Child Benefit: 
Getting your claim right

Use these notes to help you

There's an online claim form you can use, go to GOV.UK and search for CH2

We've a range of services for disabled people. These include guidance in Braille, audio and large print. Most of our forms are also available in large print. Contact our helplines for more information.

Ffoniwch 0300 200 1900 i dderbyn fersiynau Cymraeg o ffurffenni a chanllawiau.
Fill in the Child Benefit claim form if you or your partner are responsible for a child, even if you decide not to get Child Benefit payments

Who should fill in the form
• either you or your partner should fill in this form, if you are responsible for a child under 16 (or under 20 and they’re in approved education or training)
• only one person can claim Child Benefit - the person who is awarded Child Benefit will automatically get National Insurance credits up until their child turns 12 - this will help to protect their State Pension
• if you’re a couple and one of you does not work or does not pay National Insurance contributions, they should fill in the form to protect their State Pension
• you do not need to be the parent of the child to claim and you may be entitled to claim even if the child does not live with you
• you can claim no matter how much you earn or have in savings
• if you’ve arrived in the UK and you’re not working, you cannot usually claim until you’ve lived in the UK for at least 3 months - for more information, go to www.gov.uk/child-benefit-move-to-uk

You should claim as soon as
• your baby is born and registered (babies born in the UK need to be registered at the General Register Office)
• a child comes to live with you
• you adopt a child - if you’re in the process of adopting a child, apply as soon as the child comes to live with you
• if you live in England, Scotland or Wales and already claim Child Benefit, you can tell us about a new child if they are under 6 months old and you have registered their birth by calling the Child Benefit helpline 0300 200 3100

Do not delay making your claim because Child Benefit can only be backdated 3 months

Is your or your partner's income more than £50,000
• if either you or your partner has an individual income of more than £50,000 in any year, then the person with the higher income may have to pay a tax charge on some or all of the Child Benefit you get - it’s called the High Income Child Benefit Charge (HICBC)
• if you or your partner decide not to get Child Benefit payments you will not have to pay the tax charge, so if:
  • both your individual incomes are below £50,000
    you will not need to pay the tax charge unless your or your partner’s income goes over £50,000 in any year in the future
  • the person with the highest income has income between £50,000 - £60,000
    the tax charge will be less than the Child Benefit that you or your partner get - it will be charged at a rate of 1% of the amount of Child Benefit received for each £100 of income between £50,000 and £60,000
    you will not have to pay the tax charge if you decide not to get payments (select “no” on question 68)
    if you or your partner decide to get Child Benefit payments, the person with the higher income must notify HMRC by registering for Self-Assessment to pay the tax charge each year
  • the person with the highest income has income of more than £60,000
    the tax charge will be the same amount as the Child Benefit that you or your partner get
    you will not have to pay the tax charge if you decide not to get payments (select “no” on question 68)
    if you or your partner decide to get Child Benefit payments, the person with the higher income must notify HMRC by registering for Self-Assessment to pay the tax charge each year

It’s important that you fill in and send us the form even if you decide not to get Child Benefit payments

How we calculate your income
• we use your Adjusted Net Income (ANI) to determine if you need to pay the tax charge
• your ANI is not always the same as your salary or the profits that you make if you are self-employed - it’s your total taxable income including any taxable benefits you get from your job minus certain tax reliefs such as payments made gross to pension schemes

For more help or information about:
☑ Child Benefit, go to www.gov.uk/child-benefit
☑ HICBC and how to work out how much tax you may have to pay, go to www.gov.uk/child-benefit-tax-charge
☑ ANI, go to www.gov.uk/guidance/adjusted-net-income
☑ Self Assessment, go to www.gov.uk/self-assessment-tax-returns
If you cannot find the information online you can phone the Child Benefit helpline on 0300 200 3100 or textphone on 0300 200 3103
Questions 10 and 27 – where to find your (or your partner’s) National Insurance number

This can be found in any of the following:
- P60 certificate from your employer
- PAYE Coding Notice or a letter from us
- payslip from your employer
- letter from the Department for Work and Pensions or Jobcentre Plus
- your Personal tax account

Example of a National Insurance number
QQ 12 34 56 A

If you do not have a National Insurance number your claim will be delayed as you will need to apply and receive one before you can get Child Benefit. Send us your Child Benefit claim form now, do not wait for your National Insurance number.

Go to www.gov.uk/apply-national-insurance-number

Page 3 of your claim form

Help
For more information about Child Benefit, go to www.gov.uk/child-benefit
If you need more help with a question phone the Child Benefit Helpline.
- Telephone 0300 200 3100 (UK)
  +44 (0)161 210 3086 (Overseas)
- Textphone 0300 200 3103

Question 19
You’re subject to immigration control if:
- the Home Office says you can stay in the UK – known as ‘leave to enter or remain’, but only if you do not claim certain benefits, tax credits or housing help paid by the UK government – known as ‘recourse to public funds’
- you need permission to stay in the UK – known as ‘leave to enter or remain’, but you do not have it
- you have leave to enter and remain as a result of a written undertaking given by another person to be responsible for your maintenance and accommodation

If you’re subject to immigration control, or not sure if you are, you might still be able to get Child Benefit.

Question 15
This question is about the country you’ve always lived in. The UK is England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. It does not include the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands.
Do not include any countries that you’re visiting, for example on holiday or for work purposes.

Question 16
This question is about the country you live in most of the time. The UK is England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland. It does not include the Isle of Man or the Channel Islands.
Do not include any countries that you’re visiting, for example on holiday or for work purposes.

Help with filling in your claim form – Page 2

Page 3
Pages 5 and 6 of your claim form

Questions 41 and 56
If the child’s birth was registered in:
- England or Wales, you’ll need to tell us the system number – you’ll find this at the bottom left hand corner of their birth certificate

Example of a birth certificate system number

123456789

- Scotland, you’ll need to tell us the district number, year and entry number – you’ll find this at the top of their birth certificate

Example of a birth certificate district number, year and entry number

123 2000 456

To help us process your claim without delay enter the details clearly.

Questions 44 and 59
If you’re not the child’s parent but you’re looking after the child, you can still claim Child Benefit.

If you have a stepchild or a legally adopted child, they’re counted as your own child.

Questions 45 and 60
If the child lives with you but Child Benefit is being paid to someone else, in some circumstances we can transfer the benefit to you.

If we do transfer the benefit, you may not get a payment of Child Benefit until 4 weeks (in some cases 8 weeks) after you’ve made your claim.

If someone else has claimed Child Benefit for the same child that you’re claiming for, we’ll get in touch with you.

Questions 47 and 62
You should answer ‘No’ to this question if the child does not live with you in the UK. If the child lives with someone else but you pay towards the cost of looking after them and both of you claim the benefit, the person who the child lives with will usually get the Child Benefit.

Questions 49 and 64
If the child lives with more than one person, each person may submit a claim to Child Benefit for the same child. However, only one person can be paid Child Benefit.

If 2 or more children are being cared for, Child Benefit may be paid to each person for a different child.

If you cannot agree which of you is to get the Child Benefit, one of you acting on behalf of the Commissioners for HM Revenue and Customs will decide.

These questions apply to all children on this claim form
Page 7 of your claim form

Question 68
Only answer this question if either you or your partner have an individual income of more than £50,000 a year.
It’s important to claim Child Benefit to protect your State Pension.
You can decide not to be paid Child Benefit if you do not want to pay the extra tax charge.
Read ‘Child Benefit for people who have an income of more than £50,000 a year’ on page 2.
If you’re not sure of your or your partner’s individual income, read ‘Child Benefit for people who are not sure if their income is more than £50,000’ on page 2.

For more information, go to www.gov.uk/child-benefit-tax-charge

Question 73
We encourage you to consider the benefits of having your Child Benefit paid into an account that’s in:
• your name
• the name of your husband, wife or partner – if you have one
• the names of you and your husband, wife or partner
• the name of someone acting on your behalf
• the names of you and a person acting on your behalf
Payment into an account in your own name allows you to access your Child Benefit when you need it.
However, if you want to use an account that is not in your name, you may do so. It’ll be your responsibility to make sure you get the money or that the money is used in the way you want.
We cannot pay into:
• more than one account
• a Nationwide account that’s in someone else’s name
The best way to remain in charge of your Child Benefit, is to have it paid into an account in your own name. It may not be as easy to access your payments if they’re paid into an alternative account.

Questions 69 and 70
Child Benefit is usually paid every 4 weeks. However, you can choose to get your Child Benefit paid weekly if you’re bringing up children on your own, or you (or your partner if you have one) are receiving:
• Income Support
• Income-based Jobseeker’s Allowance
• Pension Credit
• Income-related Employment and Support Allowance
• Universal Credit
If you want Child Benefit to be paid weekly, tell us at question 70 why you qualify.
If you qualify and choose to get your Child Benefit paid weekly, you must tell us immediately if you stop:
• bringing up children on your own
• getting at least one of the above benefits
If this happens, we may stop paying your Child Benefit weekly and change it to paying you every 4 weeks.

Avoid overpayments
You must tell us straightaway about any changes that affect your Child Benefit. If you do not tell us about any changes at the right time you’ll have to pay back any money you should not have been paid.
For information on changes that affect your Child Benefit go to www.gov.uk/report-changes-child-benefit

Question 75
Make sure you enter the sort code shown on your bank card or statements from your bank or building society. If the account is not in your name you’ll need to get the branch sort code. This is usually 6 digits. Include any zeros – for example, 00 11 22.

Question 76
Your account number is usually 8 digits and is shown on your statements or chequebook. If the account is not in your name you’ll need to get the bank account details. Include any zeros – for example, 00123456.
Other things you might need to know

**National Insurance credits**

Before 6 April 2010, if you received Child Benefit for a child under 16, you automatically qualified for a scheme called Home Responsibilities Protection (HRP), which helped to protect your State Pension.

From 6 April 2010, for each week that you’re entitled to Child Benefit for a child under 12, you’ll receive weekly National Insurance credits to protect your future entitlement to the State Pension.

If you reach State Pension age on or after 6 April 2010, any complete tax years of HRP you have already built up before 2010 will be converted into qualifying years. Up to 22 years of HRP can be converted into qualifying years for your State Pension.

For more information phone the National Insurance Helpline on 0300 200 3500.

**Your rights and obligations**

'Your Charter' explains what you can expect from us and what we expect from you.

For more information, go to www.gov.uk/hmrc/your-charter

These notes are for guidance only and reflect the position at the time of writing. They do not affect any right of appeal.

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HMRC 04/19
### Child 3

1. **Child's full name including last or family name**
   - As shown on their birth or adoption certificate.
   - **Child's last name**
   - **Child's first name**
   - **Child's middle name(s)**

2. **Is this child male or female?**
   - Male [ ]
   - Female [ ]

3. **Child's date of birth**
   - **DD**
   - **MM**
   - **YY**
   - **YY**

4. **Has this child's birth been registered in England, Wales or Scotland?**
   - No [ ]
   - If No, send the documents as shown on page 4 of the CH2 Child Benefit claim form - ‘Documents we need’
   - Yes [ ]
   - If Yes, and they were born in England or Wales, do not send any documents, tell us the system number from the bottom left hand corner of their birth certificate - read page 4 of the CH2 notes
   - **System number**

5. **Has this child ever been known by any other name?**
   - No [ ]
   - Yes [ ]
   - If Yes, tell us the other name
   - **Child’s other name**

6. **Has the name been changed by deed poll?**
   - No [ ]
   - Yes [ ]

7. **Is this your:**
   - Read page 4 of the CH2 Notes.
   - **Biological child** [ ]
   - **Adopted child** [ ]
   - **Stepchild** [ ]
   - **None of these** [ ]

8. **Has anyone else ever claimed Child Benefit for this child?**
   - Read page 4 of these notes.
   - No [ ]
   - If No, go to question 10
   - Yes [ ]
   - If Yes, go to question 9

9. **What is the name and address of the person who claimed Child Benefit for this child?**
   - **Name**
   - **Address**
   - **Postcode**

10. **Does this child live with you in the UK?**
    - Read page 4 of these notes.
    - No [ ]
    - If No, go to question 11
    - Yes [ ]
    - If Yes, go to question 12

11. **What is the name and address of the person this child lives with?**
    - **Name**
    - **Address**
    - **Postcode**

12. **Has this child lived with anyone else at a different address to you in the last 12 months?**
    - Read page 4 of these notes.
    - No [ ]
    - If No, go to question 14
    - Yes [ ]
    - If Yes, tell us their name and address
    - **Name**
    - **Address**
    - **Postcode**

13. **What date did the child come to live with you?**
    - **DD**
    - **MM**
    - **YY**
    - **YY**

14. **Are you adopting or planning to adopt this child through a local authority?**
    - No [ ]
    - Yes [ ]

15. **Do you want to claim for any more children now?**
    - No [ ]
    - If No, tear off this sheet then go to question 68 of your claim form
    - Yes [ ]
    - If Yes, fill in page 8

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Remember to send this sheet with your claim form.
Additional children fill in and attach to the Child Benefit claim form

Child 4

1. Child's full name including last or family name
   As shown on their birth or adoption certificate.
   Child's last name
   Child's first name
   Child's middle name(s)

2. Is this child male or female?
   Male ☐ Female ☐

3. Child's date of birth
   Day ☐ Date ☐ Month ☐ Year ☐

4. Has this child's birth been registered in England, Wales or Scotland?
   No ☐ If No, send the documents as shown on page 4 of the CH2 Child Benefit claim form – 'Documents we need'
   Yes ☐ If Yes, and they were born in England or Wales, do not send any documents, tell us the system number from the bottom left hand corner of their birth certificate – read page 4 of the CH2 notes

   System number

   Yes ☐ If Yes, and they were born in Scotland, do not send any documents, tell us the district number, year and entry number from their birth certificate – read page 4 of the CH2 notes

   Yes ☐ If Yes, and they were born in England or Wales, do not send any documents, tell us the system number from the bottom left hand corner of their birth certificate – read page 4 of the CH2 notes

5. Has this child ever been known by any other name?
   No ☐ Yes ☐ If Yes, tell us the other name
   Child's other name

6. Has the name been changed by deed poll?
   No ☐ Yes ☐

7. Is this child your:
   Read page 4 of the CH2 Notes.
   Biological child ☐ Adopted child ☐
   Stepchild ☐ None of these ☐

8. Has anyone else ever claimed Child Benefit for this child?
   Read page 4 of these notes.
   No ☐ If No, go to question 10
   Yes ☐ If Yes, go to question 9

9. What is the name and address of the person who claimed Child Benefit for this child?
   Name
   Address
   Postcode

10. Does this child live with you in the UK?
    Read page 4 of these notes.
    No ☐ If No, go to question 11
    Yes ☐ If Yes, go to question 12

11. What is the name and address of the person this child lives with?
    Name
    Address
    Postcode

12. Has this child lived with anyone else at a different address to you in the last 12 months?
    Read page 4 of these notes.
    No ☐ If No, go to question 14
    Yes ☐ If Yes, tell us their name and address
    Name
    Address
    Postcode

13. What date did the child come to live with you?
    Day ☐ Date ☐ Month ☐ Year ☐

14. Are you adopting or planning to adopt this child through a local authority?
    No ☐ Yes ☐

15. Do you want to claim for any more children now?
    No ☐ If No, tear off this sheet then go to question 68 of your claim form
    Yes ☐ If Yes, answer questions 1 to 15 on a separate sheet of paper or download the 'Additional children' form

Go to www.gov.uk/government/publications/child-benefit-claim-form-ch2 and select 'Child Benefit claim form: additional children (CH2(CS))'.

Remember to send this sheet with your claim form.