Preventing the spread of COVID-19 (Great Britain)

Most people are avoiding contact with vulnerable people

For the period 3 to 13 April:

85% of adults said they had either not left their home or only left for the permitted reasons in the past seven days.

97% of adults said they have avoided contact with other people from outside their household.

93% of adults said they have avoided contact with older or vulnerable people.

More people are working from home since the introduction of social distancing

49% of adults in employment said they worked from home at some point in the last week, compared to around 12%* last year.

Source: Opinions and Lifestyle Survey (OPN), Office for National Statistics. OPN aims to understand the impact of the coronavirus pandemic on people, households and communities in Great Britain. A person is said to be “in employment” if they had a paid job, either as an employee or self-employed; they did any casual work for payment; or they did any unpaid or voluntary work in the previous week. Data is collected on a 10-day period. It is not known whether those who said they were not working from home were still working in their usual place of work or if they had stopped working.

*Annual Population Survey, Office for National Statistics. OPN results are not directly comparable to the Annual Population Survey but provide an insight into the change in homeworking.
**New Cases (UK)**

Cases are reported when lab tests are completed. This may be a few days after initial testing. Testing capacity is increasing, which is resulting in a greater number of observed cases, therefore there are likely many more cases than currently recorded here. Pillar 1: swab testing in PHE labs and NHS hospitals for those with a medical need and the most critical workers and their families. Pillar 2: swab testing for key workers and their households.

Source: Department of Health and Social Care.
Over the last 24 hours, the number of people in GB hospitals with confirmed COVID-19 has fallen and is 10% lower than one week prior.

Source: NHSE, Welsh Gov., Scottish Gov.
Critical Care Beds with COVID-19 patients (UK)

Percentage of all critical care beds that are being used for COVID-19 patients. Critical care comprises of all beds in HDU and ITU wards. They are a combination of Ventilator and Oxygen+ (V and O+) beds.

Source: NHSE, Welsh, Scottish and Northern Ireland governments. English data does not include NHS Nightingale.
Daily COVID-19 Deaths in Hospital (UK)

Source: Public Health England. UK deaths are reported when paperwork is filed, rather than time of death. The figures on deaths relate in almost all cases to patients who have died in hospital and who have tested positive for COVID-19. Slight differences in reporting in devolved administrations may mean that they include a small number of deaths outside hospital.
Global Death Comparison

Country data is aligned by stage of the outbreak. Day 0 equals the first day 50 cumulative deaths were reported.

Source: ONS, NRS, NISRA, Public Health England, Johns Hopkins University. The figures on deaths relate in almost all cases to patients who have died in hospital and who have tested positive for COVID-19. Slight differences in reporting in devolved administrations may mean that they include a small number of deaths outside hospital. ONS, NRS and NISRA reporting of UK deaths for all settings is based on information from death certificates, and therefore lags daily hospital data. International reporting procedures and lags are unclear, so may not be comparing like-for-like.
Cumulative tests completed in April (UK)

We have increased testing in line with our five-pillar strategy, completing over half a million tests to date.

Source: Department of Health and Social Care
Testing capacity (UK)
Testing capacity has doubled over the last two weeks. Capacity is now 51k per day across all pillars within the UK.
31 new drive-through Regional Testing Centres are now up and running across the UK

Testing capacity is now at 51,121 per day

31 new drive-through Regional Test Centres are open across the UK, with 48 planned.

We have launched a new web portal for employers and self-referral for key workers and their families

Source: Department of Health and Social Care
Any critical worker or member of their household who needs a test can now get one through one of our five routes to get tested:

1. Testing in NHS hospitals
2. Regional Test Centres
3. Satellite Centres
4. Home Test Kits
5. Mobile Testing Units

Check to see if you are eligible and where you can be tested at [gov.uk/coronavirus](https://gov.uk/coronavirus)