

Protecting and improving the nation's health

# Monthly Legionella Report July 2018

National Surveillance Scheme for Legionnaires' disease in Residents of England and Wales

# About Public Health England

Public Health England exists to protect and improve the nation's health and wellbeing, and reduce health inequalities. We do this through world-leading science, knowledge and intelligence, advocacy, partnerships and the delivery of specialist public health services. We are an executive agency of the Department of Health and Social Care, and a distinct delivery organisation with operational autonomy. We provide government, local government, the NHS, Parliament, industry and the public with evidence-based professional, scientific and delivery expertise and support.

Public Health England Wellington House 133-155 Waterloo Road London SE1 8UG Tel: 020 7654 8000 www.gov.uk/phe Twitter: @PHE\_uk Facebook: www.facebook.com/PublicHealthEngland

For queries relating to this document, please contact:: legionella@phe.gov.uk



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### Contents

About Public Health England	2
Introduction	4
Legionella data: July 2018	5
Chapter heading to go here	Error! Bookmark not defined.

# Introduction

The national surveillance scheme for Legionnaires' disease in residents of England and Wales is co-ordinated by PHE.

The main objectives of the scheme are to:

- detect clusters and outbreaks of Legionella in England and Wales or abroad through the surveillance of all reported cases
- identify sources of infection so that control measures can be assessed and where necessary improved upon, to prevent further cases
- as a member state, collaborate with the European Legionnaires' disease Surveillance Network (ELDSNet) in the detection, control and prevention of cases, clusters and outbreaks within European countries through the reporting of travel associated cases of Legionnaires' disease

This report provides a summary of data extracted from the national Legionella database for confirmed and suspected cases of Legionellosis in residents of England and Wales, as reported to the national surveillance scheme during the month of July 2018.

The report only provides an interim representation of Legionella activity in England and Wales during this time period due to delays in reporting. This means that the data for this month may not be comparable with previously published data for the same period in previous years. Changes as updates reported after the date of this report will be updated in subsequent monthly reports as further data becomes available.

Figures are correct at the time of publication and may be subject to change.

# Legionella data: July 2018

All data presented in this report is correct as at 10 August 2018.

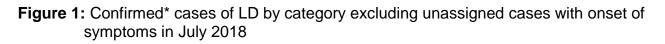
Table 1: Cases reported/notified<sup>†</sup>

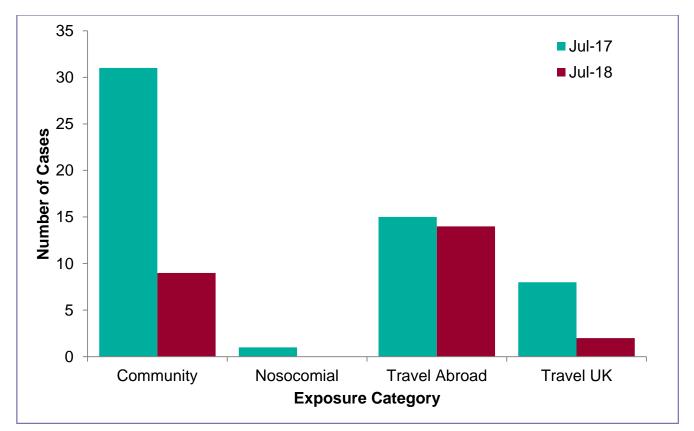
Number of reported/notified <sup>†</sup> cases <sup>‡</sup> of Legionnaires' disease during July 2018	58
Number of reported/notified <sup>†</sup> cases of LD since 1 January 2018	343

These case numbers are provisional and subject to change

\* reported/notified cases are any cases reported to the national surveillance scheme via regional colleagues, laboratories and statutory notifications (including all confirmed and nonconfirmed cases).

<sup>+</sup> cases reported with onset of symptoms between 1 July to 31 July 2018, inclusive.





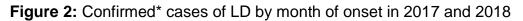
\* cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with incomplete data.

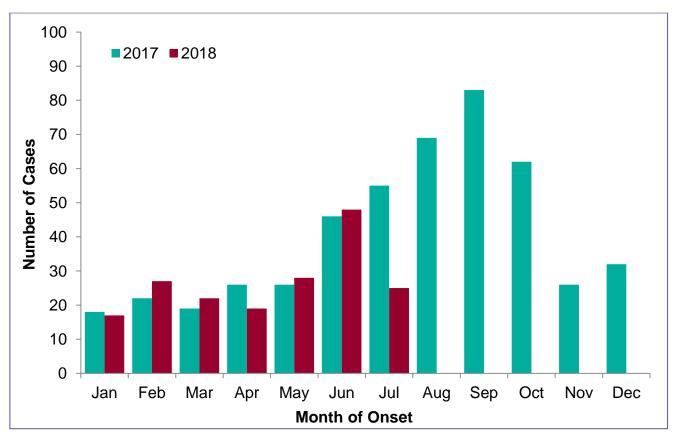
Category	Confirmed* cases with onset in July 2018	Confirmed* cases with onset since January 2018
Community	9	87
Nosocomial	0	4
Travel abroad	14	80
Travel UK	2	17
Unassigned	-	-
Total	25	188

Table 2: Number of confirmed\* cases of LD by category with onset in July 2018

\* cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with incomplete data.

**nb:** figure in this table are not equivalent to table 1 as cases reported in July may have earlier onset dates or reported cases may later prove to be negative or probable.





\* cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with outstanding data.

	Onset in July 2018		Onset since January 2018	
Region of residence	Confirmed* cases	Cases where data is still awaited	Confirmed* cases	Cases where data are still awaited
East Midlands	4	1	26	1
East of England	6	-	25	-
London	4	-	32	1
North East	1	-	5	-
North West	2	-	21	1
South East	2	-	18	-
South West	1	-	11	1
Wales	1	1	8	3
West Midlands	2	1	18	2
Yorkshire & Humber	2	2	24	3
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	25	5	188	12

\* cases confirmed to have pneumonia and laboratory confirmation of Legionella infection; includes some with outstanding data.

**Table 4:** Positive clinical tests of confirmed\* cases of LD with onset of symptoms since

 1 January 2018

	Number of confirmed cases	Number of cases with respiratory samples	Number of culture &/or PCR positive cases	Number of cases with SBT identified
Total number of cases	188	76	60	44

**PCR:** polymerase chain reaction **SBT:** sequence based typing

Of the 188 cases of Legionnaires' disease reported to the National Surveillance Scheme 76 (40.2%) cases had a respiratory specimen taken and tested for Legionella infection. Of the 76 cases where a respiratory specimen was tested by culture and/or PCR, 60 (78.9%) specimens tested positive for Legionella pneumophila serogroup 1. A partial sequence type has been determined for 11 (18.3%) of culture and/or PCR positive cases and a complete sequence type was determined for 33 (55.0%) cases.

(Please note that some results may still be pending at the time of this report).

### Comments

None for July 2018