

Animal & Plant Health

# Procedures for Official Examination of Valuet for Cultivation and Use (VCU) Harvest 2005 Forage Rape . vest . voius cropping: forage rape and seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to be the same as Growing Trial . operator. . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to be the same as Growing Trial . operator. . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to be the same as Growing Trial . operator. . unious cropping: forage rape and Seed Handling Operator: to be the same as Growing Trial . operator. for Cultivation and Use (VCU) Harvest 2029 Forage Rape June 2019 Changes from Harvest 2018 VCU procedures

- 2. p14, Appendix 1 Quality Testing Operation and Seed Handling Operator: to be the same as Growing Trial Operator.

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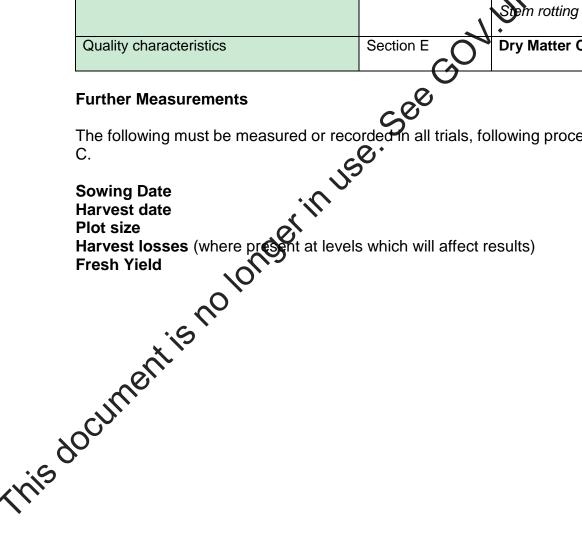
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# **Section A Summary of VCU Trial Assessments Required**

Type of Character	Reference	Description of assessment O
field	Section C	Dry matter yield
Resistance to harmful organisms	Section D	Club root
Behaviour with respect to factors in the ohysical environment.	Section C	Plant population Bolting Early vigour Height Lodging Rergrowth Winter hardiness Stem rotting
Quality characteristics	Section E	Dry Matter Content

Further Measurements
The following must be measured or recorded in all trials, following procedures in Section



# Section B Seed Handling Procedures

#### **B.1. Seed Handling Procedures**

Authentication of VCU Seed B.2.1 The Seed Handling Operator must forward 200 g of untreated sample of the seed submitted of every variety in the trial, for authentication by the DUS test centre by the dat specified by APHA. The Trials Organiser will notify the minimum quantity. Handling Operators annually. nis document is no longer in use. see GOV. W. Korthe

# Section C Growing Trial Procedures

#### C.1. Responsibilities

st procedure C.1.1 The Growing Trial Operators are responsible for conducting the trials according to these procedures.

#### C.2. Site Suitability

C.2.1 The Growing Trial Operator will be responsible for providing a suitable site meets the following criteria:

C.2.2 Previous cropping should follow local best practice ie no brassica spp grown in the previous two years.

C.2.3 Soil type should be typical of those on which forage raps is grown locally. Soil fertility and texture should be uniform across the site. The soil should be sufficiently uniform to avoid variation in the growth of the trial.

C.2.4 The trial should be sited away from trees, hedges, headlands and other features, which are likely to cause uneven growth or encourage damage from wild fauna.

C.2.5 The trial area should be cultivated in be direction of ploughing and drilled across the direction of ploughing and cultivation such that each plot receives similar treatments. Cultivations should follow best local practice.

C.2.6 The frequency, direction and approximate date of all cultivations carried out since the last crop should be recorded in the site details record sheet.

#### C.3. Sowing the

C.3.1 Plot Size

C.3.1.1 Plot in the drilled to a greater length than required and then trimmed back to appropriate length. Plot size must allow a minimum target harvest plot area, after trimming, of 12 m2 replicate. There will be three replicates sown. Paired/double plots may be

#### Plant population

C.3.2.1 Trials should be drilled to achieve a target final uniform plant population of approximately 60-100 plants/m<sup>2</sup>.

#### C.3.3 Trial layout

C.3.3.1 The Trials Organiser following consultation with APHA produces provisional sowing lists. The Trials Organiser will make final sowing lists available to Growing Trial Operators, along with the trial plans produced by the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator.

C.3.3.2 The trial should be sown according to the plan produced by the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator and may be an incomplete block design. In an incomplete block design each replicate is split into a number of sub-blocks. Any splitting of replicates must be between sub-blocks and not through sub-blocks. Varieties can be moved within a sub-block but must not be moved from their sub-block. Varieties must not be moved around within the plan eg if drilling errors occur. If plots are moved out of their original sob-block they will have to be treated as missing plots. If there are any queries please contact the Trials Organiser.

C.3.3.3 Buffer plots may be required in some instances. The Trials Organiser will advise if this is the case.

C.3.3.4 If there is a need to replace a planned variety eg if varieties are withdrawn, affected plots must be sown with any of the standard control varieties. Any such replacements must be agreed with the Trials Organiser. The control varieties are listed in Appendix 5.

#### C.3.4 Drilling

C.3.4.1 Care must be taken with drill setting and drilling speed to ensure satisfactory and uniform establishment and plant population from plot to plot. It is also important to ensure that there is no carry over of seed between plots.

C.3.4.2 At least two rows of discard should be drilled on either side of the trial with the same drill and at the same time that the trial is drilled.

C.3.4.3 Precautions must be aken to avoid any missing rows. Any missing rows or parts of rows must be noted of the drilling plan and reported to the Trials Organiser within one month of emergence

C.3.5 Confirmation of trial layout

C.3.5.1 After full establishment and within one month of sowing the Growing Trial Operator must confirm that the trial has been sown to plan or give details of any changes to plan. This should be done by clearly highlighting the changes in the electronic plan and returning it to the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator.

- Return a completed site data 1 sheet including the following information:
- Site location details including how to get to the field.
- Sketch showing the layout of the trial in the field, in relation to other trials and showing access roads, gates, etc.
- Trial sketch showing plot numbers and variety codes and/or names.
- A short post-establishment report of the condition of the trial.

# C.4 Husbandry

#### C.4.1 Agronomy

Applications of fertilisers and sprays should be uniform. It is normally best to apply these of the plots. The precision application of chemicals post-drilling down the rows is permitted where appropriate, but wheelings within or between are not acceptable unless they consistently post.

#### C.4.3 Fertiliser application

Applications of fertilisers should take into account inherent fertility, previous cropping, winter rainfall, the best local practice. All fertiliser applications should take account of the AHDB Nutrient Management Guide (RB209), the corresponding as visory publications in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland and past trialing experience.

#### C.4.4 Herbicides

The Trials Organiser must be consulted. Application of dit Gee drilling.

#### C.4.5 Pest and Disease Control

#### C.4.5.1 Pest Control

Approved seed dressings to be applied according to current Regulations and must be approved by the Trials Organiser. The chemical seed treatment applied to the trial seed should control some soil-bor pests and may provide some early-season control of insect-borne-virus vector, wever, appropriate pesticide treatments should be undertaken to control vectors through the season. Precautions should be taken against attacks by, for example, birds, deer, rabbits, hares, mice and insects.

#### C.4.5.2 Disease control

Seedling decases should be controlled by the routine seed-dressings used and viruses should be controlled by targeting their insect-vectors (see C.4.5.1 above). Fungicides are not available to apply to the growing crop.

# A 4.6 Irrigation

Irrigation will not be permitted without the specific agreement of the Trials Organiser.

#### C.4.7 Pathways

A gap (pathway) at the end of each plot of at least 1m is required.

#### C.4.8 Plot assessment

Plots should be assessed at the time of the population count to determine whether they are suitable for harvest. Weak plots may occur due to mechanical or varietal problems. If the problem is considered to be varietal the plots must remain as part of the trial. If the

If plots have gaps due to mechanical or agronomic problems it may be necessary eliminate the poor area by reducing the plot to a uniform length. Removal must be actual all rows - whole rows cannot be discarded. These plots should be measure at the time of the population counts.

If plots are weak due to mechanical or agronomic problems the problem the problem the problem the problem is the problem of th it may be necessary to make the plots missing. These plots should be pegged at the time of the population counts and should be entered in subsequent data records with a symbol indicating there is no recorded value associated with (his plot (see C.6.2.5). The plots should be clearly indicated when the data is sent to the Trial Design and Data Handling USE. Operator.

#### C.5. Harvesting

#### C.5.1 Timing of Harvesting

C.5.1.1 Date of harvesting will be according to a schedule which will be drawn up by the Trials Organiser after consultation with the Growing Trial Operators. Trials should normally be harvested at the time of flowering.

C.5.1.2 Plots should be trimmed to their final harvest length as described in C.4.7 above. The plot dimension nust be measured prior to harvesting. If it is necessary to reduce the harvest size as described in C.4.8.1 above give clear details with the yield file. Individual harvested plot angths should be recorded.

#### C.5.2 Harvesting Method

Seganiser. All trials will be harvested by harvesting equipment approved by the Trials

#### C.5.3 Samples

C.5.3.1 A sample of the chopped material (minimum 500 g) should be taken for dry matter analysis from each plot. A composite sample from all rows should be taken. Make every attempt to ensure that the sample is well mixed and representative of the plot.

C.5.3.2 All samples should be labelled with the labels provided by the Trials Organiser.

C.5.3.3 The samples should be delivered to the appropriate Quality Testing Operator as soon as practical after harvest.

#### C.5.4 Submission of data and samples

yocedure C.5.4.1 Appendix 6 lists the records, with deadlines, to be sent to the Trials Organiser. Diary sheets and any other field records should be returned to the Trials Organiser within 5 working days of harvest.

C.5.4.2 All plot records should be transmitted to the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator following the deadlines set out in Appendix 6. The Growing Trial Operator storid ensure that data are free from errors before transmission. After scrutiny, copies of results will be returned to the Growing Trial Operator for action as agreed by the Trials organiser.

C.5.4.3 All samples should be sent to the Quality Testing Operator following the deadlines IN FOR THE set out in Appendix 6.

#### C.6. Records

C.6.1 There are four components:

- Field notes of trial status, recording and inspections 1. Diary
- 2. Site data part 1 Including full location de

roads

2) a sketch showing the layout of trials in the field with access

1) a map of site location showing nearby settlements and

points and

3) trial layout, showing plot numbers and variety codes/names.

- Site data part 2 Details of agrochemical applications and irrigation. 3.
- Plot records 4. ot data.

\* Template a viable from Trials Organiser

C.6.1.1 An entry in the Diary sheet should be made on every trial visit and any observations relevant to variety performance should be recorded. If the trial is in good condition, with no problems, this should be recorded.

#### ot records

6.2.1 Plot data may be recorded direct onto a data logger using a system approved by the Trials Organiser or recorded on paper then entered and validated onto a computer using an approved system. A system of ensuring that data are recoverable, in the event of loss of original data, must be implemented, e.g. copy and safe storage. Whichever method is used, individual plot data will only be accepted by the appropriate Trial Design and Data Handling Operator in an approved format using the measure names and units as listed in Section C.6.3.

C.6.2.2 All observations should be checked at the time of recording to ensure that they lie within acceptable limits for the character recorded. Observations that have been designated as exceptional by the recorder should be identified with a note on the approved data file or hard copy medium describing the possible causes together with a rocedure recommendation for their exclusion or inclusion in the trial analysis.

C.6.2.3 Plot numbers on record sheets must correspond with the numbering on the field plan.

C.6.2.4 If a character is not recorded or is missing the Growing Trial Operator should indicate in the diary or on the recording sheet the reason why it has been excluded

C.6.2.5 Where a plot record is missing the Growing Trial Operator should record any data file or hard copy medium as a symbol thereby indicating there is no value associated with this plot.

C.6.2.6 Specific plot records must be made as counts or on the scales own for each character. Only the character names as listed may be used. All receives should be returned to the Data Handling Operator as soon as possible after they are completed.

C.6.2.7 All records must be returned as soon as reasonably possible and when complete for the whole trial. Indicative deadlines are given in Appendix 6. All records must be returned by the final deadlines.

#### C.6.3 Procedures for recording Characters

C.6.3.1 The following procedures must be for measuring all characters to be used in NL decision-making.

#### C.6.3.2 SOWING DATE

(OBLIGATORY)

(Day/month/year)

This is recorded in Part 1 of the Site Information Form.

(OBLIGATORY) C.6.3.3 FRESH YIELD from all plots (kg)

Enter the total harvested weight in kg per plot and provide the harvested plot dimensions with the record. If the plot lengths or widths are not the same for every plot, a separate record must be submitted.

#### MATTER YIELD from all plots (OBLIGATORY) C.6.3.4 **D** (kg)

A detailed procedure for the assessment of dry matter content is given in Section E. Also specify the fresh weight taken for the sample. If the figures are DM% then enter the fresh Weight of sample as 100.

C.6.3.5 PLANT POPULATION from all plots (OBLIGATORY) (Count)

Record the number of plants in the plot at harvest including any rotten, cracked or bolted plants. Record the plot length counted and indicate any rows that have a low population.

C.6	.3.6 BOLTING	from all plots	(OBLIGATORY if pro	esent) (%)
Rec	ord if present.			
C.6	.3.7 POWDERY MILDEW	from all plots	(OBLIGATORY if pro	esent) (%)
	ord if the most affected values assessment key.	riety has over 5%	of the leaf area affecte	esent) (%) d using the foliar (Dav/month/year)
C.6	.3.8 HARVEST DATE		(OBLIGATORY)	
This	s is recorded in Part 2 of the	e Site Information	Form	St.V.
C.6	.3.9 LODGING	from all plots	(ADDITIONAL)	(%)
Rec	ord the % plants in the plo	t that are bent ove	er from the root at more	(%) (%) (%)
	.3.10 EARLY VIGOUR	from all plots		(1-9)
1 9	very thin very thick		, yt	
C.6	.3.11 <i>HEIGHT</i>	from all plots	(ALODIONAL)	(cm)
Esti befo	mate the average canopy l pre harvest.	neight for each plo	when variety has rea	ached full height just
C.6	.3.12 WINTER HARDINES complete loss	S from all plots	(ADDITIONAL)	(1-9)
1 9	complete loss no damage	inus		
	red following the key given I period, to allow for express			7-14 days after a
C.6	.3.13 STEM ROTTING	from all plots	(ADDITIONAL)	(1-9)
1 9	many stems rotting, no stems rotting.			
C.6	.3.1 CRE-GROWTH	from all plots	(ADDITIONAL)	(1-9)
Red	ord the incidence of axillar	y side shoots whe	ere:	
о 9	none, extensive			

#### C.6.3.15 Site Factors

Any factors which may have affected the yield of the trial or individual plots must be noted and accompany the yield data.

Records for other scores should be taken as % plants affected or on a 1 to 9 scale. Include definitions of 1 to 9 on the scale.
 C.6.3.16 Trial Inspection
 All trials will be inspected by the Trial Inspection and Technical Validation Operator and, in some cases, it may be necessary to visit on more than one occasion.
 The requirements for Growing Trial Operators

- 1. Give inspectors reasonable access to trials and provide full location and site details (if not already given with site data 1)
- Provide the inspector with information (for example pesticide sprays applied etc) 2. within seven days of a request
- Co-operate with the inspector in making ar con-routine assessments required to 3. establish the validity of the trial (for example population counts) Carry out any action agreed in consultation with the inspector. In particular it is
- 4. important that any requirement to shorten plots is undertaken. The data on plots that the trials operator and inspector agree to exclude should not be submitted.

this document is no longer in us

# **Section D Disease Testing Procedures**

#### **D.1. Assessment of Natural Infection**

D.1.1 The Growing Trial Operator is responsible for carrying out these procedures.

#### D.1.2 Naturally occurring disease in VCU growing trials

rocedure D.1.2.1 Naturally occurring disease is normally recorded in the growing Confirmation of the identity of a disease should be obtained from an appropriate plant pathologist if required. the

#### D.1.2.2 Recording methods

D.1.2.3 Diseases are assessed using the timings and appropriate assessment keys given in Appendix 7. All disease records to be cent to the Triel Device to be cent to the to be cent to the Triel Device to be cent to the Triel Device to be cent to the Triel Device to be cent to the to be cent to the Triel Device to be cent to the to be cent to be cent to the to be cent to be cent to the to be cent in Appendix 7. All disease records to be sent to the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator as soon as they are made.

mis document is no longer in use. See D.1.2.4 If club root is present report to Trials Organiser who will provide instructions.

# Section E Quality Testing Procedures

Control of the second se

and Additional Tests E.2.1 Dry Weight determination (OBLIGATORY) The treatment of samples and the time interval between cutting and weighing should be such that there is no significant moisture loss between the weighing of the relation such that there is no significant moisture loss between the weighing of the plot fresh yield and the weighing of the fresh weight of the sample.

A fully representative sub-sample (min 500 g) of well-subpped fresh material is accurately weighed, or an accurately recorded catch weight (nur 500 g recorded to one decimal place) taken. Although in some instances all of to sampling and weighing of fresh material may be carried out in the field, it is acceptable for samples to be brought to the laboratory for weighing. If the latter option is followed the representative sample is immediately sealed in a 500 gauge polytopene bag and kept out of direct sunlight and as cool as possible until transported to the aboratory. Each sample is identified with a label.

The sample is placed in the drie which must be at a temperature of 100  $^{\circ}C \pm 4 ^{\circ}C$  with the air recirculator set in the range 80-100% recirculation in order to restore the temperature to 100 °C  $\pm$  4 °C as rapidly as possible. When the temperature is restored to 100 °C  $\pm$  4 °C the air regulator is set at 80% recirculation i.e. 20% fresh hot air. The air regulator is critical for even rapid drying. We samples are dried 100 °C  $\pm$  4 °C for such time as is necessary for complete drying

The dried same is carefully removed from the drier as soon as the sample is cool enough for accurate weighing. The dry weight is recorded to one decimal place. this document

# Section F Trial Design and Data Handling **Procedures**

#### F.1. Plan Validation and Storage

F.1.1 After the trial has been drilled, the Growing Trial Operator must:

- procedure a) Confirm that the trial has been drilled according to plan and provide sowing date, by returning site data 1 and associated trial sketch to Design and Data Handling Operator.
- b) If any amendments to the plan have been made, return a back copy of the plan to the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator with any amendments clearly indicated. Alternatively, amendments may be polyified electronically with the agreement of the Trial Design and Data Handling Operator.

F.1.2 The Trial Design and Data Handling Operator will check these for statistical validity and, once this has been done, will load the plan on the database.

#### F.2. Data Recording

F.2.1 Data are recorded using the methods Gnd characters given in Sections C, D and E.

F.2.2. Site information is recorded for path trial including, for example, data on previous cropping, cultivations, soil details an cretiliser applications.

F.2.3 Details of any agrochemical applications are also recorded and forwarded to the Trials Organiser.

#### F.3. Data Pro

F.3.1 Processing Findividual agronomic and disease variates

F.3.2 A list of the agronomic, yield and disease variates, which may be recorded and processes are specified in Sections C, D and E. After scrutiny, copies of the results will be returned to the Growing Trial Operator for action as agreed by the Trials Organiser.

#### 9.<sub>0</sub>C **Other Tests and Trials**

F.4.1 Any additional or alternative designs required for the assessment of additional VCU characters not detailed in Annex D of the MINOR CROPS VCU TRIAL PROTOCOL will be added to these **Procedures** as and when approved by the NLSC.

### Appendix 1 Approved Trial Organisers/Operators for Forage Rape

		Activity
		rials Organiser
isers/Operators Res	erator	rial Design and Data Handling Operat
X		Growing Trial Operator
in UK		Seed Handling Operator
in Ltd		
ine	ation Operator	rial Inspection and Technical Validatic
in Ltg O		Quality Testing Operator
	Operator	Data Review and Standard Setting Ope
		ounentien standard setting ope

# this document is no longer in use. See GOV. W. for the latest proceeding **Appendix 2 Seed Treatment Products for use**

# **Appendix 3 Seed Despatch Deadline**

this document is no longer in use. See GOV. W. for the latest proceeding

# Appendix 4 VCU Growing Trial Operators and Trial Locations for Forage Rape

DSV UK DSV UK Oxfordshire Limagrain Ltd Limagrain Ltd Lincolnshire Limagrain Ltd Lincolnshire Limagrain Ltd Lincolnshire	Southearties for the second se	Growing Trial Operator	Seed Handling Operator	Location of Trial
Limagrain Ltd Lincolnshire Lincolnshire Lincolnshire	Limagrain Ltd Lincolnshire Lincolnshire Lincolnshire	DSV UK		Oxfordshire
Gee GOV. UK for the latest pr	no longer in use. See COV. UK for the latest pr	Limagrain Ltd	Limagrain Ltd	Lincolnshire
	nolongerinuse		Seeconiuk	or the latest.

# This document is no longer in use, see GOV. W. for the latest procedure **Appendix 5 Control Varieties**

# Appendix 6 Dates by which Records should be sent to Trials Organiser

be sent to mais organ	
Record	Latest date of receipt by Trials Organiser
Site data part 1 (including site sketch)	Within 1 month of drilling trial
Site data part 2	By the time trial is harvested
Plot records (in approved electronic format)	Growing Trial Operator should notify Trial Organiser that trial has been harvested within 2 days of arvest

Record		Iling Operator
Plot records should be	sent to Data Handling Operator	With 0 days of record being take
	sent to Data Handling Operator	1,0,
	C <sup>2</sup>	
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	50	
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SCV.		
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# **Appendix 7 Assessment Keys for Forage Rape Diseases**

#### Leaf diseases

Ra	pe Diseases
Leaf	diseases AUT
1.	Examine leaves in 3 areas of each plot
2.	Include all necrosis and chlorosis attributable to disease to be assessed
3.	Estimate % infection using the description below, interpolating values if necessary
4.	Record the average % infection from the 3 areas
Infec	ction Disease Severity Description
Δ	No infaction observed

#### **Infection Disease Severity Description**

0	No infection observed (74
	No infection observed
0.1	No infection observed Older leaves with a trace of infection, other leaves uninfected.
1	Older leaves with up to 10% infection, other leaves largely minfected.
5	Older leaves with up to 25% infection, middle aged leaves with a trace of infection
10	Older and middle aged leaves with up to 25% infection young leaves largely
	uninfected.
25	Leaves of all ages appear 50% infected 50% great on average
50	Leaves of all ages appear more infected than green on average
75	Very little green tissues left.
100	No green tissue left Q
	Leaves of all ages appear more infected that the on average Very little green tissues left. No green tissue left



<text> tor the latest procedure

The Animal and Plant Health Agency (APHA) is an executive agency of the Department for