



Home Office

# EU Settlement Scheme Statistics, May 2019

## Experimental Statistics

(2<sup>nd</sup> Edition)

20 June 2019

A processing error was discovered after publication, which resulted in a revision to Table 3 and the second paragraph of the key points around the number of applications received in the constituent parts of the UK. The remainder of the previous content remains unchanged.

## About the EU Settlement Scheme

The EU Settlement Scheme makes it easy for EU, EEA and Swiss citizens and their families to obtain a UK immigration status for when the UK leaves the EU. Further information about the EU Settlement Scheme can be found [here](#).

The scheme is a simple digital system which allows EU, EEA and Swiss citizens who are resident in the UK to obtain, free of charge, settled status or pre-settled status in the UK. Find out more about [what settled and pre-settled status means](#).

The EU Settlement Scheme launched on 30 March 2019, following the success of two private beta testing phases<sup>1,2</sup> and public beta testing of the application process. During the testing phases (between 28 August 2018 to 29 March 2019), there were over 230,000 applications. A final report on [the public beta test phase](#) was published on 2 May 2019.

## About the data

This is the second statistical release of high-level information on the EU Settlement Scheme, up to 31 May 2019.

These data are Experimental Statistics and should be interpreted with caution. Experimental statistics are statistics that are in a testing phase and are not yet fully developed, nor been subject to the full level of quality assurance of National Statistics. Further details can be found in the Office for National Statistics [Guide to Experimental Statistics](#).

A more detailed quarterly Official Statistics report on the EU Settlement Scheme will be published in August 2019, alongside the Home Office quarterly Immigration Statistics.

The information presented in this report refers to data collected in each month since the scheme launched. It includes figures for the 'first month' of the scheme (30 March 2019 to 30 April 2019), May 2019 (01 May 2019 to 31 May 2019), and 'total' numbers since testing of the scheme began (from 28 August 2018 to 31 May 2019).

The figures quoted in this report have been derived from management information systems and are provisional and subject to change. Figures have been rounded to the nearest 100 throughout the report. Percentages in this report may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

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<sup>1</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/eu-settlement-scheme-private-beta-1>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/eu-settlement-scheme-private-beta-2>

## Key points

### Number of applications received

The number of applications received in May 2019 was 166,900.

Overall, the total number of applications received up to 31 May 2019 was **788,200**.

### Number of applications concluded

*Concluded applications may relate to an application made in a prior month, and applications received in the latest month may not be concluded until a later month. Therefore, applications concluded are not directly comparable with applications received for the same period.*

The number of applications concluded in May 2019 was 223,000. Of these, 64% were granted settled status and 35% were granted pre-settled status<sup>3</sup>.

Overall, the total number of applications that have been concluded, as of 31 May 2019, was **668,000**. Of these, 66% were granted settled status and 34% were granted pre-settled status.

### Number of applications received in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland

Applications have been received from across all constituent parts of the United Kingdom (see Table 3).

In total, as of 31 May 2019, the majority of applications were received from England (726,700), with an additional 39,700 from Scotland, 11,800 from Wales and 8,700 from Northern Ireland.

### Number of applications received by nationality

Applications have been received from citizens of all EEA countries and Switzerland (see Table 4).

In total, as of the 31 May 2019, the EEA nationalities with the highest number of applications received were from Polish (132,400), Romanian (110,900) and Italian (91,400) nationals.

Approximately 33,400 applications were also received from family members who are nationals of non-EEA countries<sup>4</sup>.

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<sup>3</sup> Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding

<sup>4</sup> The EU Settlement Scheme allows those currently resident in the UK under EU law to obtain a status under the UK's Immigration Rules. As such it is open to all those currently here under EU law, which includes the non-EEA family members of EEA and Swiss citizens [see <https://www.gov.uk/settled-status-eu-citizens-families/not-EU-EEA-Swiss-citizen> for further information]

## Data tables

Data referred to in this report can be found in the tables below. Data table notes:

1. Figures in these tables have been derived from live management information systems and are provisional and subject to change.
2. Figures are rounded to the nearest 100, therefore table breakdowns may not match overall totals.
3. Percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding.
4. 'Total' includes data since testing of the scheme began on 28 August 2018 through to 31 May 2019.
5. 'April 2019' refers to the first month after the full launch of the scheme, which includes 30 March 2019 to though to 30 April 2019. Data for all other months are recorded from the first to the last day of each month (e.g. 01 May 2019 to 31 May 2019).
6. 'Other outcomes' includes any outcome that did not result in a grant of leave because the application was withdrawn by the applicant, was invalid as it did not include the required proof of identity and nationality or other mandatory information, or was void because the applicant was ineligible to apply, for example because they were a British citizen.
7. Applications received by constituent parts of the United Kingdom include small numbers of records (0.2%) where locational data is not currently in an analysable form from live systems.
8. Applications received by nationality exclude small numbers of records (0.05%), in which nationality is not currently in an analysable form from live systems.
9. EEA EFTA (Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway) plus Swiss nationals were able to apply from 30 March 2019, when the scheme fully launched.
10. The EU Settlement Scheme allows those currently resident in the UK under EU law to obtain a status under the UK's Immigration Rules. As such it is open to all those currently here under EU law, which includes the non-EEA family members of EEA and Swiss citizens.

**Table 1: EU Settlement Scheme – applications received<sup>1,2</sup>**

	Total <sup>4</sup>	of which:	
		April 2019 <sup>5</sup>	May 2019
<b>Applications received</b>	788,200	389,900	166,900

**Table 2: EU Settlement Scheme – applications concluded<sup>1,2</sup>**

	Total <sup>3,4</sup>	of which:	
		April 2019 <sup>3,5</sup>	May 2019 <sup>3</sup>
<b>Applications concluded</b>	668,000	237,900	223,000
Settled	66%	66%	64%
Pre-settled	34%	34%	35%
Other outcomes <sup>6</sup>	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%

**Table 3: EU Settlement Scheme – applications received in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland<sup>1,2,7</sup>**

<b>Country</b>	<b>Total<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>of which:</b>	
		<b>April 2019<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>May 2019</b>
England	726,700	358,300	153,300
Scotland	39,700	20,000	8,300
Wales	11,800	6,300	2,500
Northern Ireland	8,700	4,700	2,200

**Table 4: EU Settlement Scheme – applications received by nationality<sup>1,2,8</sup>**

<b>Nationality</b>	<b>Total<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>of which:</b>	
		<b>April 2019<sup>5</sup></b>	<b>May 2019</b>
<b>EU27</b>	<b>750,000</b>	<b>369,900</b>	<b>154,700</b>
Poland	132,400	75,000	29,100
Romania	110,900	52,100	21,100
Italy	91,400	42,200	20,700
Portugal	69,200	34,300	16,800
Spain	52,900	25,500	11,200
Bulgaria	41,500	16,500	6,900
Lithuania	34,200	19,300	7,400
France	32,300	14,900	5,800
Germany	26,600	11,400	4,300
Netherlands	26,100	12,100	5,200
Latvia	25,700	14,300	5,000
Hungary	24,500	13,200	4,900
Greece	19,300	8,100	3,500
Slovakia	13,900	7,300	3,300
Czech Republic	10,000	5,400	2,300
Sweden	8,600	4,000	1,700
Belgium	6,800	3,200	1,500
Austria	5,000	2,500	800
Denmark	4,800	2,100	900
Finland	3,300	1,400	600
Cyprus	2,900	1,200	500
Estonia	2,500	1,300	500
Croatia	1,700	800	300
Malta	1,300	600	200
Ireland	1,100	500	200
Slovenia	800	400	100
Luxembourg	200	100	<50
<b>EEA EFTA &amp; Swiss nationals<sup>9</sup></b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>3,200</b>	<b>1,300</b>
<b>Non-EEA nationals<sup>10</sup></b>	<b>33,400</b>	<b>16,800</b>	<b>10,600</b>

The next statistical release will be published in July 2019, covering the period to end June 2019.

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