Additional considerations, in addition to standard infection prevention and control precautions,
where there is sustained transmission of COVID-19, taking into account individual risk assessment for this new and emerging pathogen, NHS and independent sector

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Context</th>
<th>Disposable Gloves</th>
<th>Disposable Plastic Apron</th>
<th>Disposable fluid-repellent coverall/gown</th>
<th>Surgical mask</th>
<th>Fluid-resistant (Type IIR) surgical mask</th>
<th>Filtering face piece respirator</th>
<th>Eye/face protection*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any setting</td>
<td>Direct patient/resident care assessing an individual that is not currently a possible or confirmed case (within 2 metres)</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>✓ risk assess sessional use⁴,⁵</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>✓ risk assess sessional use⁴,⁵</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any setting</td>
<td>Performing an aerosol generating procedure on an individual that is not currently a possible or confirmed case</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any setting</td>
<td>Patient transport service driver conveying any individual to essential healthcare appointment, that is not currently a possible or confirmed case in vehicle without a bulkhead, no direct patient care and within 2 metres</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>✓ single use³</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4

1. This may be single or reusable face/eye protection/full face visor or goggles.
2. A case is any individual meeting case definition for a possible or confirmed case: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/wuhan-novel-coronavirus-initial-investigation-of-possible-cases/
3. Single use refers to disposal of PPE or decontamination of reusable items e.g. eye protection or respirator, after each patient and/or following completion of a procedure, task, or session; dispose or decontaminate reusable items after each patient contact as per Standard Infection Control Precautions (SICPs).
4. Risk assess refers to utilising PPE when there is an anticipated/likely risk of contamination with splashes, droplets of blood or body fluids. Where staff consider there is a risk to themselves or the individuals they are caring for they should wear a fluid repellent surgical mask with or without eye protection as determined by the individual staff member for the care episode/single session.
5. A session ends when the health care worker leaves the care setting/exposure environment. Sessional use should always be risk assessed and consider the risk of infection to and from patients, residents and health and care workers where COVID-19 is circulating in the community and hospitals. PPE should be disposed of after each session or earlier if damaged, soiled, or uncomfortable.
6. The list of aerosol generating procedures (AGPs) is included in section 8.1 at: www.gov.uk/government/publications/wuhan-novel-coronavirus-infection-prevention-and-control/covid-19-personal-protective-equipment-ppe. (Note AGPs are undergoing a further review at present)
7. Ambulance staff conveying patients are not required to change or upgrade PPE for the purposes of patient handover.