Syndromic surveillance national summary:

**Reporting week: 17 September to 23 September 2018**

During week 38 there were further increases in asthma and difficulty breathing, particularly in children, in line with seasonal expectations.

Remote Health Advice:

Cough calls continued to increase in week 38 in line with seasonal expectations, notably in the under 15 years age groups (figure 4, 4a).

GP In Hours:

GP consultations for asthma in children aged 1-4 and 5-14 years continued to increase during week 38 in line with seasonal expectations (figure 10a).

Emergency Department:

ED attendances for acute respiratory infection increased slightly during week 38 (figure 8).

GP Out of Hours:

During week 38 there were further increases in GP consultations for difficulty breathing/wheeze/asthma in children aged 1 to 14 years (figure 5a).

RCGP Weekly Returns Service:

Click here to access reports from the RCGP website [external link]
Syndromic surveillance summary notes

- Key messages are provided from each individual system.
- The different syndromic surveillance systems in operation within PHE access data from different areas of the national health care system.
- Each system is able to monitor a different selection of syndromic indicators based upon a different case mix of patients.
- Access to the full version of each syndromic surveillance bulletin is available through the Syndromic Surveillance website found at: [https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses](https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses); reports will be made available on Thursday afternoons.

Remote Health Advice

A remote health advice syndromic surveillance system that monitors syndromic calls from remote health advice services e.g. NHS 111 each day across England

GP In-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System

A large UK-based general practitioner surveillance system monitoring daily consultations for a range of clinical syndromic indicators

Emergency Department Syndromic Surveillance System (EDSSS)

A national ED network across England monitoring daily attendances and presenting symptoms/diagnoses

GP Out-of-Hours Syndromic Surveillance System (GPOOHS)

A syndromic surveillance system monitoring daily GP out-of-hours activity and unscheduled care across England using a range of clinical syndromic indicators

RCGP Weekly Returns Service (RCGP WRS)

A sentinel GP surveillance network covering England and Wales monitoring weekly consultations for a range of clinical indicators. This surveillance system is coordinated by the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre

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- Participating EDSSS emergency departments
- College of Emergency Medicine
- Advanced Health & Care and the participating OOH service providers
- QSurveillance®, University of Nottingham; EMIS/EMIS practices; ClinRisk®
- TPP, ResearchOne and participating SystmOne GP practices

Contact ReSST:
syndromic.surveillance@phe.gov.uk

PHE Real-time Syndromic Surveillance Team

Public Health England, 6th Floor, 5 St Philip’s Place, Birmingham, B3 2PW

Tel: 0344 225 3560 > Option 4 > Option 2