



Protected zones, and plants which must have passports in protected zones

Plants, etc. which can be carriers of pests relevant to certain protected zones

These additional requirements apply to movements of specified plants into and within protected zones. Please check other appendices for details of ordinary plant passports that may be needed for other movements.

Everyone has a responsibility to ensure that the named organisms are not moved into the protected zones irrespective of whether passports are required. All entries are for plants intended for planting (excluding fruit and seeds) unless otherwise specified.

Remember: there may be different plant passporting requirements for other Member States. The Channel Islands, the Isle of Man and the Republic of Ireland, for example, require a plant passport for retail sales of fireblight hosts even down to the final consumer. Please contact your local PHSI for further details.

Harmful organisms + host genera	Protected zones: territory of
(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development:	
ZP-a1 <i>Anthonomus grandis</i> (Boll weevil) <i>Seeds and fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp. and unginned cotton</i>	Greece, Spain (Andalusia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
ZP-a2 <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) (Tobacco whitefly) <i>Plants for planting of Begonia, Dipladenia, Euphorbia pulcherrima, Ficus, Hibiscus, Mandevilla, Nerium oleander.</i>	Ireland, Portugal (Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho and Trás-os-Montes), Sweden, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a3 <i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> (European web spinning larch sawfly) <i>Plants for planting of Larix</i>	Ireland, <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)</u>
ZP-a3.1 <i>Daktulosphaira vitifoliae</i> (Grape phylloxera) <i>Plants for planting of Vitis (including fruit)</i>	Cyprus
ZP-a4 <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> (Large spruce beetle) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus and Pseudotsuga over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, Greece, <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)</u>
ZP-a4.1 <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> (Oriental chestnut gall wasp) <i>Plants for planting of Castanea not plants in tissue culture, fruit and seed</i>	<u>Ireland, United Kingdom</u>

Harmful organisms + host genera	Protected zones: territory of
(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development, continued:	
ZP-a5 <i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> (European spruce sawfly) <i>Plants for planting of Picea</i>	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom <u>(Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)</u>
ZP-a6 <i>Globodera pallida</i> (White potato cyst nematode) <i>Plants for planting grown in soil including seed potatoes</i>	Latvia, Portugal (Azores), Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland
ZP-a6.1 <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Golden potato cyst nematode) <i>Plants for planting grown in soil including seed potatoes</i>	Portugal (Azores)
ZP-a7 <i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i> (Eucalyptus snout beetle) <i>Plants and cut foliage of Eucalyptus</i>	Greece, Portugal (Azores)
ZP-a8 <i>Ips amitinus</i> (Small spruce bark beetle) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, Greece, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a9 <i>Ips cembrae</i> (Larger pine scolytid) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus and Pseudotsuga over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, Greece, United Kingdom <u>(Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)</u>
ZP-a10 <i>Ips duplicatus</i> (Northern bark beetle) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, Greece, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a11 <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> (Six toothed bark beetle) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, Cyprus, United Kingdom <u>(Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)</u>
ZP-a12 <i>Ips typographus</i> (Spruce bark beetle) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus and Pseudotsuga over 3 m in height (includes cut Christmas trees)</i>	Ireland, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a13 <i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> (Colorado beetle) <i>No passport required but the introduction and spread of this pest is prohibited.</i>	Ireland, Spain (Ibiza and Menorca), Cyprus, Malta, Portugal (Azores and Madeira), Finland (districts of Åland, Häme, Kymi, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta, Turku, Uusimaa), Sweden (counties of Blekinge, Gotland, Halland, Kalmar and Skåne), <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a14 <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Tomato leafminer) <i>No passport required but the introduction and spread of this pest is prohibited.</i>	Ireland, United Kingdom <u>(Northern Ireland)</u>

Harmful organisms + host genera	Protected zones: territory of
(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development, continued:	
ZP-a14.01 <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (South american leafminer) <i>Herbaceous plants</i>	Ireland (until 30 April 2020), <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland) (until 30 April 2020)</u>
ZP-a14.02 <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (American serpentine leafminer) <i>Herbaceous plants</i>	Ireland (until 30 April 2020), <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland) (until 30 April 2020)</u>
ZP-a14.1 <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Palm borer) <i>Plants of Palmae intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: Brahea, Butia, Chamaerops, Jubaea, Livistona, Phoenix, Sabal, Syagrus, Trachycarpus, Trithrinax, Washingtonia</i>	Ireland, Malta, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a14.2 <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Red palm weevil) <i>Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: Areca catechu, Arenga pinnata, Bismarckia, Borassus flabellifer, Brahea armata, Brahea edulis, Butia capitata, Calamus merrillii, Caryota maxima, Caryota cumingii, Chamaerops humilis, Cocos nucifera, Copernicia, Corypha utan, Elaeis guineensis, Howea forsteriana, Jubea chilensis, Livistona australis, Livistona decora, Livistona rotundifolia, Metroxylon sagu, Phoenix canariensis, Phoenix dactylifera, Phoenix reclinata, Phoenix roebelenii, Phoenix sylvestris, Phoenix theophrasti, Pritchardia, Ravenea rivularis, Roystonea regia, Sabal palmetto, Syagrus romanzoffiana, Trachycarpus fortunei. and Washingtonia</i>	Ireland, Portugal (Azores), <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a15 <i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i> (Mango seed weevil) <i>Seeds of mangoes originating from third countries</i>	Spain (Granada and Malaga), Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
ZP-a15.1 <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Pine processionary moth) <i>Plants of Pinus intended for planting, other than fruits and seeds.</i>	<u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-a16 <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> (Oak processionary moth) <i>Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, of Quercus spp, other than Quercus suber.</i>	Ireland, <u>United Kingdom (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham; Barnet; Basildon; Basingstoke and Dene; Bexley; Bracknell Forest; Brent; Brentwood; Bromley; Broxbourne; Camden; Castle Point; Chelmsford; Chiltern; City of London; City of Westminster; Crawley; Croydon; Dacorum; Dartford; Ealing; East Hertfordshire; Elmbridge District; Enfield; Epping Forest; Epsom and Ewell District; Gravesham; Greenwich; Guildford; Hackney; Hammersmith & Fulham; Haringey; Harlow; Harrow; Hart; Havering; Hertsme; Hillingdon; Horsham; Hounslow; Islington; Kensington & Chelsea; Kingston upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Littleford; Medway; Merton; Mid Sussex; Mole Valley; Newham; North Hertfordshire; Reading; Redbridge; Reigate and Banstead; Richmond Upon Thames; Runnymede District; Rushmoor; Sevenoaks; Slough; South Bedfordshire; South Bucks; South Oxfordshire; Southwark; Spelthorne District; St Albans; Sutton; Surrey Heath; Tandridge; Three Rivers; Thurrock; Tonbridge and Malling; Tower Hamlets; Waltham Forest; Wandsworth; Watford; Waverley; Welwyn Hatfield; West Berkshire; Windsor and Maidenhead; Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe) (until 30 April 2020)</u>

Harmful organisms + host genera	Protected zones: territory of
(b) Bacteria:	
<p>ZP-b01 “<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi</i>” (Elm yellows phytoplasma) <i>Plants of Ulmus intended for planting.</i></p>	<p><u>United Kingdom</u></p>
<p>ZP-b1 Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Bacterial wilt of bean) <i>Seeds of Phaseolus vulgaris and Dolichos)</i></p>	<p>Greece, Spain</p>
<p>ZP-b2 <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Fireblight) <i>Parts of plants (other than fruit and seeds) and plants intended for planting, but including live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier , Chaenomeles , Cotoneaster, Crataegus , Cydonia , Eriobotrya , Malus , Mespilus , Photinia davidiana, Pyracantha , Pyrus and Sorbus</i></p>	<p>— Estonia, Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)), France (Corsica), Italy (Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo and Tarantasca in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (excluding the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta), Latvia, Portugal, Finland, United Kingdom (<u>Isle of Man; Channel Islands</u>),</p> <p>— and, until 30 April 2020, Ireland (except Galway city), Italy (Apúlia, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milano, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese), Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)), Slovenia (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south from the highway H4)), Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málíneč (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätušé and Zátín (Trebišov County))</p>
<p>ZP-b3 <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Bacterial canker of stone fruits) <i>Plants of Prunus , intended for planting, other than seeds</i></p>	<p><u>United Kingdom</u> (until 30 April 2020)</p>

Harmful organisms + host genera	Protected zones: territory of
(c) Fungi	
ZP-c01 <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (Canker stain of plane) (Plants of <i>Platanus</i> intended for planting, other than seeds)	Ireland, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-c02 <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Chestnut blight) <i>Plants of Castanea intended for planting</i>	Czech Republic, Ireland, Sweden, <u>United Kingdom</u>
ZP-c1 <i>Glomerella gossypii</i> (Pink boll rot of cotton) <i>Seeds and fruits (bolls) of Gossypium spp (and unginned cotton)</i>	Greece
ZP-c2 <i>Gremmeniella abietina</i> (Scleroderris canker of conifers) <i>Plants of Abies, Larix, Picea, Pinus and Pseudotsuga intended for planting</i>	Ireland
ZP-c3 <i>Hypoxyylon mammatum</i> (Poplar canker) <i>Plants of Populus intended for planting</i>	Ireland, <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</u>
(d) Viruses and virus-like organisms	
ZP-d1 Beet necrotic yellow vein virus (BNYVV) (Rhizomania) <i>Beta vulgaris plants intended for planting, industrial processing and seeds. Soil and unstrilised waste from beet. Plants in soil (inc Seed Potatoes). Plants of Allium porrum, Apium, Brassica napus, Brassica rapa and Daucus. Used agricultural machinery.</i>	Ireland, France (Brittany), Portugal (Azores), Finland, <u>United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</u>
ZP-d3 Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) (TCV) (Citrus quick decline virus) <i>Fruits of Citrus, Fortunella, Poncirus and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles</i>	Greece (except the Regional Units of Argolida, Arta, Chania and Lakonia), Malta, Portugal (except Algarve, Madeira and the county of Odemira in Alentejo)
ZP-d4 Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO (Grapevine yellows) <i>Plants of Vitis, other than fruit and seeds</i>	Czech Republic, France (Alsace, Champagne-Ardenne, Picardie (département de l'Aisne), Ile de France (communes de Citry, Nanteuil-sur-Marne and Saâcy-sur-Marne) and Lorraine)), Italy (Apúlia, Sardinia and Basilicata)