ED attendances for respiratory conditions, particularly bronchiolitis and asthma increased during week 37 (figures 4 & 7).

The national EDSSS, based on the newly introduced NHS England Emergency Care Data Set, is still under development and reports only from April 2018. Future bulletins will include further epidemiological analyses and, where possible, baselines constructed using previous surveillance data from the sentinel EDSSS (up to March 2018).

This bulletin only includes Type 1 EDs reporting with sufficient timeliness and frequency for weekly analysis. Full details of inclusion criteria can be found on page 6.

Diagnostic indicators at a glance:
Further details on the syndromic indicators reported can be found on page 6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Current trend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory</td>
<td>increasing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Respiratory Infection</td>
<td>increasing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bronchiolitis</td>
<td>increasing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza-like Illness</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumonia</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma</td>
<td>increasing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastrointestinal</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastroenteritis</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cardiac</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myocardial Ischaemia</td>
<td>no trend</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1: Total attendances.
Daily number of total attendances recorded, across the EDSSS network.

The entry of new ED(s) is marked by a vertical red line (see page 6 for inclusion criteria).

2: Respiratory.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as respiratory attendances across the EDSSS network.

3: Acute Respiratory Infection.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as acute respiratory infection attendances across the EDSSS network.
4: Bronchiolitis.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as bronchiolitis/acute bronchitis attendances across the EDSSS network.

5: Influenza-like illness.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as influenza-like illness attendances across the EDSSS network.

6: Pneumonia.

Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as pneumonia attendances across the EDSSS network.
7: Asthma.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as asthma/wheeze/difficulty breathing attendances across the EDSSS network.

8: Gastrointestinal.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as gastrointestinal attendances across the EDSSS network.

9: Gastroenteritis
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as gastroenteritis attendances across the EDSSS network.
10: Cardiac.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as cardiac attendances across the EDSSS network.

11: Myocardial Ischaemia.
Daily percentage of all attendances recorded as myocardial ischaemia attendances across the EDSSS network.

12: Intentionally left blank
National EDSSS began operating in April 2018
Following the introduction of the Emergency Care Data Set (ECDS) the national reporting of secondary care activity data through the commissioning data sets mechanism from EDs to NHS Digital became a daily feed:
https://www.england.nhs.uk/ourwork/tds/ec-data-set/
EDSSS receives an automated daily transfer of anonymised ED data from NHS Digital
The number of EDs reporting through ECDS continues to increase
Not all EDs currently provide data through ECDS on a daily basis
EDs are eligible for inclusion in this report only where the weekly EDSSS reporting criteria have been met during the surveillance week reported:
Data relates to attendances at a type 1 ED
Data for 4 of the 7 days was received by PHE
Data for those days was received within 2 calendar days of the patient arrival
Where an ED meets these criteria, all data received from that ED previous to the current surveillance week is included.
EDs eligible for inclusion is likely to change each week, which will in turn affect the historical data inclusion
Individual EDs will not be identified in syndromic surveillance reporting in these bulletins
All EDs report diagnoses to EDSSS using SnomedCT codes. Where Snomed codes are not used the ED is excluded from indicator analysis
The syndromic indicators presented in this bulletin are based on the SnomedCT diagnosis codes reported by EDs:
Respiratory: All respiratory diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious).
    Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): All acute infectious respiratory diseases.
    Asthma: As indicated by title.
    Bronchiolitis/ bronchitis: As indicated by title (excluding ‘chronic’).
    Influenza-like Illness (ILI): As indicated by title.
    Pneumonia: As indicated by title.
Gastrointestinal: All gastrointestinal diseases and conditions (infectious and non infectious).
    Gastroenteritis: All infectious gastrointestinal diseases.
Cardiac: All cardiac conditions.
    Myocardial Ischaemia: All ischaemic heart disease.
Sentinel EDSSS 2010 to March 2018, collected data through a bespoke, voluntary network of EDs across England and Northern Ireland
Sentinel EDSSS reports be found in bulletins up to and including week 13 2018:

We are grateful to the clinicians in each ED and other staff within each Trust for their continued involvement in the EDSSS.
We thank the Royal College of Emergency Medicine, NHS Digital and NHS England for their support in the development of national EDSSS, using anonymised data collection from ECDS.