Housing Benefit is an income related benefit that is intended to help meet housing costs for rented accommodation. Speed of processing relates to the average time taken to process new claims and change of circumstances for this benefit. The average time is measured in calendar days, rounded to the nearest day.

Main stories

Due to the seasonal nature of the data, quarterly figures are compared to equivalent figures from the same quarter of the previous year.

- In quarter 2 of the financial year 2018/19, 92% of Housing Benefit claims processed were change of circumstances on existing claims and the remaining 8% were new Housing Benefit claims.
- The average time taken to process a new Housing Benefit claim during quarter 2 of the financial year 2018/19 was 22 calendar days. This is the same as in the same quarter of 2017/18.
- The average time taken to process a change of circumstance on an existing Housing Benefit claim during quarter 2 of the financial year 2018/19 was 8 calendar days. This is one day lower than in quarter 2 of 2017/18.

The average time taken to process new claims is fairly consistent over time. Processing time in quarter 2 of 2018/19 is the same as in quarter 2 of 2017/18.

The average speed of processing on change of circumstances varies throughout the year, but is fairly consistent over time. Processing time in quarter 2 of 2018/19 is one day lower than in quarter 2 of 2017/18.
These statistics were released on 30 January 2019 according to the arrangements approved by the UK Statistics Authority.

This means that the Official Statistics
- meet identified user needs;
- are well explained and readily accessible;
- are produced according to sound methods; and
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

This release contains Official Statistics on Speed of Processing of Housing Benefit (HB) claims for quarter 2 of 2018/19.

The statistics show speed of processing of new claims and changes of circumstances. Volumes of claims, changes and the total days to process are included in supporting detailed tables.

Further information and detailed tables, including a breakdown by local authority, can be viewed at the Housing Benefit Speed of Processing Collection Page.

The statistics are released quarterly in April, July, October and January and are sourced from data originally collected via administrative systems (Single Housing Benefit Extract).

Genuine variations between months can occur at a Local Authority (LA) level. For example, some of these are caused by time limited issues or localised changes in operational policy. Hence, figures for individual LAs should be interpreted with care.

From April 2013, Universal Credit (UC) was introduced. The process began with single claimants and was expanded to other claimant types via the UC Full Service (UCFS). The UCFS rollout was completed in December 2018 and it is available in every Jobcentre across the UK. However to September 2018 (end of quarter 2 2018/19, covered by this publication) in a number of LAs UCFS rollout had not yet started and new HB claims were accepted. The rollout schedule for Full Service can be found here.

The roll out of UCFS has an impact on figures at LA level; namely that the number of new claims will fall in these areas and the processing days for new claims may change. The impact could be greater in areas where UC is more established, or in areas that have implemented the full service, which is taking claims from all claimant types. Due to this, care should be taken when interpreting the data, particularly when comparing different LAs. Start dates for the implementation of the UC Full Service for all LAs that had started this process before the end September 2018 are included in the accompanying data tables for this release.

The next release will be on 24 April 2019. This will contain data for quarter 3 of the 2018/19 financial year (October 2018 to December 2018).
The average time taken to process new HB claims in quarter 2 of 2018/19 was 22 calendar days. This is the same as it was in quarter 2 of 2017/18.

In quarter 2 there were 190 thousand new HB claims. This represents a decrease of 26 thousand (12%) since the last quarter and a decrease of 67 thousand (26%) since quarter 2 of 2017/18.

The average time taken to process change of circumstances to existing HB claims in quarter 2 of 2018/19 was 8 calendar days. This is one day lower than in quarter 2 of 2017/18.

For quarter 2 there were 2.3 million changes of circumstances to HB claims. This is a decrease of 901 thousand (28%) since last quarter and a decrease of 495 thousand (18%) cases since quarter 2 of 2017/18.

There are increases in the number of change of circumstances and decreases in processing time for these in quarter 4 each year. The average time taken to process change of circumstances tends to decrease in February and/or March. Quarter 4 coincides with the end of the financial year, when local authorities tend to allocate extra resources to deal with a higher volume in change of circumstances of tenants and the uprating of their rents, leading to a decrease in the average processing time.

There were monthly variations in processed volumes and average processing times for new HB claims and change of circumstances during quarter 2 of 2018/19.

The average time taken to process new HB claims was: 22 calendar days for July, 21 calendar days for August and 21 calendar days for September.

In quarter 2 of 2018/19 there were 190 thousand new HB claims:
- 70 thousand in July
- 64 thousand in August
- 57 thousand in September

The average time taken to process change of circumstances to HB claims was: 8 calendar days for July, 8 calendar days for August and 8 calendar days for September.

In quarter 2 of 2018/19 there were 2.3 million changes of circumstances to HB claims:
- 805 thousand in July
- 777 thousand in August
- 720 thousand in September
The maps show the average number of days taken to process a HB claim or change of circumstance. The average number of days taken to process either a new claim or a change of circumstance varies widely between LAs, with those LAs that take longer to process a claim or change being represented by a darker colour in the map.

On average a new claim takes longer to process than a change of circumstance. This can be seen in the two maps. The maps also show that there is a greater variation in the average speed of processing for new claims in comparison to the average speed of processing for change of circumstances.

Although there could be different reasons for the variations between the number of days that each LA takes to process a new claim and a change of circumstance, it is worth noting that LAs process on average a much greater number of change of circumstances than they do new claims. This difference is clearly reflected at the national level, as shown in the following bar chart.

Find more statistics about HB SoP in your LA on our interactive map. Key statistics for a LA can be viewed by clicking the relevant area of the map.

For further information on supported browsers, please visit the following website:

There were 2.30 million changes of circumstances on existing HB claims and 0.19 million new HB claims processed in Great Britain during quarter 2 of 2018/19.
Where to find out more

The historical Housing Benefit & Council Tax Benefit Claims Administration Quarterly Performance Data which is available to 2007/08 are based on clerical returns made by individual local authorities. Breakdowns of new claims and changes in processing times are available historically, and the new claims processing times are broadly comparable over time. However, a change in definition for change of circumstances between 2007/08 and 2009/10 means that direct comparison of this element with Speed of Processing statistics is not meaningful.

Background information and frequently asked questions on statistics for the average time taken to process HB (previously right time indicator statistics).


Other National and Official Statistics

Details of other National and Official Statistics produced by the Department for Work and Pensions can be found on the Gov.uk website via the following link:

- A schedule of statistical releases and a list of the most recent releases: https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department-for-work-pensions/about/statistics

The Department for Work and Pensions also publish HB Caseload National Statistics. The statistics are published quarterly showing monthly figures. Since August 2013, HB caseload statistics have been released via Stat-Xplore alongside a set of summary Excel tables.

Feedback

DWP would like to hear your views on our statistical publications. If you use any of our statistics publications, we would be interested in hearing what you use them for and how well they meet your requirements. Please email DWP at stats-consultation@dwp.gsi.gov.uk

An on-going questionnaire, enabling DWP to target future consultations at interested users; shaping the future direction of statistics development to address user needs; and helping ensure value for money, whilst giving users a structured way of expressing their views is available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/housing-benefit-statistics-on-speed-of-processing-questionnaire

Completed questionnaires can be returned by e-mail to stats-consultation@dwp.gsi.gov.uk or by post to the following address:
Client Statistics Team, Data as Statistics, Department for Work and Pensions, Room BP5201, Benton Park Road, Longbenton, NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE, NE98 1YX

Users can also join the “Welfare and Benefit Statistics” community at: http://www.statsusernet.org.uk. DWP announces items of interest to users via this forum, as well as replying to users’ questions.

Lead Statistician: Yolanda Ruiz Rodriguez yolanda.ruizrodriguez@dwp.gsi.gov.uk
DWP Press Office: 0203 267 5144