For more information on the EU Settlement Scheme, including the support available, visit

gov.uk/eu-settled-status

EU Settlement Scheme – April 2019
What does it mean for me?

• If you are an EU citizen, you and your family members need to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme to continue living in the UK.

• The EU Settlement Scheme allows you and your family members to get the immigration status you will need to continue to live, work and study in the UK. This status means that you continue to be eligible for:
  • public services, such as healthcare and schools
  • public funds and pensions
  • British citizenship, if you want to apply and meet the requirements.

Who is eligible to apply?

You need to apply if you are an EU citizen or a non-EU family member of an EU citizen (including children), this includes those with a UK permanent residence document.

You do not need to apply if you have indefinite leave to remain or enter, or you are an Irish citizen, but you can if you want to.²

Visit GOV.UK to find out more about your rights in relation to the EU Settlement Scheme.

You need to be a resident in the UK by 31 December 2020¹. If you have been a resident in the UK for five continuous years or more you will be eligible for settled status.

You must not be a serious or persistent criminal, a threat to national security, or have a deportation order, exclusion order or exclusion decision against you.

If you have been a resident for less than five continuous years you will be eligible for pre-settled status.

¹ EU citizens used throughout refers to EEA and Swiss nationals, who are all eligible to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme.
² Irish citizens do not need to apply, though they are able to do so if they want to. Non-Irish, non-British family members of Irish citizens will need to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme if they want to stay in the UK after 31 December 2020.
³ Or the date the UK leaves the EU, in the event of a no deal.
The EU Settlement Scheme applies to EEA and Swiss citizens:

Austria | Greece | Norway
Belgium | Hungary | Poland
Bulgaria | Iceland | Portugal
Croatia | Ireland | Romania
Republic of Cyprus | Italy | Slovakia
Czech Republic | Latvia | Slovenia
Denmark | Liechtenstein | Spain
Estonia | Lithuania | Sweden
Finland | Luxembourg | Switzerland
France | Malta |
Germany | Netherlands |

**Family members**

- If you are an EU citizen living in the UK, you and your family members can apply to the EU Settlement Scheme. Family members do not need to be from the EU, they can come from anywhere in the world (known as non-EU family members).

- Close family members include spouses, civil partners, unmarried partners, dependent children and grandchildren, and dependent parents and grandparents.

- Close family members who are not living in the UK by 31 December 2020[^4] can join you in the UK at any point in the future[^5]. They will need to be able to show their relationship to you and it must still exist when they apply to come to the UK.

- Children born or adopted after 31 December 2020[^6] will also have their rights protected.

For more information on close family members please visit GOV.UK.

**When can I apply?**

The EU Settlement Scheme is open and you have until **30 June 2021**[^7] to apply. Application guidance can be found on GOV.UK. Once you have read the guidance, start you application at gov.uk/eu-settled-status.

[^4]: Or the date the UK leaves the EU, in the event of a no deal.
[^5]: Or until 29 March 2022, in the event of a no deal.
[^6]: Or the date the UK leaves the EU, in the event of a no deal.
[^7]: Or 31 December 2020, in the event of a no deal.
HOW DOES THE APPLICATION PROCESS WORK?

You can access the application online using a computer, tablet or mobile phone. Your application saves automatically, so if you want to, you can start and then complete it at another time. It is free to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme.

**Basic information**
The application asks for basic information like your name, address, contact details and nationality.

**Proof of identity**
Verify your identity and nationality using your passport, national identity card, or biometric residence card (if you are a non-EU citizen).

**Proof of residence**
Prove your residence in the UK by providing your National Insurance number, if you have one. Other documentation may be used, or required, to show proof of residence.

**Criminality check**
Complete the criminality check by declaring any criminal convictions. Only serious or persistent criminality will affect your application. This will not affect the vast majority of EU citizens and their family members.

You can get support over the phone or in person if you need online assistance.
KEY THINGS TO KNOW ABOUT THE APPLICATION

Proof of identity
To verify your identity you will need a valid passport or national identity card. If you are a non-EU citizen you can use a valid passport, biometric residence card or biometric residence permit. When you apply, there are several ways to verify your identity:

- scan your identity document using the EU Exit: ID Document Check app on an Android device (you can use a family member or friend’s device).
- visit an ID document scanning service location which provides access to an Android device. A list of locations can be found at [gov.uk/eu-id-scanner-locations](https://gov.uk/eu-id-scanner-locations).
- send in your passport or national identity card to the Home Office by post. Once you start your application you will be provided with the address.

You will need to provide a digital photo of yourself which will be checked to make sure it matches the photograph on your identity document. Non-EU citizens will also need to provide fingerprint biometrics if they have not already done so, for the purposes of being issued a biometric residence card.

Proof of residence
We will use existing Government data, where available, to make it easier for you to prove how long you have been living in the UK. If a National Insurance number is provided, checks will be run against HMRC and DWP records. It will help tell us whether you are eligible for settled or pre-settled status. There may be cases where residence cannot be proven automatically in this way and we may require additional evidence. If that happens, do not worry. You will be able to submit further evidence online by uploading photos or scanning your documents into your application. For a list of suggested evidence that is accepted, visit [gov.uk/eu-evidence-of-residence](https://gov.uk/eu-evidence-of-residence).

Criminality check
Criminality checks will be conducted against UK criminality and security databases, as well as overseas criminal records where appropriate. Minor offences, such as driving offences, will not affect your application. The criminality checks will not affect the majority of EU citizens and their family members.
APPROVAL AND YOUR STATUS

Pre-settled status
If you receive pre-settled status (also known as limited leave to remain or enter) this means you can stay in the UK for a period of five years. This will allow you to remain in the UK until you are eligible for settled status, generally once you have lived continuously in the UK for five years.

Settled status
If you receive settled status (also known as indefinite leave to remain or enter) this means there is no time limit on how long you can stay in the UK.

You will usually be able to apply for British citizenship 12 months after you have received settled status.

Approval
Successful applicants will get digital proof of their status through an online service. Your family members who are from outside the EU will receive a biometric residence card if they do not already have one.

Your status will be stored electronically by the Home Office. Once you receive your status, details will be provided on how to access it on GOV.UK.

You will be able to prove your rights to others, including employers, online.
Help will be available if you have difficulties using online services.

There will be no changes to Right to Work checks on EU citizens until 30 June 2021.
If you are an EU citizen, you can continue to use your passport or national identity card as proof of your rights until 30 June 2021.

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8 Or 1 January 2021, in the event of a no deal.
9 Or 31 December 2020, in the event of a no deal.
FIND OUT MORE AND SUPPORT AVAILABLE

Find out more
Visit [gov.uk/eu-settled-status](https://gov.uk/eu-settled-status) to:

- access the application guidance
- start your application at [gov.uk/apply-eu-settled-status](https://gov.uk/apply-eu-settled-status)
- find out about next steps and citizenship

Support available
Support is available if you need help to complete your application, including:

**EU Settlement Resolution Centre**
For individual questions about your application call **0300 123 7379** (Mon–Fri, 8am–8pm and Sat–Sun, 9.30am–4:30pm) or +44 (0) 20 3080 0010 from outside the UK. Find out about call charges on [gov.uk/call-charges](https://gov.uk/call-charges).

You can also ask a question using the online submission form [eu-settled-status-enquiries.service.gov.uk](https://eu-settled-status-enquiries.service.gov.uk). For more information visit [GOV.UK](https://gov.uk).

**Assisted Digital**
This free service is available over the phone and in person if you do not have the appropriate access, skills or confidence to complete the online application form.
Contact Assisted Digital by calling **03333 445 675** (Mon–Fri, 9am–5pm and Sat, 9am–4pm). For more information, visit [gov.uk/eu-assisted-digital](https://gov.uk/eu-assisted-digital).

**ID document scanning service**
This service is available to complete the identity verification step if you do not have access to the EU Exit: ID Document Check app. There may be an administrative fee to use this service. For a list of ID document scanning locations, visit [gov.uk/eu-id-scanner-locations](https://gov.uk/eu-id-scanner-locations).

**Community organisations**
A list of grant funded community organisations providing EU Settlement Scheme support will be available on [GOV.UK](https://gov.uk).

For more information on the EU Settlement Scheme, including the support available, visit [gov.uk/eu-settled-status](https://gov.uk/eu-settled-status).