ROMANIZATION OF MACEDONIAN

BGN/PCGN 2013 Agreement

Macedonian was officially established as a written language in Yugoslavia during World War II and is now the official language of North Macedonia. This romanization system replaces the BGN/PCGN 1981 agreement and adheres to the most widely-accepted standardization of Macedonian orthography.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Macedonian</th>
<th>Macedonian italics/handwriting</th>
<th>Cyrillic Unicode</th>
<th>Romanization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>А а</td>
<td>A a</td>
<td>0410; 0430</td>
<td>a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Б б</td>
<td>Б б</td>
<td>04D8; 04D9</td>
<td>b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>В в</td>
<td>В в</td>
<td>0412; 0432</td>
<td>v</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Г г</td>
<td>Г г</td>
<td>0413; 0433</td>
<td>g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Д д</td>
<td>Д д</td>
<td>0414; 0434</td>
<td>d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Ѓ Ѓ</td>
<td>Ѓ Ѓ</td>
<td>0403; 0453</td>
<td>ĕ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Е е</td>
<td>Е е</td>
<td>0415; 0435</td>
<td>e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Ж ж</td>
<td>Ж ж</td>
<td>0416; 0436</td>
<td>ž</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>З з</td>
<td>З з</td>
<td>0417; 0437</td>
<td>z</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>S s</td>
<td>S s</td>
<td>0405; 0455</td>
<td>dz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>И и</td>
<td>И и</td>
<td>0418; 0438</td>
<td>i</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Ј Ј</td>
<td>Ј Ј</td>
<td>0408; 0458</td>
<td>j</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>К к</td>
<td>К к</td>
<td>041A; 043A</td>
<td>k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Л л</td>
<td>Л л</td>
<td>041B; 043B</td>
<td>l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Љ Љ</td>
<td>Љ Љ</td>
<td>0409; 0459</td>
<td>lj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>М м</td>
<td>М м</td>
<td>041C; 043C</td>
<td>m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Н н</td>
<td>Н н</td>
<td>041D; 043D</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Њ Њ</td>
<td>Њ Њ</td>
<td>040A; 045A</td>
<td>nj</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**NOTES**

1 The Macedonian Cyrillic lowercase italic Д may sometimes be seen as gtest. There is no specific Unicode encoding for this variant form so a comparable character has been used here for illustrative purposes.

2 The Macedonian Cyrillic lowercase italic Џ may sometimes be seen as ître. There is no specific Unicode encoding for this variant form so a comparable character has been used here for illustrative purposes.

3 The Macedonian Cyrillic lowercase italic Џ may sometimes be seen as ă. There is no specific Unicode encoding for this variant form so a comparable character has been used here for illustrative purposes.
The Macedonian Cyrillic lowercase italic T may sometimes be seen as įį. There is no specific Unicode encoding for this variant form so a comparable character has been used here for illustrative purposes.

An inventory of letter-diacritic combinations, with their Unicode encoding, in addition to the unmodified letters of the basic Roman script is:

| Šć (U+01F4) | Đđ (U+01F5) |
| Žž (U+017D) | Žž (U+017E) |
| Đz (U+01F2)* | Đz (U+01F3)* |
| Lj (U+01C8)* | Lj (U+01C9)* |
| Nj (U+01CB)* | Nj (U+01CC)* |
| Čć (U+010C) | Čć (U+010D) |
| Đž (U+01C5)* | Đž (U+01C6)* |
| Šš (U+0160) | Šš (U+0161) |

*Note that these characters can also be reproduced with individual letters (e.g. l+j).

The Romanization column shows only lowercase forms but, when romanizing, uppercase and lowercase Roman letters as appropriate should be used.