England Coast Path Stretch: St Mawes to Cremyll



Report SMC 6: Polperro to Seaton

Part 6.1: Introduction

Start Point: Polperro (grid reference: SX 2086 5097)

End Point: Seaton (grid reference: SX 3038 5445)

Relevant Maps: SMC 6a to SMC 6g

- 6.1.1 This is one of a series of linked but legally separate reports published by Natural England under section 51 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, which make proposals to the Secretary of State for improved public access along and to this stretch of coast between St Mawes to Cremyll.
- 6.1.2 This report covers length SMC 6 of the stretch, which is the coast between Polperro and Seaton. It makes free-standing statutory proposals for this part of the stretch, and seeks approval for them by the Secretary of State in their own right under section 52 of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949.
- 6.1.3 The report explains how we propose to implement the England Coast Path ("the trail") on this part of the stretch, and details the likely consequences in terms of the wider 'Coastal Margin' that will be created if our proposals are approved by the Secretary of State. Our report also sets out:
 - any proposals we think are necessary for restricting or excluding coastal access rights to address particular issues, in line with the powers in the legislation; and
 - any proposed powers for the trail to be capable of being relocated on particular sections ("roll-back"), if this proves necessary in the future because of coastal change.
- 6.1.4 There is also a single Overview document for the whole of this stretch of coast, explaining common principles and background. This and the other individual reports relating to the stretch should be read in conjunction with the Overview. The Overview explains, among other things, how we have considered any potential environmental impacts of improving public access to this part of the coast, and this report, and other separately published assessments we refer to, then provides more detail on these aspects where appropriate.

Part 6.2: Proposals Narrative

The trail:

- 6.2.1 Generally follows existing walked routes, including public rights of way, along most of this length.
- 6.2.2 Mainly follows the coastline guite closely and maintains good views of the sea.

The South West Coast Path:

6.2.3 The South West Coast Path generally follows the coast over this length and for the most part we propose adopting the walked line of this route as the line of the England Coast Path. However, there are places where we have proposed improvements to the existing route line, and furthermore there may be places where the walked line differs slightly from the route originally approved by the Secretary of State, as the path has evolved over time to cope with coastal erosion and other processes. In both situations, as explained at part 6a of the Overview, assuming these proposals are approved, we intend to use a separate variation report to the Secretary of State to change the route of the existing national trail to reflect the approved line of the England Coast Path insofar as the two are different.

Protection of the environment:

In this part of the report, we explain how we have taken account of environmental protection objectives in developing our proposals for improved coastal access.

- 6.2.4 The following designated sites affect this length of coast:
 - Talland Barton Farm Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) for its geological/wildlife interest
 - Whitsand and Looe Bay Marine Conservation Zone (MCZ)
- 6.2.5 We consider that the coastal environment, including the features of the sites listed above, along this length of coast is unlikely to be sensitive to the improvements to coastal access envisaged and that no special measures are needed in respect of our proposals.
- 6.2.6 Natural England is satisfied that the proposals for coastal access in this report are made in accordance with relevant environmental protection legislation. For more information about how we came to this conclusion; see the following assessments of the access proposals that we have published separately:
 - A Habitats Regulations Assessment relating to any potential impact on the conservation objectives of European sites.
 - Our Nature Conservation Assessment, in which we document our conclusions in relation to other potential impacts on nature conservation.

Part 6b of the Overview includes some contextual information about protecting the environment along this length of coast.

Accessibility:

6.2.7 There are few artificial barriers to accessibility on the proposed route.

However, there are places where it may not be entirely suitable for people with reduced mobility because:

- The trail would follow an uneven grass or bare soil path along the majority of this stretch;
- The trail is undulating, exposed and narrow in places with steep slopes;
- There are steps in places where it would be necessary to ascend/descend;
- There are stiles and kissing gates on this stretch.

See part 6a of the Overview - 'Recreational issues' - for more information.

Where we have proposed exercising statutory discretions:

6.2.8 Estuary: This report proposes that the trail should contain sections aligned on the estuary of the Looe River, extending upstream from the open coast. Natural England proposes to exercise its functions as if the sea included the estuarial waters of that river as far as the A387 bridge, as indicated by the extent of the trail shown on map SMC 6d.

See part 5 of the Overview for a detailed analysis of the options considered for this estuary and our resulting proposals.

- 6.2.9 Landward boundary of the coastal margin: We have used our discretion on some sections of the route to map the landward extent of the coastal margin to an adjacent physical boundary such as a fence line, pavement or track to make the extent of the new access rights clearer. See Table 6.3.1 and Table 6.3.2 below.
- 6.2.10 In some places, we have used our discretion to propose the inclusion of additional, more extensive landward areas within the coastal margin, to secure or enhance public enjoyment of this part of the coast. The owner of this land is content for us to propose this.
- 6.2.11 The Proposals Tables show where we are proposing to alter the default landward boundary of the coastal margin. These proposals are set out in columns 4b and 4c of Table 6.3.1 and columns 5b and 5c of Table 6.3.2. Where these columns are left blank, we are making no such proposals, so the default landward boundary applies. See the note relating to columns 4b & 4c [above Table 6.3.1] and columns 5b & 5c [above Table 6.3.2] explaining what this means in practice.

See also part 3 of the Overview - 'Understanding the proposals and accompanying maps', for a more detailed explanation of the default extent of the coastal margin and how we may use our discretion to adjust the margin, either to add land or to provide clarity.

- 6.2.12 **Restrictions and/or exclusions:** We do not propose any restrictions or exclusions in this report.
- 6.2.13 **Coastal erosion:** Natural England is able to propose that the route of the trail would be able to change in the future, without further approval from the Secretary of State, in response to coastal change.
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This would happen in accordance with the criteria and procedures for 'roll-back' set out in part 7 of the Overview.

Natural England may only propose the use of this roll-back power:

- as a result of coastal erosion or other geomorphological processes or encroachment by the sea, or
- in order to link with other parts of the route that need to roll back in direct response to such changes.
- 6.2.14 Column 3 of Table 6.3.1 and column 4 of Table 6.3.2 indicates where roll-back has been proposed in relation to a route section. Where this is the case, the route, as initially determined at the time the report was prepared, is to be at the centre of the line shown on maps SMC 6a, SMC 6b, SMC 6f and SMC 6g as the proposed route of the trail.
- 6.2.15 If at any time in the future any part of a route section upon which roll-back has been specified needs, in Natural England's view, to change in order for the overall route to remain viable, the new route for the part in question will be determined by Natural England without further reference to the Secretary of State. This will be done in accordance with the criteria and procedures described under the title 'Roll-back' in part 7 of the Overview and section 4.10 of the Coastal Access Scheme. If this happens, the new route will become the approved route for that section for the purposes of the Order which determines where coastal access rights apply.

On sections for which roll-back is not proposed in Tables 6.3.1 or 6.3.2, the route is to be at the centre of the line shown on maps SMC 6a to SMC 6f as the proposed route of the trail.

Other future change:

6.2.16 At this point we do not foresee any other need for future changes to the access provisions that we have proposed within this report.

See parts 7 - 'Future changes' of the Overview for more information.

Establishment of the trail:

6.2.17 Below we summarise how our proposed route for the trail would be physically established to make it ready for public use before any new rights come into force.

Establishment works will only start on this length of coast once these proposals have been approved by the Secretary of State. The works may therefore either precede or follow the start of establishment works on other lengths of coast within the stretch, and detailed in their separate reports.

6.2.18 Our estimate of the capital costs for physical establishment of the trail on the proposed route is £22,166 and is informed by:

- information already held by the access authority, Cornwall Council, in relation to the management of the existing South West Coast Path;
- the conclusions of our deliberations in relation to potential impacts on the environment; and
- information gathered while visiting affected land and talking to the people who own and manage it about the options for the route.

6.2.19 There are three main elements to the overall cost:

- Works to make new sections of path accessible to the public, including items such as steps. More significant items of establishment works are shown on the relevant maps accompanying this report;
- The surfaces and access furniture of the existing paths and footways on the proposed route are generally of a suitable standard for the trail, but there are some places where new steps would enhance the convenience of the trail.
- A number of new signs would be needed on the trail, in particular on route sections where the proposed route differs from that of the existing South West Coast Path. Any signs and information boards with outdated information about the route would also require replacement, for example we will install steps near Looe.

Table 1 shows our estimate of the capital cost for each of the main elements of physical establishment described above.

Table 1: Estimate of capital costs

Item	Cost
Realignment of route Improvements to existing route Signs & interpretation Project management (15%)	£14,200 £4,925 £150 £2,891
Total	£22,166 (Exclusive of any VAT payable)

6.2.20 Once the Secretary of State's decision on our report has been notified, and further to our conversations with land managers during the route planning stage, Cornwall Council will liaise with affected land owners and occupiers about relevant aspects of the design, installation and maintenance of the new signs and infrastructure that are needed on their land. Prior to works being carried out on the

ground, all necessary permissions, authorisations and consents will be obtained. All such works would conform to the published standards for National Trails and the other criteria described in our Coastal Access Scheme.

Maintenance of the trail:

6.2.21 Because the trail on this length of coast will form part of the National Trail being created around the whole coast of England called the England Coast Path, we envisage that it will be maintained to the same high quality standards as other National Trails in England (see The New Deal; Management of National Trails in England from April 2013: details at Annex A of the Overview).

6.2.22 We estimate that the annual cost to maintain the trail will be £8,471.48 (exclusive of any VAT payable). In developing this estimate we have taken account of the formula used to calculate Natural England's contribution to the maintenance of other National Trails.

Part 6.3: Proposals Tables

See Part 3 of Overview for guidance on reading and understanding the tables below

6.3.1 Section Details – Details for sections that follow the existing South West Coast Path – Maps SMC 6a to SMC 6g: Polperro to Seaton

Key notes on table:

- Column 2 an asterisk (*) against the route section number means see also table 6.3.3: Other options considered.
- 2. Column 3 'No' means no roll-back is proposed for this route section. 'Yes normal' means roll-back is proposed and is likely to follow the current feature (e.g. cliff edge/beach) for the foreseeable future as any coastal change occurs.
- 3. Column 3 'Yes see table 6.3.4' means roll-back is proposed, but refer to that table below about our likely approach to implementing it for this route section. This is because a more complex situation exists in this case and consideration must be given to how roll-back may happen in relation to excepted land, a protected site etc.
- 4. Column 4a Certain coastal land types are included automatically in the coastal margin where they fall landward of the trail if they touch it at some point. The relevant land type (foreshore, cliff, bank, barrier, dune, beach, flat or section 15 land see Glossary) is shown in this column where appropriate. "No" means none present on this route section.
- 5. Columns 4b and 4c Any entry in these columns means we are proposing to align the landward boundary of the coastal margin on this route section with the physical feature(s) shown in 4b, for the reason in 4c. No text here means that for this route section the landward edge of the margin would be that of the trail itself or if any default coastal land type is shown in 4a, that would be its landward boundary instead.

1	2	3	4a	4b	4c	5
Map(s)	Route section number(s)	Roll-back proposed? (See Part 7 of Overview)	Landward margin contains coastal land type?	Proposal to specify landward boundary of margin (See maps)	Reason for landward boundary proposal	Explanatory notes
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S001	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S002	No	No	Wall	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S003	No	No	Hedgerow	Additional landward area	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S004	Yes - Normal	No	Hedgerow	Additional landward area	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S005	Yes - See table 6.3.4	No	Hedgerow	Additional landward area	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S006	Yes - See table 6.3.4	No	Fence line	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S007	Yes - Normal	No	Hedgerow	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6a & SMC 6b	SMC-6-S008 to SMC-6-S013*	Yes - Normal	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	

1	2	3	4a	4b	4c	5
Map(s)	Route section number(s)	Roll-back proposed? (See Part 7 of Overview)	Landward margin contains coastal land type?	Proposal to specify landward boundary of margin (See maps)	Reason for landward boundary proposal	Explanatory notes
SMC 6b	SMC-6-S014 to SMC-6-S015	Yes - Normal	No			Detail of any roll back subject to SSSI assent
SMC 6b	SMC-6-S016	No	No			
SMC 6b & SMC 6c	SMC-6-S017 to SMC-6-S020	No	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6c	SMC-6-S021 to SMC-6-S022	No	No	Hedgerow	Additional landward area	
SMC 6c & SMC 6d	SMC-6-S023 to SMC-6-S028	No	No			
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S029 to SMC-6-S030	No	No	Promenade edge	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S031	No	No	Road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S032	No	No	Various	Clarity and cohesion	The landward boundary of the coastal margin has various boundary features including fence line, wall and hedge.
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S033	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S038 to SMC-6-S039	No	No			
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S040 to SMC-6-S042	No	No	Various	Clarity and cohesion	The landward boundary of the coastal margin has various boundary features including fence line, wall and hedge.
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S043 to SMC-6-S046	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S047	No	No	Fence line	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S048	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S049 to SMC-6-S051	No	No	Wall	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S052	No	No			
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S053	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	

1	2	3	4a	4b	4c	5
Map(s)	Route section number(s)	Roll-back proposed? (See Part 7 of Overview)	Landward margin contains coastal land type?	Proposal to specify landward boundary of margin (See maps)	Reason for landward boundary proposal	Explanatory notes
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S054 to SMC-6-S056	No	No	Hedge bank	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6e	SMC-6-S057	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S073	Yes - Normal	No	Hedgerow	Additional landward area	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S074 to SMC-6-S076	Yes - Normal	No			
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S077	Yes - Normal	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S078	Yes - Normal	No	Pavement edge	Clarity and cohesion	

6.3.2 Section Details – Details for sections that differ from the existing South West Coast Path: Maps SMC 6d, SMC 6f & SMC 6g: Hannafore to East Looe and Bodigga Cliff to Seaton

Key notes on table:

- 1. Column 2 an asterisk (*) against the route section number means see also table 6.3.3: Other options considered.
- 2. Column 4 'No' means no roll-back is proposed for this route section. 'Yes normal' means roll-back is proposed and is likely to follow the current feature (e.g. cliff edge/beach) for the foreseeable future as any coastal change occurs.
- 3. Column 4 'Yes see table 6.3.4' means roll-back is proposed, but refer to that table below about our likely approach to implementing it for this route section. This is because a more complex situation exists in this case and consideration must be given to how roll-back may happen in relation to excepted land, a protected site etc.
- 4. Column 5a Certain coastal land types are included automatically in the coastal margin where they fall landward of the trail if they touch it at some point. The relevant land type (foreshore, cliff, bank, barrier, dune, beach, flat or section 15 land see Glossary) is shown in this column where appropriate. "No" means none present on this route section.
- 5. Columns 5b and 5c Any entry in these columns means we are proposing to align the landward boundary of the coastal margin on this route section with the physical feature(s) shown in 5b, for the reason in 5c. No text here means that for this route section the landward edge of the margin would be that of the trail itself or if any default coastal land type is shown in 5a, that would be its landward boundary instead.

1	2	3	4	5a	5b	5c	6
Map(s)	Route section number(s)	Current status of route section(s)	Roll-back proposed? (See Part 7 of Overview)	Landward margin contains coastal land type?	Proposal to specify landward boundary of margin (See maps)	Reason for landward boundary proposal	Explanatory notes
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S034*	Public footway (pavement)	No	No	Pavement edge	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S035* to SMC-6-S037*	Public highway	No	No	Landward edge of road	Clarity and cohesion	
SMC 6f	SMC-6-S058* to SMC-6-S059*	Other existing walked route	No	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6f	SMC-6-S060*	Other existing walked route	Yes - Normal	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6f	SMC-6-S061* to SMC-6-S068*	Other existing walked route	Yes - Normal	No			
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S069*	Other existing walked route	Yes - Normal	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S070	Other existing walked route	Yes - Normal	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S071	Public footpath	Yes - Normal	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	
SMC 6g	SMC-6-S072	Other existing walked route	Yes - Normal	No	Fence line	Additional landward area	

6.3.3 Other options considered: Maps SMC 6a and SMC 6d: Polperro to Talland and Hannafore to East Looe

Map(s)	Route section numbers(s)	Other option(s) considered	Reasons for not proposing this option
SMC 6b	SMC-6-S013	We considered aligning the trail through a field east of Talland Sand.	 We opted for the proposed route because: The proposed route is more direct. The landowner regularly uses the field as an event venue. We concluded that overall the proposed route struck the best balance in terms of the criteria described in chapter 4 of the Coastal Access Scheme.
SMC 6d	SMC-6-S034 to SMC-6-S037	We considered following the line of the existing SWCP through Looe	 The trail is closer to the coast and provides good views of the sea. The trail has more access to local shops and amenities. This proposal is made with the support of the SWCPA local representative and Cornwall Council. We concluded that overall the proposed route struck the best balance in terms of the criteria described in chapter 4 of the Coastal Access Scheme.
SMC 6f & SMC 6g	SMC-6-S058 to SMC-6-S069	on the existing line of the SWCP between Millendreath and Seaton.	 We opted for the proposed route because: The trail is closer to the coast and provides a good view of the sea The trail is away from a coastal road, thereby providing more tranquillity and a better walking experience This proposal is made with the support of the landowners, SWCPA local representatives and Cornwall Council. We concluded that overall the proposed route struck the best balance in terms of the criteria described in chapter 4 of the Coastal Access Scheme.

Note: Any public rights of way not forming part of the proposed trail would remain available for people to use under their pre-existing rights.

6.3.4 Roll-back implementation – more complex situations: Map SMC 6a: Polperro to Talland

Map(s)	Route section number(s)	Feature(s) or site(s) potentially affected	Our likely approach to roll-back
SMC 6a	SMC-6-S005 to SMC-6-S006	Buildings and gardens	If it is no longer possible to find a viable route seaward of the specified excepted land (e.g. buildings, curtilage and gardens), we will choose a route landward of it, following discussions with owners and occupiers.

In relation to all other sections where roll-back has been proposed, any later adjustment of the trail is likely to follow the current feature (e.g. cliff edge/beach) for the foreseeable future as any coastal change occurs.

Part 6.4: Proposals Maps

6.4.1 Map Index

Map reference	Map title
SMC 6a	Polperro to Talland
SMC 6b	Talland to Hore Stone
SMC 6c	Hore Stone to Hannafore
SMC 6d	Hannafore to East Looe
SMC 6e	East Looe to Bodigga Cliff
SMC 6f	Bodigga Cliff to Keveral Beach
SMC 6g	Keveral Beach to Seaton

PROPOSALS

Trail Sections

Trail using existing public right of way or highway

Trail using other existing walked route

Trail not using existing walked route

Alternative route

Trail shown on other maps

Approved or open England Coast Path

Maps that show sections of the trail that follow the existing South West Coast Path as currently walked and managed use the following trail categories. Information on the existing status and infrastructure is not shown.

Trail using existing
South West Coast Path

Alternative or optional alternative route using existing South West Coast Path

Trail sections which follow existing public rights of way or highways are indicated by a suffix:

BW - Public bridleway

BY - Public byway

CP - Cycletrack (pedestrian)

CT - Cycletrack (cycles only)

FP - Public footpath

FW - Public footway (Pavement)

RB - Restricted byway

RD - Public road

Coastal Margin

Explanatory note

Part 3 of the Overview to the report explains where the landward boundary of the coastal margin falls by default. Our proposals include any suggested variation of this default boundary. The purple wash on the map indicates where as a result of our proposals the coastal margin would extend significantly to the landward side of the proposed route of the trail. The coastal margin may include some areas where coastal access rights do not apply, either seaward or landward of the proposed route of the trail: the Overview explains more about this. The landward boundary of the coastal margin may in due course move inland, if the trail rolls back under proposals in this report to respond to coastal change.



Coastal margin landward of the trail



Coastal margin landward of the trail which is existing access land

Other Information

Other access rights and routes

Public bridleways

Public byways

Public footpaths

Restricted byways

South West Coast Path

Sustrans national routes



Existing access land

Infrastructure types

For status of each, where shown on map, see colour codes below

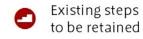
Stiles: Bridges: Gates: Bristol gate Ladder stile Clapper bridge Field gate Footbridge Lift-up stile Quad bike bridge Gateway with no gate Squeeze stile Kissing gate Sleeper bridge Step stile Pedestrian gate Vehicle bridge Stone stile Wheelchair gate Miscellaneous: Barrier Cycle chicane Interpretation panel Boardwalk Drainage Ramp Bollard Drop-kerb Revetment Gap in fence Cattle grid Stepping stones

Infrastructure status

Each symbol shown on the map is colour coded as appropriate, as in this example for a set of steps:

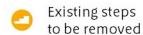
Hurdle

Steps

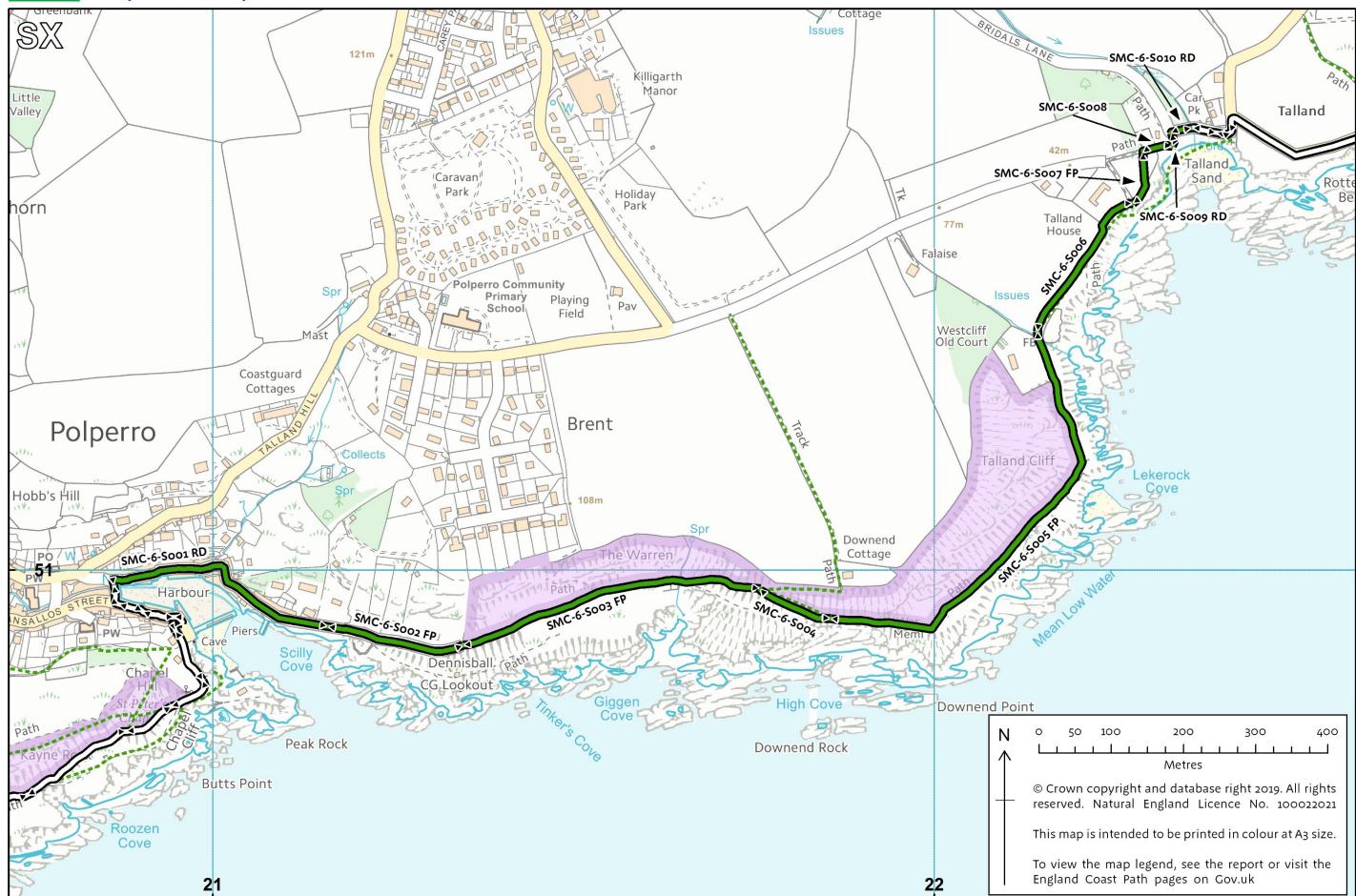


Culvert

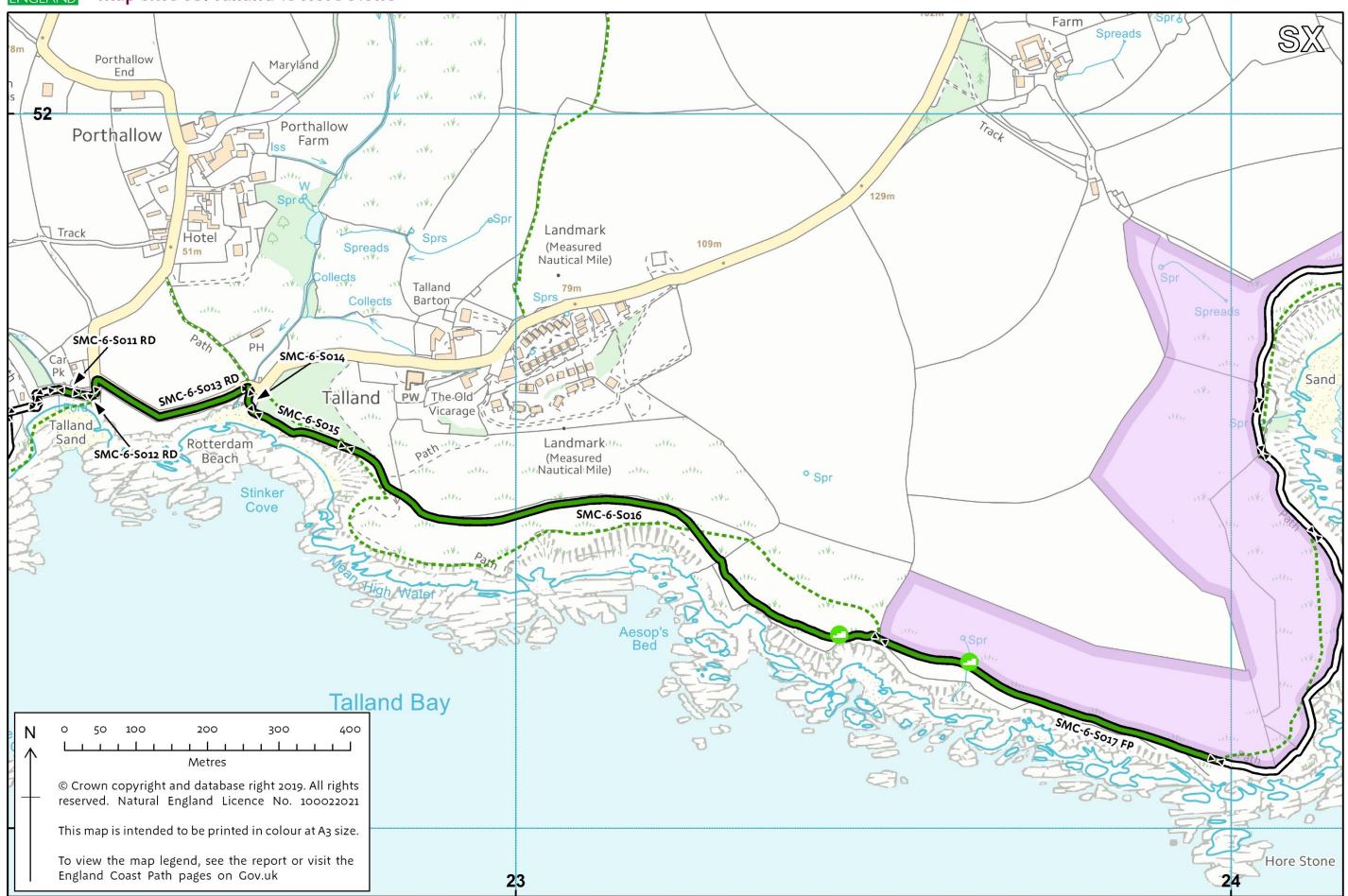




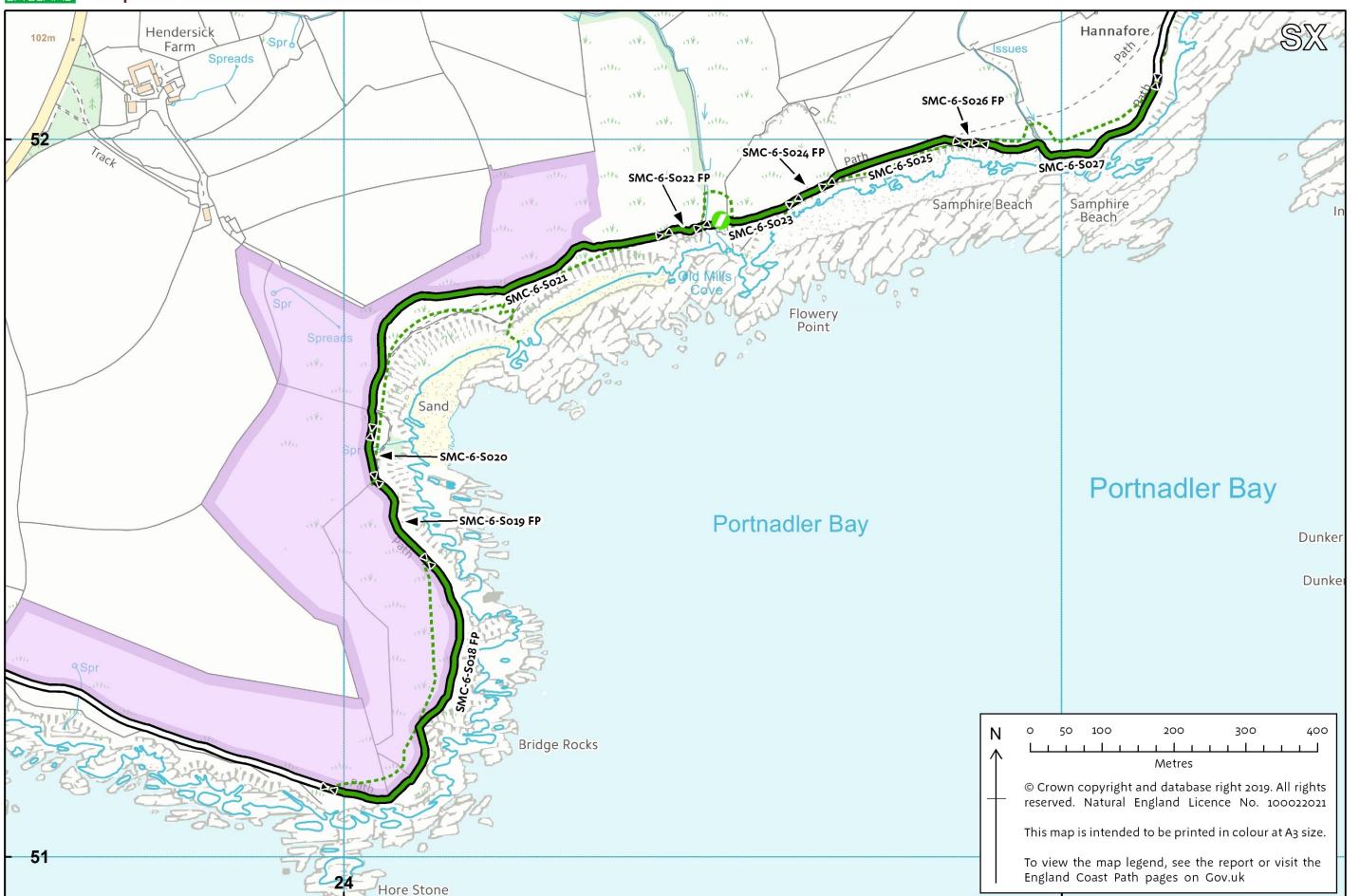
Map SMC 6a: Polperro to Talland



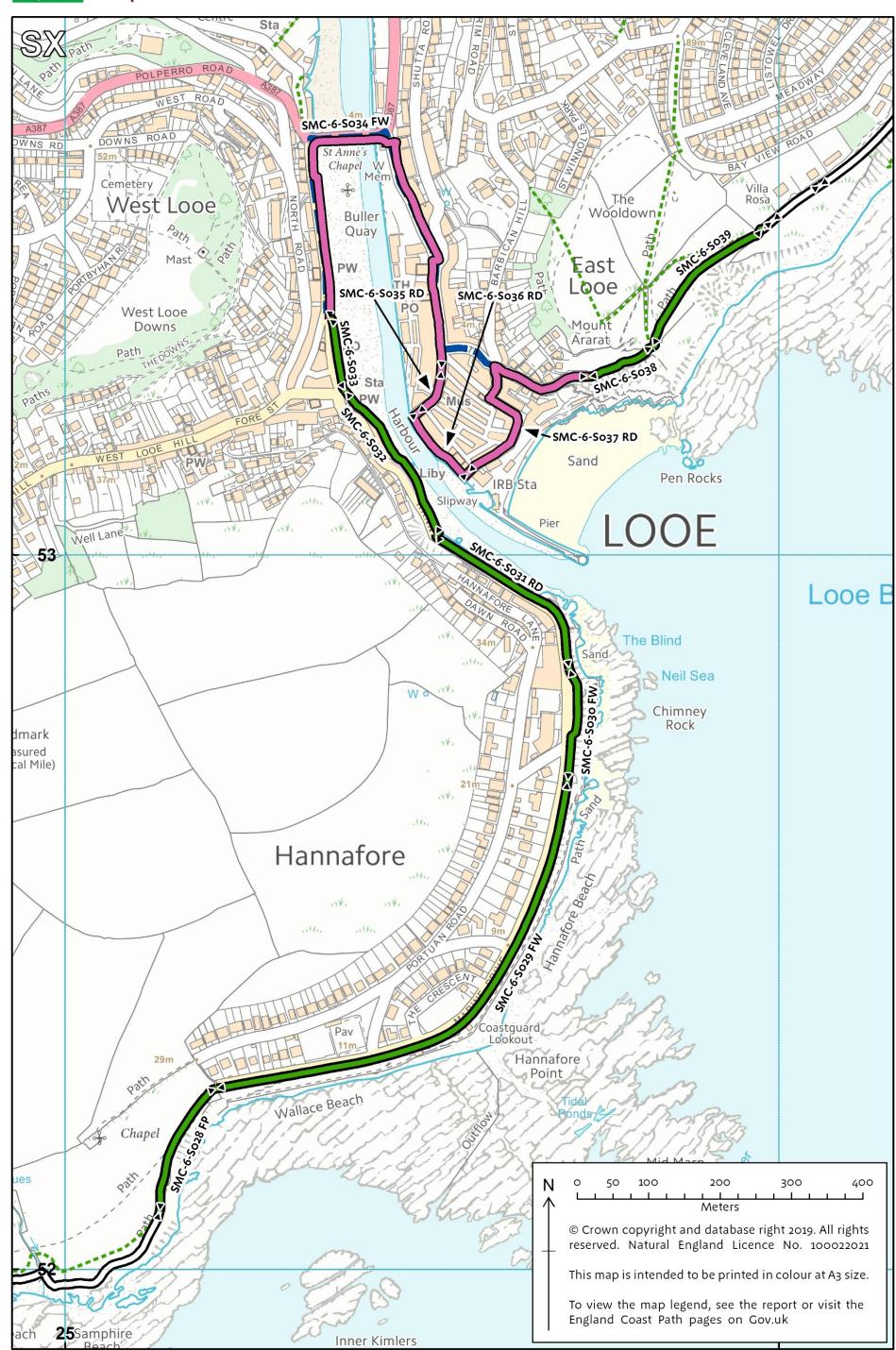
Map SMC 6b: Talland to Hore Stone



Map SMC 6c: Hore Stone to Hannafore

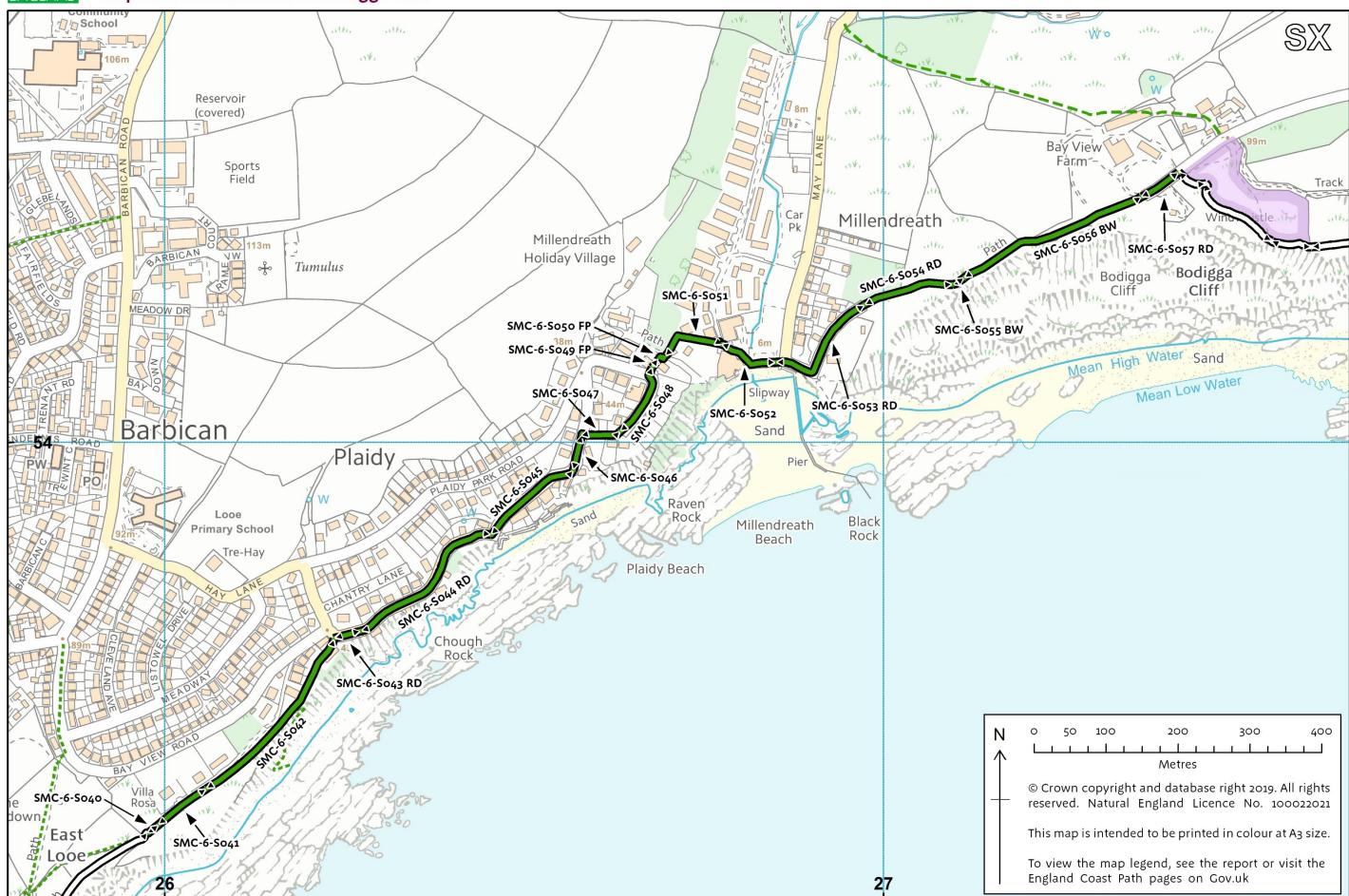


Map SMC 6d: Hannafore to East Looe





Map SMC 6e: East Looe to Bodigga Cliff





Map SMC 6f: Bodigga Cliff to Keveral Beach



Map SMC 6g: Keveral Beach to Seaton

