

# Standard Decommissioning Programme(s) Template

(Non-Derogation)

Insert date
Consultaion/pre-draft

# **Document Control**

Insert Tables of Document Revisions.

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# **Revision Control**

| Revision No | Reference | Changes/Comments | Issue Date |
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|          | programmes or both. INST = Installations PL = Pipelines  Delete options and brackets where appropriate. Remove red help text throughout document |    | INST | PL |
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#### **Terms and Abbreviations**

Include a table of the terms and abbreviations used in the document (examples in blue below).

| Abbreviation | Explanation  |
|--------------|--|
| OPRED        | Offshore Petroleum Regulator for Environment and Decommissioning |
| EA           | Environmental Appraisal  |
| CA           | Comparative Assessment   |

#### **Figures and Tables**

Include a table of Figures and Tables used in the document.

#### **Appendices**

Include a table of the Appendices which are to be included as part of this document (example in blue below).

| Appendix | Description           | Page |
|----------|-----------------------|------|
| 1        | Copy of Public Notice |      |
|          |                       |      |
|          |                       |      |

Note: The Environmental Appraisal (EA) and any Comparative Assessment (CA) for pipelines are separate, referenced documents in support of the decommissioning programme(s). They should not be included as an Appendix but listed in Section 7 (Supporting Documents).

A copy of the Public Notice should be attached as an appendix to the final version of the programme.

## 1 **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

| 1.1 Decommissioning Programme/Combined Decommissioning Programmes   |
|---|
| This document contains decommissioning programme(s) forinstallation(s) and pipeline(s).   |
| Combined Decommissioning Programmes: Please provide a clear statement confirming that there is a separate programme for each set of associated notices served under Section 29 of the Petroleum Act 1998.   |
| 1.2 Requirement for Decommissioning Programme(s)  |
| Delete appropriate paragraph below if only one decommissioning programme.   |
| In accordance with the Petroleum Act 1998, the Section 29 notice holders of the installation(s)/field (see Table 1.2) are applying to the Offshore Petroleum Regulator for Environment and Decommissioning (OPRED) to obtain approval for decommissioning the installations detailed in Section 2.1 and 2.2 of this programme. (See also Section 8 - Partner Letter(s) of Support). |
| Pipeline(s): In accordance with the Petroleum Act 1998, the Section 29 notice holders of the pipelines (see Table 1.4) are applying to the Offshore Petroleum Regulator for Environment and Decommissioning (OPRED) to obtain approval for decommissioning the pipelines detailed in Section 2.3 of this programme. (See also Section 8 – Partner Letter(s) of Support).            |
| In conjunction with public, stakeholder and regulatory consultation, the decommissioning programme(s) is/are submitted in compliance with national and international regulations and OPRED guidelines. The schedule outlined in this document is for a year decommissioning project plan due to begin in  |
| 4.2. Julius desellari   |

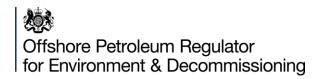
#### 1.3 Introduction

Insert introductory paragraphs outlining the background of the decommissioning proposal with information on topsides, jacket and pipelines (where applicable). Freeform text as per example paragraphs below. (Suggested maximum of 250 words)

The Welland Field is located in the Southern Basin of the UKCS in license block 53/4a. Welland was discovered in 1983 and consists of three gas reservoirs with condensate traces. It received Annex B approval in 1989 for a single platform remotely operated from Thames platform. The platform was installed, and production started in 1990. Production ceased in 2003 due to excessive water rates and equipment failures. Cessation of Production notification was submitted in 2004.

Welland Platform is a 1000 Te topside minimum facilities structure in 37m water depth. It was designed and operated as a normally unattended satellite installation. Gas was exported to the nearby Thames complex. Subsea tie-backs to 3 remote wells comingle with production from the 2 platform wells.

Following public, stakeholder and regulatory consultation, the decommissioning programme(s) is/are submitted without derogation and in full compliance with OPRED guidelines. The decommissioning programme(s) explains the principles of the removal activities and is supported by an environmental appraisal (EA).



# 1.4 Overview of Installation(s)/Pipeline(s) Being Decommissioned

#### 1.4.1 Installation(s)

| Table 1.1: Installation(s) Being Decommissioned |        |   |                    |  |
|---|--------|---|--------------------|--|
| Field(s)  |        | Production Type<br>(Oil/Gas/Condensate) |                    |  |
| Water Depth (m)                                 |        | UKCS block                              |                    |  |
| Distance to median (km)                         |        | Distance from nearest UK coastline (km) |                    |  |
| Surface Installation(s)                         |        |   |                    |  |
| Number  | Type*  | Topsides Weight (Te)                    | Jacket Weight (Te) |  |
|   |        |   |                    |  |
| Subsea Installation(s)                          |        | Number of Wells                         |                    |  |
| Number  | Type** | Platform                                | Subsea             |  |
|   |        |   |                    |  |
| Drill Cuttings pile(s)                          |        |   |                    |  |
| Number of Piles                                 |        | Total Estimated volume (m³)             |                    |  |

<sup>\*</sup> fixed steel jacket/floating facility/FPSO/etc

<sup>\*\*</sup>template/manifold/WHPS etc

| Table 1.2: Installation(s) Section 29 Notice Holders Details |                     |                                      |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Section 29 Notice Holder(s)*                                 | Registration Number | Equity Interest (%)  If zero show 0% |
|  |                     |                                      |
|  |                     |                                      |

Any companies which are Exited companies on the Section 29 Notice should also be listed here. Do not include withdrawn companies.

#### 1.4.2 Pipeline(s)

| Table 1.3: Pipeline(s) Being Decommissioned      |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Number of Pipeline(s) Details given in Table 2.3 |  |  |

| Table 1.4: Pipeline(s) Section 29 Notice Holders Details                                |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Section 29 Notice Holder(s)*  Registration Number  Equity Interest (%)  If zero show 0% |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Please use full registered company names as recorded on Companies House.



Any companies which are Exited companies on the Section 29 Notice should also be listed here. Do not include withdrawn companies.

\* Please use full registered company names as recorded on Companies House.

# 1.5 Summary of Proposed Decommissioning Programme(s)

Complete Table 1.5, as per examples in blue below.

| Table 1.5: Summary of Decommissioning Programme(s)   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reason for Selection   | Proposed Decommissioning Solution  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Perenco subsidiary indicated that Welland installation suitable for development of new well outside UKCS waters. | Cleaned equipment refurbished for re-use where possible. Remove wholly by HLV. Equipment which cannot be re-used will be recycled or other disposal routes as appropriate.   |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves clean seabed, removes a potential obstruction to fishing operations and maximises recycling of materials  | May need to be cut at the -11m level (26m above sea-bed) to allow re-use at proposed new location. Legs will be removed with piles and cut on vessel/ barge decks or at an onshore location. Lower 26M of the jacket and piles and subsea wellhead protection frames will be transported ashore for recycling.   |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| To remove all seabed structures and leave a clear seabed   | Wellhead protection frames will be removed along with the top sections of piles. Piles for wellhead protection structures will be removed to -3 metres.  |  |  |  |
| 4. Pipelines, Flowlines & Umbilica   | ıls  |  |  |  |
| Minimal seabed disturbance,<br>lower energy usage, reduced risk<br>to personnel                                  | The 16 inch pipeline, 3inch piggyback line, three 8 inch flowlines and three 4" umbilicals will be left in situ, with the cut ends re-buried as recommended by the Fishermen's Federation. Surveys indicate pipelines and umbilicals will remain buried with flooding. Degradation will occur over a long period within seabed sediment, not expected to represent a hazard to other users of the sea.   |  |  |  |
|  | Perenco subsidiary indicated that Welland installation suitable for development of new well outside UKCS waters.  Leaves clean seabed, removes a potential obstruction to fishing operations and maximises recycling of materials  To remove all seabed structures and leave a clear seabed  4. Pipelines, Flowlines & Umbilication of the property of the pro |  |  |  |



| Abandoned in accordance with Oil & Gas UK Guidelines for the Suspension and abandonment of Wells.  | Meets OGA and HSE regulatory requirements.  | A PON5/ Portal Environmental Tracking System (PETS)/Marine Licence application under the relevant regulations will be submitted in support of works carried out. |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 6. Drill Cuttings  | 6. Drill Cuttings   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leave in place to degrade naturally.   | Cuttings pile is small, thin and widely dispersed and falls below both of OSPAR 2006/5 thresholds | Left undisturbed on seabed.  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7. Interdependencies  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Provide (as appropriate) a comment on any interactions between the different elements of the decommissioning programme e.g. drill cuttings/drilling templates etc.   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whole of jacket can be removed; cuttings pile has little influence on jacket options. Jacket piles can be cut with minimal disturbance to the thin layer of cuttings around bottoms of legs. Small amounts of sediment and |   |  |  |  |  |  |

# 1.6 Field Location Including Field Layout and Adjacent Facilities

cuttings may have to be displaced to allow pile cutting.

Figure 1.1: Field Location in UKCS

Include a figure which shows the field location in UKCS (see example)

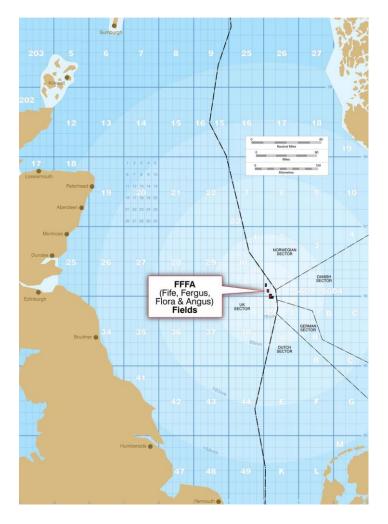
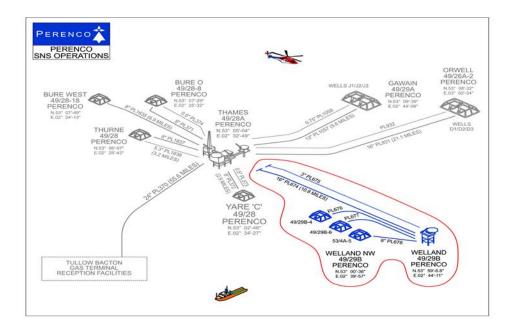


Figure 1.2: Field Layout

Insert a diagram to show the layout of the field, including subsea installation(s) (see example)



Note: Adjacent facilities refer to those potentially impacted by this programme.

Complete Table 1.6 (examples in blue below) listing any adjacent facilities (e.g. platforms, pipelines, pipeline crossings and telephone cables). Please use full company names and use pipeline numbers as per OGA PWA Consent.

|                       | Table 1.6: Adjacent Facilities |                          |                                     |  |   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Owner                 | Name                           | Туре                     | Distance/Direction                  | Information  | Status                                  |  |  |
| Perenco UK<br>Limited | Thames                         | Platform                 | 17km North West                     | Gas/liquids<br>processing, MEG<br>and control<br>system links for<br>Welland, onward<br>export to Bacton | e.g. Operational; Out-of-use; Suspended |  |  |
| Perenco UK<br>Limited | PL674                          | 16" Pipeline             | From Welland to<br>Thames (17km NW) | Crosses 2 disused cables and Sean 30" gas pipeline to Bacton   |   |  |  |
| Perenco UK<br>Limited | Gawain                         | Subsea Well<br>umbilical | 500m                                | From Gawain to<br>Thames, crosses<br>over<br>Welland/Thames<br>pipeline                                  |   |  |  |

#### **Impacts of Decommissioning Proposals**

If appropriate describe any impacts the adjacent facilities may have on the decommissioning proposals. (Suggested maximum of 50 words)

Include details in this section of decommissioning arrangements for any pipeline crossings that are impacted by the decommissioning activity.

Figure 1.3: Adjacent Facilities

Insert a diagram to show the specified adjacent facilities (see example)



# 1.7 Industrial Implications

Provide a summary describing how the contract/procurement strategy is to be undertaken. **(Suggested maximum of 250 words)** 

# 2 DESCRIPTION OF ITEMS TO BE DECOMMISSIONED

# 2.1 Installation(s): Surface Facilities (Topsides/Jacket(s)/FPSO etc.)

Complete Table 2.1 (example in blue below). Repeat for each installation in the programme. Insert N/A (not applicable) or N/D (no data) as appropriate.

|                   | Table 2.1: Surface Facilities Information |                      |                               |                |               |                        |                   |                    |                      |
|-------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
|                   |   |                      |                               |                | s/Facilities  | Jacket (if applicable) |                   |                    |                      |
| Name              | Facility<br>Type*                         | Location**           |                               | Weight<br>(Te) | No of modules | Weight<br>(Te)         | Number<br>of legs | Number<br>of piles | Weight of piles (Te) |
| Welland           | Small                                     | WGS84<br>Decimal     | 58.050772<br>0.351589         | 942            | 1             | 570                    | 3                 | 3                  | 300                  |
| South<br>Platform | fixed<br>steel                            | WGS84 Decimal Minute | 58°<br>3.046'N<br>0° 21.095'E |                |               |                        |                   |                    |                      |

<sup>\*</sup>fixed steel jacket/floating facility/FPSO etc.

# 2.2 Installation(s): Subsea including Stabilisation Features

Complete Table 2.2 Insert n/a if not applicable. See example in blue below.

| Table 2.2: Subsea Installations and Stabilisation Features |        |                         |                            |   |   |                          |  |
|--|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|--|
| Subsea installations* including Stabilisation Features     | Number | Size/Weight<br>(Te)     | Locatio                    | n**   | Comments/Status***                                      |                          |  |
| Wellheads  | 2      | 2                       | 2                          | 1 x 31.96<br>tonnes                               | WGS84<br>Decimal  | 0.351589 and will underg | Both wells are suspended and will undergo plug and |
|  |        | WGS84<br>Decimal Minute | 58° 3.046′N<br>0° 21.095′E | abandonment. Neither structure is piled to seabed |   |                          |  |
|  |        | 1 x 4.5<br>tonnes       | WGS84<br>Decimal           | 58.049972<br>0.3495                               |   |                          |  |
|  |        |                         | WGS84<br>Decimal Minute    | 58° 2.998'N<br>0° 20.970'E                        |   |                          |  |
| Manifold   | 5      | 5m 105                  | WGS84<br>Decimal           | 58.073333<br>0.436111                             | Structure is secured to the seabed by four steel piles. |                          |  |
|  |        | tonnes                  | WGS84<br>Decimal Minute    | 58° 4.400'N<br>0° 26.166'E                        |   |                          |  |
| Wellhead   | n/a    |                         |                            |   |   |                          |  |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Location to be given in both WGS84 decimal and WGS84 decimal of a minute (3 decimal places) formats.



# Offshore Petroleum Regulator for Environment & Decommissioning

| Protection<br>Structure(s)<br>(WHPS) |     |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| Concrete mattresses                  | n/a |  |  |
| Grout bags                           | n/a |  |  |
| Formwork                             | n/a |  |  |
| Frond Mats                           | n/a |  |  |
| Rock Dump                            | n/a |  |  |
| Other (describe briefly)             | n/a |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Template/manifold/WHPS/Manifold etc.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Location to be given in both WGS84 decimal and WGS84 decimal of a minute (3 decimal places) formats.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Indicate in comments/status if piled to seabed.



# 2.3 Pipelines Including Stabilisation Features

Complete Tables 2.3 and 2.4 with details of pipelines, flowlines and umbilicals. Please use pipeline details as per OGA PWA consent.

Note – Structures including SSIV's, SDU'S and other similar subsea structures which have been captured in the relevant PWA documentation as components of the pipeline system should be listed in the relevant pipelines sections and tables of the decommissioning programme. As these are substantial structures full removal is required. For such structures please include a brief sentence or footnote to the Subsea Installation section of the DP i.e. Section 3.3 to note that X subsea structure associated with the X pipeline system will be fully removed to shore.

|  | Table 2.3: Pipeline/Flowline/Umbilical Information |                      |                |   |                                  |   |                                  |                                 |                                 |
|--|--|----------------------|----------------|---|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Description                                | Pipeline<br>Number<br>(as per PWA)                 | Diameter<br>(inches) | Length<br>(km) | Description of<br>Component<br>Parts <sup>1</sup> | Product<br>Conveyed <sup>2</sup> | From – To<br>End Points                             | Burial Status <sup>3</sup>       | Pipeline<br>Status <sup>4</sup> | Current<br>Content <sup>5</sup> |
| Export line                                | PL674  | 16"                  | 17.5           | Concrete coated steel                             | Gas                              | Welland South Platform – SSIV on Thames AW Platform | Trenched with 7m section exposed | Operational                     | Hydrocarbon                     |
| MEG line                                   | PL675  | 3"                   | 17.5           | Composite<br>Flexible                             | Chemicals                        | Thames AW Platform –<br>Welland South Platform      | Surface laid<br>No free spans    | Operational                     | Chemicals                       |
| Well 2 Subsea flowline                     | PL678  | 8"                   | 4.2            | Concrete coated steel                             | Gas                              | Well-53/04a- 5 –<br>Welland South Platform          | Trenched and buried              | Operational                     | Hydrocarbon                     |
| Well 2 Subsea control umbilical & MEG line | PL681  | 4"/0.75"             | 4.2            | Composite<br>Flexible                             | Chemicals                        | Welland South Platform - Well-53/04a- 5             | Trenched and buried              | IPR                             | Chemicals                       |
| FTP  | FEPA Exempt  |                      | 0.17           | Composite<br>Flexible                             |                                  | DC1 – U61R  |                                  | Out of Use                      |                                 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> e.g. Concrete; Steel; Umbilical; Flexible; Bundle

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> e.g. Oil; Gas; Water; Chemicals

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> e.g. Laid on seabed; Trenched; Trenched and Buried; Spanning

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> e.g. Operational; Out-of-use; Interim Pipeline Regime (IPR)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> e.g. Cleaned; Flushed; Hydrocarbons and/or Chemicals in line

| Table 2.4: Subsea Pipeline Stabilisation Features |                     |               |                                     |  |
|---|---------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Stabilisation Feature                             | <b>Total Number</b> | Weight (Te)   | Location(s)                         | Exposed/Buried/Condition                                       |
| Concrete mattresses                               | 5                   | 6 tonnes each | At PL123 and PL456 crossing points. | Exposed  |
|   |                     |               |                                     | Can only be recovered when cross over lines are decommissioned |
| Grout bags  | 80                  | 25kg each     | Around the subsea tee piece         | Exposed  |
| Formwork  | n/a                 |               |                                     |  |
| Frond Mats  | n/a                 |               |                                     |  |
| Rock Dump   | n/a                 | 2000          | 2 Locations on PL674                |  |
| Other (describe briefly)                          | n/a                 |               |                                     |  |

#### 2.4 Wells

Complete Table 2.5 (examples in blue below)

| Table 2.5: Well Information |                          |                   |                  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Platform Wells              | Designation <sup>1</sup> | Status            | Category of Well |  |  |
| 16/03a-E18 (East)           | Gas Condensate Producer  | Suspended         | PL 4-3-3         |  |  |
| 49/9b-W1                    | Gas Production           | Shut-in           | PL 2-1-1         |  |  |
| 211/19a-M56                 | Water Injection          | Producing         | PL 2-1-3         |  |  |
| 211/23-A34                  | Oil Producer             | Phase 1 Abandoned | PL-0-4-3         |  |  |
| Subsea Wells                |                          |                   |                  |  |  |
| 16/03b-08y (Braemar)        | Gas Condensate Producer  | Producing         | SS 3-3-3         |  |  |
| 11/30a-C1                   | Water Injection          | Abandoned         | SS 3-4-3         |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> e.g. Production; Injection; Oil; Gas

For details of well categorisation see OGUK Guidelines for the Suspension or Abandonment of Wells. Issue 5, July 2015.

# 2.5 Drill Cuttings

(See Section 3.7 for further information)

Complete Table 2.6 for each cuttings pile (examples in blue below)

| Table 2.6: Drill Cuttings Pile(s) Information |                  |                                   |  |  |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Location of Pile Centre (Latitude/Longitude)  | Seabed Area (m²) | Estimated volume of cuttings (m³) |  |  |
| Schiehallion Central                          | 8371             | 11352                             |  |  |
| Schiehallion West                             | 6731             | 7224                              |  |  |
| Schiehallion North                            | 4476             | 1548                              |  |  |
| Loyal   | 5501             | 4128                              |  |  |

# 2.6 Inventory Estimates

Provide a table or graph (see pie chart example shown) giving the inventory estimates for the decommissioning programme(s) contained in this document. Refer to tables or data in the supporting Environmental Appraisal. Please list the inventories in both tonnage and percentage.

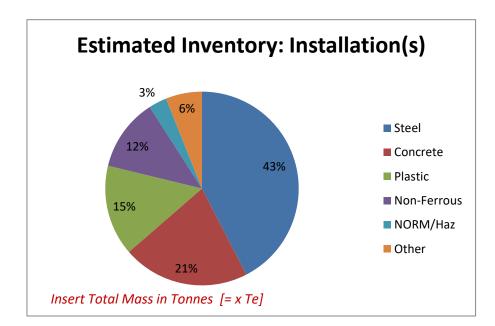


Figure 2.1: Pie Chart of Estimated Inventories (Installations)

Reference the Environmental Statement for detailed data. NORM/Hazardous Waste - reference the supporting evidence in EA.

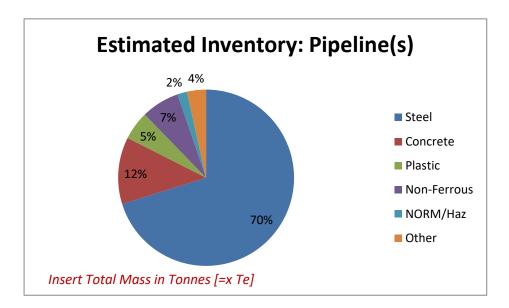


Figure 2.2: Pie Chart of Estimated Inventory (Pipelines)

Reference the Environmental Statement for detailed data NORM/Hazardous Waste – reference the supporting evidence in EA.

# 3 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL METHODS

In line with the waste hierarchy, the re-use of an installation (or parts thereof) is first in the order of preferred decommissioning options. OPRED is keen to encourage the re-use of facilities wherever this is practical and will expect the decommissioning programme(s) to demonstrate that the potential for re-use has been examined fully.

The programme(s) should therefore include a statement of how the principles of the waste hierarchy will be met, including the extent to which the installation(s) (or parts thereof) will be reused, recycled or scrapped. (Suggested maximum 250 words)

#### 3.1 Topsides

#### 3.1.1 Topsides Decommissioning Overview

Indicate N/A if no topsides. Briefly describe the topsides and decommissioning methodology (see example in blue below). Insert a diagram to illustrate. **Repeat for each topside in the programme(s)**. Note: For floating facilities, provide a brief description of the decommissioning method. (Suggested maximum 150 words)

**Topsides Description:** The Welland Topside Structure comprises three levels and weighs 942 Te. The lower level is the cellar deck with process, hydraulic pressure equipment and wells. The 20m x 14m main deck supports the control room, generation and temporary accommodation facilities with a pedestal crane and vent boom. The main deck is 25.6m above sea level. A helideck is located at the upper level.

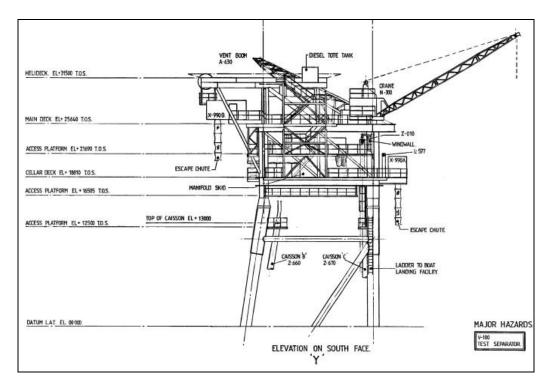


Figure 3.1: Diagram of Topsides

**Preparation/Cleaning:** Outline in Table 3.1 the methods that will be used to flush, purge or clean the topsides offshore, <u>prior to removal to shore</u>, (see examples in <u>blue</u> below).

| Table 3.1: Cleaning of Topsides for Removal |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Waste Type                                  | Composition of Waste  | Disposal Route   |  |  |  |
| Onboard hydrocarbons                        | Process fluids, fuels and lubricants  | Drained and transported ashore for re-<br>use/disposal   |  |  |  |
| Other hazardous materials                   | NORM, LSA Scale, any radioactive material, instruments containing heavy metals, batteries | Transported ashore for re-use/disposal by appropriate methods  |  |  |  |
| Original paint coating                      | Lead-based paint  | May give off toxic fumes / dust if flame-cutting or grinding/blasting is used so appropriate safety measures will be taken |  |  |  |
| Asbestos and Ceramic Fibre                  |   | Appropriate control and management will be enforced  |  |  |  |

**Removal Methods:** Topsides must be completely removed and returned to shore. Possible methods should be outlined in Table 3.2 (see examples in blue below). Tick which methods you are considering for topsides decommissioning. Then briefly describe those applicable to your project.

| Table 3.2: Topsi   | Table 3.2: Topsides Removal Methods   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1) HLV (semi-submersible crane vessel) $\Box$ 2) SLV $\Box$                              | 3) Piece small  |  |  |  |
| Method   | Description   |  |  |  |
| Single lift removal by SLV/HLV   | Removal of topsides as complete units and transportation to shore for re-use of selected equipment, recycling, break up, and/or disposal  |  |  |  |
| Modular removal and re-use/recycle by HLV  | Removal of parts/modules of Topsides for transportation and reuse in alternate location(s) and/or recycling/disposal  |  |  |  |
| Offshore removal 'piece small' for onshore reuse/disposal                                | Removal of topsides by breaking up offshore and transporting to shore using work barge. Items will then be sorted for re-use, recycling or disposal   |  |  |  |
| Proposed removal method and disposal route (Make sure this section appears in BOLD font) | State the method you propose for removing and disposing of the topsides, recognising any potential issues regarding trans-frontier shipment of waste.  Highlight if more than one option is being carried forward into competitive tendering. If applicable add the phrase – "A final decision on decommissioning method will be made following a commercial tendering process." (Suggested maximum of 50 words). |  |  |  |



# 3.2 Jacket(s)

#### 3.2.1 Jacket Decommissioning Overview

Indicate N/A if no Jacket. Provide an overview of the Jacket(s) Decommissioning methods. See example in blue below. Outline any special considerations affecting the options. Insert a diagram to illustrate. Repeat for each jacket in the programme(s). (Suggested maximum 150 words)

The jacket legs may need to be cut at the -11m level (26m above sea-bed) to allow re-use of the topsides by a Perenco subsidiary at a proposed new location. Although the full engineering process is not yet finalised, it is envisaged that the Legs will be removed with piles in completeness and then cut on the vessel/barge decks or at an onshore location to the required length. The lower 26m of the jacket and piles and the subsea wellhead protection frames will be transported ashore for recycling.

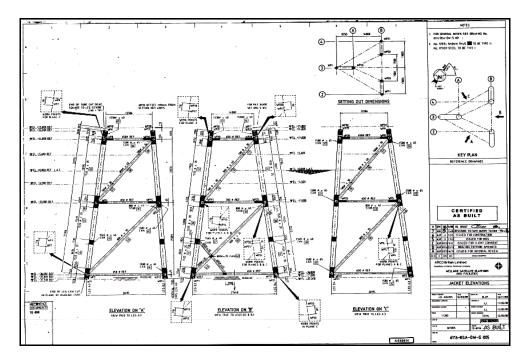


Figure 3.2: Jacket Elevation

#### 3.2.2 Jacket Removal Methods

Tick the different methods that you are considering for the removal and disposal of the jacket. Complete Table 3.3 (examples in blue below) to describe how the jacket would be removed completely and returned to shore. Any piles should be severed below the natural seabed level at such a depth to ensure that any remains are unlikely to become uncovered. Operators should aim to achieve a cut depth of 3m below the natural seabed level, however consideration will be given to the prevailing seabed conditions which should be detailed below.

| Table 3.3: Jack  | et Removal Methods   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1) HLV (semi-submersible crane vessel) $\Box$ 2) SLV $\Box$                              | 1) HLV (semi-submersible crane vessel) $\square$ 2) SLV $\square$ 3) Piece small $\square$ 4) Other ( <i>describe briefly)</i>   |  |  |  |
| Method   | Description  |  |  |  |
| Single lift removal by SLV/HLV   | Removal of topsides as complete units and transportation to shore for re-use of selected equipment, recycling, break up, and/or disposal   |  |  |  |
| Modular removal and re-use/recycle by HLV  | Removal of parts/modules of Topsides for transportation and reuse in alternate location(s) and/or recycling/disposal   |  |  |  |
| Offshore removal 'piece small' for onshore reuse/disposal                                | Removal of topsides by breaking up offshore and transporting to shore using work barge. Items will then be sorted for re-use, recycling or disposal  |  |  |  |
| Proposed removal method and disposal route (Make sure this section appears in BOLD font) | State the method you propose for removing and disposing of the topsides, recognising any potential issues regarding trans-frontier shipment of waste.  E.g. All necessary permits and consents required for trans-frontier shipments of waste will be in place prior to leaving UK waters. |  |  |  |
|  | Highlight if more than one option is being carried forward into competitive tendering. If applicable add the phrase – "A final decision on decommissioning method will be made following a commercial tendering process." (Suggested maximum of 50 words).                                 |  |  |  |

# 3.3 Subsea Installation(s) and Stabilisation Feature(s)

Outline in Table 3.4 how the items will be decommissioned (examples in blue below). If mattresses are buried to a minimum depth of 0.6m below the seabed, OPRED would consider a proposal in the form of a comparative assessment to leave the mattresses in situ (robust evidence of the mattress burial status should be submitted with the comparative assessment). It is expected that mattresses buried to less than 0.6m below the seabed are recovered to shore.

| Table 3.4: Subsea Installation(s) and Stabilisation Feature(s) Decommissioning Options |        |        |                                |  |
|--|--------|--------|--------------------------------|--|
| Subsea installation(s)<br>and stabilisation<br>feature(s)                              | Number | Option | Disposal Route (if applicable) |  |



| Wellhead(s)              | 2      | Full recovery as part of MODU campaign to P&A wells   | Return to shore for reuse or recycling          |
|--------------------------|--------|---|---|
| Manifold(s)              | 1      | Full recovery   | Return to shore for reuse or recycling          |
| Template(s)              |        |   |   |
| Protection Frame(s)      |        |   |   |
| Concrete mattresses      | 200 20 | Full recovery It is intended that the mattresses will be recovered to shore, however in the event of practical difficulties during the removal execution, OPRED will be consulted and an alternative method of decommissioning will be examined through a comparative assessment. | Recover to shore  Transport ashore for disposal |
| Grout bags               |        |   |   |
| Formwork                 |        |   |   |
| Frond Mats               |        |   |   |
| Rock Dump                |        |   |   |
| Other (describe briefly) |        |   |   |

# 3.4 Pipelines

**Decommissioning Options:** In Table 3.5 summarise the pipeline(s) or pipeline groups that fall within the decommissioning programme. (See examples in blue below). Include a cross reference to Table 2.3. Remedial rock-dump is not OPRED's preferred decommissioning solution and should only be selected following discussion with OPRED and if a comparative assessment shows this is the best outcome and other options are not feasible.

#### \*Key to Options:

1) Remove - reverse reeling 2) Remove - Reverse S lay 3) Trench and bury 4) Remedial removal 5) Remedial trenching 6) Partial Removal

| Table 3.5: Pipeline or Pipeline Groups Decommissioning Options |  |   |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Pipeline or Group (as per PWA)                                 | Condition of line/group<br>(Surface laid/trenched/<br>buried/spanning) | Whole or part of pipeline/group   | Decommissioning options* considered   |  |  |
| PLX  | Untrenched   | Part. Section within<br>500m zone of the<br>Thames AW platform<br>will be decommissioned<br>at a later date | Show which options are being considered by inserting relevant number(s) from the list above i.e.  1,3,6 |  |  |
| PLXX, PLXXX  | Trenched, buried   | Whole of pipelines  | 2,5,9   |  |  |

**Comparative Assessment Method:** Briefly outline the method used to undertake a Comparative Assessment in line with the requirements of OPRED Guidelines. Cross reference to Comparative Assessment document. (Suggested maximum of 100 words)

**Outcome of Comparative Assessment:** Produce a table similar to example in Table 3.6 below for each pipeline or pipeline group, summarising the outcome of the Comparative Assessment. Identify the recommended option, and briefly present your justification for this recommendation. Cross-reference any separate Comparative Assessment document. **Repeat for each pipeline/pipeline group** 

| Table 3.6: Outcome of Comparative Assessment                      |          |   |  |  |
|---|----------|---|--|--|
| Pipeline or Group (as per PWA)  Recommended Option* Justification |          |   |  |  |
| PLX   | Option 3 | Line condition made lifting impractical; burial will remove snagging risk for fishermen |  |  |
| PLXX, PLXXX   | Option 9 | Already trenched and buried to 0.7m, stable, no snagging hazards                        |  |  |

# 3.5 Pipeline Stabilisation Feature(s)

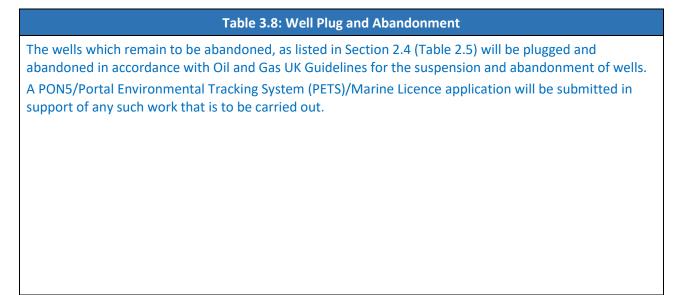
Outline in Table 3.7 how the items will be decommissioned (examples in blue below). If mattresses are buried to a minimum depth of 0.6m below the seabed, OPRED would consider a proposal in the form of a comparative assessment to leave the mattresses in situ (robust evidence of the mattress burial status should be submitted with the comparative assessment). It is expected that mattresses buried to less than 0.6m below the seabed are recovered to shore.

|                          | Table 3.7: Pipeline Stabilisation Feature(s) |   |                                   |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Stabilisation feature(s) | Number                                       | Option  | Disposal Route (if applicable)    |  |  |  |
| Concrete mattresses      | 200  | Full recovery   | Recover to shore                  |  |  |  |
|                          | 5  | To remain in situ until pipeline crossings decommissioned   | n/a                               |  |  |  |
|                          | 20   | It is intended that the mattresses will be recovered to shore, however in the event of practical difficulties during the removal execution, OPRED will be consulted and an alternative method of decommissioning will be examined through a comparative assessment. | Transport ashore for disposal     |  |  |  |
| Grout bags               | 80   | Full recovery   | To shore for disposal in landfill |  |  |  |
| Formwork                 | _  |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Frond Mats               |  |   |                                   |  |  |  |
| Rock Dump (Te)           | 2000Te                                       | To remain in place  | n/a                               |  |  |  |



#### 3.6 Wells

Provide a short statement, similar to the example in <u>blue</u> below, to indicate your approach to well plug and abandonment. (Suggested maximum of 150 words)





# 3.7 Drill Cuttings

**Drill Cuttings Decommissioning Options:** OSPAR recommendation 2006/5 has indicated that if the oil release rate from a cuttings pile is less than 10Te/yr and the area persistence is less than 500 km²years then the best environmental option for the management of the pile is to leave it in place undisturbed to degrade naturally. Complete Table 3.9 to give details of each of the drill cuttings pile(s). Repeat for each pile and delete or add extra columns as appropriate. Note any interactions between the cuttings pile(s) and jacket removal.

| Table 3.9: Drill Cuttings Decommissioning Options                                    |                        |            |           |             |        |
|--|------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| How many drill cuttings piles are prese  | ent?                   |            |           |             |        |
| Tick options examined:   |                        |            |           |             |        |
| ☐Remove and re-inject  | ☐Leave in place        |            | Cover     |             |        |
| ☐Relocate on seabed  | ☐Remove and treat onsh | nore 🗆 🗆 🛭 | Remove an | d treat off | shore  |
| □Other (describe briefly)  |                        |            |           |             |        |
| Review of Pile characteristics   |                        | Pile 1     | Pile 2    | Pile 3      | Pile 4 |
| How has the cuttings pile been screene exercise/actual samples taken) – <i>delet</i> | •                      | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |
| Dates of sampling (if applicable)  |                        |            |           |             |        |
| Sampling to be included in pre-decommissioning survey?                               |                        | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |
| Does it fall below both OSPAR thresholds?  |                        | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |
| Will the drill cuttings pile have to be displaced in order to remove the jacket?     |                        | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |
| What quantity (m³) would have to be of   | displaced/removed?     |            |           |             |        |
| Will the drill cuttings pile have to be di remove any pipelines?                     | isplaced in order to   | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |
| What quantity (m³) would have to be of   | displaced/removed?     |            |           |             |        |
| Have you carried out a Comparative Assessment of options for the Cuttings Pile?      |                        | Y/N        | Y/N       | Y/N         | Y/N    |

**Comparative Assessment Method:** Briefly outline the method used to undertake a Comparative Assessment in line with requirements of OSPAR recommendation 2006/5 (if applicable). Cross reference to the Comparative Assessment document. **(Suggested maximum of 100 words)** 

**Outcome of Comparative Assessment:** Provide a brief summary of the outcome of the Comparative Assessment for each cuttings pile and of the proposed action to deal with the pile. **(Suggested maximum of 100 words for each pile)** 



#### 3.8 Waste Streams

Provide a summary in Table 3.10 (similar to example in blue below) describing how the main waste streams arising from the proposed programme(s) would be managed. If applicable, recognise any potential issues regarding the trans-frontier shipment of waste. Also, complete Table 3.11 detailing the planned final disposition of the inventories from the installation(s) and pipeline(s).

| 1  | Table 3.10: Waste Stream Management Methods   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Waste Stream Removal and Disposal method |   |  |  |  |
| Bulk liquids                             | Removed from vessels and transported to shore. Vessels, pipework and sumps will be drained prior to removal to shore and shipped in accordance with maritime transportation guidelines. Further cleaning and decontamination will take place onshore prior to recycling / re-use. |  |  |  |
| Marine growth                            | Removed onshore. Disposed of according to guidelines.   |  |  |  |
| NORM/LSA Scale                           | NORM may be partially removed offshore under appropriate permit.  |  |  |  |
| Asbestos                                 | Will be contained and taken onshore for disposal.   |  |  |  |
| Other hazardous wastes                   | Will be recovered to shore and disposed of under appropriate permit.  |  |  |  |
| Onshore Dismantling sites                | Appropriate licenced sites will be selected. Facility chosen by removal contractor must demonstrate proven disposal track record and waste stream management throughout the deconstruction process and demonstrate their ability to deliver innovative recycling options.         |  |  |  |

| Table 3.11: Inventory Disposition  |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Total Inventory Tonnage Planned tonnage to shore Planned left <i>in situ</i> |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installations  | Installations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pipelines Pipelines  |               |  |  |  |  |  |

Include a statement/graph/table giving your aspirations for the percentages of materials recovered to shore that will be reused, recycled or disposed of to landfill. Refer to the appropriate sections of the EA to provide additional detail. (Suggested maximum of 100 words)



# 4 ENVIRONMENTAL APPRAISAL OVERVIEW

# 4.1 Environmental Sensitivities (Summary)

Complete Table 4.1 to describe the important/sensitive features of the receiving environment(s) in the area(s) in which the decommissioning activities will take place. Reference details in the EA, which should be cited as a supporting document. (Discuss with OPRED whether an area- or a field-specific EA is required). (Suggested maximum of 100 words for each section)

| Table 4.1: Environmental Sensitivities |               |  |  |
|--|---------------|--|--|
| Environmental Receptor                 | Main Features |  |  |
| Conservation interests                 |               |  |  |
| Seabed                                 |               |  |  |
| Fish                                   |               |  |  |
| Fisheries                              |               |  |  |
| Marine Mammals                         |               |  |  |
| Birds                                  |               |  |  |
| Onshore Communities                    |               |  |  |
| Other Users of the Sea                 |               |  |  |
| Atmosphere                             |               |  |  |



# 4.2 Potential Environmental Impacts and their Management

#### **Environmental Impact Assessment Summary:**

Provide a summary of the main impacts identified in the EA, taking into account feedback from consultees - see example in blue below. (Suggested maximum of 250 words)

**Overview:** Although there is expected to be some environmental impact during the decommissioning of the Welland infrastructure (53/4a, 49/28a and 49/29b), long term environmental impacts from the decommissioning operations are expected to be negligible. In addition, incremental cumulative impacts and transboundary effects associated with the planned decommissioning operations are expected to be negligible. There will be no planned use of explosives during these activities. We acknowledge that there will be a requirement for an environmental protection plan to be produced and submitted to OPRED should this plan change.

Complete Table 4.2 identifying the main environmental impacts associated with decommissioning each of the facilities and summarising how these impacts will be managed. (Suggested maximum of 100 words for each section)

| Table 4.2: Environmental Impact Management |              |            |  |  |
|--|--------------|------------|--|--|
| Activity                                   | Main Impacts | Management |  |  |
| Topsides Removal                           |              |            |  |  |
| Jacket(s)/Floating Facility Removal        |              |            |  |  |
| Subsea Installation(s) Removal             |              |            |  |  |
| Decommissioning Pipelines                  |              |            |  |  |
| Decommissioning Stabilisation Features     |              |            |  |  |
| Decommissioning Drill Cuttings             |              |            |  |  |



# 5 <u>INTERESTED PARTY CONSULTATIONS</u>

Consultations Summary: (This section should be updated when the statutory consultation phase is completed)

- 1) Informal Stakeholder Consultations Include a brief summaries of other consultations you have undertaken to date and reference any supporting documents. Under "Response" indicate how stakeholder concerns have been addressed and/or influenced your decision-making process. Updates should be provided to OPRED as consultations progress.
- 2) Statutory Consultations To be completed after public consultation. Summarise key comments received to date from statutory consultees (similar to example in blue below). Provide copies of the public notice and correspondence from statutory consultees as an Appendix.

| Table 5.1: Summary of Stakeholder Comments       |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Who  | Comment  | Response  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Informal Stakeholder Consultations   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Statutory Consultations  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| National Federation of Fishermen's Organisations | "Dismantling process presents an ongoing danger to fishermen Perenco must ensure arrangement in place which updates risk assessment" | Regular risk assessments to be agreed and discussed with NFFO |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scottish Fishermen's<br>Federation               |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Northern Irish Fish Producers<br>Organisation    |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Global Marine Systems Limited                    |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |



# 6 PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT

# 6.1 Project Management and Verification

Provide a summary of the project management/verification which will be undertaken, similar to the example in blue below. (Suggested maximum of 100 words)

A Project Management team will be appointed to manage suitable sub-contractors for the removal of the installation. Standard procedures for operational control and hazard identification and management will be used. Where possible the work will be coordinated with other decommissioning operations in the SNS. The Management team will monitor and track the process of consents and the consultations required as part of this process. Any changes in detail to the offshore removal programme will be discussed and agreed with OPRED.

# 6.2 Post-Decommissioning Debris Clearance and Verification

This should detail proposals for identification and removal of oil and gas debris following decommissioning works. Include a statement similar to the example in <u>blue</u> below. See OPRED Guidance Notes for further details on post-decommissioning requirements. (<u>Suggested maximum of 100 words</u>)

A post decommissioning site survey will be carried out around a 500m radius of installation sites and a 100m corridor (50m either side) along each existing pipeline route to identify any debris. Any seabed debris related to offshore oil and gas activities will be recovered for onshore disposal or recycling in line with existing disposal methods. Independent verification of seabed state will be obtained by trawling the installation sites and pipeline corridors. This will be followed by a statement of clearance to all relevant governmental departments and non-governmental organisations.

Please make reference to any existing PON2 submissions if applicable.

#### 6.3 Schedule

**Project Plan:** Insert a Gantt chart version of the simplified project plan, with key dates and defined milestones, as per example below.

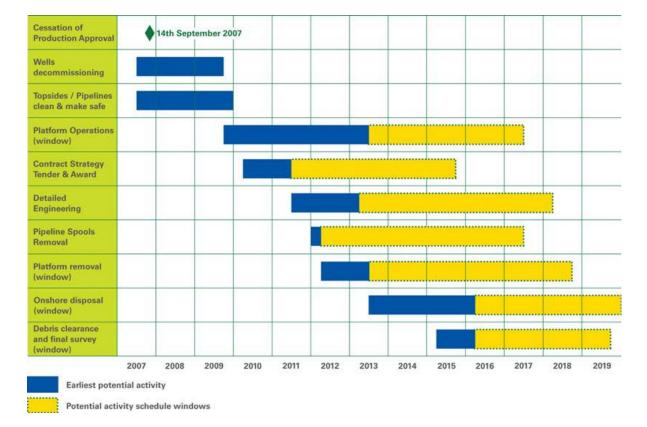
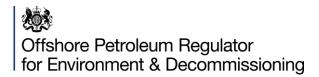


Figure 6.1: Gantt Chart of Project Plan

#### 6.4 Costs

This should include an overall cost estimate in GBP sterling of the preferred decommissioning option. The estimate should be broken down to reflect the different activities, preferably in accordance with the 'Element Level' of the Oil & Gas UK Decommissioning Cost Estimating Guidelines, work breakdown structure. Cost detail will be kept confidential with a separate programme including costs provide to OPRED.

| Table 6.1: Provisional Decommissioning Programme(s) costs                    |                     |  |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Item   | Estimated Cost (£m) |  |  |
| Platform(s)/Jacket(s) - Preparation/Removal and Disposal                     | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |
| Pipeline(s) Decommissioning  | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |
| Subsea Installation(s) and Stabilisation Feature(s)                          | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |
| Well Abandonment   | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |
| Continuing Liability – Future Pipeline and Environmental Survey Requirements | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |
| TOTAL  | Provided to OPRED   |  |  |



#### 6.5 Close Out

Include a statement similar to the example in blue below. (Suggested maximum of 100 words)

In accordance with the OPRED Guidelines, a close out report will be submitted to OPRED within 1 year of the completion of the offshore decommissioning scope including debris clearance, verification of seabed clearance and the first post-decommissioning environmental survey. The report will detail the outcomes of surveys as well as explain any major variances from the programme.

# 6.6 Post-Decommissioning Monitoring and Evaluation

Provide a statement, similar to the example in <u>blue</u> below, which details your proposed monitoring and evaluation programme. See OPRED Guidance Notes for further details. (<u>Suggested maximum of 100 words</u>)

A post decommissioning environmental seabed survey, centred around sites of the wellheads and installations, will be carried out. The survey will focus on chemical and physical disturbances of the decommissioning and be compared with the pre decommissioning survey. Results of this survey will be available once the work is complete, with a copy forwarded to OPRED. All pipeline routes and installation sites will be the subject of surveys when decommissioning activity has concluded. After the surveys have been sent to OPRED and reviewed, a risk based post monitoring survey regime will be agreed by both parties. Typically, a minimum of two post decommissioning environmental surveys and structural pipeline surveys are expected.



# 7 **SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS**

Provide a list of supporting documents (and supporting diagrams, graphics or other material) that you have referenced in the programme(s) which are not presented in the Appendices. See examples in blue below.

| Table 7.1: Supporting Documents |                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Document<br>Number              | Title                   |
| 1                               | Environmental Appraisal |
| 2                               | Comparative Assessment  |
|                                 |                         |

For latest document versions provide a web link for all stakeholder/interested parties (or access to other document control mechanism).



# 8 PARTNER LETTER(S) OF SUPPORT

Copies of letter(s) of support from current equity holders in the field should be provided here. Originals should be submitted with final version of the Programme(s).