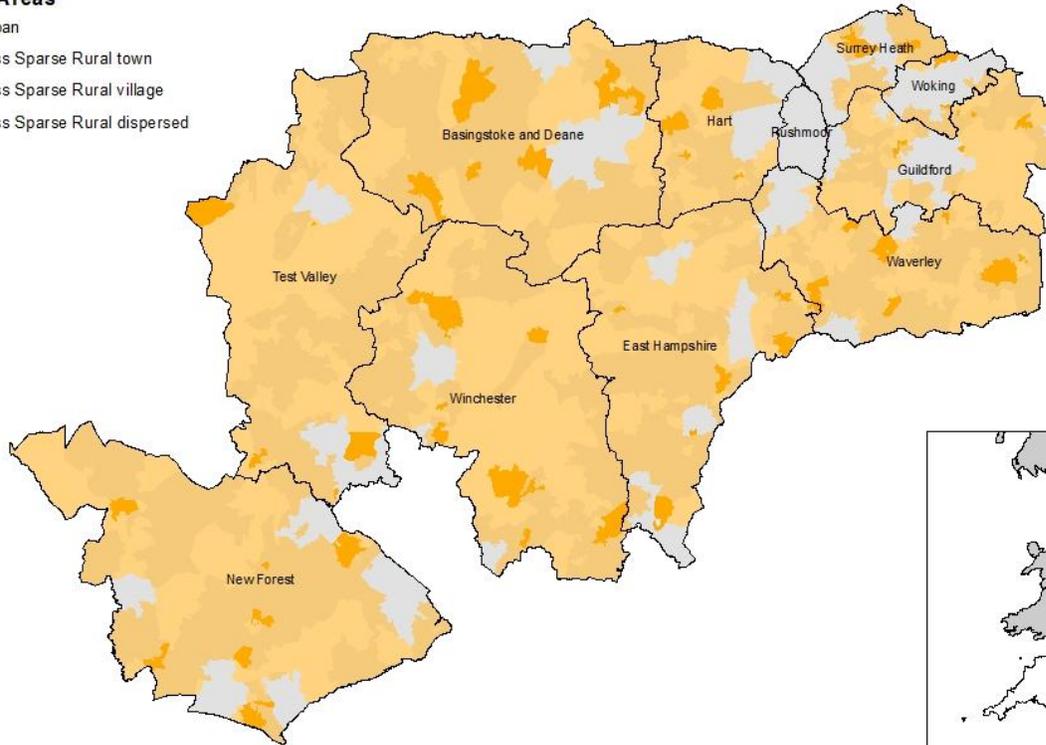
Enterprise M3 LEP, showing Local Authority Boundaries, shaded by Output Area according to the urban/rural definition

Legend

Local Authority Boundary

Output Areas

- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural town
- Less Sparse Rural village
- Less Sparse Rural dispersed



(c) Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. Defra 100018880 2012

Population

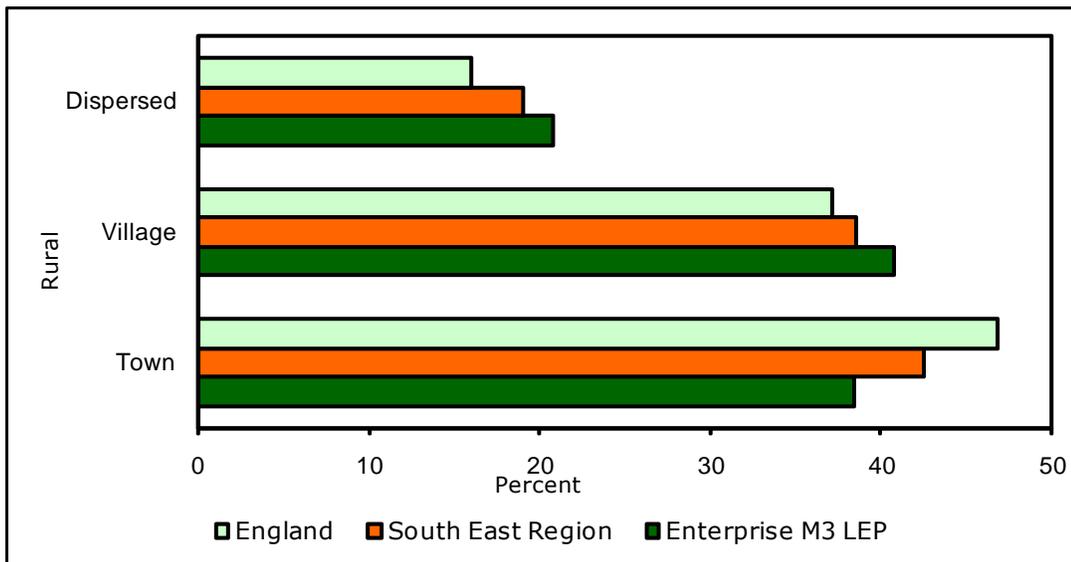
In Enterprise M3 LEP 30.1% of people live in rural areas, compared with 22.4% in the Region.

Within the rural areas all people live in less sparse areas

	Enterprise M3 LEP			South East Region		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Urban	424,678	440,677	865,355	3,025,510	3,180,658	6,206,168
Rural	183,688	189,170	372,858	879,645	914,832	1,794,477
Less Sparse	183,688	189,170	372,858	878,911	914,059	1,792,970
Town	70,610	75,039	145,649	373,428	398,650	772,078
Village	74,869	75,846	150,715	338,028	346,602	684,630
Dispersed	38,209	38,285	76,494	167,455	168,807	336,262
Sparse	-	-	-	734	773	1,507
Town	-	-	-	137	146	283
Village	-	-	-	597	627	1,224
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	608,366	629,847	1,238,213	3,905,155	4,095,490	8,000,645
Percentage rural	30.2	30.0	30.1	22.5	22.3	22.4

Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

Proportion of the population of the LEP living in rural towns, villages and dispersed areas compared with the Region and England.



Source table from the Census: UV03 Gender

Age

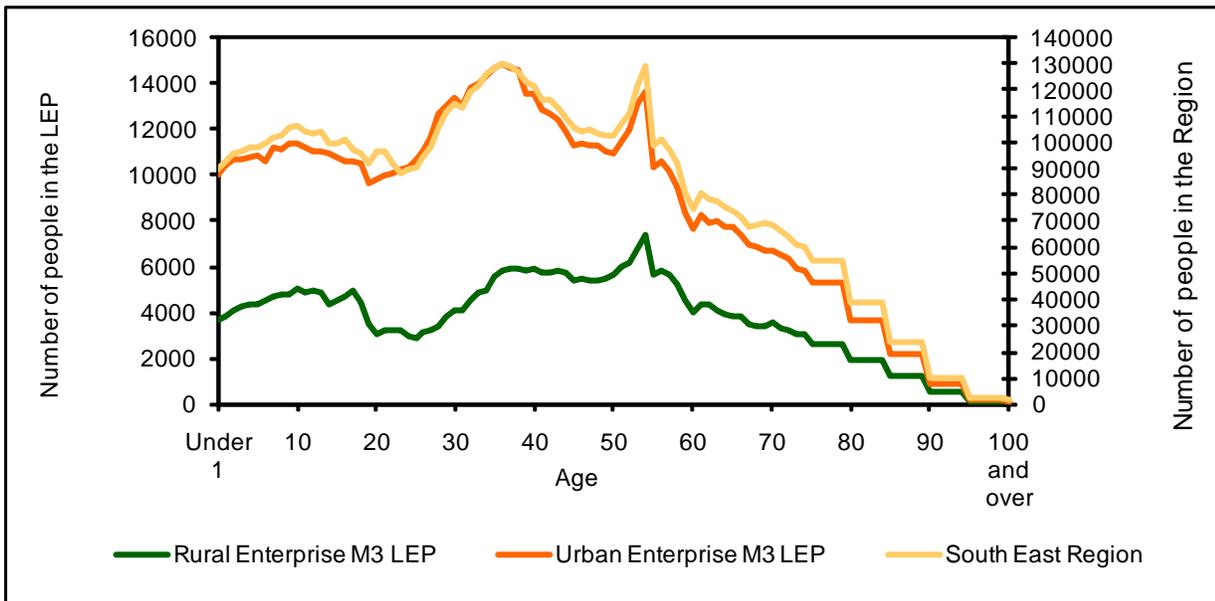
In Enterprise M3 LEP 3.5% of the population live in rural areas and are under 10 years old. 7.2% of the LEP's population live in rural areas and are under 19 years of age. 3.8% are aged 70 or over and live in rural areas.

Total population within the LEP, broken down by age.

Age	Total	Totals		Rural breakdown						% Rural
		Urban	Rural	Towns		Villages		Dispersed		
				Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	Less sparse	Sparse	
Under 10	150,939	107,927	43,012	17,043	-	17,656	-	8,313	-	28.5
10 to 19	153,583	107,675	45,908	17,349	-	17,347	-	11,212	-	29.9
20 to 29	141,573	109,724	31,849	13,046	-	12,623	-	6,180	-	22.5
30 to 39	192,366	140,986	51,380	21,242	-	20,737	-	9,401	-	26.7
40 to 49	175,681	119,915	55,766	21,754	-	22,444	-	11,568	-	31.7
50 to 59	168,695	110,104	58,591	21,629	-	24,225	-	12,737	-	34.7
60 to 69	113,977	75,427	38,550	14,113	-	16,352	-	8,085	-	33.8
70 to 79	87,106	57,907	29,199	11,655	-	12,090	-	5,454	-	33.5
80 to 89	45,150	29,769	15,381	6,669	-	5,914	-	2,798	-	34.1
90 and over	8,821	5,754	3,067	1,249	-	1,135	-	683	-	34.8
	1,237,891	865,188	372,703	145,749	-	150,523	-	76,431	-	30.1

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Age of the population in urban/rural parts of the LEP and totals for the Region.



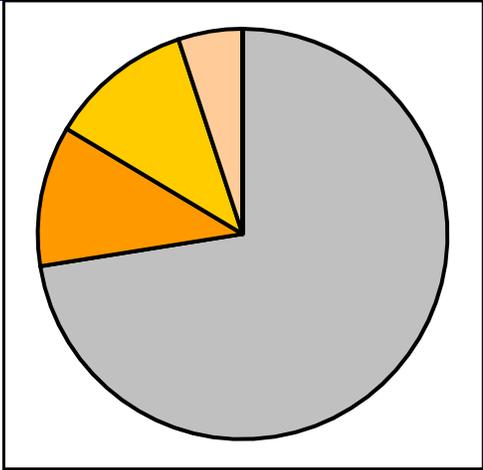
Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Proportion of children under 5 split by the urban rural definition, for the LEP and the Region

[LEP](#)

[Enterprise M3](#)

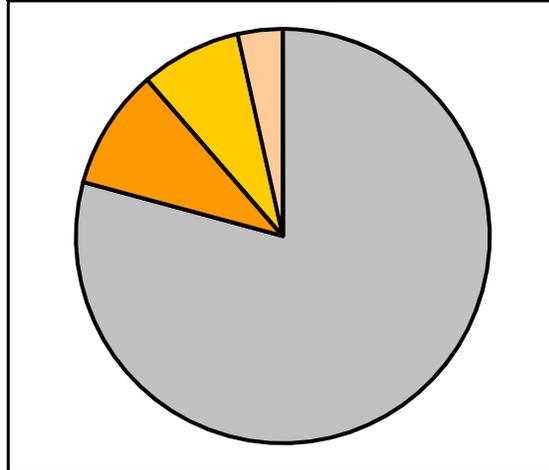
Number of under 5's: 72,600



[Region:](#)

[South East](#)

Number of under 5's: 472,500



- Urban
- Less Sparse Rural Town
- Less Sparse Rural Village
- Less Sparse Rural Dispersed
- Sparse Rural Town
- Sparse Rural Village
- Sparse Rural Dispersed

Source table from the Census: UV04 Age

Marital Status

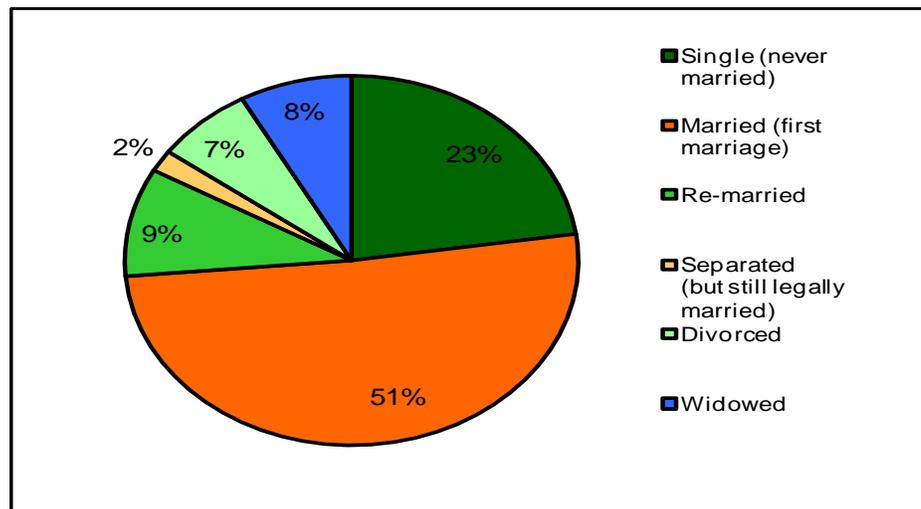
The 'Marital Status' table (UV07) classifies all people (i.e. from babies upwards) according to their marital status. To create the following table *it has been assumed* that all people aged under 16 would be in the "single – never married" category. All people under 16 years of age have been deducted from the original "single – never married" figures on the marital status to estimate figures on the marital status of people aged 16 or over.

Estimated number of people in the LEP and Region aged 16 or over, by marital status

	Single (never married)	Married (first marriage)	Re-married	Separated (but still legally married)	Divorced	Widowed
Enterprise M3 LEP						
Urban	194,188	319,328	56,052	15,278	54,812	51,444
Rural	68,400	153,556	28,569	5,758	20,936	24,190
Less Sparse	68,400	153,556	28,569	5,758	20,936	24,190
Town	26,421	58,921	10,637	2,265	8,799	10,485
Village	26,838	63,240	12,047	2,354	8,177	9,359
Dispersed	15,141	31,395	5,885	1,139	3,960	4,346
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	262,588	472,884	84,621	21,036	75,748	75,634
South East Region						
Urban	1,484,269	2,144,729	394,163	117,467	419,736	402,101
Rural	334,414	720,409	138,401	29,317	105,734	115,963
Total	1,818,683	2,865,138	532,564	146,784	525,470	518,064

Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

Estimated proportions of people aged 16 or over in rural parts of the LEP, by marital status.



Source tables from the Census: UV04 Age and UV07 Marital Status

Household composition

In Enterprise M3 LEP 29.7% of households are in rural areas. 24.3% of rural households are single person households. 5.7% of rural households are lone parent family households.

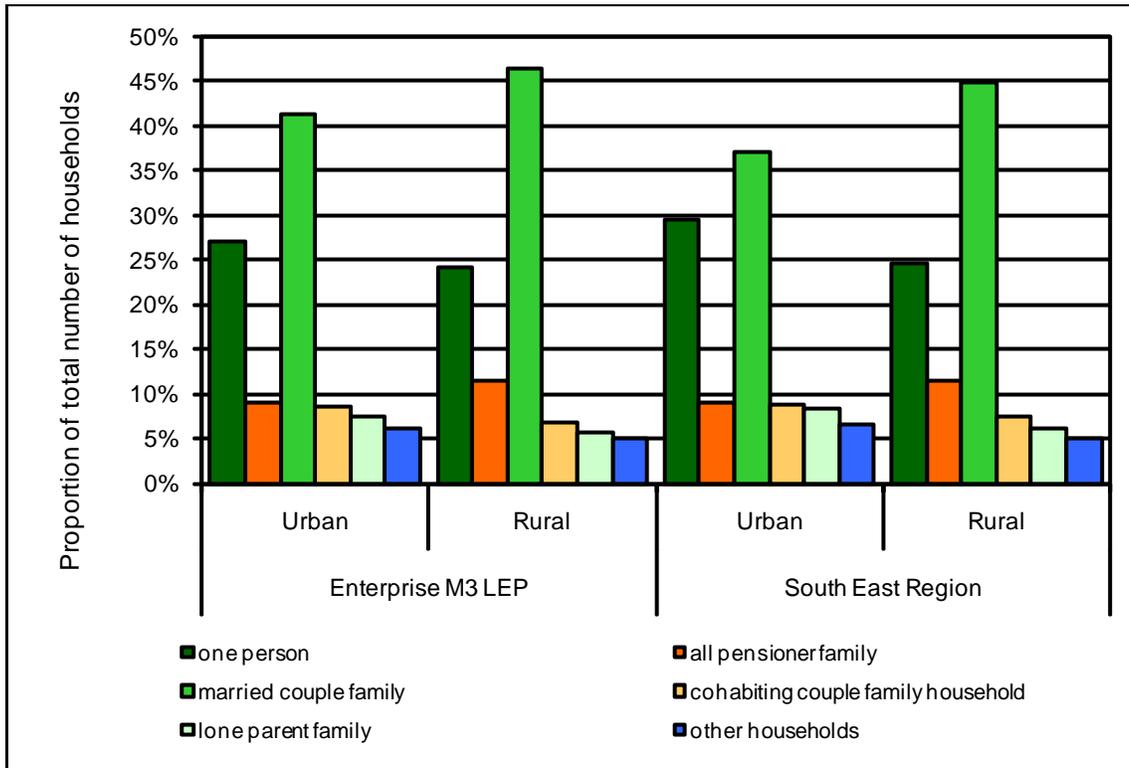
Number of households, by composition of the household

	Urban Total	Rural							% rural
		Total	Less sparse			Sparse			
			Town	Village	Dispersed	Town	Village	Dispersed	
Total number of households	352,213	148,499	60,299	59,975	28,225	-	-	-	29.7
One person household	95,735	36,040	16,159	14,011	5,870	-	-	-	27.3
pensioner	46,752	20,559	9,425	8,076	3,058	-	-	-	30.5
other	48,983	15,481	6,734	5,935	2,812	-	-	-	24.0
All pensioner family	32,292	17,310	6,684	7,343	3,283	-	-	-	34.9
Married couple family	145,256	68,886	26,571	28,236	14,079	-	-	-	32.2
no children	51,528	27,110	9,815	11,480	5,815	-	-	-	34.5
with one dependent child	24,892	10,842	4,323	4,399	2,120	-	-	-	30.3
with two or more dependent children	47,608	21,168	8,469	8,466	4,233	-	-	-	30.8
all children non-dependent	21,228	9,766	3,964	3,891	1,911	-	-	-	31.5
Cohabiting couple family	30,402	10,312	4,366	4,072	1,874	-	-	-	25.3
no children	19,314	6,499	2,721	2,550	1,228	-	-	-	25.2
with one dependent child	4,908	1,591	715	601	275	-	-	-	24.5
two or more dependent children	5,072	1,784	789	705	290	-	-	-	26.0
all children non-dependent	1,108	438	141	216	81	-	-	-	28.3
Lone parent family	26,569	8,451	3,858	3,178	1,415	-	-	-	24.1
with one dependent child	8,733	2,478	1,190	837	451	-	-	-	22.1
with two or more dependant children	8,275	2,322	1,123	855	344	-	-	-	21.9
all children non-dependent	9,561	3,651	1,545	1,486	620	-	-	-	27.6
Other households	21,959	7,500	2,661	3,135	1,704	-	-	-	25.5
with one dependent child	3,147	1,110	389	469	252	-	-	-	26.1
with two or more dependent children	3,102	1,149	354	517	278	-	-	-	27.0
all student	940	51	18	15	18	-	-	-	5.1
all pensioner	1,223	708	259	291	158	-	-	-	36.7
other	13,547	4,482	1,641	1,843	998	-	-	-	24.9

Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student in a family with parent(s).

Percentage of households by composition of household for the LEP and the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV65 Household Composition (households)

Classification of household deprivation

The classification of household deprivation on the Census is independent of the English Indices of Multiple Deprivation published by the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister. Four dimensions from the Census returns have been identified as giving an indication of household deprivation. Households are considered deprived if one or more of the following definitions applies to that household:

Employment – any member of the household aged 16-74 who is not a full-time student is classified as either unemployed or permanently sick.

Education – no member of the household aged 16 to pensionable age has at least 5 GCSE’s (grade A to C) or equivalent AND no member of the household aged 16 to 18 is in full-time education.

Health and disability – any member of the household has general health ‘not good’ in the year before the census or has a limiting long term illness.

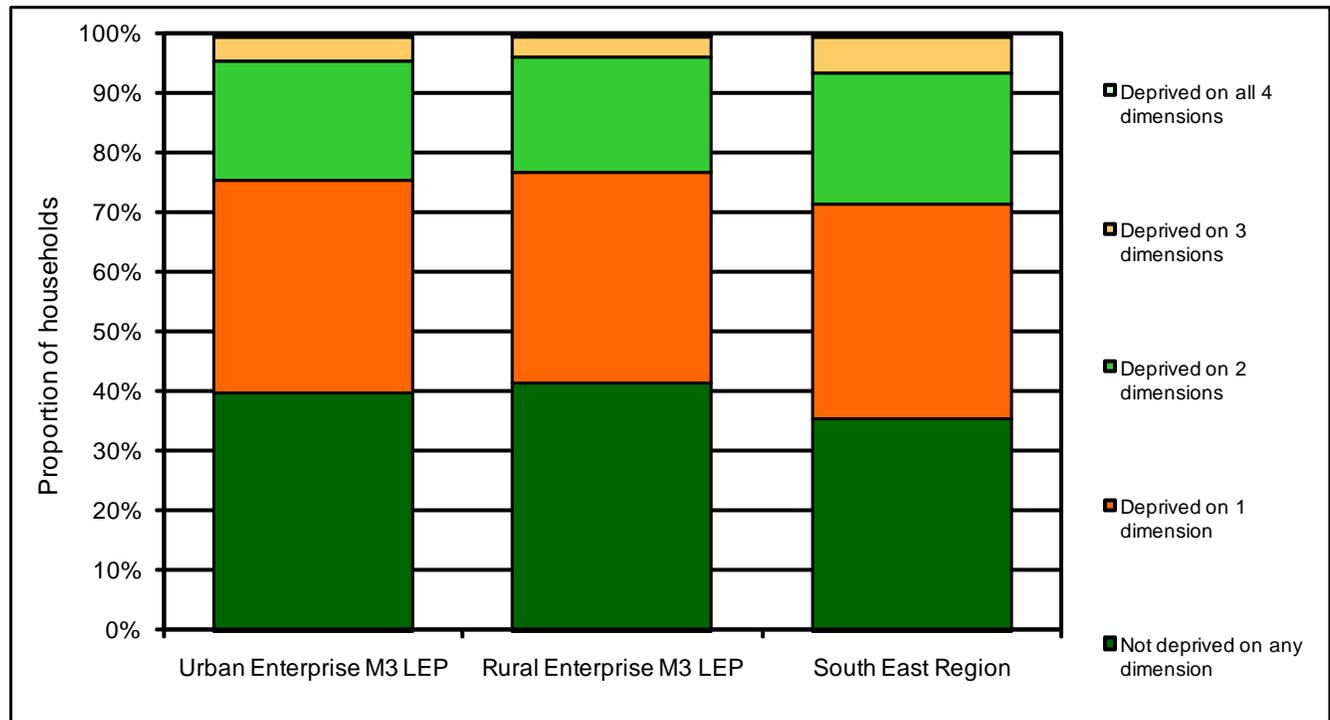
Housing – The household’s accommodation is either overcrowded, or is in a shared dwelling, or does not have sole use of bath/shower and toilet, or has no central heating.

Classification of household deprivation (number of households)

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 dimension	Deprived on 2 dimensions	Deprived on 3 dimensions	Deprived on all 4 dimensions	Not deprived on any dimension	Deprived on 1 or more dimensions
Urban	140,573	125,819	69,297	15,149	1,174	894,858	1,671,844
Rural	61,476	52,674	28,606	5,311	411	277,521	443,090
Less Sparse	61,476	52,674	28,606	5,311	411	277,406	442,550
Town	24,145	21,585	12,172	2,258	126	116,111	204,884
Village	24,823	21,236	11,590	2,145	177	107,661	165,481
Dispersed	12,508	9,853	4,844	908	108	53,634	72,185
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	115	540
Town	-	-	-	-	-	18	109
Village	-	-	-	-	-	97	431
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

Comparison of household deprivation in urban and rural parts of the LEP



Source table from the Census: UV67 Classification of household deprivation

Health and provision of unpaid care

There were two measure of 'health' on the Census. In one measure respondents were asked to rate their general level of health over the last twelve months as 'good', 'fairly good' or 'not good'. The other measure was to ask respondents whether they (in their opinion) had a limiting long-term illness (LLTI). LLTI covers any long-term illness, health problem or disability that limits daily activities or the work a person can do.

Perception of health over the 12 months preceding the Census (number of people)

	Enterprise M3 LEP				South East Region			
	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good	Good	Fairly good	Not good	% not good
Urban	636,898	175,069	53,390	6.2	4,403,973	1,347,133	455,062	7.3
Rural	279,436	71,725	21,689	5.8	1,316,463	363,635	114,377	6.4

Source table from the Census: UV20 General health

Occurrence of limiting long-term illnesses (LLTI) (number of people)

	Enterprise M3 LEP			South East Region			England
	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	No LLTI	LLTI	% with LLTI	% with LLTI
Urban	745,863	119,492	13.8	5,233,076	973,093	15.7	18.2
Rural	320,561	52,297	14.0	1,530,170	264,307	14.7	17.0

Source table from the Census: UV22 Long-term limiting illness

Number of people providing unpaid care

	Enterprise M3 LEP			% providing some unpaid care	
	1 to 19 hours per week	20 to 49 hours per week	50 or more hours per week	Enterprise M3 LEP	South East Region
Urban	57,456	6,294	12,440	8.8	9.0
Rural	29,315	2,827	5,108	10.0	10.1
Towns	10,876	1,120	2,132	9.7	9.8
Villages	12,183	1,187	2,035	10.2	10.3
Dispersed	6,256	520	941	10.1	10.2

Source table from the Census: UV21 Provision of unpaid care

Qualifications

In Enterprise M3 LEP 20.7% of the people aged 16 to 74 have no academic, vocational or professional qualifications, compared with 23.9% in the Region as a whole. 28.6% of the people with no such qualifications are in rural parts of the LEP.

Number of people aged 16 to 74 by qualification level

	Number of people aged 16-74 within the LEP that responded to the questions on qualification levels. (please see the footnotes)						Percentage with no qualifications	
	None	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other	LEP	Region
Urban	132,538	108,362	137,269	58,439	150,315	42,219	21.1	24.4
Rural	53,107	39,658	60,556	25,886	72,948	17,435	19.7	22.4
Less Sparse	53,107	39,658	60,556	25,886	72,948	17,435	19.7	22.4
Town	21,454	16,642	23,042	9,156	26,544	7,245	20.6	24.1
Village	21,487	15,439	24,224	10,827	30,592	6,848	19.6	22.0
Dispersed	10,166	7,577	13,290	5,903	15,812	3,342	18.1	19.3
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.7
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.5
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.2
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	185,645	148,020	197,825	84,325	223,263	59,654	20.7	23.9
Percentage rural	28.6	26.8	30.6	30.7	32.7	29.2		

Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

Footnotes

None: No academic, vocational or professional qualifications

Level 1: 1+ 'O' levels/CSE/GCSE (any grade), NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ

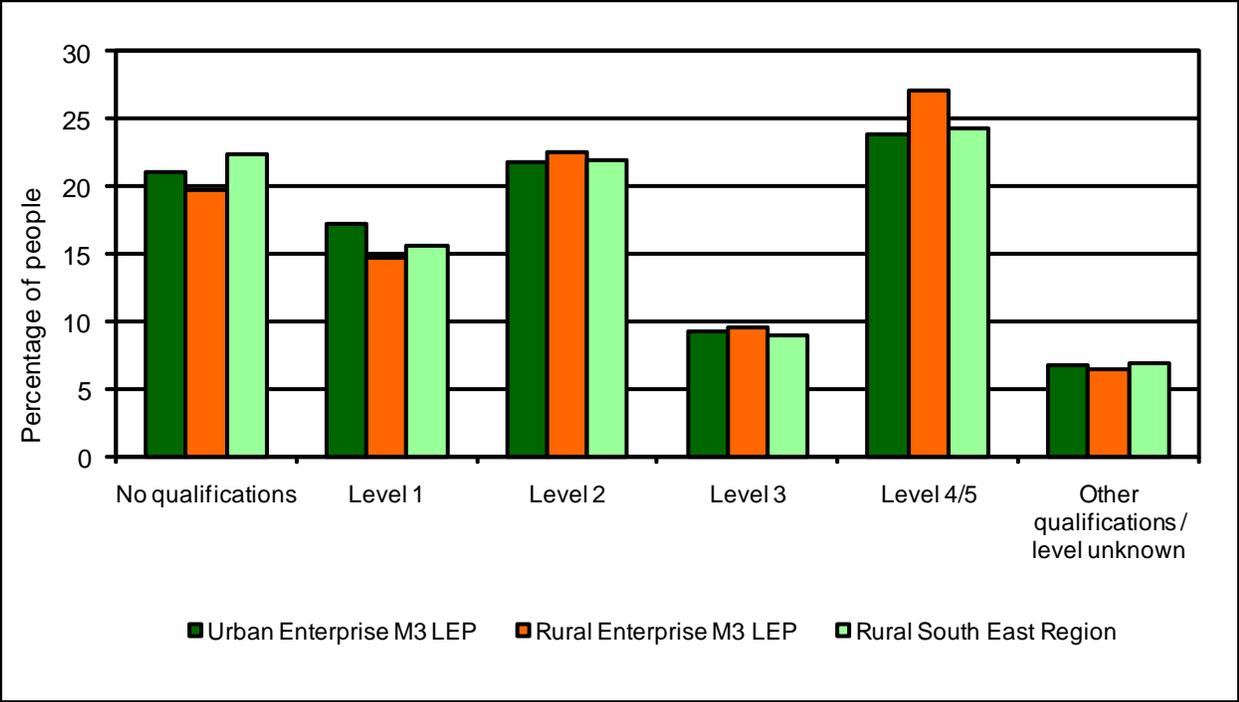
Level 2: 5+ 'O' levels, 5+ CSEs (grade 1), 5+ GCSEs (grade A to C), School Certificate, 1+ 'A' levels/AS levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ

Level 3: 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ AS levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ

Level 4/5: First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4-5, HND, HNC, Qualified Teacher Status, Qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor

Other: Other qualifications or level unknown e.g. City and Guilds, RSA/OCR, BTEC/Edexcel, other professional qualifications.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 with each level of qualification in the LEP and the rural part of the Region.



Source table from the Census: UV24 Qualifications

National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification (NS-SeC)

In this table all people aged 16 to 74 are classified according to their type of occupation using the National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification. Further details of this classification system are available from the National Statistics web site at:

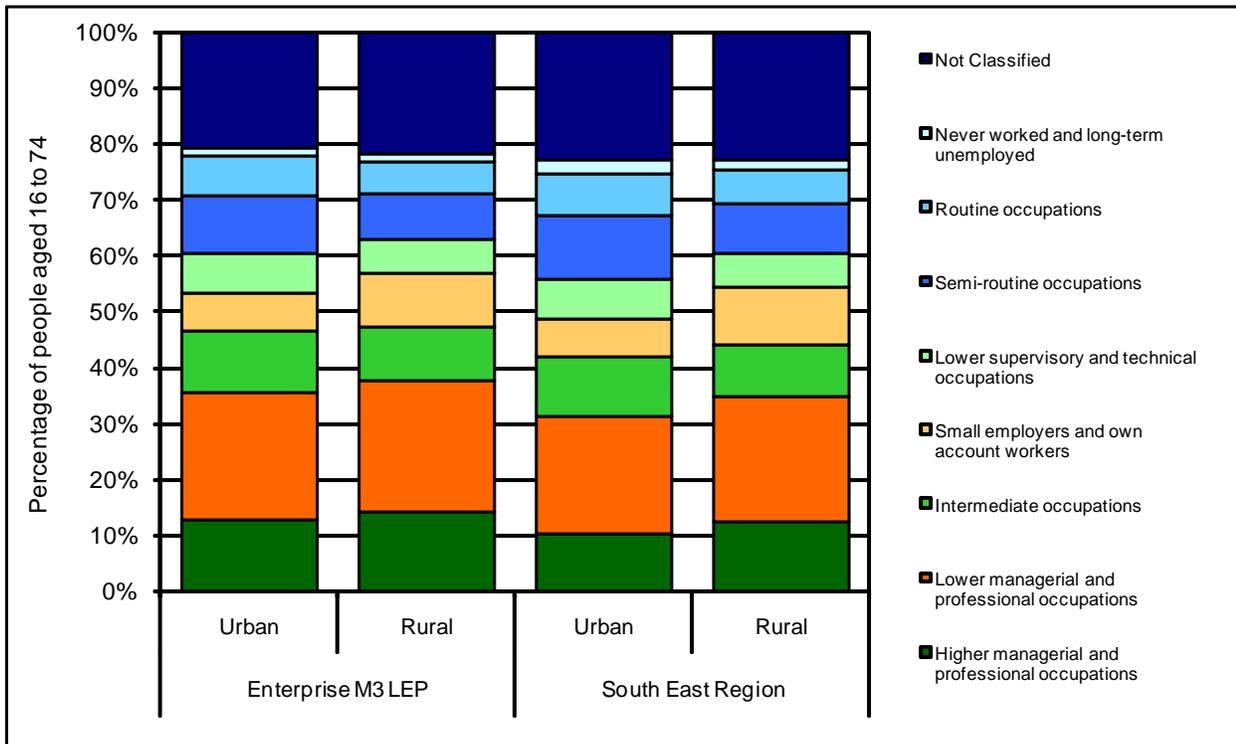
http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/ns_sec/default.asp

Number of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Urban Total	Rural			Urban	Rural	
		Total	Towns	Villages			Dispersed
Higher managerial and professional occupations	80,608	68,870	38,502	14,111	16,257	461,351	161,117
Lower managerial and professional occupations	141,624	112,178	62,385	24,651	25,142	932,373	288,729
Intermediate occupations	69,597	46,396	25,904	10,520	9,972	476,167	117,990
Small employers and own account workers	43,056	47,587	27,082	8,847	11,658	311,829	135,783
Lower supervisory and technical occupations	43,943	27,652	15,250	6,484	5,918	315,985	77,885
Semi-routine occupations	65,534	40,812	22,398	9,854	8,560	496,792	115,350
Routine occupations	44,025	26,374	14,405	6,234	5,735	343,728	80,000
Never worked and long-term unemployed	9,495	6,603	3,787	1,268	1,548	103,870	21,453
Not Classified	131,167	106,361	59,791	22,024	24,546	1,028,126	296,344

Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

Percentage of people in the LEP aged 16 to 74 by NS-SeC classification



Source table from the Census: UV31 National Statistics Socio-economic classification

Economic activity and average number of hours worked

In rural Enterprise M3 LEP 29.4% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive. 49.3% of those people are retired, 10.8% are students and 24.7% are looking after the home or family.

In comparison 26.8% of people aged 16 to 74 are economically inactive in urban Enterprise M3 LEP and 30.6% are economically inactive in rural parts of the Region.

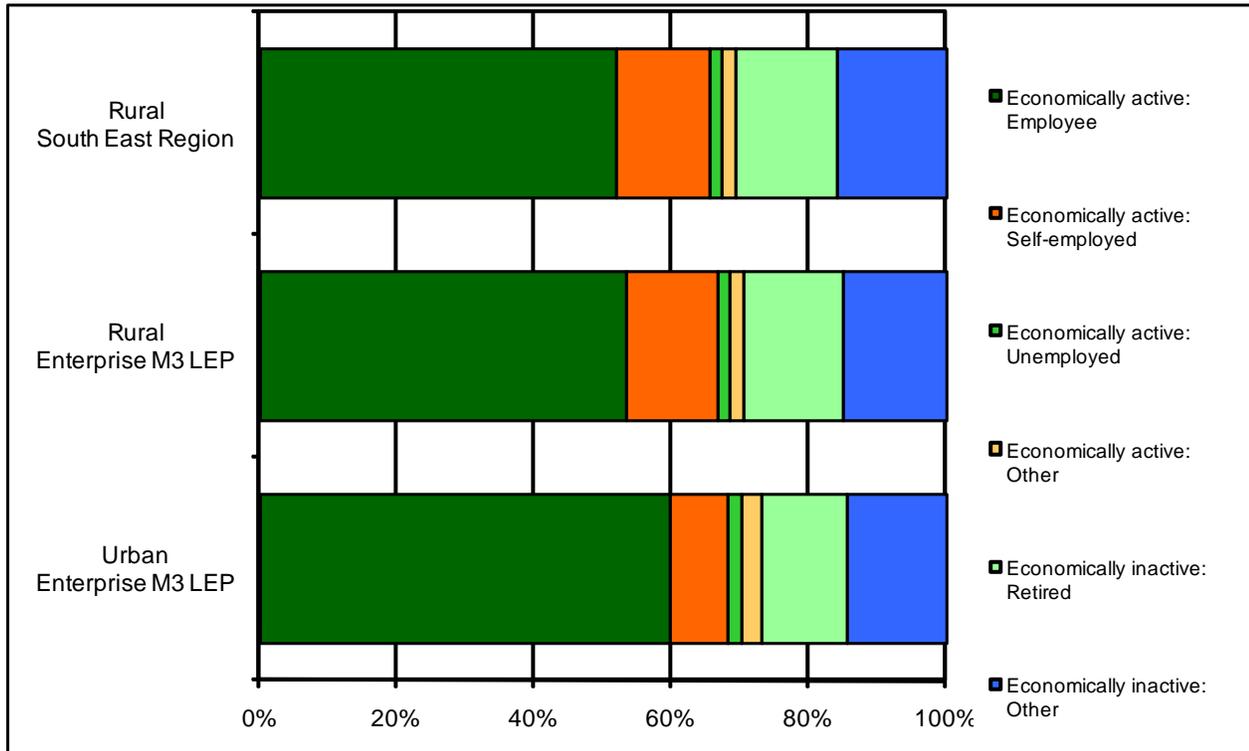
Number of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Urban	Rural				Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages	Dispersed		
Economically active	460,434	190,210	75,304	76,469	38,437	3,138,371	899,331
Employee	375,828	144,108	59,621	56,936	27,551	2,520,096	675,484
Part-time	78,471	33,187	13,887	13,089	6,211	545,708	157,638
Full-time	297,357	110,921	45,734	43,847	21,340	1,974,388	517,846
Self-employed with employees	16,609	12,749	3,609	5,676	3,464	119,414	60,992
Part-time	2,340	2,083	552	952	579	17,437	9,504
Full-time	14,269	10,666	3,057	4,724	2,885	101,977	51,488
Self-employed without employees	37,902	23,438	7,771	10,182	5,485	259,523	112,498
Part-time	11,430	8,250	2,490	3,693	2,067	74,434	37,294
Full-time	26,472	15,188	5,281	6,489	3,418	185,089	75,204
Unemployed	11,532	4,248	1,801	1,652	795	110,115	23,253
Full-time Students	18,563	5,667	2,502	2,023	1,142	129,223	27,104
Economically inactive	168,737	79,375	28,740	32,953	17,682	1,332,898	395,949
Retired	78,213	39,141	15,076	16,332	7,733	579,666	193,269
Student	21,774	8,606	2,693	3,295	2,618	195,738	44,813
Looking after home/family	38,508	19,626	6,571	8,436	4,619	285,622	91,906
Permanently sick/disabled	17,063	6,425	2,492	2,609	1,324	162,934	36,059
Other	13,179	5,577	1,908	2,281	1,388	108,938	29,902
% economically active	73.2	70.6	72.4	69.9	68.5	70.2	69.4
% economically inactive	26.8	29.4	27.6	30.1	31.5	29.8	30.6

Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

For the Census part-time working is defined as working 30 hours a week or less. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.

Percentage of people aged 16 to 74 by economic activity



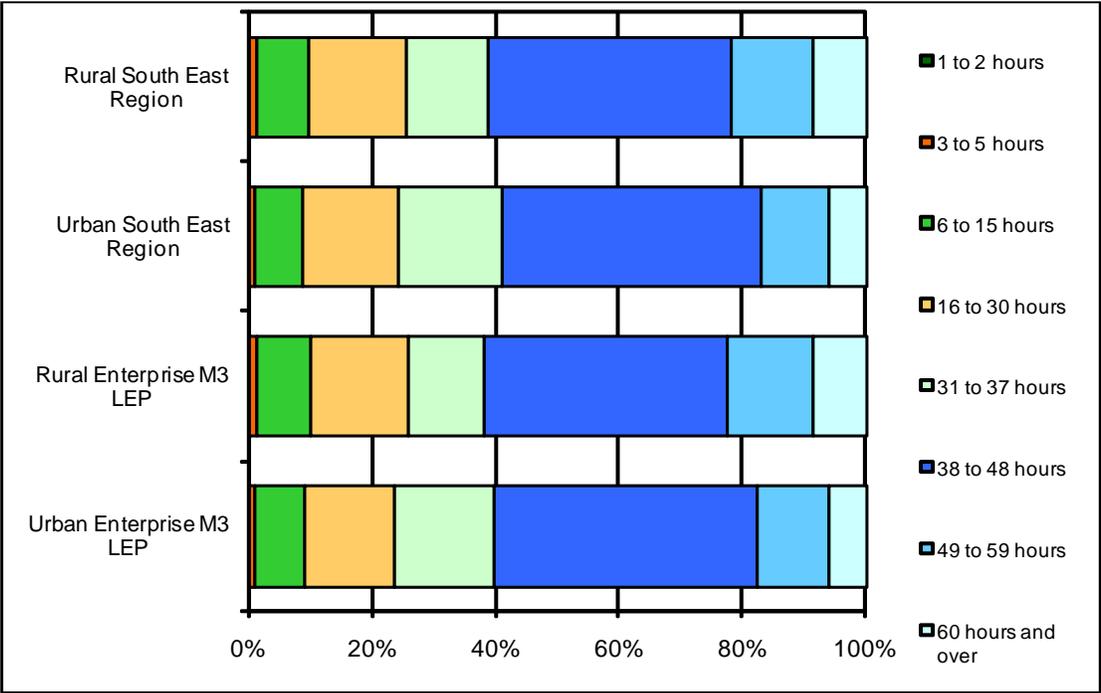
Source table from the Census: UV28 Economic activity

Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked per week

	Part-time				Full-time				Percent	
	1 to 2 hours	3 to 5 hours	6 to 15 hours	16 to 30 hours	31 to 37 hours	38 to 48 hours	49 to 59 hours	60 hours and over	Part-time	Full-time
Enterprise M3 LEP										
Urban	897	4,576	35,071	66,323	72,136	191,020	51,391	25,983	23.9	76.1
Rural	561	2,423	15,806	29,283	22,899	73,566	25,323	15,821	25.9	74.1
Less Sparse	561	2,423	15,806	29,283	22,899	73,566	25,323	15,821	25.9	74.1
Town	201	925	6,186	11,734	10,323	30,028	9,166	4,830	26.0	74.0
Village	238	978	6,324	11,780	8,747	29,386	10,525	6,737	25.9	74.1
Dispersed	122	520	3,296	5,769	3,829	14,152	5,632	4,254	25.8	74.2
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Town	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Village	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,458	6,999	50,877	95,606	95,035	264,586	76,714	41,804	24.5	75.5
Percentage rural	38.5	34.6	31.1	30.6	24.1	27.8	33.0	37.8		
South East Region										
Urban	5,598	29,763	228,995	470,238	511,859	1,266,030	323,512	179,271	24.4	75.6
Rural	2,382	10,839	71,496	140,432	115,526	344,523	115,176	73,417	25.8	74.2
Total	7,980	40,602	300,491	610,670	627,385	1,610,553	438,688	252,688	24.7	75.3

Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked

Percentage of people in rural and urban parts of the LEP aged 16 to 74 in employment by number of hours worked.



Source table from the Census: UV41 Hours worked

Employment by industry type

The three most common industries employing people aged 16 to 74 in rural Enterprise M3 LEP are: "Real estate, renting and business activities", "Wholesale and retail trade; repairs" and "Manufacturing"

Number of people aged 16 to 74 in employment by industry type

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Urban	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
	Total	Total	Towns	Villages			
Agriculture, hunting and forestry	4,832	6,405	1,379	2,888	2,138	27,285	28,865
Fishing	66	98	20	43	35	541	311
Mining and quarrying	1,057	431	158	148	125	5,342	1,848
Manufacturing	55,417	20,286	8,895	7,859	3,532	371,703	99,934
Electricity, gas and water supply	3,215	923	436	328	159	22,488	5,557
Construction	29,407	12,485	5,088	5,024	2,373	211,619	65,707
Wholesale and retail trade; repairs	74,091	25,718	11,286	9,676	4,756	504,852	130,940
Hotels and restaurants	17,400	7,823	2,952	3,194	1,677	129,515	37,695
Transport, storage and communications	34,598	11,556	5,179	4,410	1,967	256,859	59,531
Financial Intermediation	22,650	8,742	3,609	3,444	1,689	157,096	41,068
Real estate, renting and business activities	80,087	34,430	13,161	14,049	7,220	460,568	145,557
Public administration and defence, social security	29,915	14,489	4,443	6,671	3,375	181,049	49,562
Education	32,792	15,312	6,180	5,995	3,137	232,185	72,975
Health and social work	39,395	16,596	6,876	6,615	3,105	298,491	83,761
Other community, social & personal service activities	21,718	9,433	3,524	3,877	2,032	150,932	47,183
Private households with employed persons	715	719	159	325	235	3,724	2,646
Extra-territorial organisations and bodies	112	131	21	107	3	871	337

Source table from the Census: UV34 Industry

Accommodation and tenure

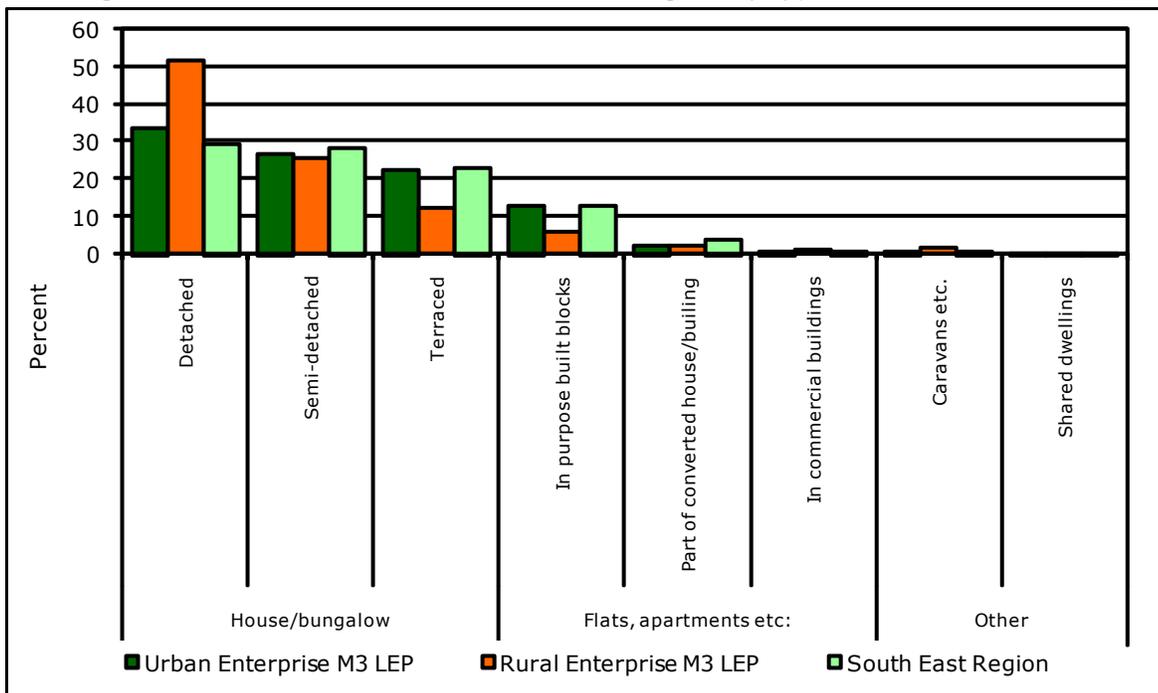
In rural Enterprise M3 LEP 89.3% of households live in houses or bungalows, 9% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 1.6% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures. In urban Enterprise M3 LEP 82.9% of households live in houses or bungalows, 16.2% live in flats, apartments (and other similar properties) and 0.9% live in other types of accommodation such as shared dwellings, caravans, mobile or temporary structures.

Number of households in the LEP and Region by accommodation type

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Urban Total	Rural			Dispersed	Urban	Rural
		Total	Towns	Villages			
In an unshared dwelling	359,661	154,001	62,022	62,405	29,574	2,636,761	751,637
House or bungalow	299,066	137,756	53,518	56,911	27,327	2,076,368	674,182
Detached	121,450	79,436	27,332	33,456	18,648	653,823	342,291
Semi-detached	96,771	39,378	15,848	16,659	6,871	746,350	221,521
Terraced (including end-terrace)	80,845	18,942	10,338	6,796	1,808	676,195	110,370
Flat; maisonette or apartment	58,317	13,901	8,005	4,210	1,686	550,501	63,736
In a purpose-built block of flats	46,770	9,248	6,289	2,461	498	400,404	42,406
Part of a converted or shared house	7,931	3,117	917	1,251	949	117,658	13,930
In a commercial building	3,616	1,536	799	498	239	32,439	7,400
Caravan, mobile or temporary structure	2,278	2,344	499	1,284	561	9,892	13,719
In a shared dwelling	1,147	177	89	68	20	12,185	928

Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

Percentage of households in the LEP and the Region by type of accommodation.



Source table from the Census: UV56 Accommodation Type (Households)

In rural Enterprise M3 LEP 76.5% of households live in owned accommodation, 10.3% live in social rented accommodation and 9.8% live in private rented accommodation.

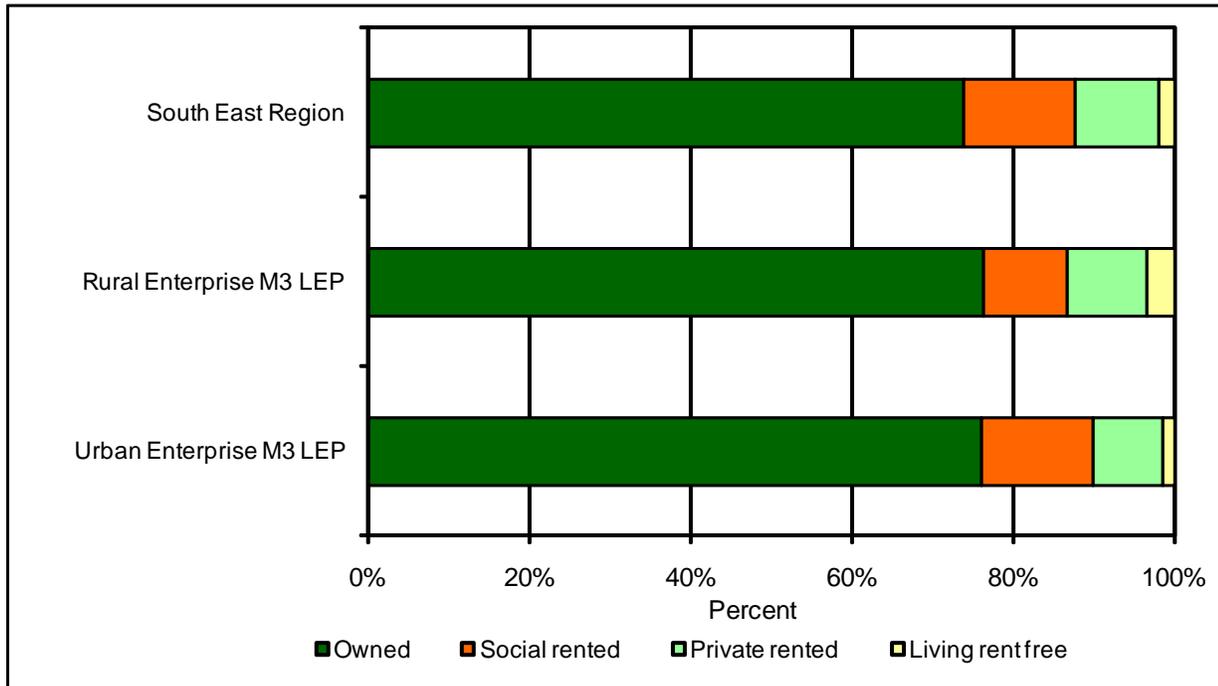
In urban Enterprise M3 LEP 76.1% of households live in owned accommodation, 13.9% live in social rented accommodation and 8.5% live in private rented accommodation.

Number of households in the LEP and Region by tenure

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region	
	Urban Total	Rural			Urban	Rural	
		Total	Towns	Villages			Dispersed
Owned	268,020	113,607	47,936	44,604	21,067	1,875,258	556,134
Owns outright	104,882	54,655	20,799	22,650	11,206	764,086	264,079
Owns with a mortgage or loan	160,859	58,305	26,826	21,699	9,780	1,089,453	288,072
Shared ownership	2,279	647	311	255	81	21,719	3,983
Social rented	49,114	15,302	7,384	6,667	1,251	381,845	77,446
Rented from Council (Local Authority)	20,316	7,317	3,569	3,265	483	208,516	33,304
Other social rented	28,798	7,985	3,815	3,402	768	173,329	44,142
Private rented	29,904	14,490	3,882	6,478	4,130	268,379	65,706
Private landlord or letting agency	24,584	10,939	3,237	4,518	3,184	236,252	51,769
Employer of a household member	2,031	1,739	229	981	529	8,716	6,109
Relative or friend of a household member	1,719	669	269	243	157	15,226	3,966
Other	1,570	1,143	147	736	260	8,185	3,862
Living rent free	5,086	5,048	1,066	2,193	1,789	41,448	21,260

Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

Percentage of households by tenure



Source table from the Census: UV63 Tenure (Households)

Car ownership

10.1% of households in rural Enterprise M3 LEP do not have a car or van available for private use. In urban parts of the LEP it is 15.8%.

Number of households by car/van availability to the household and the total number of cars*

	Enterprise M3 LEP					South East Region		LEP	Region
	No car or van	1 car or van	2 cars or vans	3 cars or vans	4 or more cars or vans	No car or van	1 or more cars or vans	Total number of cars or vans	
Urban	55,611	148,419	116,073	24,242	7,731	555,758	2,011,160	487,249	3,135,430
Rural	14,961	53,192	58,654	15,508	6,230	82,969	637,585	244,896	1,135,906
Less Sparse	14,961	53,192	58,654	15,508	6,230	82,893	637,002	244,896	1,135,016
Town	7,800	23,342	22,459	5,020	1,688	48,392	272,635	90,786	453,915
Village	5,447	20,931	24,204	6,644	2,792	26,301	246,822	101,745	451,260
Dispersed	1,714	8,919	11,991	3,844	1,750	8,200	117,545	52,365	229,841
Sparse	-	-	-	-	-	76	583	-	890
Town	-	-	-	-	-	12	117	-	167
Village	-	-	-	-	-	64	466	-	723
Dispersed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	70,572	201,611	174,727	39,750	13,961	638,727	2,648,745	732,145	4,271,336
Percentage rural	21.2	26.4	33.6	39.0	44.6	13.0	24.1	33.4	26.6

Source table from the Census: UV62 Cars or Vans

*(includes any company car or van if it is available for private use)

Further information:

All the information in this document has been calculated from the 2001 Census Univariate Tables for Census Output Areas published by the Office of National Statistics (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk>). Further information about the Census is available at:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/default.asp>

There are slight differences (e.g. in total population) between tables because of imputation for non-response and disclosure issues when using Output Area data. Overall the 2001 Census achieved a 98% response rate. For further information on the quality of data at Local LEP level please see:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/census2001/la.asp>

Each Output Area in England and Wales has been classified using the harmonised urban / rural definition published by the ONS on 2nd August 2004 in Bulletin 2004/14 (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/bulletins/bulletin2004_14.asp). The Output Area urban/rural data was then aggregated to provide the urban / rural totals for the Local LEP, Regions and England. More information about the urban / rural definition is available at:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/geography/nrudp.asp>

Defra's website also has further information about rural affairs:
<http://www.defra.gov.uk/rural/default.htm>

Produced by:

Defra, Rural Statistics Unit

Email: rural.statistics@defra.gsi.gov.uk

February 2012