

Guidance on low risk waste activities

Appendix A

Version 66 October 2017

This version replaces and revokes all previously issued low risk guidance.

Introduction

This guidance sets out the Environment Agency's regulatory position on the low risk waste activities in Appendix A to this document. The guidance applies only to waste arising in and activities carried on in England. Advice in relation to Scotland can be obtained from the Scottish Environmental Protection Agency ([SEPA](#)), and in Wales from Natural Resources Wales ([NRW](#)). Imports and exports of waste are allowed under this guidance but are still subject to compliance with waste shipments legislation. This guidance must be read alongside the Environment Agency's published [Enforcement and Sanctions Policy](#).

Summary

Having considered the risks posed by the activities set out in Appendix A to this document we do not believe it is in the public interest to expect the operators of those activities listed to obtain an Environmental Permit. You may use it to meet the requirements of the Duty of Care¹. We may amend or revoke this statement at any time and will continue to consider enforcement in all circumstances where an operation has or is likely to cause pollution or harm to health. You should therefore check periodically that the low risk position you are benefitting from is still in place.

Background

Government has prescribed a number of exemptions for low risk waste operations which would otherwise require a permit. Operators carrying out a waste operation which complies with an exemption need only register for that exemption in order to carry out that operation legally. For the majority of exemptions there are no associated fees.

Accordingly we will not expect an Environmental Permit to operate a regulated facility for a waste operation to be obtained in certain specified circumstances, where it is considered that an exempt waste operation could be developed. In such circumstances low risk operations may provide potential new exemptions in subsequent waste exemption reviews.

¹ The Duty of Care applies to everyone involved in handling the waste, from the person who finally disposes of it, or recovers it. It also applies if you act as a registered waste disposal. If you give waste to someone else, you must be sure they are authorised to recycle or dispose of it safely. The Duty of Care requires records to be kept by those who dispose of waste.

Encouraging wiser, sustainable use of natural resources is a key aim for us and our low risk approach may help promote the use of waste as a resource.

We will continue to work with Government to encourage the development of proportionate legislation that reflects risk and encourages reuse and recovery of waste. This guidance may be reviewed. The fact that we have issued this guidance does not mean that a low risk waste operation will become an exempt waste operation. It is for the Government to determine whether an exemption from Environmental Permitting should be made.

Important note

Where any activity has the capacity to store or treat >10 tonnes of hazardous waste for disposal or for some specified operations for recovery, the activity may be a Schedule 1 activity under The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 or may be a Directly Associated Activity, so will not benefit from these Low Risk positions.

IMPORTANT

This guidance will be subject to regular review with any revised guidance available on the Environment Agency web site.

Waste activities must not be carried out in a manner that causes or is likely to cause pollution or harm to human health. If we consider that an activity is or is likely to pollute or cause harm we will consider legal action, irrespective of whether the activity is listed in Appendix A.

Where use is allowed in the low risk position the quantity permitted is the minimum required for that use. Further where no quantity is specified in Appendix A this should normally be read as a limit of 1000 tonnes. A 1,000 tonnes is the maximum that may be treated and stored at any one time. If an activity will involve more than 1000 tonnes of waste we must be consulted before any waste activity begins to check that this guidance still applies. Following the Low Risk Waste Activities guidance and not causing pollution or harm to health may nevertheless lead to some operators having to restrict activities below 1000 tonnes.

This guidance and the approach it sets out apply only to matters concerning Environmental Permitting for regulated facilities for waste operations and how you use it to meet the requirements of the duty of care. Low risk positions do not remove your obligation to comply with other legislation. For example the requirement for an Environmental Permit to discharge to controlled water, planning permission where appropriate, provisions of the TFS Regulations, Clean Air Act etc.

Where associated activities are not detailed in the low risk position, e.g. storage, and these are covered by relevant exempt waste operations, the restrictions of those exemptions (including quantities and timescales) apply.

If the associated activities are not detailed in the low risk position and are not covered by exempt waste operations then separate permission is required for these.

If you have any doubts you should contact your nearest Environment Agency office, or telephone our general enquires number, which is 08708 506 506 (Mon-Fri 8-6).

Appendix A refers to waste management exemptions. - you can find details of these exemptions on the following link: [Environment Agency - Waste Exemptions](#)

Appendix A - Low Risk Waste Activities

Definition of secure: For the purpose of Appendix A, a container, building or place is secure in relation to waste kept in it, if all reasonable precautions are taken to ensure that the waste cannot escape from it and members of the public are unable to gain access to the waste.

Contents - use these links to move directly to the section you need:

[Animals and animal waste](#)

[Clinical waste](#)

[Clothing](#)

[Construction and demolition waste/dredging waste/aggregates/soils \(including construction and manufacturing activities involving these waste types\)](#)

customer service line
03708 506 506

incident hotline
0800 80 70 60

floodline
0845 988 1188

www.environment-agency.gov.uk

[Effluent and sludge \(including wastewater and water treatment sludges and other process sludges\)](#)

[Electrical equipment \(including constituent parts and accessories\)](#)

[Food \(from retailers and producers including former foodstuffs\)](#)

[Furniture and household items](#)

[Hazardous waste](#)

[Industrial waste](#)

[Landspreading](#)

[Manure](#)

[Miscellaneous](#)

[Oil \(mineral, lubricating, fuel and vegetable\)](#)

[Paint](#)

[Recyclables](#)

[Road sweepings](#)

[Storage](#)

[Transport/vehicles/vehicle parts/metal](#)

[Tyres/rubber/plastic](#)

[Wood and plant matter](#)

Low risk ref. no.	Date position approved	Activity description
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL WASTE		
LRW 154	06/05/11	This position is no longer required as the material is now excluded from the scope of the Waste Framework Directive. It is regulated under the Animal By-Products Regulation 1069/2009.
LRW 437	12/11/10	The secure storage of waste animal bedding from pet retail outlets other than at the site of production pending recovery. The recovery, by physical separation, of waste animal bedding from pet retail outlets.

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LRW 464	04/05/11	The secure storage of ash from the cremation of a pet at a veterinary practice pending collection by owner. Total quantity to be stored at any one time shall not exceed 50 kg.				
LRW 473	08/08/11	Secure storage, for up to 6 months, in a freezer of 5m ³ of dead wild animals collected from highways and public areas and which are not suspected of being infected with diseases communicable to humans or animals.				
LRW 468 (incorporating LRW 482)	08/08/11	The secure storage and treatment of woodchip/paper/straw based animal bedding from stabling of horses by drying and compression to produce a biomass pellet/briquette. The total quantity stored at any one time does not exceed 100 tonnes. The total quantity treated does not exceed 100 tonnes over any 7 day period. Note: This position only allows the formation of the pellet and or briquette. Further consideration will need to be given to the regulatory requirements for burning the pellets/briquettes. Any waste destined for use as a fuel must be recovered in a Waste Incineration Directive compliant plant (unless exempt).				
LRW553	05/08/16	1) The burning of relevant waste on the site of production. (2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph is set out below.				
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Codes</th> <th>Waste types</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>020199</td> <td>Dead/diseased bees and infected/potentially infected bee hives, frames, and bee keeping equipment</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Codes	Waste types	020199	Dead/diseased bees and infected/potentially infected bee hives, frames, and bee keeping equipment
		Codes	Waste types			
020199	Dead/diseased bees and infected/potentially infected bee hives, frames, and bee keeping equipment					
(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that— (a) The burning must take place in an excavated pit as recommended by the Animal and Plant Health Agency. (b) No more than 10 tonnes of bees and equipment shall be burned over any period of 24 hours.						
CLINICAL WASTE						
CLOTHING						
CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE/ DREDGING WASTE/ AGGREGATES/ SOILS (INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION AND MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES INVOLVING THESE WASTE						
LRW 333	18/03/09	The recovery of inert waste by leaving a road in-situ, where that inert waste is utilised as a defined engineering operation.				
LRW 339	18/03/09	Secure storage of up to 20 tonnes of waste plasterboard and gypsum wallboard for up to one month in a sealed weatherproof container pending recovery.				

LRW 386	20/01/10	The secure storage and dismantling of temporary classrooms for the purposes of recovery that DO NOT contain hazardous waste, providing the operations are carried out on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage. A maximum of 10 classrooms a year to be dismantled.		
LRW 400	28/04/10	The re-use of concrete wash waters and cement fines (from storage of wash waters) at construction sites. Note: All activities have to undertaken in accordance with industry best practice.		
LRW 401	28/04/10	The re-use of silty wash waters and silt at construction sites. Note: All activities have to undertaken in accordance with industry best practice		
LRW 417	04/08/10	The treatment by physical dewatering of cement washings at construction sites pending recovery of the water at the concrete suppliers.		
LRW 427	03/09/10	The spreading of specified waste from the construction of conservation ponds on agricultural land to confer benefit.		
		Codes	Waste Types	12 month quantity limit
		17 05 04	Soil and Stones	50 tonnes per hectare
		Storage limit (at any one time) 200 tonnes		
<p>(a) the waste is spread at the place where it was produced</p> <p>(b) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is to be spread is at least 10 metres from any watercourse and 50 metres from any spring, well or borehole</p> <p>(c) At the time the spreading begins</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">i) The land has not been frozen for 12 hours or more in the preceding 24 hours</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">ii) The land is not waterlogged, frozen or snow-covered</p> <p>(d) The waste is stored securely in a container or lagoon</p>				
LRW 457	17/03/11	The secure storage of waste clay on the site where it is to be used pending manufacture in to a cob block. The total quantity of waste stored or treated at any one time must not exceed 40 tonnes. Use of uncontaminated clay to manufacture cob blocks for the purposes of construction.		

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LRW 472	08/08/11	<p>The secure storage of non hazardous bitumen (17 03 02) at depots for the purpose of recovery elsewhere.</p> <p>The total quantity of waste to be stored at any one time shall not exceed 22 tonnes.</p>	
LRW 501	18/04/12	<p>The secure storage and treatment by draining at a place controlled by the producer of virtually oil free domestic oil storage tanks. The drainage shall take place on an impermeable pavement with sealed drainage and the waste heating oil drained into a static bunded tank.</p> <p>Tanks prior to drainage should be bunged and stored on impermeable pavement with sealed drainage.</p> <p>A maximum of 20 tanks can be stored and treated within a 7 day period.</p>	
LRW 499	12/06/12	The recovery by treatment in a purpose built sealed tank of wastewater containing soils from pipe laying excavations.	
		Code	Waste Type
		16 10 02	Waste water containing non-hazardous soils from excavation of land that is not contaminated.
		<p>For the purposes of this position the specific conditions are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The total quantity of waste treated at a site over a 12 month period does not exceed 5,000 cubic metres. 2. The waste water shall be treated and stored within a sealed unit. 3. Any lubricant used in the drilling process is non hazardous and shall not exceed 0.01% within the wastewater. It should also be capable of being removed and reused. 	

LRW 550	16/12/15	<p>(1) The treatment of relevant waste by screening</p> <p>(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph and the quantity limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3) is set out below</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="451 336 1436 515"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="451 336 606 380">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="606 336 1005 380">Waste Types</th> <th data-bbox="1005 336 1212 380">Treatment limit (over 7 days)</th> <th data-bbox="1212 336 1436 380">Storage limit (at any one time)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="451 425 606 470">20-03-03</td> <td data-bbox="606 425 1005 470">Road sweepings wastes</td> <td data-bbox="1005 425 1212 470">30 tonnes</td> <td data-bbox="1212 425 1436 470">12 tonnes</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="451 470 606 515">17-05-04</td> <td data-bbox="606 470 1005 515">from building sites only</td> <td data-bbox="1005 470 1212 515"></td> <td data-bbox="1212 470 1436 515"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) subject to paragraph (d), the total quantity of waste treated over any 7-day period does not exceed the limit specified in the third column of the table in sub-paragraph (2);</p> <p>(b) the total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the fourth column of the table;</p> <p>(c) no waste is stored for longer than 1 month;</p> <p>(d) the treatment and storage are carried on in a secure place;</p> <p>(e) take place on an impermeable surface with secondary containment.</p>	Codes	Waste Types	Treatment limit (over 7 days)	Storage limit (at any one time)	20-03-03	Road sweepings wastes	30 tonnes	12 tonnes	17-05-04	from building sites only		
Codes	Waste Types	Treatment limit (over 7 days)	Storage limit (at any one time)											
20-03-03	Road sweepings wastes	30 tonnes	12 tonnes											
17-05-04	from building sites only													
EFFLUENT AND SLUDGE (INCLUDING WASTEWATER AND WATER TREATMENT SLUDGES AND OTHER PROCESS SLUDGES)														
LRW 064	01/11/05	The blending of water treatment work sludge with suitable quarry wastes to a recognised British Standard. The use of top-soil made from blending water treatment work sludge and quarry by- products in the final restoration layer of the quarry of where it is produced.												
LRW 192	27/2/07 Reviewed 17/07/07	The testing for two weeks, by the manufacturer, of sewage treatment equipment (aerated membrane bioreactor) to be deployed with the Army to remote locations, using raw sewage from Royal Navy ships. To be discharged to sewer under a consent from the relevant sewerage undertaker.												
LRW 299	22/04/08 Reviewed 19/05/09	<p>The dewatering of STW grit washings on impermeable pavement with sealed drainage within the curtilage of a STW.</p> <p>The cleaning of STW grit washings pending use for construction and restoration works on sites owned or occupied by the sewage undertaker.</p>												

LRW 378	20/01/10	<p>The treatment of a maximum of 100,000 cubic metres, in any 12 month period, of septic tank liquor at Sewage Treatment Works other than at the site where the septic tank sludge is dewatered.</p> <p>Note: If the activity is at the site where the septic tank sludge is dewatered then this may be covered under an exemption (T21) or an environmental permit may be required. Link to T21: Waste exemption: T21 recover waste at a waste water treatment works - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>
LRW 416	04/0/10	<p>The use of final effluent from a sewage treatment works to fill empty petrol tanks during renovation/improvement/construction at petrol stations.</p> <p>Following use the contents of the tank should be treated at suitable permitted premises.</p> <p>Note: This position does not apply to using effluent to test integrity of petrol tanks. The tanks have to be secure and leak proof.</p>
LRW 424	20/09/10	<p>The treatment at the place of production by washing of up to 5 tonnes a day of used sand based animal bedding for the purposes of re-use.</p>
LRW 425	20/09/10	<p>The spreading of wash waters from cleaning of waste sand based animal bedding, on land at the place of production, for irrigation purposes.</p>
LRW 507	16/05/12	<p>Secure storage and treatment of waste WWTW filter bed media (EWC 19 08 99) at a WWTW.</p> <p>A total quantity of waste brought to the works over any period of 12 months does not exceed 100,000 cubic metres. The waste is treated and stored in a secure location within sealed drainage.</p> <p>Note: Where an existing T21 activity is registered the quantity specified in this position is NOT additional. The total quantity including an additional T21 activity is 100,000 cubic metres. Link to T21 exemption: Waste exemption: T21 recover waste at a waste water treatment works - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING CONSTITUENT PARTS AND ACCESSORIES)		
LRW 310	17/06/08	The use as an aggregate replacement of crushed waste glass that has come from cathode ray tubes which have been treated at a suitably permitted facility to remove any dangerous substances. This has been removed and replaced by a regulatory position statement.
LRW 346	01/07/09	The secure storage and mechanical treatment of domestic gas meters. The total number of gas meter units to be stored prior to dismantling is limited to 5,000. With a maximum throughput of 12,000 meters a week.
LRW 370	20/10/09	The secure storage and dismantling of electronic franking machines for the purpose of re- using franking machine parts. The storage and dismantling is undertaken within a building.
LRW 423	03/09/10 Reviewed Nov 2010	The shredding of computer hard drives and components on the site of production or elsewhere where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the shredding is for the purposes of data destruction and security only, and the resulting waste is destined for recovery at an authorised treatment facility. The storage of the shredded waste prior to recovery, at the place of production can be done under a non waste framework directive exemption.
LRW 483	15/12/11	The treatment and secure storage of waste domestic gas boilers (EWC 200307) by dismantling and refurbishment for the purposes of recovery. The total quantity of waste treated and stored over any 12mth period does not exceed 1,000 tonnes. The treatment of the waste must be undertaken within a building.
LRW 503	18/04/12	The secure storage and treatment of scroll compressors (EWC 16 02 13*) from fixed air conditioning and refrigeration units for the purposes of repair, refurbishment and recovery. The compressors shall be stored in sealed boxes or within a building. The compressors shall be treated within a building on impermeable pavement with sealed drainage. A maximum of 200 compressors shall be stored and treated at any one time.
FOOD (FROM RETAILERS AND PRODUCERS INCLUDING FORMER FOODSTUFFS)		
LRW 506	18/04/12	The secure storage and treatment (by compaction) of waste coffee grounds (EWC 20.01.08) to produce a briquette. The storage and treatment shall be within a building with impermeable pavement and sealed drainage. The maximum to stored and treated shall not exceed 18 tonnes.

LRW 493	18/04/12	<p>The secure storage and treatment (by compaction) of waste coffee grounds (EWC 20.01.08) with virgin wood sawdust (EWC 03.01.05 sawdust only*) to produce a briquette.</p> <p>The storage and treatment shall be within a building with impermeable pavement and sealed drainage.</p> <p>The maximum to stored and treated shall not exceed 18 tonnes.</p> <p>* “virgin wood processing (e.g. wood off cuts, shavings or sawdust from sawmills) or timber product manufacture dealing in virgin timber”.</p>
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FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD ITEMS

LRW 341	18/03/09	The treatment of waste carpet and carpet tile from the manufacturing sector by shredding or granulation, within an enclosed building with no emissions, of up to 2 tonnes/hr.								
LRW 343	18/03/09	The secure storage of 1000 tonnes of carpet waste pending recovery from the manufacturing sector.								
LRW 342	20/01/10	The secure storage and then recovery of cropper dust and carpet shearings from the manufacture of new wool rich carpets. The cropper dust for subsequent incorporation into growing media for turf growing and the carpet shearings for incorporation into green roof applications.								
LRW 484	15/12/11	<p>The storage in a secure place of waste UPVC window frames (EWC 17 02 03) pending recovery elsewhere.</p> <p>The total quantity to be stored at any one time is 40 tonnes.</p> <p>The total quantity stored over a 12 month period does not exceed 600 tonnes.</p>								
LRW 489	15/02/12	<p>The secure storage and treatment by dismantling of shop fittings (EWC 200307).</p> <p>The total quantity to be treated and stored at any one time is 20 tonnes.</p>								
LRW 491	15/02/12	<p>The secure storage and use of post consumer shredded carpet waste (EWC 191208) in equestrian surfacing applications and horse ménages.</p> <p>The total quantity for storage and use is limited to a 1000 tonnes at any one time.</p>								
LRW 534	22/11/12	<p>The secure storage and manual treatment of divan bed bases.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="453 1585 1453 1774"> <thead> <tr> <th>Code</th> <th>Waste Type</th> <th>Relevant treatment operation</th> <th>Storage limit (at any one time)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>20 03 07</td> <td>Divan bed bases</td> <td>Sorting and dismantling</td> <td>20 tonnes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For the purposes of this position the waste should not be stored longer than 12 months and the treatment and storage should be carried out indoors.</p> <p>Please refer to waste exemption T12 for the limits that apply to mattress storage and dismantling. The link below will take you to this exemption: Waste exemption: T12 manually treating waste - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>	Code	Waste Type	Relevant treatment operation	Storage limit (at any one time)	20 03 07	Divan bed bases	Sorting and dismantling	20 tonnes
Code	Waste Type	Relevant treatment operation	Storage limit (at any one time)							
20 03 07	Divan bed bases	Sorting and dismantling	20 tonnes							

HAZARDOUS WASTE					
INDUSTRIAL WASTE (see important note on page 1)					
LRW 307	20/05/08	The use of cement manufactured under an Environmental Permit from the blending of waste by-past dust, waste basic oxygen slag and waste plasterboard gypsum.			
LRW 332	18/03/09	Secure storage of a maximum of 100 tonnes of solid waste wax for treatment to remove physical contaminants prior to recovery. Physical treatment of waste wax by heating, filtering and centrifuging to remove contaminants prior to reuse. The treatment is limited to a maximum of 10 tonnes per batch.			
LRW 422	03/09/10	Secure storage of electric arc furnace slag other than at the place of production pending its recovery. A maximum of 60 tonnes to be stored at any one time.			
LRW 447	10/12/10	Secure storage and manual treatment of smoke detectors to remove batteries. The total quantity of waste to be treated or stored over any 12-month period does not exceed 1,000 tonnes.			
LRW 460	04/05/11	The secure storage and use of waste Poly-isocyanurate (PIR) insulation from the manufacture of PIR to produce oil absorbent pillows and socks. The total quantity of waste PIR used shall not exceed 60 tonnes/ year. The total quantity of PIR stored at any one time should not exceed 5 tonnes.			
LRW 446	09/06/11	The spreading of waste silts from the de-silting of watercress bed settlement ponds on agricultural and non-agricultural land to confer benefit to the land for the purposes of providing, maintaining or improving the soil's ability to provide a growing medium by adding nutrients or biomass. The waste may only be spread on land adjacent to where it is dredged from. No waste shall be stored for more than 12 months prior to spreading and it must be stored in a secure location.			
		Code	Waste Type	12 month quantity per limit	Storage limit (at any one time)
		17 05 06	Dredging spoil (other than those mentioned in 17 05 05*) generated from the de-silting of settlement	150 tonnes per hectare	1250 tonnes
LRW 470	08/08/11	The secure storage and treatment by cutting of the flex fittings from waste carbon motor brushes (16 01 14) impregnated with silver. The total quantity stored at any one time shall not exceed 1 tonne. The total quantity stored at any one time shall not exceed 3 tonnes per annum.			

LRW 522	19/09/12	The secure storage and use of waste carbon black (06 13 03) from tyre manufacturing in the manufacture of aggregate blocks. A total of 20 tonnes per annum to be stored and used.												
LRW 523	19/09/12	The secure storage and use of waste perlite to manufacture facia bricks. A maximum of 500 tonnes per annum to be used. A maximum of 50 tonnes to be stored at any one time.												
LRW 552	27/04/16	<p>Storage of degreasing solvents at a secure place (to be included in revisions to S2)</p> <p>(1) The storage of relevant waste in a secure place for the purposes of its recovery elsewhere.</p> <p>(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph and the quantity limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3) is set out below:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Code</th> <th>Waste Types</th> <th>Storage limit (at any one time)</th> <th>Period</th> <th>Additional specific conditions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>110113*</td> <td>Degreasing solvents containing oils and grease</td> <td>5 cubic metres</td> <td>6 months</td> <td>A, C</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) the total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the third column of the table in sub-paragraph (2);</p> <p>(b) no waste is stored for longer than the period specified in the fourth column of the table;</p> <p>(c) each type of waste is stored separately; and</p> <p>(d) the operation complies with such of the following additional conditions as are specified in the fifth column of the table—</p> <p>A the waste is stored in a container,</p> <p>C The container has secondary containment</p> <p>(4) Where the waste in paragraph 2 is stored on a site that has an S2 exemption registered for the storage of waste solvents and solvent mixtures, the total quantity of waste stored under this low risk position must be included in the calculation of the quantity limit of that S2 exemption.</p>			Code	Waste Types	Storage limit (at any one time)	Period	Additional specific conditions	110113*	Degreasing solvents containing oils and grease	5 cubic metres	6 months	A, C
Code	Waste Types	Storage limit (at any one time)	Period	Additional specific conditions										
110113*	Degreasing solvents containing oils and grease	5 cubic metres	6 months	A, C										

MANURE		
LRW 203	06/05/2011	This position is no longer required as the material is now excluded from the scope of the Waste Framework Directive. It is regulated under the Animal By-Products Regulation 1069/2009.
LRW 353	19/05/09 Reviewed 25/06/09	The secure storage (at the site of production or where it is to be spread) and spreading of zoo manure on agricultural land for agricultural benefit.
LRW 392	20/01/10	The secure storage and spreading of zoo manure at the site of production on land to confer benefit. The zoo manure is to be sourced from herbivorous sources only.

LRW 407	03/09/10	(1) The spreading of the specified waste on agricultural land to confer benefit to the land for the purposes of providing nutrients or for irrigation purposes.			
		Codes	Waste Types	12 month quantity limit	Storage limit (at any one time)
		02 01 01	Sludges from washing and cleaning fruit and vegetables on farm only.	50 tonnes per hectare	200 tonnes
		12 01 99 02 03 99	Untreated wash waters from cleaning fruit and vegetables on farm only	100 tonnes per hectare	200 tonnes
		02 03 05	Effluent from the on-site treatment of washwaters from the cleaning of fruit and vegetables on farm only	100 tonnes per hectare	200 tonnes
<p>(2) the waste is spread at the place where it was produced</p> <p>(3) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is to be spread is at least 10 metres from any watercourse and 50 metres from any spring, well or borehole</p> <p>(4) At the time the spreading begins</p> <p> i) The land has not been frozen for 12 hours or more in the preceding 24 hours</p> <p> ii) The land is not waterlogged, frozen or snow-covered</p> <p>(h) The waste is stored securely in a container or lagoon.</p>					

LRW 428	15/10/10	The secure storage and use of farmyard and horse manure in the establishment of a wormery (vermiculture)			
LRW 429	15/10/10	The spreading of specified waste on land to confer benefit to the land by providing, maintaining or improving the soils ability to provide a growing medium by adding nutrients, lime or biomass.			
		Codes	Waste Types	12 month quantity limit	Storage limit (at any one time)
		19 05 02	Non-composted fraction from vermiculture.	50 tonnes per hectare	200 tonnes
		<p>(1) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is to be spread is at least 10 metres from any watercourse and 50 metres from any spring, well or borehole</p> <p>(2) At the time the spreading begins</p> <p> i) The land has not been frozen for 12 hours or more in the preceding 24 hours</p> <p> ii) The land is not waterlogged, frozen or snow-covered</p>			
LRW 448	10/12/10	The secure storage and spreading of specified waste on land to confer benefit to the land by providing, maintaining or improving soils ability to provide a growing medium by adding nutrients and biomass.			
		Codes	Waste Types	12 month quantity limit	Storage limit (at any one time)
		20 01 99 20 03 99	Hemp Chaff only	50 tonnes per hectare	200 tonnes
		<p>Specific requirements:</p> <p>(1) Waste should not be stored for a period longer than 12 months prior to spreading;</p> <p>(2) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is to be spread is at least 10 metres from any watercourse and 50 metres from any spring, well or borehole</p>			

LRW 548	01/08/14	<p>The spreading of biochar on land to confer benefit</p> <p>(1) The spreading of relevant wastes on land to confer benefit to the land for the purposes of providing, maintaining or improving the soil's ability to provide a growing medium by adding, for example, nutrients, lime or biomass.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="472 383 1465 568"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="472 383 667 454">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="667 383 943 454">Waste Types</th> <th data-bbox="943 383 1209 454">12 month annual limit</th> <th data-bbox="1209 383 1465 454">Storage limit (at any one time)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="472 454 667 568">19 01 018</td> <td data-bbox="667 454 943 568">Biochar (other than those mentioned in 19 01 17)</td> <td data-bbox="943 454 1209 568">1 tonne per hectare</td> <td data-bbox="1209 454 1465 568">10 tonnes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(2) The biochar has been produced from pyrolysis of the following wastes only:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="488 663 1552 1151"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="488 663 699 723">Waste code</th> <th data-bbox="699 663 1552 723">Waste type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 723 699 792">02 01 03</td> <td data-bbox="699 723 1552 792">Untreated plant tissue waste from agriculture, horticulture and forestry activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 792 699 862">02 01 07</td> <td data-bbox="699 792 1552 862">Untreated wood waste from forestry activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 862 699 931">02 03 04</td> <td data-bbox="699 862 1552 931">Vegetable waste unsuitable for consumption or processing</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 931 699 1001">03 01 01</td> <td data-bbox="699 931 1552 1001">Untreated waste bark and cork</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 1001 699 1070">03 01 05</td> <td data-bbox="699 1001 1552 1070">Untreated sawdust, wood shavings, and wood cuttings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 only</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="488 1070 699 1151">03 03 01</td> <td data-bbox="699 1070 1552 1151">Untreated waste bark and wood</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>3. No waste is stored for more than 12 months before spreading.</p> <p>4. The waste is stored in a secure location prior to spreading.</p> <p>5. At the time the spreading begins—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the land has not been frozen for 12 hours or more in the preceding 24 hours, (ii) the land is not waterlogged, frozen or snow-covered; and (iii) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is spread is at least 10 metres from a watercourse and 50 metres from a spring, well or borehole 	Codes	Waste Types	12 month annual limit	Storage limit (at any one time)	19 01 018	Biochar (other than those mentioned in 19 01 17)	1 tonne per hectare	10 tonnes	Waste code	Waste type	02 01 03	Untreated plant tissue waste from agriculture, horticulture and forestry activities	02 01 07	Untreated wood waste from forestry activities	02 03 04	Vegetable waste unsuitable for consumption or processing	03 01 01	Untreated waste bark and cork	03 01 05	Untreated sawdust, wood shavings, and wood cuttings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 only	03 03 01	Untreated waste bark and wood
Codes	Waste Types	12 month annual limit	Storage limit (at any one time)																					
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03 03 01	Untreated waste bark and wood																							

LRW 459	17/03/11	<p>The treatment by aerobic composting of waste chick papers (paper that is on the bottom of the box when they are transported from a hatchery to a poultry farm) with the poultry manure.</p> <p>The tonnage requirements of a T23 waste exemption must be applied and the additional storage and treatment of this waste must not exceed the limits specified in this exemption.</p> <p>For more information on the T23 exemption go to: Waste exemption: T23 aerobic composting and associated prior treatment - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>															
LRW 547	19/12/2014	<p>Spreading gypsum on agricultural land to add nutrients and confer benefit</p> <p>(1) The spreading of relevant wastes on land to confer benefit to the land for the purposes of providing, maintaining or improving the soil's ability to provide a growing medium by adding nutrients.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="469 779 1458 1115"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="469 779 619 891">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="619 779 906 891">Waste Types</th> <th data-bbox="906 779 1094 891">12 month annual limit</th> <th data-bbox="1094 779 1305 891">Storage limit (at any one time)</th> <th data-bbox="1305 779 1458 891">Period</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="469 891 619 1003">10 01 05</td> <td data-bbox="619 891 906 1003">Flue-gas desulphurisation gypsum (solid) only</td> <td data-bbox="906 891 1094 1003">1 tonne per hectare</td> <td data-bbox="1094 891 1305 1003">30 tonnes</td> <td data-bbox="1305 891 1458 1003">12 months</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="469 1003 619 1115">19 12 12</td> <td data-bbox="619 1003 906 1115">Recycled certified gypsum from plasterboard</td> <td data-bbox="906 1003 1094 1115">1 tonne per hectare</td> <td data-bbox="1094 1003 1305 1115">30 tonnes</td> <td data-bbox="1305 1003 1458 1115">12 months</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(2) 'Certified' means, in relation to recycled gypsum from plasterboard, certified by a statement issued in respect of that gypsum by the manufacturer or supplier confirming that the gypsum has been produced in accordance with the standard set out in the publication PAS 109:2013 dated June 2013.</p> <p>(3) The total quantity of waste spread does not exceed the limit specified in the third column of the table over the period in the fifth column.</p> <p>(4) The total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the fourth column of the table above.</p> <p>(5) No waste is stored for more than 12 months before spreading.</p> <p>(6) The waste is stored in a secure location prior to spreading.</p> <p>(7) At the time the spreading begins—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the land has not been frozen for 12 hours or more in the preceding 24 hours, (ii) the land is not waterlogged, frozen or snow-covered; and (iii) The location of any waste which is stored or land which is spread is at least 10 metres from a watercourse and 50 metres from a spring, well or borehole. 	Codes	Waste Types	12 month annual limit	Storage limit (at any one time)	Period	10 01 05	Flue-gas desulphurisation gypsum (solid) only	1 tonne per hectare	30 tonnes	12 months	19 12 12	Recycled certified gypsum from plasterboard	1 tonne per hectare	30 tonnes	12 months
Codes	Waste Types	12 month annual limit	Storage limit (at any one time)	Period													
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19 12 12	Recycled certified gypsum from plasterboard	1 tonne per hectare	30 tonnes	12 months													

MISCELLANEOUS

LRW 147	05/09/06 Reviewed 17/07/07	Use of a steamer on contaminated vegetation, at the site of production, to kill Phytophthora.
LRW 282	22/01/08	Use at secure fire service premises of clean pallets, paper and cardboard by the fire service for training purposes.
LRW 327	15/10/08	The bottling of wash water used to flush through the bottling machines for fabric conditioner, washing machine detergent, disinfectant and bleach for the purposes of recovery.
LRW 348	19/05/09	The secure storage of empty used gun cartridges collected from agricultural sites pending treatment and recovery. The treatment of empty used gun cartridges collected from agricultural sites by segregating and shredding metal and plastic components pending recovery.
LRW 258	01/07/09 Amended May 2010	The recovery of silver from waste developing and fixing solutions using a sealed unit. This unit should treat no more than 1000 ml of solution per minute. Any subsequent discharge to foul sewer must be done in accordance with the conditions of a trade effluent discharge consent issued by statutory sewage undertaker. You should contact your local consenting department to determine whether consent is needed.
LRW 373	20/10/09	Secure and weatherproof storage of up to 50 cubic metres of Spent Mushroom Compost (SMC) prior to bagging; providing the operations are carried out on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage and the bagging is undertaken within a building.
LRW 442	03/02/11	The secure storage and treatment of horticultural rockwool by shredding and screening for the purposes of reuse as horticultural rockwool or as a constituent in manufacturing bricks or blocks. For the purposes of this position the following conditions apply: (a) the total quantity of waste treated or stored over a 7 day period does not exceed 400 tonnes; and (b) no waste is stored for longer than 3 months
LRW441	04/05/11	Use of naturally derived Multi Rolled Filter cake (MRF) sourced from coal mining operations as a peat substitute in mushroom casing compost. The total quantity of MRF stored prior to producing the compost shall not exceed 1,000 tonnes at any one time.

LRW 547	01/08/14	<p>The manufacture of biochar</p> <p>(1) The treatment of relevant wastes to manufacture biochar.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="504 322 1552 902"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="504 322 660 427">Waste Code</th> <th data-bbox="660 322 1552 427">Waste Type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 427 660 521">02 01 03</td> <td data-bbox="660 427 1552 521">Untreated plant tissue waste from agriculture, horticulture and forestry activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 521 660 616">02 01 07</td> <td data-bbox="660 521 1552 616">Untreated wood waste from forestry activities</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 616 660 680">02 03 04</td> <td data-bbox="660 616 1552 680">Vegetable waste unsuitable for consumption or processing</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 680 660 745">03 01 01</td> <td data-bbox="660 680 1552 745">Untreated waste bark and cork</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 745 660 840">03 01 05</td> <td data-bbox="660 745 1552 840">Untreated sawdust, wood shavings , and wood cuttings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 only</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="504 840 660 902">03 03 01</td> <td data-bbox="660 840 1552 902">Untreated waste bark and wood</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(2) The biochar is manufactured by pyrolysis of waste in a unit specifically designed for this process with a maximum throughput of 50kg per hour.</p> <p>(3) The total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed 30 tonnes at the site of manufacture both prior to and following manufacture.</p> <p>(4) The waste is stored in a secure location.</p>	Waste Code	Waste Type	02 01 03	Untreated plant tissue waste from agriculture, horticulture and forestry activities	02 01 07	Untreated wood waste from forestry activities	02 03 04	Vegetable waste unsuitable for consumption or processing	03 01 01	Untreated waste bark and cork	03 01 05	Untreated sawdust, wood shavings , and wood cuttings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 only	03 03 01	Untreated waste bark and wood
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LRW554	Oct 2017	<p>Repair, refurbishment and external cleaning where required of Intermediate Bulk Containers (IBCs) formally used in the food industry for further lower grade use elsewhere.</p> <p>1) The manual treatment of relevant waste by a relevant treatment operation. (2) The table specifying— (a) relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph and relevant treatment operations; (b) the quantity limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(a); and (c) the additional specific conditions referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(c), is set out below.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="469 636 1554 831"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="469 636 608 725">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="608 636 963 725">Waste types</th> <th data-bbox="963 636 1305 725">Relevant treatment operation</th> <th data-bbox="1305 636 1554 725">Quantity limits (any one time)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="469 725 608 831">200199</td> <td data-bbox="608 725 963 831">IBCs formally used in the food industry</td> <td data-bbox="963 725 1305 831">Sorting, repairing or refurbishing</td> <td data-bbox="1305 725 1554 831">100 tonnes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that— (a) the total quantity of waste treated or stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the fourth column of the table in sub-paragraph (2); (b) subject to additional specific condition B in sub-paragraph (c), where it applies, no waste is stored for longer than 2 years; and (c) the operation complies with such of the following additional specific conditions as is specified in the fifth column of the table— A the operation is for the purposes of reusing the waste.</p>	Codes	Waste types	Relevant treatment operation	Quantity limits (any one time)	200199	IBCs formally used in the food industry	Sorting, repairing or refurbishing	100 tonnes
Codes	Waste types	Relevant treatment operation	Quantity limits (any one time)							
200199	IBCs formally used in the food industry	Sorting, repairing or refurbishing	100 tonnes							

OIL (MINERAL, LUBRICATING, FUEL AND VEGETABLE)

PAINT

LRW 340	19/05/09 Amended May 2010	<p>The treatment of up to 5 tonnes a week of non-hazardous paint for re-use as full specification paint.</p> <p>Note: Storage of paint is covered under S2 exemption.</p> <p>Link to S2 storage exemption: Waste exemption: S2 storing waste in a secure place - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>Link to S1 storage exemption: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/waste-exemptions-storing-waste</p>
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LRW 451	03/02/11	<p>The washing with water of water based paint containers on the site of production pending reuse or recovery of the paint containers.</p> <p>The treatment must be undertaken on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage where all effluents are directed either to foul sewer or into a sealed tank for appropriate off-site disposal.</p> <p>This position only applies to third parties carrying out the operation. If the washing is done by the waste producer then the requirement for a permit under the regulations does not apply.</p>								
LRW 516	12/06/12	<p>The storage of unused waste paint in a secure place for the purposes of recovery elsewhere.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="469 645 1477 947"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="469 645 659 678">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="659 645 1171 678">Waste Types</th> <th data-bbox="1171 645 1326 678">Storage</th> <th data-bbox="1326 645 1477 678">Period</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="469 678 659 947">08 01 11*, 08 01 12, 20 01 27*, 20 01 28</td> <td data-bbox="659 678 1171 947">Unused paints in original containers (excluding specialist and industrial paints, wood preservatives, aerosol and spray paints, inks, adhesives and resins) for the purposes of solvent and pigment recovery only.</td> <td data-bbox="1171 678 1326 947">10,000 litres</td> <td data-bbox="1326 678 1477 947">6 months</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For the purposes of this position:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Where an existing S2 exemption has been registered for the storage of paints pending reuse the overall storage capacity of 10,000 litres cannot be exceeded. 2. Each type of waste is stored separately. 3. Storage must be in original containers on impermeable pavement with sealed drainage. 4. Flammable paints must be stored in approved flammable stores. <p>Link to S2 storage exemption: Waste exemption: S2 storing waste in a secure place - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>	Codes	Waste Types	Storage	Period	08 01 11*, 08 01 12, 20 01 27*, 20 01 28	Unused paints in original containers (excluding specialist and industrial paints, wood preservatives, aerosol and spray paints, inks, adhesives and resins) for the purposes of solvent and pigment recovery only.	10,000 litres	6 months
Codes	Waste Types	Storage	Period							
08 01 11*, 08 01 12, 20 01 27*, 20 01 28	Unused paints in original containers (excluding specialist and industrial paints, wood preservatives, aerosol and spray paints, inks, adhesives and resins) for the purposes of solvent and pigment recovery only.	10,000 litres	6 months							

LRW 545	12/09/13	<p>(1) The storage of up to 3 cubic metres of used electrical insulating oil specified below at a place in a secure container or containers with secondary containment for the purposes of its recovery elsewhere.</p> <p>13 03 01* insulating or heat transmission oils containing PCBs</p> <p>13 03 06* mineral-based chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils other than those mentioned in 13 03 01</p> <p>13 03 07* mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 08* synthetic insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 09* readily biodegradable insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 10* other insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>(2) The treatment by ambient or hot filtration and vacuum treatment of used electrical insulating oil specified below at the place of production.</p> <p>13 03 06* mineral-based chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils other than those mentioned in 13 03 01</p> <p>13 03 07* mineral-based non-chlorinated insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 08* synthetic insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 09* readily biodegradable insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>13 03 10* other insulating and heat transmission oils</p> <p>For the purposes of this position the following conditions apply:</p> <p>(a) The treatment is to prepare the oil for re-use;</p> <p>(b) The total quantity of oil treated over any 24 hour period does not exceed 3 cubic metres;</p> <p>(c) The oil is stored with secondary containment.</p>
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LRW 546	15/11/13	<p>Burning of waste landfill gas as a fuel in a small appliance</p> <p>(1) The burning of relevant waste as a fuel in an appliance if the requirements in sub-paragraph (4) are met.</p> <p>(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph is set out below.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="469 434 1541 618"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="469 434 635 528">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="635 434 1541 528">Waste types</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="469 528 635 618">160504*</td> <td data-bbox="635 528 1541 618">Landfill gas</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) the landfill gas is collected in accordance with relevant best practice*.</p> <p>(b) the relevant waste is burned in the appliance for the purposes of producing energy, and</p> <p>(4) The requirements in this sub-paragraph are that—</p> <p>(a) the appliance has a net rated thermal input of less than 0.4 megawatts; and</p> <p>(b) where it is used together with other appliances (whether or not it is operated simultaneously with such other appliances), the aggregate net rated thermal input of all the appliances is less than 0.4 megawatts.</p> <p>*At the time of writing relevant best practice is “Landfill Gas Industry Code of Practice – Management of Landfill Gas, March 2012”</p> <p>http://www.esauk.org/reports_press_releases/esa_reports/</p>	Codes	Waste types	160504*	Landfill gas
Codes	Waste types					
160504*	Landfill gas					

RECYCLABLES

LRW 329	13/12/08 Amended May 2010	The granulation of waste CDs on the site of production pending recovery elsewhere
LRW 397	29/04/10	<p>The treatment of waste plastics within a plastic moulding machine within educational establishments.</p> <p>Note: Any shredding activity may be covered by T4 exemption and the subsequent use within an educational establishment under a U3 exemption.</p> <p>Link to T4 exemption: Waste exemption: T4 preparatory treatments (baling, sorting, shredding etc) - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>Link to U3 exemption: Waste exemption: U3 construction of entertainment or educational installations - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>

LRW 520	19/09/12	The secure storage and treatment of waste plastic by cleaning, washing, spraying or coating it.	
		Codes	Waste Type
		19 12 04	Plastic
		The total quantity of waste treated over any 7 day period does not exceed 300 tonnes. A total quantity of 300 tonnes shall be stored at any one time.	
		Important: For the purposes of this position where an existing T1 exemption is registered at the same site the total quantity stored and treated under this position and the T1 exemption cannot exceed the limits set within T1. Link to T1 exemption: Waste exemption: T1 cleaning, washing, spraying or coating relevant waste - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK	

ROAD SWEEPINGS

LRW 521	October 2015	(1) The treatment of relevant waste by screening			
		(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph and the quantity limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3) is set out below:			
		Codes	Waste Types	Treatment limit (over 7 days)	Storage limit (at any one time)
		20-03-03 17-05-04	Road sweepings wastes from building sites only	30 tonnes	12 tonnes
		(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—			
		(a) subject to paragraph (d), the total quantity of waste treated over any 7-day period does not exceed the limit specified in the third column of the table in sub-paragraph (2);			
		(b) the total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the fourth column of the table;			
		(c) no waste is stored for longer than 1 month;			
		(d) the treatment and storage are carried on in a secure place;			
		(e) the treatment takes place on an impermeable surface with secondary containment.			

STORAGE

LRW 443	12/11/10	<p>The storage prior to export or after import of Furnace Bottom Ash (FBA) at a dockside in a secure building with sealed drainage for the purposes of recovery.</p> <p>The quantity of FBA stored at any one time must not exceed 2500 tonnes</p> <p>The FBA should be stored for no longer than 3 months.</p> <p>Any waste being imported or exported from the UK is subject to control. More information can be found at the following link:</p> <p>Waste: import and export - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>														
LRW 465	06/05/11	<p>The storage of wastes as detailed below at a scrap store/resource recovery centre for the purposes of reuse/recovery of useful materials</p> <p>The storage of relevant waste in a secure place for the purposes of its recovery elsewhere.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="464 819 1497 1167"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="464 819 659 898">Codes</th> <th data-bbox="659 819 943 898">Waste Types</th> <th data-bbox="943 819 1211 898">Treatment limit (over 7 days)</th> <th data-bbox="1211 819 1497 898">Storage limit (at an one time)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="464 898 659 1081">20 01 40</td> <td data-bbox="659 898 943 1081">Metal biscuit tins Chicken Wire Munitions waste (empty ammunition boxes only)</td> <td data-bbox="943 898 1211 1081">100 tonnes</td> <td data-bbox="1211 898 1497 1081">12 Months</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="464 1081 659 1167">07 02 99 19 12 05</td> <td data-bbox="659 1081 943 1167">Foam Rubber Rubber tubing</td> <td data-bbox="943 1081 1211 1167">100 tonnes</td> <td data-bbox="1211 1081 1497 1167">12 Months</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For the purposes of this position the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) the total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the third column of the table;</p> <p>(b) no waste is stored for longer than the period specified in the fourth column of the table; (c) each type of waste is stored separately;</p> <p>Refer to S1/S2 waste exemptions for storage of other wastes. Link to storage exemptions including S1/2: Waste exemption: S1 storing waste in secure containers - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>			Codes	Waste Types	Treatment limit (over 7 days)	Storage limit (at an one time)	20 01 40	Metal biscuit tins Chicken Wire Munitions waste (empty ammunition boxes only)	100 tonnes	12 Months	07 02 99 19 12 05	Foam Rubber Rubber tubing	100 tonnes	12 Months
Codes	Waste Types	Treatment limit (over 7 days)	Storage limit (at an one time)													
20 01 40	Metal biscuit tins Chicken Wire Munitions waste (empty ammunition boxes only)	100 tonnes	12 Months													
07 02 99 19 12 05	Foam Rubber Rubber tubing	100 tonnes	12 Months													
LRW 443	12/11/10	<p>The storage prior to export or after import of Furnace Bottom Ash (FBA) at a dockside in a secure building with sealed drainage for the purposes of recovery.</p> <p>The quantity of FBA stored at any one time must not exceed 2500 tonnes</p> <p>The FBA should be stored for no longer than 3 months.</p> <p>Any waste being imported or exported from the UK is subject to control. More information can be found at the following link:</p> <p>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/importing-and-exporting-waste</p>														

TRANSPORT/VEHICLES/VEHICLE PARTS/METALS

LRW 316	17/07/08	<p>The secure storage of up to one waste accumulator or actuator pending treatment for recovery.</p> <p>The treatment of a waste accumulator or actuator in a manner which prevents spillage of any oils.</p> <p>Note: Any drained waste oil must be stored in accordance with a registered S1 exemption.</p> <p>Link to storage exemptions including S1: Waste exemption: S1 storing waste in secure containers - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>
LRW 138	15/10/08	The dismantling of discharged vehicle airbags pending recovery of the constituent parts.
LRW 360	25/06/09	The collection, secure storage and recovery of waste air conditioning gas via a sealed mobile pump system at End of Life Vehicle Authorised Treatment Facilities.
LRW 369	20/10/09	<p>The secure storage and dismantling of end of life touring and static caravans, providing the operations are carried out within a building on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage.</p> <p>A maximum of 10 caravans to be stored at any one time.</p>
LRW 382	20/01/10	<p>The secure storage, cutting and burning of de-polluted end of life vehicles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At Fire and Rescue Training facilities for the purpose of testing new fire fighting equipment and products. At fire stations for the purpose of fire rescue training.
LRW 434	Amended 28/04/10	<p>The specific conditions of this position are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A maximum of 10 vehicles to be stored at any one time. The vehicles must be obtained from an Authorised Treatment Facility (ATF) and stored prior to burning on hardstanding. The burning must take place on an impermeable pad with sealed drainage. The burnt out/ cut vehicle must be returned to an ATF for appropriate recovery.
LRW 409	14/07/10	<p>Use of de-polluted end of life vehicles for controlled explosions during training exercises for emergency services, humanitarian/relief agencies and armed forces.</p> <p>A maximum of 5 vehicles per year to be stored and detonated. The vehicles must be obtained from an Authorised Treatment Facility (ATF) and stored on hardstanding. The exploded vehicle parts must be returned to an ATF for appropriate recovery.</p>

LRW 415	04/08/10	<p>The temporary secure storage of waste pending recovery, of waste from motor vehicle servicing, maintenance and repair.</p> <p>Maximum storage limit for Non hazardous and hazardous waste is 5 cubic metres.</p> <p>Note: The Hazardous Waste Regulations requirements must still be complied with.</p>
LRW 453	06/05/11	<p>The treatment by dismantling of small boats and barges (not containing asbestos) that have been used for the purposes of freshwater inland navigation. The treatment must be within a building or on an impermeable pavement with sealed drainage.</p> <p>A maximum of 5 small boats and 1 barge can be stored at any one time. The total quantity of waste treated shall not exceed 100 tonnes/ year.</p>
LRW492	15/02/12	<p>The use of ELV's for the purposes of training in educational establishments. A total of 5 ELV's can be stored and used at any one time.</p> <p>The ELV's must be stored within a building or on an impermeable building with sealed drainage.</p> <p>Following use any vehicles and parts no longer required must be sent to an Approved Treatment Facility.</p>
LRW 515	15/08/2012	<p>The storage and treatment by stripping and granulation of waste cable at existing T9 operations.</p> <p>The total quantity of waste cable to be stored and treated at any one time shall not exceed the T9 total of 50 tonnes.</p> <p>All of the other conditions stipulated under T9 shall be complied with. Link to T9 guidance: Waste exemption: T9 recovering scrap metal - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>
LRW 530	17/10/12	<p>The secure storage and treatment by dismantling of agricultural trailers for the purpose of re-using parts only.</p> <p>The storage shall be on an impermeable pavement with sealed drainage. All treatment shall be within a building that has an impermeable pavement and sealed drainage,</p> <p>A maximum of 3 trailers can be stored and treated at any one time.</p> <p>All drained hydraulic oil shall be stored securely within secondary containment.</p>

LRW 539	13/09/13	(1) The manual treatment of a relevant waste by a relevant treatment operation.															
LRW 541	13/09/13	<p>(2) The following is set out below:</p> <p>(a) relevant waste and relevant treatment operations for the purposes of this paragraph;</p> <p>(b) the quantity limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(a); and</p> <p>(c) the additional specific conditions referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(c),</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Codes</th> <th>Waste Types</th> <th>Relevant Treatment Operation</th> <th>Quantity limits (at any one time)</th> <th>Additional Specific comments</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>20 01 40</td> <td>Petrol lawnmowers</td> <td>Repair and refurbishment</td> <td>5 tonnes</td> <td>A, C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 01 09</td> <td>Agricultural trailers</td> <td>Dismantling</td> <td>2 Trailers</td> <td>C</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) the total quantity of waste treated or stored at any one time does not exceed the limit specified in the fourth column of the table in sub-paragraph (2);</p> <p>(b) the operation complies with such of the following additional specific conditions as is specified in the fifth column of the table—</p> <p>A - the operation is for the purposes of reusing the waste</p> <p>C - treatment and storage are carried on indoors</p>	Codes	Waste Types	Relevant Treatment Operation	Quantity limits (at any one time)	Additional Specific comments	20 01 40	Petrol lawnmowers	Repair and refurbishment	5 tonnes	A, C	16 01 09	Agricultural trailers	Dismantling	2 Trailers	C
Codes	Waste Types	Relevant Treatment Operation	Quantity limits (at any one time)	Additional Specific comments													
20 01 40	Petrol lawnmowers	Repair and refurbishment	5 tonnes	A, C													
16 01 09	Agricultural trailers	Dismantling	2 Trailers	C													

TYRES, RUBBER AND PLASTIC

If you wish to make an application for the small scale use of less than 50 whole car tyres for an educational or entertainment project, please contact your local Environment Agency office to discuss it. A generic position cannot be given for these activities and each will have to be assessed on a case by case basis.

LRW 184	14/12/06	Separation of fly-tipped tyres from their rims by Local Authorities or their agents, pending recovery. A maximum of 1000 tyres may be stored at any one time.
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LRW 244	14/08/07	Separation of a maximum of 50 tyres a month from their rims, pending recovery or re-use. This activity to be carried out on tyres and rims collected from scrap yards/ELV sites and suitable for recovery or re-use.			
LRW296	22/04/08	The secure storage of waste rubber conveyor belts prior to treatment. The manual treatment by cutting of waste rubber conveyor belts prior to reuse without further treatment.			
LRW 322	16/09/08	The use of waste rubber off-cuts as an aggregate replacement and improve drainage during construction activities involving waste tyre bales.			
LRW 411	14/07/10	Mechanical treatment of rubber encased metal wire and synthetic fibre and rubber-encased mixtures of synthetic fibre and steel wire from the manufacture of new tyres to produce metal and tyre snippets for the purpose of recovery. The total quantity of waste to be stored at any one time prior and after treatment is 162 tonnes.			
LRW 414	04/08/10	The sorting of waste tyres as an associated prior treatment under T8. A T8 exemption has to be registered for the purposes of associated storage and baling of tyres for this position to apply. The link to T8 exemption: Waste exemption: T8 mechanically treating end-of-life tyres - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK			
LRW 467	09/06/11	The treatment pending recovery of the following waste by sorting, shredding, baling and compacting:			
		Code	Waste Type	Treatment limit (over a 7 day period)	Storage limit (at any one time)
		20 01 99	Redundant running/athletics tracks and rubber shock pads and Waste AstroTurf only	100 tonnes where treatment is carried on outdoors. 3000 tonnes where treatment is carried on indoors.	500 tonnes
No waste may be stored for more than 12 months. The treatment and storage					

LRW 477	22/09/11	<p>The treatment of PAS108 tyre bales by wrapping in concrete sheets for use in construction.</p> <p>The wrapping of the tyre bales is undertaken on an impermeable pavement with sealed drainage.</p> <p>This position does not increase the quantities or limitations placed on storage under T8 or a permit. Link to T8 exemption: T8 mechanically treating end-of-life tyres - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>The bales remain waste until utilised within the construction activity under a U2 exemption,</p> <p>Permit or a Regulatory Position Statement. Link to U2 exemption: Waste exemption: U2 use of baled end-of-life tyres in construction - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>The EWC remains the same as uncoated tyre bales: 16 01 03.</p>
LRW 462	22/09/11	<p>The storage and treatment of car tyres to produce sea floor anti-scour mats for wind turbines.</p> <p>The treatment by washing and cleaning shall take place on impermeable pavement with sealed drainage.</p> <p>The maximum quantity of tyres stored and treated at any one time is 800 tyres.</p> <p>The use of the mats is covered by a licence authorised under the Food and Environment Protection Act 1985 (FEPA) and are administered by Government's Marine Consents and Environment Unit (MCEU).</p>
LRW 527	17/10/12	<p>The use of whole clean tyres (16 01 03) to provide an engineered steel braced fendering system at quaysides.</p> <p>A maximum of 200 tyres to be used.</p>
LRW 411	14/07/10 Reviewed 21/12/2012	<p>Sorting, grading, shredding, shearing and freezing of rubber encased metal wire from the manufacture of new tyres (EWC 07 02 99) to produce metal and tyre snippets for the purpose of recovery. The total quantity of waste to be stored at any one time prior and after treatment is 162 tonnes.</p>

LRW 540	13/09/13	(1) The use of relevant waste for a specified purpose.			
		(2) For the purposes of this paragraph—			
		(a) the table specifying relevant waste and the limits referred to in sub-paragraph (3)(a) is set out below;			
		Codes	Waste Types	Specified purpose	Quantity limit (at any one time)
16 01 03	End-of-life tyres	Use as planters	10 tonnes		
		(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—			
		(a) the total amount of waste used or stored at any one time does not exceed the quantity limit specified in the fourth column;			

WOOD AND PLANT MATTER

LRW 402	01/06/10	<p>The storage and treatment by pelletising of woodchip produced from untreated wood packaging .The total quantity of waste to be stored and treated in any 7 day period is 500 tonnes. If a T6 exemption is registered at the site the total quantity stored and treated under for this low risk position and the exemption cannot exceed the limits set within T6.</p> <p>Under a T6 exemption untreated wooden packaging (List of waste code 15 01 03) can be subject to chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising. If you are undertaking any of these treatments within the specified limits you have to register a T6 exemption. Link to T6 exemption: T6 treating waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p>			
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LRW 418	4/08/10	<p>The beneficial use of railway sleepers and telegraph poles that have been assessed as being hazardous waste (17 02 05*, 19 12 06* and 20 01 37*) for use in the construction of buildings, fencing, barriers, containment or similar above ground construction.</p> <p>Maximum storage limit is 100 tonnes for both hazardous and non hazardous sleepers (registered under U8) and poles. The sleepers and poles must not be stored for longer than 12 months.</p> <p>Note: The storage of these poles/sleepers can be registered under S2 and the use of non hazardous poles/sleepers under U8.</p> <p>Link to storage exemptions: Waste exemption: S2 storing waste in a secure place - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>Link to U8 exemption; Waste exemption: U8 using waste for a specified purpose - Detailed guidance - GOV.UK</p> <p>NOTE: The Hazardous Waste Regulations requirements must still be complied with.</p>
LRW 450	03/02/11	<p>The treatment by shredding and grinding of oversized fully matured compost (19 05 03) of plant origin to produce a peat substitute. The following restrictions apply:</p> <p>(a) The total quantity of waste treated and stored over a 7 day period does not exceed 500 tonnes;</p> <p>(b) No waste is stored for longer than 1 months before treatment;</p> <p>(c) No waste is stored for longer than 3 months following treatment.</p>
LRW 454	17/03/11	<p>The physical treatment of waste wooden doors, fencing, cable drums, pallets, crates and timber to remove metal components pending use in construction.</p> <p>The secure storage on the site of treatment of up to 25 tonnes of these waste streams prior to treatment.</p>

LRW 549	25/07/14	<p>Preparatory treatment of wastes</p> <p>(1) The treatment of relevant wastes to produce animal bedding</p> <p>(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph is set out below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="475 398 1434 533"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="475 398 791 465">Waste Code</th> <th data-bbox="791 398 1110 465">Waste type</th> <th data-bbox="1110 398 1434 465">Treatment method</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="475 465 791 533">03 03 10</td> <td data-bbox="791 465 1110 533">Wood fibre</td> <td data-bbox="1110 465 1434 533">Drying</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) No more than 300 tonnes of wet waste and 150 tonnes of dried waste are stored at any one time</p> <p>(b) No more than 7500 tonnes are treated in any 12 month period</p>	Waste Code	Waste type	Treatment method	03 03 10	Wood fibre	Drying
Waste Code	Waste type	Treatment method						
03 03 10	Wood fibre	Drying						

LRW 551	16/12/15	<p>Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance</p> <p>(1) The burning of relevant waste as a fuel in an appliance if the requirements in sub-paragraph (4) are met.</p> <p>(2) The table specifying relevant waste for the purposes of this paragraph is set out below.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="472 434 1469 714"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="472 434 679 501">Waste Code</th> <th data-bbox="679 434 1469 501">Waste type</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="472 501 679 714">03 01 05</td> <td data-bbox="679 501 1469 714">Sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and facings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 and not containing halogenated organic compounds or heavy metals as a result of treatment with wood preservatives or coatings.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(3) For the purposes of this paragraph, the specific conditions are that—</p> <p>(a) the total quantity of waste burned over any period of 1 hour is less than 50kg;</p> <p>(b) the total quantity of waste stored at any one time does not exceed 10 tonnes;</p> <p>(c) the waste is stored in a secure place.</p> <p>(4) The requirements in this sub-paragraph are that—</p> <p>(a) the appliance has a net rated thermal input of less than 0.4 megawatts;</p> <p>(b) where it is used together with other appliances (whether or not it is operated simultaneously with such other appliances), the aggregate net rated thermal input of all the appliances is less than 0.4 megawatts.</p> <p>(5) The waste is burnt at the same place where the waste arises</p> <p>(6) A U4 exemption is also registered.</p> <p>NB. The amount of waste that can be burnt under this position is included in the quantity limits in a U4 exemption where wastes from that exemption are also being burnt.</p>	Waste Code	Waste type	03 01 05	Sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and facings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 and not containing halogenated organic compounds or heavy metals as a result of treatment with wood preservatives or coatings.
Waste Code	Waste type					
03 01 05	Sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and facings other than those mentioned in 03 01 04 and not containing halogenated organic compounds or heavy metals as a result of treatment with wood preservatives or coatings.					

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