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#### Department for Communities and Local Government

# **Local Government Finance (England)**

# The Local Government Finance Report (England) 2011/2012

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# Local Government Finance (England)

# The Local Government Finance Report (England) 2011/2012

Presented to Parliament pursuant to section 78A of the Local Government Finance Act 1988

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Section 1: Introduction

### 1 Introduction

1.1 This Report is made by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government ("the Secretary of State"), and laid before the House of Commons, under section 78A of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 ("the 1988 Act")<sup>1</sup>. It applies in relation to England only.

- 1.2 This Report sets out the Secretary of State's determination for the financial year 2011/2012, made under section 78 of the 1988 Act<sup>2</sup>, of the amount of Revenue Support Grant for that year, what amount of the grant he proposes to pay to receiving authorities and what amount of the grant he proposes to pay to the specified body. The Report also sets out the basis on which the Secretary of State proposes to distribute among receiving authorities the amount of Revenue Support Grant which, under Part V of the 1988 Act, falls to be paid to such authorities for the financial year 2011/2012.
- 1.3 Before making the determination under section 78 of the 1988 Act, the Secretary of State consulted such representatives of local government as appeared to him to be appropriate and obtained the Treasury's consent.
- 1.4 This Report also sets out the Secretary of State's specification of the amount arrived at under paragraph 9 of Schedule 8 to the 1988 Act<sup>3</sup> as the distributable amount for the year 2011/2012. It also specifies, under paragraph 10 of that Schedule, the basis on which the Secretary of State proposes to distribute among receiving authorities the distributable amount for the financial year 2011/2012.
- 1.5 Before making this Report, the Secretary of State notified to such representatives of local government as appeared to him to be appropriate the general nature of the basis of distribution of Revenue Support Grant and the general nature of the basis of distribution of the distributable amount for the financial year 2011/2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 78A was inserted by paragraph 10 of Schedule 10 to the Local Government Finance Act 1992 ("the 1992 Act") and amended by paragraph 15 of Schedule 7 to the Local Government Act 2003 ("the 2003 Act").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 78 was amended by paragraph 9 of Schedule 10 to the 1992 Act, and by paragraph 15 of Schedule 7 to the 2003 Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Part III of Schedule 8 to the 1988 Act was substituted by paragraph 7 of Schedule 10 to the 1992 Act. Paragraph 9 of Schedule 8 was amended by paragraph 2(3) of Schedule 2 to the 2003 Act.

# 2 Revenue Support Grant

- 2.1 Pursuant to section 78(3)(a) of the 1988 Act, the Secretary of State hereby determines that the amount of Revenue Support Grant for the financial year 2011/2012 is £5,905,454,992.
- Pursuant to section 78(3)(b) of the 1988 Act, he hereby determines that the amount of the grant he proposes to pay to receiving authorities is £5,872,954,992. A receiving authority is any billing authority or major precepting authority<sup>2</sup>.
- 2.3 Pursuant to section 78(3)(c) of the 1988 Act, the Secretary of State hereby determines as the amount of the grant he proposes to pay to the specified body the amount shown against its name in Annex A. Specified bodies are generally bodies which provide services for local authorities and are specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 76(4) of the 1988 Act or similar provisions in earlier legislation. There is currently only one such body.

<sup>1</sup> Each of the following is a billing authority:

i) a district council;

ii) a London borough council;

iii) the Common Council of the City of London;

iv) the Council of the Isles of Scilly; and

v) a county council which has the functions of a district council.

<sup>2</sup> Each of the following is a major precepting authority:

i) a county council which does not have the functions of a district council;

a police authority in England whose police area is listed in Schedule 1 to the Police Act 1996;

iii) a metropolitan county fire and rescue authority;

iv) a fire and rescue authority constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies (a "combined fire and rescue authority"); and

v) the Greater London Authority.

## 3 The Distributable Amount

3.1 Pursuant to paragraph 9 of Schedule 8 to the 1988 Act, the Secretary of State hereby specifies that the amount arrived at under that paragraph, the distributable amount for the financial year 2011/2012, is £19,000 million.

# 4 The calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

#### Introduction

4.1 A Relative Needs Formula ('RNF') is calculated for each receiving authority. RNFs are built up from the relevant elements for the following seven major service blocks:

I Children's Services

II Adults Personal Social Services

III Police

IV Fire and Rescue

V Highway Maintenance

VI Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services

VII Capital Financing

- 4.2 The purpose of the RNFs is to distribute Formula Grant. Formula Grant is compiled of Revenue Support Grant, the Distributable Amount and Police Grant.
- 4.3 Each of the following parts of this section describes the calculation of the RNF element or elements for one of the seven major service blocks. The description of each element has a similar framework: a brief description of the calculation, a list of the classes of authority for which the particular element is calculated, and a formula. The formula is generally specified in terms of the sum of a series of 'amounts' multiplied by 'indicators'. The indicators are given labels which appear in **BOLD CAPITALS** in the text. A full description of each indicator is given either in Annex D or in this section. Indicators are items of information which are available for each relevant authority. Examples of the types of indicators used are the size of the client group (e.g. numbers of pupils), a ratio (such as proportion of pensioners living alone) or some other relevant factor (such as density of population).
- 4.4 The sum of the RNF elements for individual authorities is constrained to equal the control total for the relevant service block or sub-block given in Annex E. To achieve this, generally the result for each authority of applying one of the formulae to its indicator data is multiplied by a scaling factor. The scaling factor for each relevant RNF element is given in Annex F and is equivalent to the ratio

of the control total for the relevant service element (given in Annex E) to the sum across all relevant authorities of the results of applying the formula to their indicator data.

#### I Children's Services

- 4.5 There are three sub-blocks within the Children's Services service block. The calculation of the RNF elements for each of these reflects different client groups and associated unit costs. The sub-blocks are *Youth and Community, Local Authority Central Education Functions, and Children's Social Care.* The calculation of the RNF elements for each of these sub-blocks is described in turn.
- 4.6 The RNF element for each sub-block of the Children's Services service block is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London, metropolitan district councils.

#### **Youth and Community**

- 4.7 The client group for the *Youth and Community* sub-block is the projected population aged 13 to 19 years. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.8 The *Youth and Community* element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per person aged 13 to 19 and top-ups for deprivation, ethnicity and area costs:

#### Basic amount

YOUTH AND 13.7300
COMMUNITY
BASIC AMOUNT

#### Top-ups

YOUTH AND
COMMUNITY
DEPRIVATION
TOP-UP

47.1891 multiplied by CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-WORK FAMILIES RECEIVING CHILD TAX CREDIT ABOVE THRESHOLD

YOUTH AND
COMMUNITY
ETHNICITY
TOP-UP

11.6454 multiplied by SECONDARY LOW ACHIEVING ETHNIC GROUPS ABOVE THRESHOLD

The full formula used to calculate the Youth and Community element is:

#### Youth and Community

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 13 TO 19 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

YOUTH AND COMMUNITY BASIC AMOUNT; plus YOUTH AND COMMUNITY DEPRIVATION TOP-UP; plus YOUTH AND COMMUNITY ETHNICITY TOP-UP

- (b) The result of (a) is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR EDUCATION:
- (c) The result of (b) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the *Youth and Community Services* sub-block.
- (d) The result of (c) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### Local Authority Central Education Functions

- 4.9 The client groups for the *Local Authority Central Education Functions* sub-block are pupils aged 3 to 18, including those in school sixth-forms and academies and resident pupils aged 3 to 18. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation, sparsity and differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.10 The *Local Authority Central Education Functions* element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per pupil, a basic amount per resident pupil, a fixed cost amount, a residual pensions element and top-ups for deprivation, sparsity and area costs:

#### Basic amounts

PUPILS BASIC 16.5642 AMOUNT

**RESIDENT PUPILS** 16.3833

**BASIC AMOUNT** 

Top-ups

PUPILS 26.1452 multiplied by CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-WORK DEPRIVATION FAMILIES RECEIVING CHILD TAX CREDIT

TOP-UP ABOVE THRESHOLD

**SPARSITY TOP-UP** 21.7794 multiplied by **WARD SPARSITY** 

RESIDENT PUPILS
DEPRIVATION
TOP-UP

26.1452 multiplied by 0.66 multiplied by CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-WORK FAMILIES RECEIVING CHILD TAX CREDIT ABOVE THRESHOLD

Fixed cost amount

CEF FIXED COST
AMOUNT

59,880.9335

The full formula used to calculate the Local Authority Central Education Functions element is:

#### Local Authority Central Education Functions

- (a) PUPILS AGED 3 TO 18 multiplied by the result of:
  PUPILS BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  PUPILS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP
- (b) RESIDENT PUPILS AGED 3 TO 18 multiplied by the result of:
  RESIDENT PUPILS BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  SPARSITY TOP-UP; plus
  RESIDENT PUPILS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP
- (c) The results of (a) and (b) are added together and that result is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR EDUCATION;
- (d) The result of (c) is then added to the **CEF FIXED COST AMOUNT**;
- (e) The result of (d) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the *Local Authority Central Education Functions* sub-block.
- (f) The result of (e) is then divided by 10,000,000,000

#### Children's Social Care

- 4.11 This sub-block covers the provision of social care for children. The client group for *Children's Social Care* is the projected population aged less than 18 years. Variations in cost per person aged under 18 are built into the formula to reflect social and health conditions and differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.12 The element for *Children's Social Care* for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per person aged 0-17 and top-ups for deprivation, foster costs and area costs:

#### Basic amount

CHILDREN'S

25.4863

SOCIAL CARE BASIC AMOUNT

#### Top-up

CHILDREN'S
SOCIAL CARE
DEPRIVATION
TOP-UP

205.1062 multiplied by CHILDREN WITHOUT GOOD HEALTH; plus

119.4286 multiplied by INCOME SUPPORT/INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE CLAIMANTS AGED 18 TO 64 YEARS; plus

143.4962 multiplied by CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-WORK FAMILIES RECEIVING CHILD TAX CREDIT; plus

78.7225 multiplied by CHILDREN IN BLACK ETHNIC GROUPS; minus

26.1180

The full formula used to calculate the Children's Social Care element is:

#### Children's Social Care

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 0-17 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

CHILDREN'S SOCIAL CARE BASIC AMOUNT; plus CHILDREN'S SOCIAL CARE DEPRIVATION TOP-UP;

- (b) The result of (a) is *multiplied by* **FOSTER COST ADJUSTMENT**;
- (c) The result of (b) is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNGER ADULTS PSS;
- (d) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the *Children's Social Care* sub-block.
- (e) The result of (d) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### **II Adults' Personal Social Services**

- 4.13 There are two sub-blocks within the Adults' Personal Social Services (PSS) service block. The calculation of the RNF elements for each of these reflects the different client groups and associated unit costs. The sub-blocks are Social Services for Older People and Social Services for Younger Adults (that is, services provided for adults under 65 years of age). The calculation of the RNF elements for each of these sub-blocks is described in turn.
- 4.14 The RNF element for each sub-block of the Personal Social Services block is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London, metropolitan district councils.

#### Social Services for Older People

- 4.15 This sub-block covers the provision of personal social services for older people. The client group is the number of people aged 65 and over in households plus residents in care homes aged 65 and over who are supported by the local authority. Cost adjustments are built into the formula to reflect differences in the costs of provision between areas and authorities' varying capacities to raise income from charges.
- 4.16 The element for *Social Services for Older People* for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per person aged 65 and over and top-ups for age, deprivation, sparsity, low income and area costs:

#### Basic amount

OLDER PEOPLE 80.4698
PSS BASIC
AMOUNT

#### Top-ups

OLDER PEOPLE PSS AGE TOP-UP HOUSEHOLD AND SUPPORTED RESIDENTS AGED 90 YEARS AND OVER divided by HOUSEHOLD AND SUPPORTED RESIDENTS AGED 65 AND OVER, rounded to 4 decimal places and multiplied by 961.5896; minus

22.1166

OLDER PEOPLE
PSS
DEPRIVATION
TOP-UP

277.7389 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE RECEIVING ATTENDANCE ALLOWANCE; plus

53.7107 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE IN RENTED ACCOMMODATION; plus

71.9399 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE LIVING IN ONE PERSON HOUSEHOLDS; plus

216.0117 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE RECEIVING
PENSION CREDIT GUARANTEE/INCOME BASED
JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE; minus

74.9958

The full formula used to calculate the Social Services for Older People element is:

#### Social Services for Older People

- (a) PROJECTED HOUSEHOLD AND SUPORTED RESIDENTS AGED
  65 YEARS AND OVER multiplied by the result of:
  OLDER PEOPLE PSS BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  OLDER PEOPLE PSS AGE TOP-UP; plus
  OLDER PEOPLE PSS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP;
- (b) The result of (a) is *multiplied by* **LOW INCOME ADJUSTMENT**:
- (c) The result of (b) is multiplied by SPARSITY ADJUSTMENT FOR PEOPLE AGED 65 AND OVER;
- (d) The result of (c) is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR OLDER PEOPLE'S PSS;
- (e) The result of (d) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the *Social Services for Older People* sub-block.
- (f) The result of (e) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### Social Services for Younger Adults

4.17 This sub-block covers the provision of personal social services for people aged 18 to 64 years. The client group for *Social Services for Younger Adults* is the population aged 18 to 64 years. Variations in cost per person aged 18 to 64

- years are built into the formula to reflect social and health conditions and differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.18 The element for *Social Services for Younger Adults* for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per person aged 18-64 and top-ups for deprivation and area costs:

#### Basic amount

YOUNGER ADULTS
PSS BASIC
AMOUNT

10.2827

#### Top-up

YOUNGER ADULTS
PSS
DEPRIVATION
TOP-UP

285.6245 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64
RECEIVING DISABILITY LIVING ALLOWANCE;
plus

77.2787 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64 WHO ARE LONG TERM UNEMPLOYED OR HAVE NEVER WORKED: plus

26.1409 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64 WHO WORK IN ROUTINE OR SEMI ROUTINE OCCUPATIONS; plus

21.8445 multiplied by **HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO FAMILY**; minus

15.5583

The full formula used to calculate the Social Services for Younger Adults element is:

#### Social Services for Younger Adults

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 18-64 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

YOUNGER ADULTS PSS BASIC AMOUNT; plus YOUNGER ADULTS PSS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP;

- (b) The result of (a) is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNGER ADULTS PSS;
- (c) The result of (b) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the *Social Services for Younger Adults* sub-block.
- (d) The result of (c) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### **III Police**

- 4.19 The main determinant of the RNF for the Police service block is the projected population. Cost adjustments are built into the formula for the socio-economic and other characteristics of police force areas and for differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.20 The RNF element for the Police service block is calculated for the following classes of authority:

Common Council of the City of London, police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority, Greater London Authority.

4.21 The Police element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per resident and a basic amount for special events, and top-ups for crime, incidents, fear of crime, traffic, sparsity, special events and area costs:

#### Basic amounts

POLICE BASIC 15.4153
AMOUNT

SPECIAL EVENTS 0.7914
BASIC AMOUNT

Top-ups

UP 2

POLICE CRIME TOP- 2.4041 multiplied by DAYTIME NET-INFLOW PER

UP 1 RESIDENT POPULATION; plus

0.2681 multiplied by LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER

100 HECTARE: plus

14.7254 multiplied by INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME

**BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/** 

**GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT** 

**CLAIMANTS**; plus

30.9856 multiplied by SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLDS

POLICE CRIME TOP- 0.0288 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY; plus

92.3475 multiplied by LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT-

**RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS** 

POLICE CRIME TOP- UP 3	0.0716 multiplied by LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER 100 HECTARE; plus 0.0078 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY; plus 3.5936 multiplied by RESIDENTS IN ROUTINE/SEMI ROUTINE OCCUPATIONS OR NEVER WORKED/LONG TERM UNEMPLOYED; plus 8.8553 multiplied by SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLDS; plus 0.6696 multiplied by DAYTIME NET-INFLOW PER RESIDENT POPULATION
POLICE CRIME TOP- UP 4	0.1568 multiplied by LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER 100 HECTARE; plus
01 4	0.9770 multiplied by HARD PRESSED; plus 21.3533 multiplied by STUDENT HOUSING; plus 6.9062 multiplied by SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLDS
POLICE CRIME TOP- UP 5	0.2951 multiplied by LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER 100 HECTARE; plus
	128.9674 multiplied by YOUNG MALE UNEMPLOYMENT-RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS; plus
	32.7764 multiplied by STUDENT HOUSING
POLICE CRIME TOP- UP 6	1.2122 multiplied by LOG OF OVERCROWDED HOUSEHOLDS; minus 0.4745 multiplied by LOG OF POPULATION SPARSITY; plus 5.1600 multiplied by DAYTIME NET-INFLOW PER RESIDENT POPULATION
POLICE CRIME TOP- UP 7	3.8602 multiplied by DAYTIME NET-INFLOW PER RESIDENT POPULATION; minus 2.8724 multiplied by WEALTHY ACHIEVERS; plus 24.2535 multiplied by STUDENT HOUSING
POLICE INCIDENTS TOP-UP	37.6969 multiplied by INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS; plus  10.0545 multiplied by RESIDENTS IN TERRACED ACCOMMODATION
POLICE FEAR OF CRIME TOP-UP	0.3165 multiplied by LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER 100 HECTARE; plus 3.0932 multiplied by HARD PRESSED
POLICE TRAFFIC TOP-UP	1.1978 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY
POLICE SPARSITY TOP-UP	0.8618 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY

The full formula used to calculate the Police element is:

#### Police

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

**POLICE BASIC AMOUNT**; plus

**POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 1**; plus

**POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 2**; plus

POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 3; plus

POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 4; plus

POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 5; plus

POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 6; plus

**POLICE CRIME TOP-UP 7**; plus

**POLICE INCIDENTS TOP-UP**; plus

POLICE FEAR OF CRIME TOP-UP; plus

POLICE TRAFFIC TOP-UP; plus

POLICE SPARSITY TOP-UP

- (b) PROJECTED DAYTIME POPULATION IN 2011 multiplied by SPECIAL EVENTS BASIC AMOUNT;
- (c) The results of (a) and (b) are added together and the result is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR POLICE;
- (d) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of 1 *minus* **POLICE GRANT RATE**;
- (e) The result of (d) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the Police service block.
- (f) The result of (e) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### IV Fire and Rescue

- 4.22 The main determinant of the RNF for the Fire and Rescue service block is projected population. Cost adjustments are made for the length of coastline, deprivation and high risk sites in terms of fire cover. Cost adjustments are also made for differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.23 The RNF element for the Fire and Rescue service block is calculated for the following classes of authority:

county councils which have responsibility for the provision of fire and rescue services.

Greater London Authority. metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities, combined fire and rescue authorities.

4.24 The Fire and Rescue element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per resident and top-ups for coastline, deprivation, fire risk areas, fire safety enforcement, community fire safety and area costs:

#### Basic amounts

FIRE AND RESCUE 3.0290 **BASIC AMOUNT** 

Top-ups

FIRE AND RESCUE 1.4635 multiplied by COASTLINE COASTLINE

TOP-UP

FIRE AND RESCUE 0.1441 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY

**POPULATION DENSITY TOP-**

**UP** 

0.0766 multiplied by RISK INDEX FIRE AND RESCUE

**DEPRIVATION** TOP-UP

HIGH RISK TOP-UP 22,718.6954 multiplied by COMAH SITES

PROPERTY AND PROPERTY AND SOCIETAL RISK

SOCIETAL RISK

TOP-UP

COMMUNITY FIRE **COMMUNITY FIRE SAFETY** 

SAFETY TOP-

**UP** 

The full formula used to calculate the Fire and Rescue element is:

#### Fire and Rescue

- (a) PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011 multiplied by the result of:
  FIRE AND RESCUE BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  FIRE AND RESCUE COASTLINE TOP-UP; plus
  FIRE AND RESCUE POPULATION DENSITY TOP-UP; plus
  FIRE AND RESCUE DEPRIVATION TOP-UP; plus
  HIGH RISK TOP-UP; plus
  PROPERTY AND SOCIETAL RISK TOP-UP; plus
  COMMUNITY FIRE SAFETY TOP-UP
- (b) The result of (a) is then *multiplied by* **AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR FIRE**;
- (c) The result of (b) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the Fire and Rescue service block.
- (d) The result of (c) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### V Highway Maintenance

- 4.25 The main determinants of the RNF for the Highway Maintenance block are the lengths of road of different types for which each highway authority is responsible, the relative costs of maintenance for these road types and the estimated unit costs per kilometre, which take account of traffic flows, population, visitors and commuters and winter weather conditions. A cost adjustment is made to reflect differences in the costs of provision between areas.
- 4.26 The RNF for the Highway Maintenance block is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils. county councils. London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London, metropolitan district councils.

4.27 The Highway Maintenance element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per weighted road-length and top-ups for usage, winter weather and area costs:

#### Basic amount

HIGHWAY BASIC AMOUNT

95.1477

Top-ups

**USAGE TOP-UP** 9.1653 multiplied by TRAFFIC FLOW; plus

0.6813 multiplied by DAYTIME POPULATION PER KM

WINTER **MAINTENANCE** 

TOP-UP

0.3983 multiplied by DAYS WITH SNOW LYING; plus 0.8962 multiplied by PREDICTED GRITTING DAYS

The full formula used to calculate the Highway Maintenance element is:

#### Highway Maintenance

- (a) WEIGHTED ROAD LENGTHS multiplied by the result of: HIGHWAY BASIC AMOUNT; plus USAGE TOP-UP; plus WINTER MAINTENANCE TOP-UP;
- (b) The result of (a) is multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE;
- (c) The result of (b) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for the Highway Maintenance service block.
- (d) The result of (c) is then *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### VI Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services

4.28 This block includes services provided by local authorities other than those specifically covered elsewhere in this section of the Report. The RNF element for these services is calculated in a number of stages. The main part of the calculation reflects the division of the services covered into two groups to reflect the division of responsibilities for providing services in non-metropolitan areas: some services are provided predominantly by district councils, others by county councils (see Annex G). There are also further adjustments, for example, for flood defence and coast protection. These further adjustments are described below.

# Services provided predominantly by non-metropolitan district councils in non-metropolitan areas

- 4.29 The client group for these services is the total projected population in an area. There are cost adjustments for population density, social and economic conditions, the sparsity of population in an area, and differences in the cost of provision between areas.
- 4.30 The RNF element for these services is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils which have the functions of district councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.31 The RNF element for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per resident and top-ups for density, sparsity, additional population, deprivation and area costs:

#### Basic amount

DISTRICT SERVICES 9.7952 EPCS BASIC AMOUNT

#### Top-ups

DISTRICT SERVICES 0.7781 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY EPCS DENSITY TOP-UP

**EPCS** 

SPARSITY TOP-

UP

**EPCS** 

ADDITIONAL **POPULATION** TOP-UP

**DISTRICT SERVICES** 4.6965 multiplied by **POPULATION SPARSITY** 

**DISTRICT SERVICES** 4.0255 multiplied by **NET IN-COMMUTERS**; plus

3.3546 multiplied by DAY VISITORS

DISTRICT SERVICES

**EPCS** 

**DEPRIVATION** TOP-UP

17.4440 multiplied by INCAPACITY BENEFIT AND SEVERE DISABLEMENT ALLOWANCE; plus

21.4708 multiplied by INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ **GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS**; plus

17.4440 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE ON INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF **PENSION CREDIT**; plus

21.4708 multiplied by UNEMPLOYMENT RELATED **BENEFIT CLAIMANTS**; plus

4.0255 multiplied by COUNTRY OF BIRTH OF RESIDENTS

The full formula used to calculate the RNF element for these services is:

# Services provided predominantly by non-metropolitan district councils in non-metropolitan areas

- (a) PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011 multiplied by the result of:
  DISTRICT SERVICES EPCS BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  DISTRICT SERVICES EPCS DENSITY TOP-UP; plus
  DISTRICT SERVICES EPCS SPARSITY TOP-UP;
- (b) **DISTRICT SERVICES EPCS ADDITIONAL POPULATION TOP-UP**; plus **DISTRICT SERVICES EPCS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP**
- (c) The results of (a) and (b) are added together and that result is then multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL, PROTECTIVE AND CULTURAL SERVICES:
- (d) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for these services;
- (e) The result of (d) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### Services provided predominantly by county councils in nonmetropolitan areas

- 4.32 The client group for these services is the total projected population in an area. There are adjustments for population density, social and economic conditions and differences in the cost of provision between areas. The calculations reflect the fact that responsibility for public transport support in London lies with Transport for London. Adjustments are also made to take account of the provision of some services by the Greater London Authority which were formerly provided by the Common Council of the City of London and London borough councils (this adjustment is described in (d) of paragraph 4.34 below).
- 4.33 The RNF element for these services is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, metropolitan district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.34 The RNF element for these services for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per resident and top-ups for density, additional population, deprivation and area costs:

#### Basic amount

**COUNTY SERVICES** 

EPCS BASIC AMOUNT

7.6097

Top-ups

**COUNTY SERVICES** 

EPCS DENSITY TOP-UP

0.1854 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY

**COUNTY SERVICES** 

EPCS ADDITIONAL

ADDITIONAL POPULATION TOP-UP

4.8584 multiplied by NET IN-COMMUTERS; plus

8.0957 multiplied by DAY VISITORS

COUNTY SERVICES

EPCS

DEPRIVATION TOP-UP

29.1439 multiplied by UNEMPLOYMENT RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS; plus

22.6675 multiplied by INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS; plus

11.3330 multiplied by INCAPACITY BENEFIT AND SEVERE DISABLEMENT ALLOWANCE; plus

4.0947 multiplied by COUNTRY OF BIRTH OF RESIDENTS

The full formula used to calculate the RNF element for these services is:

#### Services provided predominantly by county councils in nonmetropolitan areas

- (a) PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011 multiplied by the result of:
  COUNTY SERVICES EPCS BASIC AMOUNT; plus
  COUNTY SERVICES EPCS DENSITY TOP-UP;
- (b) COUNTY SERVICES EPCS ADDITIONAL POPULATION TOP-UP; plus

#### **COUNTY SERVICES EPCS DEPRIVATION TOP-UP**

- (c) The results of (a) and (b) are added together and that result is then multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL, PROTECTIVE AND CULTURAL SERVICES;
- (d) For London boroughs and the Common Council of the City of London, the result of (c) is then *multiplied by* 0.81134; for all other authorities the result of (c) remains the same.
- (e) The result of (d) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for these services:
- (f) The result of (e) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### **Concessionary Travel**

- 4.35 The client group for this service is the total projected population in an area. There are adjustments for density, social and economic conditions, car ownership and differences in the cost of provision between areas.
- 4.36 An RNF element for *Concessionary Travel* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils.

metropolitan district councils,

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London.

4.37 The RNF element for these services for a particular authority consists of a basic amount per resident and top-ups for density, deprivation, car ownership and area costs:

#### Basic amount

CONCESSIONARY
TRAVEL BASIC 1.1056
AMOUNT

#### Top-ups

CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL DENSITY TOP- UP	-2.0027 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY FOR PEOPLE AGED 60 AND OVER
CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL DEPRIVATION TOP-UP	12.7408 multiplied by INCAPACITY BENEFIT AND SEVERE DISABLEMENT ALLOWANCE FOR CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL
CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL CAR OWNERSHIP TOP-UP	4.1149 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 60 AND OVER WITH NO CAR OR VAN

The full formula used to calculate the RNF element for this service is:

#### Concessionary Travel

- (a) PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011 multiplied by the result of:

  CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL BASIC AMOUNT; plus

  CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL DENSITY TOP-UP; plus

  CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL DEPRIVATION TOP-UP; plus

  CONCESSIONARY TRAVEL CAR OWNERSHIP TOP-UP
- (b) The result of (a) is then multiplied by AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL, PROTECTIVE AND CULTURAL SERVICES;
- (c) The result of (b) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for this service;
- (d) The result of (c) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### **Fixed Costs**

4.38 An RNF element for *Fixed Costs* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.39 The *Fixed Costs* element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### **Fixed Costs**

- (a) £325,000.00 is *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for *Fixed Costs*.
- (b) The result of (a) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### Flood Defence

4.40 An RNF element for *Flood Defence* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils which have the functions of district councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.41 The *Flood Defence* element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### Flood Defence

- (a) 0.1362 multiplied by IDB LEVY EXPENDITURE
- (b) 13.0549 multiplied by NON-IDB ORDINARY WATERCOURSE LENGTH
- (c) The result of (a) and (b) are added together and that result is then multiplied by the scaling factor given in Annex F for Flood Defence.
- (d) The result of (c) is *divided by* 10,000,000,000.

#### **Continuing Environment Agency Levies**

4.42 An RNF element for *Continuing Environment Agency Levies* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, metropolitan district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.43 The Continuing Environment Agency Levies element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### **Continuing Environment Agency Levies**

- (a) **ENVIRONMENT AGENCY (ENGLAND) LEVY** is multiplied by the scaling factor given in Annex F for Continuing Environment Agency Levy.
- (b) The result of (a) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### Coast Protection

4.44 An RNF element for *Coast Protection* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.45 The Coast Protection element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### **Coast Protection**

- (a) **COAST PROTECTION EXPENDITURE** is *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for *Coast Protection*
- (b) The result of (a) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

#### **VII Capital Financing**

- 4.46 This service block covers the cost of financing capital expenditure incurred in providing all local authority services, other than those accounted for within the Housing Revenue Account.
- 4.47 An RNF element for *Capital Financing* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils,
county councils,
London borough councils,
Common Council of the City of London,
Greater London Authority,
police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London
and the Metropolitan Police Authority,
metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities,
combined fire and rescue authorities.

- 4.48 The main determinant of the assumed cost of financing capital expenditure incurred prior to 1990/91 is the assumed level of outstanding debt at the beginning of the 1990/91 financial year. This is the larger of a notional debt figure, based on elements of the grant-related expenditure assessments for the financial year 1989/90 which relate to the cost of financing capital expenditure for the authority and/or its predecessors, or an estimate of actual debt, based principally on the adjusted initial credit ceiling<sup>1</sup> for the authority and/or its predecessors.
- 4.49 For capital expenditure incurred on or after 1 April 1990 and before 1 April 2004 the main determinant of the assumed cost of financing capital expenditure is an estimate of Basic and Supplementary Credit Approvals for the authority and/or its predecessors, or in the case of the Greater London Authority, aggregate and additional credit approvals.
- 4.50 For capital expenditure incurred on or after 1 April 2004 the main determinant of the assumed cost of financing capital expenditure is an estimate of Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) ('SCE(R)'), defined in Annex D, for the authority. There were no new SCE(R) allocations from Central Government from 1 April 2011.
- 4.51 The assumed cost of financing capital expenditure comprises interest charges and repayments of debt. Interest charges are calculated by applying a notional pool rate of interest to each authority's assumed mid-year outstanding debt. Repayments of debt are calculated as 4 per cent of assumed outstanding debt at the end of the preceding financial year.

The adjusted initial credit ceiling has the same meaning as it had in regulation 24 of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance) Regulations 1990 (S.I. 1990/432).

4.52 The RNF element for Capital Financing for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### Capital Financing

- (a) **DEBT I** multiplied by 0.98;
- (b) The result of (a) is then *multiplied by* **INTEREST RATE**;
- (c) The result of (b) is then *added to* **DEBT I** multiplied by 0.04;
- (d) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the scaling factor given in Annex F for *Capital Financing*.
- (e) The result of (d) is then divided by 10,000,000,000.

4.53 The sum of various RNF elements then produces a further two combined RNF elements as follows.

#### **Upper-tier services**

4.54 A combined RNF element for *Upper-tier services* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils.

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

metropolitan district councils.

4.55 The full formula used to calculate the *Upper-tier services* element is:

#### **Upper-tier services**

- (a) The sum of the following elements:
  - (i) the Youth and Community RNF as defined in paragraph 4.8 of this Report, *plus*
  - (ii) the Local Authority Central Education Functions RNF as defined in paragraph 4.10 of this Report, *plus*
  - (iii) the Children's Social Care RNF as defined in paragraph 4.12 of this Report, *plus*
  - (iv) the Social Services for Older People RNF as defined in paragraph 4.16 of this Report, *plus*
  - (v) the Social Services for Younger Adults RNF as defined in paragraph 4.18 of this Report, *plus*
  - (vi) the Highway Maintenance RNF as defined in paragraph 4.27 of this Report, *plus*
  - (vii) the County-Level EPCS RNF as defined in paragraph 4.34 of this Report, *plus*
  - (viii) the Concessionary Travel RNF as defined in paragraph 4.37 of this Report, *plus*
  - (ix) the Continuing Environment Agency Levies RNF as defined in paragraph 4.43 of this Report

#### Lower-tier services

4.56 A combined RNF element for *Lower-tier services* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, district councils.

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London.

4.57 The full formula used to calculate the Lower-tier element is:

#### Lower-tier

- (a) The sum of the following elements:
  - (i) the District-Level EPCS RNF as defined in paragraph 4.31 of this Report, *plus*
  - (ii) the Flood Defence RNF as defined in paragraph 4.41 of this Report,

#### Mixed-tier services

4.58 A combined RNF element for *Mixed-tier services* is calculated for the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London.

4.59 The full formula used to calculate the *Mixed-tier* element is:

#### Mixed-tier

- (a) The sum of the following elements:
  - (i) the Fixed Costs RNF as defined in paragraph 4.39 of this Report, *plus*
  - (ii) the Coast Protection RNF as defined in paragraph 4.45 of this Report

## 5 Distribution of Formula Grant

- 5.1 This section specifies the basis on which the Secretary of State proposes to distribute among receiving authorities the amount of Formula Grant for the year 2011/2012. Formula Grant is comprised of Revenue Support Grant, the Distributable Amount and Police Grant.
- 5.2 DCLG Formula Grant is comprised of Revenue Support Grant and the Distributable Amount. The amount of Revenue Support Grant available for receiving authorities is defined in Section 2 of this Report. The Distributable Amount is defined in Section 3 of this Report.
- 5.3 In order to calculate the amount of grant to be paid to each receiving authority, the Secretary of State will first calculate the Relative Needs Formulae (RNFs) for that authority. The method by which RNFs are to be calculated is set out in detail in section 4 of this Report. The calculation makes use of information reflecting the demographic, physical and social characteristics of each area.
- 5.4 The distribution of Formula Grant also takes into account the council tax base for Revenue Support Grant purposes ("the taxbase") for the area of an authority, calculated in accordance with Annex C of this Report. Since in all areas of England council services are supplied by more than one type of local authority the council tax has to be divided between the authorities supplying services in an area. In calculating Formula Grant a share of the council tax base is assumed for each tier of authority services. These shares are specified in Annex B of this Report. The indicator Projected Population in 2011 is defined in Annex D of this Report.

### Part A - Isles of Scilly

5.5 From the total of DCLG Formula Grant which the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, which is £24,905,454,992, he proposes to pay £2,599,000 with respect to the Isles of Scilly.

## Part B – Grants Rolling In Using Tailored Distribution

- 5.6 From the total of DCLG Formula Grant which the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, he proposes to pay £2,028,109,003 with respect to grants rolling in using tailored distributions.
- 5.7 The Secretary of State has decided to amalgamate certain special and specific grants for each authority, to give authorities more control over how they may be used.

5.8 The Grants Rolling in Using Tailored Distribution is calculated as follows.

For the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London, Greater London Authority:

#### The sum of:

the result of Annex J of this Report plus
the result of Annex K of this Report plus
the result of Annex L of this Report plus
the result of Annex M of this Report plus
the result of Annex N of this Report plus
the result of Annex O of this Report plus
the result of Annex P of this Report plus
the result of Annex Q of this Report
where appropriate.

#### Part C – Relative Needs Amount

- 5.9 From the remaining total of DCLG Formula Grant which the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, after paying the Isles of Scilly, and after paying the Grants Rolled In Using Tailored Distributions, which is £22,842,393,398, he proposes to pay 83.0% or £18,959,186,520 with respect to the relative needs of authorities.
- 5.10 The Relative Needs Amount is calculated as follows.

For the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London, metropolitan district councils:

- (a) **Upper-tier services RNF**, as defined in paragraph 4.55 of this Report, *multiplied by 1,000,000 and divided by* **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**;
- (b) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (a);
- (c) The result of (a) *minus* the result of (b)

For the following classes of authority:

Common Council of the City of London,

police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority, Greater London Authority:

- (d) **Police RNF**, as defined in paragraph 4.21 of this Report, multiplied by 1,000,000 and divided by **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**;
- (e) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (d);
- (f) The result of (d) *minus* the result of (e)

#### For the following classes of authority:

county councils which have responsibility for the provision of fire services.

Greater London Authority, metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities, combined fire and rescue authorities:

- (g) **Fire and Rescue RNF**, as defined in paragraph 4.24 of this Report, *multiplied by* 1,000,000 and *divided by* **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**:
- (h) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (g);
- (i) The result of (g) *minus* the result of (h)

#### For the following classes of authority:

district councils,

county councils which have the functions of district councils, London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London:

- (j) Lower-tier services RNF, as defined in paragraph 4.57 of this Report, *multiplied by* 1,000,000 and *divided by* PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (k) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (j);
- (I) The result of (j) *minus* the result of (k)

For the following classes of authority:

district councils, county councils, London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London:

- (m) Mixed-tier services RNF, as defined in paragraph 4.59 of this Report, multiplied by 1,000,000 and divided by PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (n) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (m);
- (o) The result of (m) *minus* the result of (n)

For the following classes of authority:

district councils,

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

Greater London Authority,

police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority,

metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities,

combined fire and rescue authorities:

- (p) Capital Financing RNF, as defined at paragraph 4.52 of this Report, *multiplied by* 1,000,000 and *divided by* PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011:
- (q) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (p);
- (r) The result of (p) *minus* the result of (q)
- (s) The sum of:

the result of (c) plus

the result of (f) plus

the result of (i) plus

the result of (I) plus

the result of (o) plus

the result of (r)

where appropriate.

- (t) The result of (s) *divided by* 1,000,000 and *multiplied by* **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**
- (u) The sum for all authorities of the result of (t)
- (v) The result of (t) *divided by* the result of (u) *multiplied by* £18,959,186,520

### Part D - Relative Resource Amount

- 5.11 From the remaining total of DCLG Formula Grant which the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, after paying the Isles of Scilly, and after paying the Grants Rolled In Using Tailored Distributions, he proposes to adjust the amount payable by -26.6% or -£6,076,076,644 with respect to the relative resources of authorities.
- 5.12 The Relative Resource Amount is calculated as follows.

For the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils.

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

metropolitan district councils:

- (a) Taxbase multiplied by Upper-tier Share of Taxbase divided by PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (b) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (a);
- (c) The result of (a) *minus* the result of (b)

For the following classes of authority:

Common Council of the City of London, police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority, Greater London Authority:

- (d) Taxbase multiplied by Police Share of Taxbase divided by PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (e) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (d);
- (f) The result of (d) *minus* the result of (e)

For the following classes of authority:

county councils which have responsibility for the provision of fire services.

Greater London Authority,

metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities,

combined fire and rescue authorities:

- (g) Taxbase multiplied by Fire and Rescue Share of Taxbase divided by PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (h) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (g);
- (i) The result of (g) *minus* the result of (h)

For the following classes of authority:

district councils,

county councils which have the functions of district councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London:

- (j) Taxbase multiplied by Lower-Tier Share of Taxbase divided by PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011;
- (k) The minimum for all authorities of the result of (j);
- (I) The result of (j) *minus* the result of (k)

For the following classes of authority:

district councils,

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

Greater London Authority,

police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority,

metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities,

combined fire and rescue authorities:

(m) The sum of:

the result of (c) plus

the result of (f) plus

the result of (i) plus

the result of (I)

where appropriate.

- (n) The result of (m) *multiplied by* **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**;
- (o) The sum for all authorities of the result of (n);
- (p) The result of (n) *divided by* the result of (o) multiplied by -£6,076,076,644

#### Part E – Central Allocation

- 5.13 From the total of DCLG Formula Grant which the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, after paying the Isles of Scilly, and after paying the Grants Rolled In Using Tailored Distributions, he proposes to pay £9,959,283,522 with respect to the central allocation.
- 5.14 The Central Allocation is calculated as follows.

For the following classes of authority:

district councils.

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

Greater London Authority.

police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority,

metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities,

combined fire and rescue authorities:

(a) The sum of:

the result of (b) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *plus* the result of (e) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *plus* the result of (h) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *plus* the result of (k) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *plus* the result of (n) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *plus* the result of (q) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report where appropriate;

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the result of (u) from paragraph 5.10 of this Report *multiplied by* £18,959,186,520 *divided by* 1,000,000;
- (c) The sum of:

the result of (b) from paragraph 5.12 of this Report *plus* the result of (e) from paragraph 5.12 of this Report *plus* the result of (h) from paragraph 5.12 of this Report *plus* the result of (k) from paragraph 5.12 of this Report where appropriate;

- (d) The result of (c) *divided by* the result of (o) from paragraph 5.12 of this Report *multiplied by* -£6,076,076,644;
- (e) The sum of the results of (b) *plus* (d);
- (f) The result of (e) *multiplied by* **PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011**;
- (g) The sum for all authorities of the result of (f);

(h) The result of (f) *divided by* the result of (g) *multiplied by* £9,959,283,522;

### Part F – Floor Damping

- 5.15 The results from the Part B, Part C, Part D and Part E when added together with Police Grant form Formula Grant before floor damping. In order to ensure that authorities receive at least a minimum grant change (called the 'floor') we adjust the results.
- 5.16 In order to calculate the floor damping element, the Secretary of State will first calculate the adjusted formula grant for 2010/11. The method by which the adjusted formula grant for 2010/11 is to be calculated is set out in detail in Annex R of this Report.
- 5.17 Formula grant funding for the emergency services (police, and fire and rescue authorities) has been relatively protected, in comparison with authorities with education and social service responsibilities and shire districts without the functions of county councils. Given the steeper reduction in grant for these latter classes of authority, the Government is adopting a new approach to setting floor levels for them. It recognises that some authorities have a higher proportion of their budget requirement funded through formula grant and are consequently more dependent on formula grant than others. Ministers have therefore decided to place each authority within these classes into one of four bands, for the purpose of floor damping, and to apply different floor levels to the authorities in the different bands based on this criterion. The method by which the bands are decided is set out in detail in Annex S of this Report.
- 5.18 The floor damping calculations are given below.

#### **Authorities with Education and Social Service Responsibilities**

- 5.19 For London borough councils, metropolitan district councils, county councils and non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils the final amount of Formula Grant for each authority for 2011/12 is calculated as follows:
  - (a) which represents the previous year's grant support, is the Secretary of State's estimates of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by x as set out in paragraph 5.20 below

(c) the sum of the following items:

the Grants Rolling In Using Tailored Distribution as defined in paragraph 5.8 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Needs Amount as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.28634468; *plus* the result of (b)

- (e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.
- 5.20 For the purpose of (b) in paragraph 5.10 above:

for authorities in band 1, x = 0.887;

for authorities in band 2, x = 0.877;

for authorities in band 3, x = 0.867; and

for authorities in band 4, x = 0.857.

#### **Police Authorities**

- 5.21 For police authorities other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority, the final amount of Formula Grant for each such authority for 2011/2012 is calculated as follows:
  - (a) which represents the previous year's grant support, is the Secretary of State's estimates of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.94859

(c) the sum of the following items:

the Relative Needs Amount as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report; *plus* 

the Principal Formula Police Grant as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/12.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.00006506; *plus* the result of (b)

(e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.

#### The Common Council of the City of London

- 5.22 The amount of Revenue Support Grant for the Common Council of the City of London consists of the sum of an amount in respect of police services and an amount in respect of non-police services. The police amount is determined using the same floor and scaling factor as for police authorities, other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority. The non-police amount is determined using the same floor and scaling factor as for the London borough councils, metropolitan district councils, county councils and non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils.
- 5.23 The amount for police services is calculated as follows:
  - (a) the Secretary of State's estimate of that part of the Common Council of the City of London's share of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11 in respect of police services.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.94859
  - (c) the sum of the following items:

the Relative Needs Amount with respect to police services as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount with respect to police services as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation with respect to police services as

defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report; plus

the Principal Formula Police Grant as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/12.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.00006506; *plus* the result of (b)

- (e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.
- 5.24 The amount for non-police services is calculated as follows:
  - (a) the Secretary of State's estimate of that part of the Common Council of the City of London's share of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11 in respect of non-police services.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.887
  - (c) the sum of the following items:

the Grants Rolling In Using Tailored Distribution as defined in paragraph 5.8 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Needs Amount with respect to non-police services as defined in paragraphs 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount with respect to non-police services as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation with respect to non-police services as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report.

- (d) The result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.28634468; plus the result of (b)

(e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.

#### Fire and Rescue Authorities

5.25 For the metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities and the combined fire and rescue authorities the final amount of Formula Grant for each such authority for 2011/2012 is calculated as follows:

- (a) which represents the previous year's grant support, is the Secretary of State's estimates of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11.
- (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.905
- (c) the sum of the following items:

the Relative Needs Amount as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.66047000; *plus* the result of (b)

(e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.

#### **The Greater London Authority**

- 5.26 The amount of Revenue Support Grant for the Greater London Authority (GLA) consists of the sum of an amount in respect of police services and an amount in respect of fire and rescue services. The police amount is determined using the same floor and scaling factor as for police authorities, other than the Common Council of the City of London and the Metropolitan Police Authority. The fire and rescue amount is determined using the same floor and scaling factor as for the metropolitan county fire and rescue authorities and the combined fire and rescue authorities. The formula for the GLA takes into account that the authority makes budgetary provision for police services for only a part of the GLA's area<sup>1</sup>.
- 5.27 The amount for police services is calculated as follows:
  - (a) the Secretary of State's estimate of that part of the GLA's share of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11 in respect of police services.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.94859
  - (c) the sum of the following items:

the Relative Needs Amount with respect to police services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Within the area of the City of London budgetary provision for police services is the responsibility of the Common Council of the City of London.

as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; plus

the Relative Resource Amount with respect to police services as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation with respect to police services as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report; *plus* 

the Principal Formula Police Grant as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/12.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.00006506; *plus* the result of (b)

- (e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.
- 5.28 The amount for fire and rescue services is calculated as follows:
  - (a) the Secretary of State's estimate of that part of the GLA's share of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11 in respect of fire and rescue services.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by 0.905
  - (c) the sum of the following items:

the Grants Rolling In Using Tailored Distribution as defined in paragraph 5.8 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Needs Amount with respect to fire and rescue services as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount with respect to fire and rescue services as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; plus

the Central Allocation with respect to fire and rescue services as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report.

- (d) The result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.66047000; plus the result of (b)

(e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.

#### **Shire Districts without Education and Social Service Responsibilities**

- 5.29 For non-metropolitan district councils which do not have functions of county councils the final amount of Formula Grant for each such authority for 2011/2012 is calculated as follows:
  - (a) which represents the previous year's grant support, is the Secretary of State's estimates of adjusted formula grant for 2010/11.
  - (b) the results of (a) multiplied by x as set out in paragraph 5.30 below
  - (c) the sum of the following items:

the Relative Needs Amount as defined in paragraph 5.10 of this Report; *plus* 

the Relative Resource Amount as defined in paragraph 5.12 of this Report; *plus* 

the Central Allocation as defined in paragraph 5.14 of this Report.

- (d) the result of:
  - (c) minus
  - (b)

multiplied by 0.00287232; *plus* the result of (b)

- (e) either the result of (b) or the result of (d), whichever is the greater.
- 5.30 For the purpose of (b) in paragraph 5.29 above:

for authorities in band 1, x = 0.868;

for authorities in band 2, x = 0.858;

for authorities in band 3, x = 0.848; and

for authorities in band 4, x = 0.838.

## 6 Distribution of Revenue Support Grant

- 6.1 This section specifies the basis on which the Secretary of State proposes to distribute among receiving authorities the amount of Revenue Support Grant which under Part V of the 1988 Act falls to be paid to such authorities for the year 2011/2012.
- 6.2 The share of Revenue Support Grant for each receiving authority, other than the Greater London Authority, is to be calculated by applying the formula:

$$\frac{1}{(I+J)} \times (K-L)$$

where:

- I is the amount of Revenue Support Grant that the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, as specified in section 2 of this Report;
- **J** is the distributable amount, as specified in section 3 of this Report;
- **K** is the authority's share of Formula Grant for 2011/12 calculated in accordance with Section 5 of this Report; and
- L is the amount of any Principal Formula Police Grant for the authority for 2011/12 as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/2012.
- 6.3 The share of Revenue Support Grant for the Greater London Authority is to be calculated by applying the formula:

$$\left(\frac{I}{\left(I+J\right)}\times\left(K1-L1\right)\right) \ + \ \left(\frac{I}{\left(I+J\right)}\times K2\right)$$

where:

I and J have the same meanings as in paragraph 6.2;

**K1** is the share of Formula Grant for police services, for 2011/12 specified in Annex T of this Report;

- L1 is the amount of Principal Formula Police Grant for the authority for 2011/12 as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/2012; and
- **K2** is the share of Formula Grant for fire and rescue services, for 2011/2012 specified in Annex T of this Report.

## 7 Distribution of the Distributable Amount

- 7.1 This section specifies the basis on which the Secretary of State proposes to distribute among receiving authorities the distributable amount for the year 2011/2012.
- 7.2 The share of the distributable amount for each receiving authority, other than the Greater London Authority, is to be calculated by applying the formula:

$$\frac{\mathsf{J}}{\left(\mathsf{I}+\mathsf{J}\right)} imes\left(\mathsf{K}-\mathsf{L}\right)$$

where:

- I is the amount of Revenue Support Grant that the Secretary of State proposes to pay to receiving authorities, as specified in section 2 of this Report;
- **J** is the distributable amount, as specified in section 3 of this Report;
- **K** is the authority's share of Formula Grant for 2011/12 calculated in accordance with Section 5 of this Report; and
- L is the amount of any Police Grant for the authority for 2011/12 as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/2012.
- 7.3 The share of the distributable amount for the Greater London Authority is to be calculated by applying the formula:

$$\left(\frac{J}{\left(I+J\right)}\times\left(K1-L1\right)\right) \ + \ \left(\frac{J}{\left(I+J\right)}\times K2\right)$$

where:

I and J have the same meanings as in paragraph 7.2;

- **K1** is the share of Formula Grant for police services, for 2011/12 specified in Annex T of this Report;
- L1 is the amount of Police Grant for the authority for 2011/12 as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/2012; and

**K2** is the share of Formula Grant for fire and rescue services, for 2011/12 specified in Annex T of this Report.

## 8 Conclusion

- 8.1 This Report is made by the Secretary of State under section 78A of the Local Government Finance Act 1988. It is laid before the House of Commons in accordance with that section.
- 8.2 The financial year for which the Report is to operate is that beginning on 1 April 2011. This Report may be amended by a report made under section 84A of the 1988 Act<sup>1</sup> or under paragraph 13 of Schedule 8 to the 1988 Act<sup>2</sup>.

Eric Pickles Secretary of State Department of Communities and Local Government

27 January 2011

The consent of the Treasury has been obtained to the making of the determinations specified in paragraphs 2.1 to 2.3 of this Report.

Michael Fabricant Angela Watkinson Two of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury

27 January 2011

<sup>1</sup> Section 84A was inserted by paragraph 15 of Schedule 10 to the 1992 Act.

<sup>2</sup> Paragraph 13 was substituted by paragraph 7 of Schedule 10 to the 1992 Act.

## Annex A

## **Amount of Grant for Specified Body**

The Secretary of State has determined as the amount of Revenue Support Grant which he proposes to pay to the specified body the amount shown against its name below:

	£
Improvement and Development Agency for Local Government	32,500,000

## **Annex B**

# Shares of the Council Tax Base used in Calculating an Authority's Share of Formula Grant

- The distribution of Formula Grant takes into account the council tax base of an authority. Since in all areas of England council services are supplied by more than one type of local authority the council tax has to be divided between the authorities supplying services in an area. In calculating Formula Grant a share of the council tax base is assumed for each tier of authority services.
- 2 The table below shows the share of tax base for each tier of authority services.

Tier of Service	Share of council tax base
Upper-tier services	0.799150182
Police services	0.073440990
Fire and rescue services	0.024267573
Lower-tier services	0.103141254

### Annex C

## The Council Tax Base for Formula Grant purposes

- This Annex contains rules for calculating the council tax base for Formula Grant purposes ("the taxbase"), for the area of each receiving authority.
- The Secretary of State will calculate the taxbase for each receiving authority's area using information which billing authorities have submitted to him in writing in accordance with the notice dated 24 September 2010 issued under section 139A of the 1988 Act and section 68 of the 1992 Act and which has been received by him on or before 15 October 2010. The information submitted will generally have been on the basis of information available to billing authorities on 4 October 2010<sup>1</sup>. If an authority has failed to provide the information in accordance with the notice, the Secretary of State will exercise his powers under section 139A(3) of the 1988 Act and section 68(3) of the 1992 Act, namely, he may assume the information required to be such as he sees fit. He may also take into account any other information available to him.
- 3 The taxbase for a billing authority's area as at 4 October 2010 will be equal to

#### Council Tax Base for Revenue Support Grant Purposes

the total of the amounts calculated by applying the following formula in relation to dwellings shown on 13 September 2010 in each valuation band ("the band") in the valuation list compiled under section 22 of the 1992 Act except for band A -

$$\begin{cases} R - \left(S1 + S2 + T + U - V + W + XA + XB + XC + XD\right) + \left(0.75 \times W\right) \\ + \left(0.5 \times XA\right) + \left(0.5 \times XB\right) + \left(0.5 \times XC\right) + \left(\left(1 - \frac{AP}{100}\right) \times XD\right) \end{cases} \times \frac{Y}{Z}$$

Plus

<sup>1</sup> More recent figures for discounts and exemptions applicable as at 4 October 2010 were acceptable if numbers changed significantly in light of information received after 4 October 2010 (for example, class N exemptions for students).

(b) the amount calculated by applying the following formula in relation to dwellings shown on 13 September 2010 for valuation band A in the valuation list compiled under section 22 of the 1992 Act -

$$\left\{ R - \left( S1 + S2 + T + U1 - V1 + W1 + X1A + X1B + X1C + X1D \right) + \left( 0.75 \times W1 \right) + \left( 0.5 \times X1A \right) + \left( 0.5 \times X1B \right) + \left( 0.5 \times X1C \right) + \left( \left( 1 - \frac{AP}{100} \right) \times X1D \right) \right\} \times \frac{6}{9}$$

$$+ \left\{ (U1 - W2 - X2) + \left( 0.75 \times W2 \right) + \left( 0.5 \times X2 \right) \right\} \times \frac{5}{9}$$

Plus

(c) the amount of the taxbase element for dwellings situated in the authority's area which are exempt dwellings by virtue of falling within Class O of the Exempt Dwellings Order, calculated by the authority in accordance with the notice referred to in paragraph 2.

where -

- **R** is the number of dwellings in the band;
- Is the number of dwellings in the band which on 4 October 2010 were exempt dwellings within Classes A to L and O to W of the Council Tax (Exempt Dwellings) Order 1992<sup>2</sup> ("the Exempt Dwellings Order");
- S2 Is the number of dwellings in the band which on 31 May 2010 were exempt dwellings within Classes M and N of the Exempt Dwellings Order.

Minus

the number of dwellings in the band which on 4 October 2010 were exempt dwellings within Classes M and N;

- T is the number of dwellings in the band not included in S1 or S2 above which in the opinion of the authority on 4 October 2010 -
  - (i) had ceased to exist, or
  - (ii) were not within the area of the authority;

And where for dwellings in the bands **B** to **H**:

**U** is the number of dwellings in the band in respect of which, by virtue of

<sup>2</sup> S.I. 1992/558 as amended by S.I. 1992/2941, S.I. 1993/150, S.I. 1994/539, S.I. 1995/619, S.I. 1997/74, S.I. 1997/656, S.I. 1998/291, S.I. 1999/536, S.I. 2000/424, S.I. 2003/3121 and S.I. 2006/2318.

the Council Tax (Reductions for Disabilities) Regulations 1992<sup>3</sup> ("the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations"), the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was calculated by reference to the valuation band which is immediately above the band in the Table in section 5(2) of the 1992 Act ("the relevant Table");

- V is the number of dwellings in the valuation band which is immediately below the band in the relevant Table in respect of which, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations, the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was calculated by reference to the band;
- W is the number of dwellings in the band in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a 25 per cent discount by virtue of section 11(1) of the 1992 Act,

#### Less

the number of those dwellings in respect of which, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations, the amount of council tax payable was calculated by reference to the valuation band which is immediately above the band in the relevant Table,

#### Plus

the number of dwellings in the valuation band which is immediately below the band in the relevant Table in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 -

- (i) was subject to a 25 per cent discount, by virtue of section 11(1) of the 1992 Act, and
- (ii) was calculated by reference to the band, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations;
- is the number of dwellings in the band in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a 50 per cent discount by virtue of section 11(2)(b) of the 1992 Act,

  Less

the number of those dwellings in respect of which, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations, the amount of council tax payable was calculated by reference to the valuation band which appears immediately above the band in the relevant Table,

Plus

the number of dwellings in the valuation band which appears immediately below the band in the relevant Table in respect of which

the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 -

- (i) was subject to a 50 percent discount, by virtue of section 11(2) of the 1992 Act, and
- (ii) was calculated by reference to the band by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations;
- is the number of dwellings in the band which on 4 October 2010 were within Class A or B of the Council Tax (Prescribed Classes of Dwellings) (England) Regulations 2003<sup>4</sup> ("the 2003 Regulations") (for RSG purposes these dwellings are treated as being entitled to a 50% discount even if the authority has determined a lesser discount under section 11A(3) of the 1992 Act);
- is the number of dwellings in the band which on 4 October 2010 were within Class C of the 2003 Regulations and were entitled to a 50% discount:
- is the number of dwellings in the band in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a discount of between 0% and 50% by reason of any determination under section 11A(4) of the 1992 Act;
- AP is the appropriate percentage (i.e. the percentage discount given by the authority to long-term empty homes) in any determination made under section 11A(4) of the 1992 Act, in relation to the financial year 2010/11:
- Y is the number in the proportion set out in paragraph 4 which is applicable to dwellings shown in the band in the valuation list;
- **Z** is 9; that is, the number in the proportion set out in paragraph 4 which is applicable to dwellings in valuation band D.

And where for dwellings in band A:

U1 is the number of dwellings in band A in respect of which, by virtue of the Reduction for Disabilities Regulations, the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was calculated as 5/9 the band D amount;

<sup>4</sup> S.I.2003/3011 as amended by S.I. 2004/926, S.I. 2005/416 and S.I. 2005/2866.

- v1 is the number of dwellings in valuation band B in respect of which, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations, the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was calculated by reference to band A:
- w1 is the number of dwellings in band A, in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a 25 per cent. discount by virtue of section 11(1) of the 1992 Act,

#### Less

the number of those dwellings in respect of which the amount of council tax payable was calculated by reference to 5/9 of the band D amount by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations,

#### Plus

the number of dwellings in band B in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 -

- (i) was subject to a 25 per cent discount, by virtue of section 11(1) of the 1992 Act, and
- (ii) was calculated by reference to band A, by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations;
- is the number of dwellings in band A in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a 50 per cent discount by virtue of section 11(2)(b) of the 1992 Act,

#### Less

the number of those dwellings in respect of which the amount of council tax payable was calculated by reference to 5/9 of the band D amount by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations,

#### Plus

the number of dwellings in band B in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 -

- (i) was subject to a 50 per cent discount, by virtue of section 11(2) of the 1992 Act, and
- (ii) was calculated by reference to band A by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations;
- **X1B** is the number of dwellings in band A which on 4 October 2010 were within Class A or B of the 2003 Regulations (for RSG purposes these dwellings are treated as being entitled to a 50% discount even if the authority has determined a lesser discount under section

11A(3) of the 1992 Act);

- x1C is the number of dwellings in band A which on 4 October 2010 were within Class C of the 2003 Regulations and were entitled to a 50% discount;
- is the number of dwellings in band A in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 was subject to a discount of between 0% and 50% by reason of any determination made by the authority under section 11A(4) of the 1992 Act;
- W2 Is the number of dwellings in band A in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010 -
  - (i) was subject to a 25 per cent discount, by virtue of section 11(1) of the 1992 Act, and
  - (ii) was calculated by reference to 5/9 of the band D amount by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations;
- is the number of dwellings in band A in respect of which the amount of council tax payable on 4 October 2010-
  - (i) was subject to a 50 per cent discount, by virtue of section 11(2) of the 1992 Act, and
  - (ii) was calculated by reference to 5/9 of the band D amount by virtue of the Reductions for Disabilities Regulations.
- For the purposes of the definitions of Y in paragraph 3, the proportion is the proportion in section 5(1) of the 1992 Act, namely, -

7:8:9:11:13:15:18

where 7 is for dwellings in band B, 8 is for dwellings in band C, and so on.

- The taxbase for a billing authority's area for 2011-12 is the taxbase for a billing authority's area as at 4 October 2010 adjusted for the number of May student exemptions, increased by the Secretary of State's estimate of the average annual increase in the taxbase for the authority between:
  - (i) 6 October 2008 adjusted for the number of May student exemptions, on the basis of information submitted to him in writing in accordance with the notice dated 30 September 2008 issued under section 139A of the 1988 Act and section 68 of the 1992 Act; and
  - (ii) 4 October 2010 adjusted for the number of May student exemptions, on the basis of information submitted to him in writing in accordance

with the notice dated 24 September 2010 issued under section 139A of the 1988 Act and section 68 of the 1992 Act.

- Subject to paragraph 7, the taxbase for the area of each major precepting authority will be calculated as the total of the taxbase figures for 2011/12 for the area of each billing authority to which the major precepting authority has the power to issue a precept.
- The taxbase for the whole of the Greater London Authority's area will be calculated as the total of the taxbase figures for the London borough councils and Common Council of the City of London. The taxbase for that part of the Greater London Authority's area for which the Greater London Authority makes budgetary provision for police services, will be calculated as the total of the taxbase figures for the London borough councils.

#### **Annex D**

## **Definition of Indicators Used for Each Authority** in the Calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

#### Introduction

Unless otherwise stated, data used to construct indicators for the calculation of Relative Needs Formulae (RNF) are those available to the Secretary of State on 1 October 2010 concerning the authorities relevant to the calculation of specific RNF elements.

Data used to construct indicators for this purpose for receiving authorities which are reorganised authorities comprise such data available, unless otherwise stated, on 1 October 2010 concerning the predecessor authorities, or parts of the predecessor authorities, as the Secretary of State considers appropriate. A reorganised authority is an authority subject to a structural, or a structural and boundary change, which came into effect on 1 April 1995, 1 April 1996, 1 April 1997, 1 April 1998, 1 April 2000, 1 April 2007 or 1 April 2009 and which is made by an order under section 17 of the Local Government Act 1992, by an order under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004, under section 323 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999 or by an order under section 7 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007. Reorganised authorities for this purpose are listed in Annex I.

The following definitions are ordered according to the indicators required for the calculation of RNF elements for the seven major service blocks.

#### I Children's Services

PROJECTED
POPULATION
AGED 13 TO 19 IN
2011

The projected number of residents aged 13-19 years in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

CHILDREN IN
OUT-OF-WORK
FAMILIES
RECEIVING
CHILD TAX
CREDIT ABOVE
THRESHOLD

Either:

CHILDREN IN OUT-OF-WORK FAMILIES IN RECEIPT OF CHILD TAX CREDIT (as defined below); minus 0.1079

or zero, whichever is the greater.

CHILDREN IN
OUT-OF-WORK
FAMILIES IN
RECEIPT OF
CHILD TAX
CREDIT

The average number of children in out-of-work families who received Child Tax Credit, over the financial years 2006-07 to 2008-09 as estimated by the HM Revenue and Customs divided by the resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by Office for National Statistics.

SECONDARY LOW ACHIEVING ETHNIC GROUPS ABOVE THRESHOLD Either:

PUPILS OF SECONDARY SCHOOL AGE IN LOW ACHIEVING ETHNIC GROUPS (as defined below); *minus* 0.0189

or zero, whichever is the greater.

PUPILS OF SECONDARY SCHOOL AGE IN LOW ACHIEVING ETHNIC GROUPS The number of pupils in secondary schools who are from ethnic groups which are considered by the Secretary of State for Education to be low achieving *divided* by the number of pupils in secondary schools who had an ethnic group recorded, based on the count at the beginning of the spring term 2010, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education.

The low achieving ethnic groups comprise the ethnic categories:

Gypsy/Roma and Travellers of Irish Heritage White and Black African White and Black Caribbean Pakistani Black Caribbean Black African Any 'other Black' background

#### Any 'other White' group

#### PUPILS AGED 3 TO 18

The full-time equivalent number of pupils aged 3 to 18, calculated as

The sum of:

- (i) PUPILS AGED 2 WITH SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS (as defined below) divided by 2; plus
- (ii) **PUPILS AGED 3** (as defined below) *divided by* 2; *plus*
- (iii) **PUPILS AGED 4** (as defined below); *plus*
- (iv) PUPILS AGED 5 AND OVER (as defined below); plus
- (v) **PUPILS AT ACADEMIES** (as defined below)

Pupils at independent schools becoming maintained schools

Numbers of pupils aged 3 and over have been adjusted, as the Secretary of State for Education considers appropriate, to reflect:

- (i) the estimated number of children in independent schools in respect of which the Secretary of State for Education had approved by 1 October 2010 proposals under section 212 of the Education Act 1996 for such schools to be maintained by a local education authority during the 2011-2012 financial year; and
- (ii) the estimated number of children in independent schools in respect of which the Secretary of State for Education had approved by 1 October 2010 proposals under section 41 of the Education Act 1996 for such schools to be maintained by a local education authority during the 2011-2012 financial year.

#### PUPILS AGED 2 WITH SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS

The part-time equivalent number of pupils aged 2 with Special Educational Needs at 31 December 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010.

#### **PUPILS AGED 3** The sum of:

- (i) The part-time equivalent number of pupils aged 4 at 31 December 2009 but aged 3 at 31 August 2009 in maintained schools; *plus*
- (ii) The part-time equivalent number of pupils aged 4 at 31 December 2009 but aged 3 at 31 August 2009 in private, voluntary and independent settings in receipt of a place funded by the local education authority; *plus Either:*
- (iii) The part-time equivalent number of pupils aged 3 at 31 December 2009 in maintained schools; *plus*

Annex D: Definition of indicators used for each authority in the calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

 (iv) The part-time equivalent number of pupils aged 3 at 31 December 2009 in private, voluntary and independent settings funded by the local education authority;

or

(v) the resident population aged 3 at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics, *multiplied by* 0.90,

whichever is the greater.

Part-time equivalent numbers of pupils aged 3 at 31 December 2009 and part-time equivalent numbers of pupils aged 4 at 31 December 2009 but aged 3 at 31 August 2009 in the maintained sector are estimated by the Secretary of State for Education, mainly on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010. Pupils in the count are those who were registered at nursery, community. foundation or voluntary schools or community or foundation special schools maintained by the authority. This also includes pupils registered at independent schools, or schools not maintained by an authority and approved by the Secretary of State for Educationas special schools under Section 342 of the Education Act 1996, and in respect of whom the tuition fees are paid in full by the authority. In calculating the part-time equivalent number of pupils, both part time pupils and full time pupils are counted as one parttime equivalent pupil.

Part-time equivalent numbers of pupils aged 3 at 31 December 2009, and part-time equivalent numbers of pupils aged 4 at 31 December 2009 but aged 3 at 31 August 2009. in the private, voluntary or independent sectors are estimated by the Secretary of State for Education on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010. Pupils in the count are those who are receiving nursery education, which is funded by the local education authority and provided in the private, voluntary or independent sectors by a person other than a local education authority. This also includes pupils educated in local authority provision outside nursery or maintained schools but not in private, voluntary or independent settings and for whom funding is provided by the local education authority. In calculating the part-time equivalent number of pupils, five sessions or above are calculated to be the equivalent of a part-time pupil. Pupils attending for less than five sessions are counted pro-rata to the number of sessions attended; for example a pupil attending one session a week will be counted as one fifth of a part-time equivalent pupil.

#### **PUPILS AGED 4** The sum of:

- (i) The full-time equivalent number of pupils who had attained the age of 4 and had not attained the age of 5 in schools maintained by the authority at 31 August 2009; *plus*
- (ii) The full-time equivalent number of pupils who had attained the age of 4 and had not achieved the age of 5 at 31 August 2009 in private, voluntary and independent settings and in receipt of a place funded by the local education authority.

Full-time equivalent numbers of pupils aged 4 in maintained schools are estimated by the Secretary of State for Education, mainly on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010. Pupils in the count are those who were registered at nursery, community, foundation or voluntary schools or community or foundation special schools maintained by the authority. This also includes pupils registered at independent schools, or schools not maintained by an authority and approved by the Secretary of State for Education as special schools under Section 342 of the Education Act 1996, and in respect of whom the tuition fees are paid in full by the authority. In calculating the full-time equivalent number of pupils, part-time pupils have been calculated as half the value of full-time pupils.

Full-time equivalent numbers of pupils who had attained the age of 4 and had not attained the age of 5 as at 31 August 2009, in the private, voluntary or independent sectors are estimated by the Secretary of State for Education on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010. Pupils in the count are those who are receiving nursery education, which is funded by the local education authority and provided in the private, voluntary or independent sectors by a person other than a local education authority. This also includes pupils educated in local authority provision outside nursery or maintained schools but not in private, voluntary or independent settings and for whom funding is provided by the local education authority. In calculating the full-time equivalent number of pupils, ten sessions are calculated to be the equivalent of a full-time pupil and pupils attending sessions below this are counted pro-rata to the number of sessions attended, for example a pupil attending one session a week will count as one tenth of a full-time equivalent pupil.

#### PUPILS AGED 5 AND OVER

The number of pupils aged 5 and over at 31 August 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education mainly on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010.

Pupils in the count are those at schools maintained by the authority or grant maintained schools in the area of the authority, sixth forms, Pupil Referral Units and pupils educated otherwise than in maintained schools under

arrangements made by the authority.

## PUPILS IN ACADEMIES

The number of pupils aged 3 to 18 in academies, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010.

#### RESIDENT PUPILS AGED 3 TO 18

The number of pupils aged 3 to 18 resident in the Local Authority area at 31 August 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education based mainly on a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010.

#### WARD SPARSITY

#### The sum of:

- (i) 3.5 multiplied by the resident population of those wards within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.5 or less residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census; and
- (ii) The resident population of those wards within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.5 but less than or equal to 4 residents per hectare, *divided by* the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 0 TO 17 IN 2011

The projected number of residents under 18 years of age in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

## CHILDREN WITHOUT GOOD HEALTH

The proportion of children aged 0 to 18 in fairly good health or bad health, calculated using the information from the 2001 Census.

INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS AGED 18 TO 64 YEARS The number of Income Support/Income based Jobseekers Allowance/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants aged between 18 to 64 inclusive, over a period between:

- May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants, and
- August 2007 and August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year for Income based Jobseekers Allowance claimants.

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions, *divided by* the resident population aged between 18 to 64 years at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### CHILDREN IN BLACK ETHNIC GROUPS

The proportion of children aged 0 to 15 in black ethnic groups (Black Caribbean, Black African or other Black ethnicity), calculated using the information from the 2001 Census.

## FOSTER COST ADJUSTMENT

A factor to reflect differences in the cost of providing foster care. This is calculated as:

- (i) 15.9595 multiplied by PEOPLE IN OTHER ETHNIC GROUPS (as defined below); plus
- (ii) 35.4364 *multiplied by* **PEOPLE IN MIXED ETHNIC GROUPS** (as defined below); *plus*
- (iii) 14.2320 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 16 TO 74
  WHOSE HIGHEST QUALIFICATION ATTAINED WAS
  LEVEL 1 OR 2 (as defined below); plus
- (iv) 6.7052 multiplied by PEOPLE AGED 16 TO 74 WHOSE HIGHEST QUALIFICATION ATTAINED WAS LEVEL 4 OR 5 (as defined below); plus
- (v) 20.5347 *multiplied by* **FEMALES AGED 16 TO 74 LOOKING AFTER HOME AND/OR FAMILY** (as defined below); *minus*
- (vi) 5.0574

The result of the above is *divided by* 4.4901, *multiplied by* 0.2, and then *added to* 0.8.

The indicator is the result of the above calculation *divided by* 0.9321 calculated to 4 decimal places.

PEOPLE IN OTHER ETHNIC GROUPS

The proportion of people in other ethnic groups (Chinese or other ethnic group), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

## PEOPLE IN MIXED ETHNIC GROUPS

The proportion of people in mixed ethnic groups (White and black Caribbean, white and black African, white and Asian or other mixed ethnicity), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

PEOPLE AGED 16 TO 74 WHOSE HIGHEST QUALIFICATION ATTAINED WAS LEVEL 1 OR 2 The proportion of people aged 16 to 74 whose highest qualification attained was level 1 or 2. Level 1 qualification is one or more 'O' level pass, any CSE or GCSE grade, an NVQ level 1 or a foundation GNVQ. Level 2 qualification is five or more 'O' level passes, five or more CSEs (grade 1), five or more GCSEs (grade A to C), a School Certificate, one plus 'A' or 'AS' Level, an NVQ level 2 or an intermediate GNVQ, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

PEOPLE AGED 16 TO 74 WHOSE HIGHEST QUALIFICATION ATTAINED WAS LEVEL 4 OR 5 The proportion of people aged 16 to 74 with their highest qualification being level 4 or 5. Levels 4 or 5 are a first degree, higher degree, NVQ levels 4 and 5. HNC, HND or Qualified Teacher, Medical Doctor, Dentist, Nurse, Midwife or Health Visitor Status, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

FEMALES AGED 16 TO 74 LOOKING AFTER HOME AND/OR FAMILY The proportion of females aged 16 to 74 whose economic activity is looking after the home and/or the family, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR EDUCATION A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing education services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; Base Estimate Returns 1992-93; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2005-06; the 2010 Revaluation of Local Authority Schools undertaken by the Valuation Office; and the total resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

AREA COST
ADJUSTMENT
FOR CHILDREN'S
SOCIAL CARE
AND YOUNGER
ADULTS'
PERSONAL
SOCIAL
SERVICES

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing children's social care and younger adults' personal social services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; 2007 Annual Business Inquiry Part 2 provided by the Office for National Statistics; the 2008 Small and Medium Enterprise statistics provided by the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2007-08; Revenue Outturn (RO3) 2007-08; Council Personal Social Services Gross Expenditure PSS EX1 2008; an applicable sample of publicly available company accounts; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### **II Adults' Personal Social Services**

PROJECTED
HOUSEHOLD AND
SUPPORTED
RESIDENTS AGED
65 AND OVER IN
2011

The projected number of residents aged 65 years and over who are residents in households *plus* the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes, calculated as:

- The projected resident population aged 65 years and over in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; multiplied by
- (ii) The household population aged 65 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census; and then *divided by*
- (iii) The resident population aged 65 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census.

The result of the above calculation is *added* to the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes aged 65 years and over as at 31 March 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health.

HOUSEHOLD AND SUPPORTED RESIDENTS AGED 90 AND OVER An estimate of the number of residents aged 90 years and over who are residents in households *plus* the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes, calculated as:

- (i) The resident population aged 90 years and over at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics; *multiplied by*
- (ii) The household population aged 90 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census; and then *divided by*
- (iii) The resident population aged 90 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census.

The result of the above calculation is *added* to the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes aged 90 years and over as at 31 March 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health.

#### HOUSEHOLD AND SUPPORTED RESIDENTS AGED 65 AND OVER

An estimate of the number of residents aged 65 years and over who are residents in households *plus* the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes, calculated as:

- (i) The resident population aged 65 years and over at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics; *multiplied by*
- (ii) The household population aged 65 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census; and then *divided by*
- (iii) The resident population aged 65 years and over, using information from the 2001 Census.

The result of the above calculation is *added* to the number of Local Authority supported residents in permanent care homes aged 65 years and over as at 31 March 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health.

#### OLDER PEOPLE RECEIVING ATTENDANCE ALLOWANCE

The average number of people, aged 65 or over, in receipt of attendance allowance over a period between May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions *divided by* the resident population aged 65 years and over at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

## OLDER PEOPLE IN The propage accomm ACCOMMODATION Census.

The proportion of people aged 65 or over living in rented accommodation, calculated using information from the 2001 Census

#### OLDER PEOPLE LIVING IN ONE PERSON HOUSEHOLDS

The proportion of people aged 65 or over who are living alone, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

Annex D: Definition of indicators used for each authority in the calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

OLDER PEOPLE
ON INCOME
SUPPORT/
INCOME BASED
JOBSEEKER'S
ALLOWANCE/
GUARANTEE
ELEMENT OF
PENSION CREDIT

The average number of persons who are, or whose partner is, aged 60 years and over and in receipt of Income Support/ Income Based Jobseeker's Allowance/ the Guarantee element of Pension Credit, over a period between:

- a) May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit recipients, *and*
- August 2007 and August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year for Income based Jobseekers Allowance recipients,

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions, *divided by* the resident population aged 65 and over at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

## LOW INCOME ADJUSTMENT

The sum of:

- (i) 0.1201 minus
- (ii) 0.1218 multiplied by OLDER PEOPLE ON INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT (as defined above) plus
- (iii) 0.116689128

The sum of the above is then divided by the **AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR OLDER PEOPLES PSS** (as defined below) and *subtracted from* 1.

The indicator is the result of the above calculation *divided by* 0.775951152 and calculated to 4 decimal places.

SPARSITY ADJUSTMENT FOR PEOPLE AGED 65 AND OVER The sum of:

- (i) 2 multiplied by the resident population aged 65 years and over of those Lower Super Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.08 or fewer residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population aged 65 years and over of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census; and
- (ii) The resident population aged 65 years and over of those Lower Super Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.08 but less than or equal to 0.64 residents per hectare, *divided by* the total resident population aged 65 years and over of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

The sum is then *divided* by 0.2091080, *multiplied* by 0.0043, and then added to 0.9957.

The indicator is the result of the above calculation *divided* by 0.9957, calculated to 4 decimal places.

Output Areas were introduced by the Office for National Statistics as the smallest units of output for the 2001 census. In England and Wales they have a minimum size of 100 residents and 40 households. They are based on census day postcodes and fit within the boundaries of 2003 statistical wards (and parishes).

PROJECTED
POPULATION
AGED 18 TO 64 IN
2011

The projected number of residents aged between 18 and 64 years in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64 RECEIVING DISABILITY LIVING ALLOWANCE The average number of people aged 18 to 64, in receipt of disability living allowance over a period between May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions *divided by* the resident population aged 18 to 64 at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

PEOPLE AGED 18 TO 64 WHO ARE LONG TERM UNEMPLOYED OR HAVE NEVER WORKED The proportion of people aged 18 to 64 who are long term unemployed or have never worked (National Statistics – Socio Economic Classification 8 (NS-SEC 8)), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

PEOPLE AGED 18
TO 64 WHO
WORK IN
ROUTINE OR
SEMI ROUTINE
OCCUPATIONS

The proportion of people aged 18 to 64 who work in routine or semi routine occupations (NS-SEC 6 and 7), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### HOUSEHOLDS WITH NO FAMILY

The proportion of households with no family (married couple, cohabiting couple or lone parent family), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR OLDER PEOPLE'S PERSONAL SOCIAL SERVICES

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing older people's personal social services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; 2007 Annual Business Inquiry Part 2 provided by the Office for National Statistics: the 2008 Small and Medium Enterprise statistics provided by the Department for Business. Innovation and Skills; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2007-08; Revenue Outturn (RO3) 2007-08; Council Personal Social Services Gross Expenditure PSS EX1 2008; an applicable sample of publicly available company accounts; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

AREA COST
ADJUSTMENT
FOR CHILDREN'S
SOCIAL CARE
AND YOUNGER
ADULTS'
PERSONAL
SOCIAL
SERVICES

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing children's social care and younger adults' personal social services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics: 2007 Annual Business Inquiry Part 2 provided by the Office for National Statistics: the 2008 Small and Medium Enterprise statistics provided by the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2007-08; Revenue Outturn (RO3) 2007-08; Council Personal Social Services Gross Expenditure PSS EX1 2008; an applicable sample of publicly available company accounts; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### **III Police**

In this section a reference to "the authority's area" is to be read, in the case of the Greater London Authority, as a reference to the area of the Metropolitan Police District.

PROJECTED
POPULATION IN
2011

The projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

DAYTIME NET-INFLOW PER RESIDENT POPULATION **THE DAYTIME NET-INFLOW** (as defined below) *divided by* the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

DAYTIME NET-INFLOW The number of persons working but not resident in the authority's area *minus* the number of persons resident in but working outside the authority's area, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information from the 2001 Census.

LOG OF WEIGHTED BARS PER 100 HECTARE The natural logarithm<sup>1</sup> of:

The number of units that are bars (defined as Standard Industrial Classification 2007 (SIC) 56.30-beverage serving activities), measured at the Community Safety Partnerships (CSP) level, as estimated by the Secretary of State, based on information provided by the Office for National Statistics from the 2008 Annual Business Inquiry; divided by the number of hectares in the CSP, using information from the 2001 Census which is divided by 100; the result is then multiplied by the number of units that are bars within the force level area; the result is then summed to the force level area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The natural logarithm is also known as the Napierian log or log to the base e

Annex D: Definition of indicators used for each authority in the calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE / GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT The number of Income Support/ Income based Jobseekers Allowance/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants, over a period between:

- a) May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants, and
- August 2007 and August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year for Income based Jobseekers Allowance claimants,

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions, *divided by* the resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

## SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLDS

The proportion of households which are lone parent households with dependant children, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

## POPULATION DENSITY

The resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics, *divided by* the area of the authority in hectares, using information from the 2001 Census.

#### LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT -RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS

The number of claimants of unemployment-related benefits, currently Jobseeker's Allowance and National Insurance credits, with a duration of unemployment of more than one year, averaged over the period between May 2007 and April 2010, calculated using monthly information provided by the Office for National Statistics through NOMIS, *divided by* the sum of the number of resident males aged 18-64 years and the number of resident females aged 18-59 years at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

RESIDENTS IN
ROUTINE/ SEMIROUTINE
OCCUPATIONS
OR NEVER
WORKED/ LONGTERM
UNEMPLOYED

The proportion of residents in routine or semi-routine occupations or who have never worked or are long-term unemployed (National Statistics – Socio Economic Classifications (NS-SEC) 6, 7 and 8), calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### STUDENT HOUSING

The proportion of households that contain all students, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

## HARD PRESSED POPULATION

The proportion of household residents living in areas classified as ACORN category 'Hard Pressed', as defined in ACORN data produced by CACI Limited, based upon information from the 2001 Census and updated lifestyle data, and released in 2010.

#### YOUNG MALE UNEMPLOYMENT -RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS

The number of claimants of unemployment-related benefits, currently Jobseeker's Allowance and National Insurance credits, who were male and aged under 25 years, averaged over the period between May 2007 and April 2010, calculated using monthly information provided by the Office for National Statistics through NOMIS, *divided by* the sum of the number of resident males aged 18-64 years and the number of resident females aged 18-59 years at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### LOG OF POPULATION SPARSITY

The natural logarithm of **POPULATION SPARSITY** (as defined below).

## POPULATION SPARSITY

The population sparsity of each authority measured at Output Area level.

The sum of:

- (i) 2 multiplied by the resident population of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.5 or less residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census; and
- (ii) The resident population of those census Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.5 but less than or equal to 4 residents per hectare, *divided by* the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

Output Areas were introduced by the Office for National Statistics as the smallest units of output for the 2001 census. In England and Wales they have a minimum size of 100 residents and 40 households. They are based on census day postcodes and fit within the boundaries of 2003 statistical wards (and parishes).

#### LOG OF OVERCROWDED HOUSEHOLDS

The natural logarithm of:

The proportion of overcrowded households with an occupancy rating of "-1 or less", calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### WEALTHY ACHIEVERS POPULATION

The proportion of household residents living in areas classified as ACORN category 'Wealthy Achievers', as defined in ACORN data produced by CACI Limited, based upon information from the 2001 Census and the updated lifestyle data, and in 2010.

## TERRACED HOUSEHOLDS

The proportion of households which are terraced, including end terraced, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

## PROJECTED DAYTIME POPULATION IN 2011

**PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011** (as defined above) plus **DAYTIME NET-INFLOW** (as defined above).

## POLICE GRANT RATE

The proportion of police revenue expenditure in England and Wales for 2011-2012, as estimated by the Secretary of State for the Home Department, which is to be met directly by the aggregate of police grant calculated under section 5/Appendix A of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011-2012.

#### AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR POLICE

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the costs of providing police services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Base Estimate Returns 1992-93; rateable values and hereditaments at 31 July 2010 from the HMRC; estimates of office hereditaments and floor space as at 2008; gross non-domestic rates and increases and reductions in rate yields, as supplied by authorities to the Secretary of State on the National Non-Domestic Rates Provisional Contributions Return 2010-2011; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### IV Fire and Rescue

## PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011

The projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

#### COASTLINE

The length of coastline (to the nearest 1000 metres) at low water, as estimated by the Secretary of State generally using information on 1991 administrative areas from the Boundary Line Product provided by Ordnance Survey, *divided by* the total resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### **RISK INDEX**

The sum of the following factors, (each calculated to 4 decimal places):

- (i) WORKING AGE ADULTS WITH NO QUALIFICATIONS (as defined below) minus 0.0766 and divided by 0.0184 plus 2; and
- (ii) WORKING AGE POPULATION NOT IN EMPLOYMENT (as defined below) *minus* 0.0896 and *divided by* 0.0245 *plus* 2; and
- (iii) ADULTS RECEIVING INCOME SUPPORT/INCOME BASED JOB SEEKERS ALLOWANCE/GURANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS (as defined below) minus 0.0809 and divided by 0.0216 plus 2; and
- (iv) STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO UNDER 74
  YEARS (as defined below) minus 1.0026 and divided
  by 0.1320 plus 2

#### WORKING AGE ADULTS WITH NO QUALIFICATION S

The proportion of households containing people of working age with no qualifications, averaged over the calendar year period 2007 to 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State, based on information from the Labour Force Survey provided by the Office for National Statistics.

#### WORKING AGE POPULATION WITH NO EMPLOYMENT

The proportion of the working age population who are receiving Incapacity Benefit, Severe Disablement Allowance or Employment Support Allowance, or who are on New Deal Programs or on apprenticeships. This is calculated as

(i) the average number of claimants who received Incapacity Benefit, Severe Disability Allowance or Employment Support Allowance over the period May 2007 to February 2009, using twelve quarterly scans

- for this period as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions; *plus*
- (ii) the average number of people starting the New Deal Program over the calendar year period 2006 to 2008 using information derived from the New Deal Evaluation database as estimated by the Secretary of State for Works and Pension; plus
- (iii) the average number of apprenticeship learners over the financial year period 2006/07 to 2008/09 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Business, Innovation and Skills on the basis of the apprenticeships recorded at any point of each year using Individualised Learner Record data returned by employers and training providers;

divided by the sum of the number of resident males aged 18-64 years and the number of resident females aged 18-59 years, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

ADULTS
RECEIVING
INCOME
SUPPORT /
INCOME BASED
JOBSEEKERS
ALLOWANCE /
GURANTEE
ELEMENT OF
PENSION
CREDIT
CLAIMANTS

The average number of persons who are, or whose partner is in receipt of Income Support / Income Based Jobseeker's Allowance / the guarantee element of Pension Credit, over a period between:

- a) May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit recipients, *and*
- b) August 2007 to August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year for Income based Jobseekers Allowance recipients

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions *divided by* the resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics

#### STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO UNDER 75

The ratio of the actual number to the expected number of deaths of residents aged under 75 years of age in the period January 2007 to December 2009, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information provided by the Office for National Statistics.

The number of expected deaths is obtained by multiplying the death rates for England (by age group and sex) for the calendar years 2007, 2008 and 2009 by the authority's resident population (by age group and sex) as at 30 June 2007, 30 June 2008 and 30 June 2009 respectively.

## POPULATION DENSITY

The sum of the number of residents per hectare for each Output Area (OA) within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census *multiplied* by that OA's share of the usually resident

population in the authority. This sum is then *multiplied* by the ratio of the resident population at 30 June 2009 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics to the 2001 Census resident population. This result is then *divided by* 10.

Output Areas were introduced by the ONS as the smallest units of output for the 2001 census. In England and Wales they have a minimum size of 100 residents and 40 households. They are based on census day postcodes and fit within the boundaries of 2003 statistical wards (and parishes).

#### **COMAH SITES**

The number of top tier Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information extracted on 1 October 2010 by the Health and Safety Executive; *divided by* the total resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### PROPERTY AND SOCIETAL RISK

The property and societal risk to a Fire and Rescue Authority, as estimated by the Secretary of State, based on buildings information derived from the Valuation Office Agency and property and societal risk frequency for other buildings information from the 2006 Fire Services Emergency Cover Toolkit (FSEC) Toolkit.

The result of the above is *multiplied by* 767.2382 *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### COMMUNITY FIRE SAFETY

#### The sum of:

- (i) 5 multiplied by the number of pupils in maintained and independent schools who had attained the age of 5 and had not attained the age of 11 at 31 August 2009. Numbers of pupils aged 5-10 in maintained and independent schools are estimated by the Secretary of State for Education on the basis of a count at the beginning of the spring term 2010; and
- (ii) The proportion of residents living in areas with a greater need for fire safety education, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information from ACORN classifications provided by CACI Limited, multiplied by the total resident population at 30 June 2009 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics; and
- (iii) The resident population aged 65 years and over at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

The result of the above is *multiplied by* 0.4074 *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the

Office for National Statistics.

AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR FIRE AND RESCUE A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing fire and rescue services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Base Estimate Returns 1992-93; rateable values and hereditaments at 31 July 2010 from the HMRC; estimates of office hereditaments and floorspace as at 2008; gross non-domestic rates and increases and reductions in rate yields, as supplied by authorities to the Secretary of State on the National Non-Domestic Rates Provisional Contributions Return 2010-11; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### **V** Highway Maintenance

#### WEIGHTED ROAD LENGTHS

The sum of:

- (i) Principal built-up roads multiplied by 2; and
- (ii) Principal non built-up roads; and
- (iii) Other built-up roads multiplied by 2; and
- (iv) Other non built-up roads.

Each of the types of roads in (i) to (iv) above is as defined below for **UNWEIGHTED ROAD LENGTHS**.

## TRAFFIC FLOW

The result of:

- (i) The annual average flow of all motor vehicles (in millions) during 2007, 2008 and 2009 on principal roads for which the authority is the highway authority, except those roads that are detrunked, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Transport. The flows in each year are then averaged; plus
- (ii) 100 multiplied by the annual average flow of heavy goods vehicles, buses and coaches (in millions) during 2007, 2008 and 2009 on principal roads for which the authority is the highway authority, except those roads that are detrunked, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Transport. The flows in each year are then averaged.

For all authorities, the Secretary of State for Transport has also applied the above formula as he thinks appropriate to take account of traffic flows on substantial lengths of road which became principal roads for which the authority was the highway authority in the financial year beginning 1 April 2009 and in respect of which there was no significant change to the local road network or to the flow of traffic following the change in status of the road.

#### DAYTIME POPULATION PER KM

The sum of:

- (i) The total resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics; *plus*
- (ii) Either the result of:

The number of persons working but not resident in the authority's area *minus* the number of persons resident in but working outside the authority's area, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information from the 2001 Census;

or zero, whichever is the greater; plus

(iii) The annual average number of nights stayed by domestic and foreign visitors in the authority's area, *divided* by 365, as estimated by the Secretary of State

#### Overnight visitors

The estimate at (iii) is generally based on information from the United Kingdom Tourism Surveys (2001 to 2009), for domestic visitors; and from the International Passenger Surveys (2007 to 2009) and the 1991 Census, for the apportionment only, of foreign visitors.

#### UNWEIGHTED ROAD LENGTHS

The sum of:

**Principal built-up roads:** the length (in kilometres) of principal roads that are subject to a speed limit not exceeding 40 miles per hour and principal motorways; and

**Principal non built-up roads:** the length (in kilometres) of principal roads that are not subject to a speed limit of 40 miles per hour or less, but excluding principal motorways; and

**Other built-up roads:** the length (in kilometres) of all other roads that are subject to a speed limit not exceeding 40 miles per hour; and

Other non built-up roads: the length (in kilometres) of all other roads that are not subject to a speed limit of 40 miles per hour or less,

where the lengths of principal roads relate to the position at 1 April 2010, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Transport. The roads are those for which the authority is the highway authority. These road lengths exclude those roads that are detrunked.

The lengths of roads have been adjusted, as the Secretary of State for Transport considers appropriate, to reflect any change in responsibility for the maintenance of roads between the local authority and the Department for Transport, between 1 April 2010 and 1 April 2011 which was agreed by the Secretary of State for Transport on or by 1 October 2010 and involves a net adjustment of at least one kilometre of road length for the local authority. These road lengths exclude those roads that are detrunked.

## DAYS WITH SNOW LYING

The annual average number of days with snow lying at 09.00 hours during 1978 to 1990 inclusive, as estimated by the Secretary of State on the basis of information from the Meteorological Office.

#### PREDICTED GRITTING DAYS

The annual average number of days where gritting would have been predicted, using the Meteorological Office Open Road Index (MOORI), generally averaged over the 10 most recent winters up to and including 2001-02 where data are available, as estimated by the Secretary of State.

#### AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of highway maintenance across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; 2007 Annual Business Inquiry Part 2 provided by the Office for National Statistics; 2008 Small and Medium Enterprise statistics provided by the Department for Business. Innovation and Skills; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2007-08; Revenue Outturn forms (RO2) 2007-08; rateable values and hereditaments at 31 July 2010 from the HMRC; estimates of office hereditaments and floorspace as at 2008; gross nondomestic rates and increases and reductions in rate yields, as supplied by authorities to the Secretary of State on the National Non-Domestic Rates Provisional Contributions Return 2010-11; an applicable sample of publicly available company accounts; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### VI Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services

## PROJECTED POPULATION IN 2011

The projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

## POPULATION DENSITY

The sum of the number of residents per hectare for each Output Area (OA) within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census *multiplied by* that OA's share of the total usually resident population in the authority for each authority. This sum is then *multiplied by* the ratio of the total resident population at 30 June 2009 (as estimated by the Office for National Statistics) to the 2001 Census resident population. This result is then *divided by* 10.

Output Areas were introduced by the Office for National Statistics as the smallest units of output for the 2001 census. In England and Wales they have a minimum size of 100 residents and 40 households. They are based on census day postcodes and fit within the boundaries of 2003 statistical wards (and parishes).

## POPULATION SPARSITY

The population sparsity of each local authority measured at Output Area level. The sum of:

- (i) 2 multiplied by the resident population of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.5 or less residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census; and
- (ii) The resident population of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.5 but less than or equal to 4 residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### NET IN-COMMUTERS

#### Either the result of:

The number of persons working but not resident in the authority's area *minus* the number of persons resident in but working outside the authority's area, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information from the 2001 Census;

or zero, whichever is the greater.

#### **DAY VISITORS**

The annual number of day visitors to the authority's area, divided by 365, as estimated by the Secretary of State using information provided by the Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport.

The estimate for day visitors is based on research commissioned by the former Department of National Heritage generally using information from the Leisure Day Visits Survey 1988-89, the 1991 Census, the 1991 Survey of Visits to Tourist Attractions undertaken by the National Tourist Boards, the 1991 Census of Employment and other information about urban areas, National Parks, areas of outstanding natural beauty and official bathing beaches. The information used for this purpose is that available to the former Secretary of State for National Heritage on 1 November 1993.

INCAPACITY BENEFIT AND SEVERE DISABLEMENT ALLOWANCE The average number of people receiving Incapacity Benefit, Severe Disablement Allowance or Employment and Support Allowance, over a period between May 2007 to February 2010, using twelve quarter scans for this period, as estimated by the Secretary of State of Work and Pensions.

INCOME SUPPORT/ INCOME BASED JOBSEEKER'S ALLOWANCE/ GUARANTEE ELEMENT OF PENSION CREDIT CLAIMANTS The number of Income Support/ Income based Jobseekers Allowance/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants, over a period between:

- a) May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period, for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit claimants, and
- b) August 2007 and August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year, for Income based Jobseekers Allowance claimants,

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions.

OLDER PEOPLE
ON INCOME
SUPPORT/
INCOME BASED
JOBSEEKER'S
ALLOWANCE/
GUARANTEE
ELEMENT OF
PENSION CREDIT

The average number of persons who are, or whose partner is, aged 60 years and over and in receipt of Income Support/ Income Based Jobseeker's Allowance/ the Guarantee element of Pension Credit, over a period between:

- a) May 2007 and February 2010, using twelve quarterly scans for this period, for Income Support/ Guarantee Element of Pension Credit recipients, and
- b) August 2007 and August 2009, using scans made at the end of August of each year, for Income based Jobseekers Allowance recipients,

as estimated by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELATED BENEFIT CLAIMANTS The average number of claimants of unemployment-related benefits, currently Jobseeker's Allowance and National Insurance credits, over the period between May 2007 and April 20010, calculated using monthly information provided by the Office for National Statistics through NOMIS.

#### COUNTRY OF BIRTH OF RESIDENTS

The proportion of residents who were born outside the UK, the Republic of Ireland, Ireland (part not specified), Channel Islands and Isle of Man, EU Countries, Canada, USA, Australia and New Zealand, calculated using information from the 2001 Census. The figure is adjusted using the resident population at 30 June 2001, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 9 September 2004.

#### POPULATION SPARSITY FOR PEOPLE AGED 60 AND OVER

The population sparsity of the resident population aged 60 and over in each Local Authority measured at Output Area level. The sum of:

- (i) 2 multiplied by the resident population aged 60 and over of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.5 or less residents per hectare; divided by the resident population of the authority aged 60 and over, calculated using information from the 2001 Census; and
- (ii) The resident population aged 60 and over of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.5 but less than or equal to 4 residents per hectare; *divided* by the resident population of the authority aged 60 and over, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

INCAPACITY
BENEFIT AND
SEVERE
DISABLEMENT
ALLOWANCE FOR
CONCESSIONARY
TRAVEL

The average number of people receiving Incapacity Benefit, Severe Disablement Allowance or Employment and Support Allowance, over a period between May 2007 to February 2010, using twelve quarter scans for this period, as estimated by the Secretary of State of Work and Pensions *divided by* the total resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics

#### PEOPLE AGED 60 AND OVER WITH NO ACCESS TO A CAR OR VAN

The proportion of people aged 60 and over with no car or van owned or available to the household, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### INTERNAL DRAINAGE BOARD LEVY EXPENDITURE

The total of any special levies which are payable in the financial year 2010-2011 to Internal Drainage Boards in accordance with the Land Drainage Act 1991 and the Internal Drainage Boards (Finance) Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/3079), generally using information provided in Section A of the Annual Reports of Internal Drainage Boards for the year ended 31 March 2010 (Form IDB1) to the Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs.

NON-IDB ORDINARY WATERCOURSE LENGTH The length of ordinary watercourses not covered by an Internal Drainage Board in the Local Authority (in km) as estimated by the Environment Agency on the basis of their Detailed River Network database, Main River Layer and Local Authority Boundary data.

#### ENVIRONMENT AGENCY (ENGLAND) LEVY

The total of any Environment Agency levies which are payable in the financial year 2010-2011 to English Regional Flood Defence Committees. Derived from the statements of levies on councils for the financial year 2010-2011 provided by the Environment Agency to the Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs.

#### COAST PROTECTION EXPENDITURE

The average of net current expenditure in the financial years 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 on coast protection, uprated to reflect 2010-2011 market prices, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the authority's General Fund Revenue Accounts Returns (RO5) ending 31 March 2007, 31 March 2008 and 31 March 2009.

AREA COST
ADJUSTMENT
FOR
ENVIRONMENTAL,
PROTECTIVE AND
CULTURAL
SERVICES

A factor calculated to reflect differences in the cost of providing the relevant services across the country. The factor is given in Annex H. It is generally based on information derived from the following sources: the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics; 2007 Annual Business Inquiry Part 2 provided by the Office for National Statistics; the 2008 Small and Medium Enterprise statistics provided by the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills; Subjective Analysis Return 2005-06 and 2007-08; Trading Services Revenue accounts 2007-08; Revenue Outturn forms (RO5) 2007-08; rateable values and hereditaments at 31 July 2010 from the HMRC; estimates of office hereditaments and floorspace as at 2008; gross non-domestic rates and increases and reductions in rate yields, as supplied by authorities to the Secretary of State on the National Non-Domestic Rates Provisional Contributions Return 2010-11; an applicable sample of publicly available company accounts; and the total resident population as at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics.

#### **VII Capital Financing**

#### INTEREST RATE

A notional pool rate of interest calculated by the Secretary of State using a 12 month average of short and long term interest rates up to September 2010. This is 5.1 per cent.

#### **DEBTI**

Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2011, as calculated by the Secretary of State. Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2011 is based generally on assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1990, credit approvals for the financial years 1990/91 to 2003/2004, Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) amounts for 2004/2005 to 2010/2011 and assumed capital repayments.

Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1990 is the larger of a notional debt figure, based principally on the capital financing components of 1989/90 grant-related expenditure assessments, or an estimate of actual debt, based principally on the adjusted initial credit ceiling.

In deriving the notional debt figures, notional debt for the Inner London Education Authority has been reallocated to the City and the inner London boroughs and notional debt for the passenger transport authorities has been reallocated to the relevant metropolitan districts. Adjustments have been made to the notional debt figures for all London boroughs in respect of part of the debt (the "deemed debt") of the former Greater London Council which was transferred to the London Residuary Body on 1 April 1986 (this adjustment covers the Housing Revenue Account part of debt associated with Thamesmead Housing, debt associated with Seaside and Country Homes, and debt associated with the 1971-73 Transfers).

The estimate of actual debt excludes HRA debt, estimated non-HRA debt associated with trading activities, and an estimate of debt associated with capital financing related grants. Adjustments have been made in respect of transfers made under the 1982 HRA Directions, the debts of former metropolitan county councils held by debt administering authorities designated under the Local Government Act 1985, the debt of the former Inner London Education Authority held by the London Residuary Body, parts of the "deemed debt" which were transferred from the Housing Revenue Account to the General Fund, and the debt held by Luton Borough Council for which Bedfordshire County Council is responsible.

Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1990 has been reallocated amongst the West Midlands districts to reflect their financing arrangements in respect of waste disposal. Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1990 has been

reallocated amongst the West Yorkshire districts to reflect their financing arrangements in respect of waste disposal. For the Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1990 is estimated by the Secretary of State for Transport, Local Government and the Regions on the basis of 1989/90 expenditures.

Assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 1991 is calculated by subtracting the assumed capital repayment (4 per cent of the debt at 1 April 1990) and adding on approved new borrowing (obtained from the credit approvals for 1990/91, as estimated by the Secretary of State in the manner described below in the definition of **CREDIT APPROVALS** but substituting "1990/91" for 2003/2004 and excluding any credit approvals for the London Waste Regulation Agency). Applying this process to each of the financial years for the period 1991/92 to 2003/2004 yields assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2004. Assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2011 is then calculated by an analogous process but using **SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)** amounts instead of **CREDIT APPROVALS**.

Adjustments have been incorporated in respect of assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 1993 in respect of which the Further Education Funding Council makes payments under section 38 of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992.

Where functions have been transferred to new or reorganised local authorities on 1 April in a financial year by or in consequence of an order under section 17 of the Local Government Act 1992, or under section 7 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007, assumed outstanding debt at 31 March in the preceding financial year has been reallocated to the relevant new or reorganised authorities by applying the following principles:

- (i) where shire county and shire district functions for the whole of a county area are transferred to a single shire county council the debt of the predecessor districts is transferred to the county council;
- (ii) where shire county and shire district functions throughout a county council area are transferred to two or more shire district authorities the debt of the shire county council will be apportioned among the reorganised shire district authorities on the basis of taxbase<sup>1</sup>, and the debt of any predecessor shire districts will be transferred to the reorganised shire

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The taxbase used for apportioning debt is the Council Tax Base for Revenue Support Grant purposes for the financial year in which the new or reorganised authority takes on its new or additional functions.

districts, distributed where necessary among two or more reorganised shire district authorities on the basis of taxbase<sup>1</sup>:

- (iii) where part of the area of one shire district is transferred to another shire district a portion of the debt of the first district, based on taxbase<sup>1</sup>, is transferred to the second district; and
- (iv) where county functions for part of the area of a shire county are transferred to a shire district a portion of the debt of the county, based on taxbase<sup>1</sup>, is transferred to that district, except in the following three cases concerning:
  - (a) Derbyshire County Council and Derby City Council where 25.54 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt of Derbyshire County Council at 31 March 1997 is transferred to Derby City Council;
  - (b) Bedfordshire County Council and Luton Borough Council where 29.06 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt of Bedfordshire County Council at 31 March 1997 is transferred to Luton Borough Council; and
  - (c) Hampshire County Council, Portsmouth City Council and Southampton City Council where 9.74 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt of Hampshire County Council at 31 March 1997 is transferred to Portsmouth City Council and 10.78 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt of Hampshire County Council at 31 March 1997 is transferred to Southampton City Council.
- (v) where shire district or shire county functions are transferred to a single unitary authority, the debt of the predecessor districts or county is transferred to the unitary.
- (vi) where shire district or shire county functions are transferred to two or more unitaries, the debt of the predecessor district or county will be apportioned among the reorganised unitaries on the basis of taxbase<sup>1</sup>, except in the following case concerning:

Cheshire County Council, where 50.8 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 2009 was transferred to Cheshire East Unitary Authority, and 49.2 per cent of the assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 2009 was

transferred to Cheshire West and Chester Unitary Authority.

For the county councils of Bedfordshire<sup>2</sup>, Cambridgeshire, Cheshire<sup>2</sup>, Cleveland, Cumbria, Derbyshire, Dorset, Durham, Essex. Gloucestershire. Hampshire. Hertfordshire. Humberside, Kent, Lancashire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Norfolk, Northamptonshire, North Yorkshire, Nottinghamshire, Staffordshire, Suffolk, Surrey, Warwickshire and Wiltshire assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 1995 is assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 1995 less an amount estimated by the Secretary of State in respect of police debt. This estimate of assumed outstanding police debt at 31 March 1995 forms the 1 April 1995 assumed outstanding debt for the police authority within whose police area the county council was situated (assumed outstanding police debt in respect of the county councils of Essex. Hertfordshire and Surrey forms the assumed outstanding debt for the Essex, Hertfordshire and Surrey police authorities, respectively).

For the Receiver of the Metropolitan Police District assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 2000 has been divided between police and non-police services, with the police element being transferred to the Greater London Authority. The Receiver's assumed outstanding non-police debt at 31 March 2001 has been re-allocated to the inner London boroughs.

For the London Fire and Civil Defence Authority assumed outstanding debt at 31 March 2000 has been transferred to the Greater London Authority.

For the combined fire authorities assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2008 is based on credit approvals and Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) amounts issued to the relevant CFA since it came into existence.

For Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority assumed outstanding debt at 1 April 2007 is the assumed outstanding debt held by Devon Fire and Rescue Authority at 31 March 2007 plus a share of the assumed outstanding debt held by Somerset County Council at 31 March 2007. Somerset County Council's assumed debt at 31 March 2007 has been consequently adjusted.

For City of London the assumed outstanding non-police debt at 1 April 1990, is assumed outstanding debt for City of London at 31 March 1990 less an amount estimated by the Secretary of State in respect of police debt. The assumed

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bedfordshire County Council was abolished at 1 April 2009 and replaced by Bedford Unitary Authority and Central Bedfordshire Unitary Authority. Cheshire County Council was abolished at 1 April 2009 and replaced by Cheshire East Unitary Authority and Cheshire West and Chester Unitary Authority.

outstanding police debt at 1 April 2011 is based on credit approvals and Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) amounts issued to the City of London for police programmes since 1 April 1990. The assumed outstanding non-police debt at 1 April 2011 is based on credit approvals and Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) amounts issued to the City of London for non-police programmes since 1 April 1990.

#### **SUPPORTED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (REVENUE)**

There were no new Supported Capital Expenditure (Revenue) ('SCE(R)') allocations from Central Government from 1 April 2011.

SCE(R) for an authority for the financial years 2008/09, 2009/10, 2010/11 was estimated by the Secretary of State on the basis of the aggregate of any amounts which the Secretary of State decided by 5 November 2007 was capital expenditure for that authority that should be supported by RSG or HRA subsidy<sup>3</sup>. Where the Secretary of State did not decide such an amount in relation to any area of his responsibility by that date, the Secretary of State estimated the amount, if any, on the basis of information available to him on 5 November 2007 and used that estimate when calculating the aggregate of the amounts for the purposes of formula grant in 2008/09, 2009/10 and 2010/11.

SCE(R) amounts for statutory waste authorities and the Lee Valley Regional Park Authority are divided between their constituent authorities in proportion to their taxbase used in the 2007/08 Settlement.

SCE(R) amounts for passenger transport authorities<sup>4</sup> are divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of their projected population used in the 2007/08 Settlement.

**CREDIT APPROVALS** Basic Credit Approvals (BCAs) for 2003/2004; plus Supplementary Credit Approvals (SCAs) so far as they apply to 2003/2004, as estimated by the Secretary of State<sup>5</sup>.

For both BCAs and SCAs, a reduction is made to take account of trading activities. Any SCAs issued as a result of receiving support from the European Regional Development Fund, or in

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HRA subsidy means Housing Revenue Account subsidy payable to a local housing authority under section 79 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989.

Passenger Transport Authorities were abolished and replaced with Integrated Transport Authorities on 9 February 2009.

Aggregate and Additional Credit Approvals for the Greater London Authority.

respect of Specified Capital Grants, or credit approvals relating to local authority projects undertaken through the Private Finance Initiative<sup>6</sup>, or which are not expected to give rise to additional long-term borrowing, are excluded.

For housing authorities, reductions are made to the BCA to take account of any part of the BCA issued to cover Specified Capital Grants and of an assumed portion of the BCA to be used in relation to local authority rented housing. Any SCAs issued for services accounted for within the Housing Revenue Account are also excluded.

Credit Approvals for statutory waste authorities and the Lee Valley Regional Park Authority are divided between their constituent authorities in proportion to their taxbase used in the 2007/08 Settlement.

Credit Approvals for passenger transport authorities are divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of the projected population used in the 2007/08 Settlement.

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The Private Finance Initiative (PFI) and its applicability to the local authority sector were originally explained in section 1 of the booklet *The Private Finance Initiative and Local Authorities – An Explanatory Note* published jointly by the Department of the Environment and the Welsh Office in October 1996. Current advice on the PFI and public/private partnerships is available on the Office's web site at www.local.communities.gov.uk/pfi/index.htm.

#### VIII Grants Rolling In Using Tailored Distribution

The following definitions are ordered according to the indicators required for the calculation of the Supporting People allocation formula described in Annex K, Housing Strategy for Older People allocation formula described in Annex L, HIV/AIDS Support allocation formula described in Annex N and Preserved Rights allocation formula described in Annex O.

PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011 The projected number of residents aged 60 years and over in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

WEIGHTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER The weighted sum of the percentage of people aged 60 and over in each age group relative to the percentage of people aged 60 and over in each five year age group in England.

The projected number of residents aged 60 years and over in 2011 by five year age group up to 84, and the age group 85 and over, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010

INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION – EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME The result of:

- (i) The Employment domain scale of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *divided by* the projected number of residents aged between 16 and 64 in 2011; *divided by*
- (ii) The sum of the Employment domain scale of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 for each local authority in England divided by the projected number of residents aged between 16 and 64 in England in 2011.

The result of the above is *added to* the result of:

- (i) The Income domain scale of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *divided by* the projected number of residents aged between 16 and 64 in 2011; *divided by*
- (ii) The sum of the Employment domain scale of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 for each local authority in England divided by the projected number of residents aged between 16 and 64 in England in 2011.

The indicator is the result of the above calculation divided by 2.

The Employment domain scale and Income domain scale are as estimated from the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 produced by the Department for Communities and

Local Government.

The projection number of residents aged between 16 and 64 in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

## INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION – GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS

For authorities other than county councils, the indicator is the result of:

- (i) The Geographical Barrier sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by*
- (ii) 1 divided by the result of the:

sum of the Geographical Barrier sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by* the projected total resident population in 2011 for each local authority;

divided by the projected total resident population in England in 2011;

*minus* the minimum Geographical Barrier sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007.

The result above is added to the result of:

(i) 1 minus

the sum of the Geographical Barrier sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by* the projected total resident population in 2011 for each local authority;

divided by the projected total resident population in England in 2011.

For county councils, the indicator is the result of:

- (i) The sum of Geographical Barrier sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 multiplied by the projected total resident population in 2011, calculated for shire districts within the local authority; divided by
- (ii) the projected total resident population in 2011 for the local authority.

The Geographical Barrier sub-domain score are as estimated from the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 produced by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

The projection total resident population in 2011 as

### Annex D: Definition of indicators used for each authority in the calculation of Relative Needs Formulae

estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

## INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION – INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT

For authorities other than county councils, the indicator is the result of:

- (iii) The Indoors Living Environment sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by*
- (iv) 1 divided by the result of the:

sum of the Indoors Living Environment sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by* the projected total resident population in 2011 for each local authority;

divided by the projected total resident population in England in 2011;

minus the minimum Indoors Living Environment subdomain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007.

The result above is added to the result of:

(ii) 1 minus

the sum of the Indoors Living Environment sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 *multiplied by* the projected total resident population in 2011 for each local authority;

divided by the projected total resident population in England in 2011.

For county councils, the indicator is the result of:

- (iii) The sum of Indoors Living Environment sub-domain score of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 multiplied by the number of projected total resident population for 2011, calculated for shire districts within the local authority; divided by
- (iv) the projected total resident population for 2011 for the local authority.

The Indoors Living Environment sub-domain score are as estimated from the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 produced by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

The projection total resident population in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published

on 27 May 2010.

## POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

The projected total resident population in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; *divided by* the area of the authority in hectares, using information from the 2001 Census. This is then *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011 per hectare for England.

#### POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX

The **POPULATION SPARSITY** at the local authority level (as defined below) *divided by* the population sparsity for England.

## POPULATION SPARSITY

The population sparsity of each authority measured at Output Area level. This is the sum of:

- (i) 2 multiplied by the resident population of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with 0.5 or less residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.
- (ii) the resident population of those Output Areas within the area of the authority at the 2001 Census with more than 0.5 but less than 4 residents per hectare, divided by the total resident population of the authority, calculated using information from the 2001 Census.

#### LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT INDEX

The **LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT** (as defined below) *divided by* the result of;

- (i) the sum of the labour cost adjustment *multiplied by* the projected number of residents aged 16 64 in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010, calculated at the local authority level and aggregated to England, *divided by*
- (ii) the projected number of residents aged 16 64 in England in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010

## LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

A factor calculated to reflect the differences in wage costs between areas. It is generally based on information from the 2007, 2008 and 2009 Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings provided by the Office for National Statistics.

PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011 The projected number of residents aged 20 to 59 years of age in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

HOUSEHOLDS
THAT ARE
ELIGIBLE,
UNINTENTIONALLY
HOMELESS AND IN
PRIORITY NEED

The average number of households that are eligible, unintentionally homeless and in priority need over the financial years 2007-08, 2008-09 & 2009-10, as estimated by to the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from P1E returns; *divided by* number of households as at October 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from Council Tax Base returns; *multiplied by* 100.

PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 25 IN 2011 The projected number of residents aged 16 to 25 years of age in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS The number of births to teenage mothers in 2009 using data from the Office for National Statistics *divided by* the projected number of female residents aged 15 to 19 in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

YOUNG PEOPLE WHO CEASE TO BE LOOKED AFTER IN CARE The average number of young people aged 16 and over who ceased to be looked after in care, over the period 2008 and 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Education using data collected from the SSDA 903 return divided by the projected number of residents aged 16 to 25 in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; multiplied by 100.

SINGLE HOMELESS HOUSEHOLDS The average number of households accepted as in priority need without dependent children and/or pregnant women, and number of households who are homeless but not in priority need, over the financial years 2007-08, 2008-09 & 2009-10 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from P1E returns divided by the number of households as at October 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from Council Tax Base returns; multiplied by 100.

#### **ROUGH SLEEPERS** The result of:

- (i) The average number of households in temporary accommodation, over the financial years 2007-08, 2008-09 & 2009-10 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from P1E returns divided by the number of households as at October 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data from Council Tax Base returns; plus
- (ii) the average number of rough sleepers, over the period 2008, 2009 & 2010 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government; *divided by* the projected number of residents in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on the 27 May 2010;
- (iii) divided by 2 and then multiplied by 100.

## PEOPLE TREATED FOR DRUG MISUSE

The number of people treated for drug misuse in the financial year 2009-10, based on information from National Drug Treatment Monitoring System (NDTMS) provided by the National Treatment Agency; *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on the 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011 The projected number of residents aged 16 to 64 years of age in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010

PEOPLE TREATED FOR MENTAL HEALTH PROBLEMS The number of people treated for mental health problems in the financial year 2009-10 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health using data collected on the RAP P1 return; divided by the projected number of residents aged 20 to 64 in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on the 27 May 2010; multiplied by 100.

## ASYLUM SEEKERS POPULATION

The number of asylum seekers (including dependents) in receipt of subsistence only support or supported in National Asylum Support Service Accommodation in the 12 months to June 2010, using data from the Home Office Control of Immigration; *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

## POPULATION WITH HIV

The number of people aged 16 to 59 treated for HIV related care in 2009 using data provided by the Health Protection Agency; *divided by* the projected number of residents aged 16 to 64 in 2011 as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on the 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

## GYPSIES AND TRAVELLERS

The average number of gypsies and travellers caravans, in July 2007, January 2008, July 2008, January 2009 and July 2009 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government using data provided by local authorities using the Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count return; *divided by* the projected total resident population in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on the 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

#### PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 64 IN 2011

The projected number of residents aged 20 to 64 years of age in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010.

# PEOPLE WITH LEARNING AND PHYSICAL DISABILITIES THAT ARE USING COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

The number of people with learning and physical disabilities that are using community based services in the financial year 2009-10 as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health using data collected on the RAP P1 return; *divided by* the projected number of residents aged 20 to 64 in 2011, as estimated by the Office for National Statistics and published on 27 May 2010; *multiplied by* 100.

#### **HIV CASELOAD**

The number of HIV infected individuals seen for care in each local authority in 2008, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health, based on information from the 2008 SOPHID survey, performed by the Health Protection Agency.

#### WOMEN AND CHILDREN LIVING WITH HIV

The number of diagnosed HIV-infected women seen for care in each local authority *plus* the number of diagnosed HIV-infected children aged 14 or under seen for care by each local authority, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health, based on information from the 2008 SOPHID survey, performed by the Health Protection Agency.

#### PRESERVED RIGHTS CLIENTS AGED 18 TO 64

The number of people in each local authority area aged 18-64 who were supported in residential care in April 1993 when the benefit rules changed and who remain in receipt of social care, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health, based on information from a Department of Health survey of local authorities in 2009.

#### PRESERVED RIGHTS CLIENTS AGED 65 AND OVER

The number of people in each local authority area aged 65 and over who were supported in residential care in April 1993 when the benefit rules changed and who remain in receipt of social care, as estimated by the Secretary of State for Health, based on information from a Department for Health survey of local authorities in 2009.

# **Annex E**

# **Control totals for Relative Needs Formulae**

Service Block	Sub-block (where relevant)	Contro	l total
Children's Services			0.11857910063867
composed of:	Youth and Community	0.00895903324887	
	Local Authority Central Education Functions	0.03538539555803	
	Children's Social Care	0.07423467183176	
Adult Personal Social Services			0.21688567616036
composed of:	Social Services for Older People	0.13265922209368	
•	Social Services for Younger Adults	0.08422645406667	
Police	•		0.08305562904400
Fire and Rescue			0.02958854288899
Highway Maintenance			0.02528721596473
Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services			0.18389775722433
composed of:	Services provided predominantly by non-metropolitan district councils in non-metropolitan areas	0.10391221414056	
	Services provided predominantly by county councils in non-metropolitan areas,	0.06470518817194	
	Concessionary Travel	0.01282939498307	
	Flood Defence	0.00065419189845	
	Continuing Environment Agency Levies	0.00014517655679	
	Coast Protection	0.00018726986862	
	Fixed Costs	0.00146432160490	
Capital Financing			0.05182433903862
TOTAL			0.70911826095970

# **Annex F**

# **Scaling factors for Relative Needs Formulae**

Service Block	Sub-block (where relevant)	Scaling Factor
Children's Services	Youth and Community	0.99999969373668
	Local Education Authority Central Functions	0.9999906000692
	Children's Social Care	0.9999954862086
Adult Personal Social Services	Social Services for Older People	0.9999986283034
	Social Services for Younger Adults	0.9999959553045
Police		0.99999834066214
Fire and Rescue		0.99992030190986
Highway Maintenance		1.00000578881732
Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services	Services provided predominantly by non-metropolitan district councils in non-metropolitan areas	1.00000402886240
	Services provided predominantly by county councils in non- metropolitan areas	0.99998690123099
	Concessionary Travel	0.99999782031470
	Fixed Costs	0.12800014028810
	Flood Defence	1.00008468046915
	Continuing Environment Agency Levies	0.04849158364605
	Coast Protection	0.11949328013216
Capital Financing		0.15581090001706

# **Annex G**

# Services Included in the Environmental, Protective and Cultural Services Block

# Services included in this block which are provided predominantly by nonmetropolitan district councils in non-metropolitan areas

Allotments Parking

Building regulations Performing Arts

Cemeteries and crematoria Planning control

Council tax collection Planning implementation

Economic development Private housing

Environmental and port health Recreation

Miscellaneous services Refuse collection

Museums and galleries Registration of electors

# Services included in this block which are provided predominantly by county councils in non-metropolitan areas

Civil defence Public transport support for buses

Consumer protection Refuse disposal

Coroners' courts Registration of births, deaths and

marriages

Libraries School crossing patrols

Magistrates' courts Sheltered employment

# **Annex H Area Cost Adjustment Factors**

ACA Area	Education	Children's SC & Young Adults PSS	PSS Older People	Police	Fire	Highways	EPCS
City of London	1.4488	1.3607	1.3607	1.5018		1.2521	1.3932
Inner London	1.2488	1.1982	1.1982			1.1435	1.2259
West Outer London	1.1397	1.1108	1.1108			1.0729	1.1116
Rest Outer London	1.0898	1.0703	1.0703			1.0480	1.0742
Surrey, Berkshire & West Sussex							
Fringe Hertfordshire & Buckinghamshire Fringe	1.1295	1.1040	1.1040	1.1422	1.1422	1.0703	1.1087 1.0788
Kent & Essex Fringe Bedfordshire & Hertfordshire Non-	1.0879	1.0702	1.0702			1.0495	1.0775
Fringe	1.0388	1.0303	1.0303	1.0419	1.0419	1.0209	1.0325
Berkshire Non-Fringe	1.1044	1.0836	1.0836			1.0536	1.0816
Buckinghamshire Non-Fringe	1.1000	1.0800	1.0800			1.0515	1.0784
Essex Non-Fringe	1.0108	1.0076	1.0076			1.0069	1.0115
Kent Non-Fringe	1.0084	1.0056	1.0056			1.0057	1.0097
Avon	1.0444	1.0359	1.0359		1.0492	1.0243	1.0376
Cambridgeshire	1.0411	1.0332	1.0332	1.0457	1.0457	1.0227	1.0351
Cheshire	1.0171	1.0139	1.0139	1.0199	1.0199	1.0103	1.0162
Cumbria	1.0001	1.0001	1.0001	1.0018	1.0018	1.0017	1.0035
Dorset	1.0071	1.0056	1.0056	1.0095	1.0095	1.0057	1.0096
Gloucestershire	1.0170	1.0136	1.0136	1.0200	1.0200	1.0106	1.0170
Greater Manchester	1.0207	1.0168	1.0168	1.0236	1.0236	1.0120	1.0189
Hampshire & Isle of Wight	1.0461	1.0362	1.0362	1.0496	1.0496	1.0245	1.0380
Merseyside	1.0042	1.0034	1.0034	1.0062	1.0062	1.0038	1.0066
Northamptonshire	1.0117	1.0093	1.0093	1.0144	1.0144	1.0079	1.0130
Nottinghamshire	1.0060	1.0047	1.0047	1.0084	1.0084	1.0051	1.0088
Oxfordshire	1.0613	1.0486	1.0486		1.0657	1.0321	1.0493
Warwickshire	1.0193	1.0155	1.0155	1.0225	1.0225	1.0118	1.0187
West Midlands	1.0096	1.0076	1.0076	1.0121	1.0121	1.0069	1.0114
West Yorkshire	1.0011	1.0009	1.0009	1.0028	1.0028	1.0022	1.0042
Wiltshire	1.0256	1.0206	1.0206	1.0292	1.0292	1.0149	1.0234
Authorities which cut across ACA areas							
Buckinghamshire County Council	1.0967	1.0774	1.0774			1.0511	1.0785
Essex County Council	1.0358	1.0278	1.0278			1.0207	1.0328
Hertfordshire County Council	1.0801	1.0639	1.0639		1.0891	1.0449	1.0701
Kent County Council	1.0201	1.0151	1.0151			1.0121	1.0196
West Sussex County Council	1.0172	1.0138	1.0138		1.0189	1.0093	1.0144
Avon & Somerset Police Authority				1.0332			
Essex Police Authority				1.0426			
Hertfordshire Police Authority				1.0891			
Kent Police Authority				1.0206			
Sussex Police Authority				1.0096			
Thames Valley Police Authority				1.1017			
Greater London Authority				1.1798	1.1803		
Royal Berkshire Fire Authority					1.1255		
Buckinghamshire & Milton Keynes Fire							
Authority					1.1054		
Essex Fire Authority					1.0426		
Kent and Medway Towns Fire Authority					1.0206		

# Notes:

- 1 The authorities in each ACA area are defined in the Appendix to this Annex.
- The area cost adjustment factors for all other English authorities are 1.

# **Appendix to Annex H**

## **Inner London boroughs**

Camden Borough Council
Greenwich Borough Council
Hackney Borough Council
Hammersmith and Fullam Boro

Hammersmith and Fulham Borough

Council

Islington Borough Council

Kensington and Chelsea Borough

Council

Lambeth Borough Council
Lewisham Borough Council
Southwark Borough Council
Tower Hamlets Borough Council
Wandsworth Borough Council
Westminster City Council

#### **West Outer London**

Barnet Borough Council
Brent Borough Council
Ealing Borough Council
Harrow Borough Council
Hillingdon Borough Council
Hounslow Borough Council

Kingston upon Thames Borough Council Merton Borough Council

Richmond upon Thames Borough

Council

**Sutton Borough Council** 

#### **Rest of Outer London**

Barking and Dagenham Borough
Council
Bexley Borough Council
Bromley Borough Council
Croydon Borough Council
Enfield Borough Council

Haringey Borough Council
Havering Borough Council
Newham Borough Council
Redbridge Borough Council
Waltham Forest Borough Council

# Berkshire, Surrey and West Sussex Fringe

Surrey County Council
Surrey Police Authority
Bracknell Forest Borough Council
Crawley Borough Council
Elmbridge Borough Council
Epsom and Ewell Borough Council
Guildford Borough Council
Mole Valley District Council
Reigate and Banstead Borough
Council

Runnymede Borough Council
Slough Borough Council
Spelthorne Borough Council
Surrey Heath Borough Council
Tandridge District Council
Waverley District Council
Windsor and Maidenhead Borough
Council
Woking Borough Council

## Hertfordshire and Buckinghamshire Fringe

Broxbourne Borough Council
Chiltern District Council
Dacorum Borough Council
East Hertfordshire District Council
Hertsmere Borough Council

South Buckinghamshire District
Council
St Albans City Council
Three Rivers District Council
Watford Borough Council
Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council

Kent and Essex Fringe

Basildon District Council
Brentwood Borough Council
Dartford Borough Council
Epping Forest District Council

Harlow District Council Sevenoaks District Council Thurrock District Council

**Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Non-Fringe** 

Bedfordshire Police Authority
Bedfordshire & Luton Combined Fire

Authority

**Bedford Borough Council** 

Central Bedfordshire Council
Luton Borough Council
North Hertfordshire District Council

Stevenage Borough Council

**Berkshire Non-Fringe** 

Reading Borough Council West Berkshire Council

Wokingham Borough Council

**Buckinghamshire Non-Fringe** 

Aylesbury Vale District Council Milton Keynes Council

Wycombe District Council

**Essex Non-Fringe** 

Braintree District Council Castle Point District Council Chelmsford Borough Council Colchester Borough Council Maldon District Council Rochford District Council Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Tendring District Council Uttlesford District Council

**Kent Non-Fringe** 

Ashford Borough Council Canterbury City Council Dover District Council Gravesham Borough Council Maidstone Borough Council Medway Council Shepway District Council Swale Borough Council Thanet District Council

Tonbridge and Malling Borough Council Tunbridge Wells Borough Council

Avon

Avon Fire Authority
Bath & North East Somerset Council
Bristol City Council

North Somerset Council South Gloucestershire Council

Cambridgeshire

Cambridgeshire County Council
Cambridge Police Authority
Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Fire
Authority
Cambridge City Council
East Cambridgeshire District Council

Fenland District Council South Cambridgeshire District Council Huntingdonshire District Council Peterborough City Council

## Cheshire

Cheshire East Council
Cheshire West and Chester Council
Cheshire Fire Authority
Cheshire Police Authority

Halton Borough Council Warrington Borough Council

#### Cumbria

Cumbria County Council
Cumbria Police Authority
Allerdale District Council
Barrow-in-Furness District Council

Carlisle District Council
Copeland District Council
Eden District Council
South Lakeland District Council

#### **Dorset**

Dorset County Council
Dorset Fire Authority
Dorset Police Authority
Bournemouth Borough Council
Christchurch District Council
East Dorset District Council

North Dorset District Council
Purbeck District Council
West Dorset District Council
Weymouth and Portland District Council
Poole Borough Council

### Gloucestershire

Gloucestershire County Council Gloucestershire Police Authority Cheltenham Borough Council Cotswold District Council Forest of Dean District Council Gloucester City Council Stroud District Council Tewkesbury Borough Council

#### **Greater Manchester**

Greater Manchester Police Authority Greater Manchester Fire & Rescue Authority Bolton Borough Council Bury Borough Council Manchester City Council Oldham Borough Council Rochdale Borough Council Salford City Council Stockport Borough Council Tameside Borough Council Trafford Borough Council Wigan Borough Council

## Hampshire and Isle of Wight

Hampshire County Council
Hampshire Police Authority
Hampshire Fire and Rescue Authority
Isle of Wight Council
Basingstoke and Deane Borough Council
East Hampshire District Council
Eastleigh Borough Council
Fareham Borough Council
Gosport Borough Council

Hart District Council
Havant Borough Council
New Forest District Council
Portsmouth City Council
Rushmoor Borough Council
Southampton City Council
Test Valley Borough Council
Winchester City Council

### Merseyside

Merseyside Police Authority Merseyside Fire Authority Knowsley Borough Council Liverpool City Council St Helens Borough Council Sefton Borough Council Wirral Borough Council

## **Northamptonshire**

Northamptonshire County Council Northamptonshire Police Authority Corby Borough Council Daventry District Council East Northamptonshire District Council Kettering Borough Council Northampton Borough Council South Northamptonshire District Council Wellingborough Borough Council

## **Nottinghamshire**

Nottinghamshire County Council Nottinghamshire Police Authority Nottinghamshire Fire Authority Ashfield District Council Bassetlaw District Council Broxtowe Borough Council Gedling Borough Council Mansfield District Council Newark and Sherwood District Council Nottingham City Council Rushcliffe Borough Council

#### Oxfordshire

Oxfordshire County Council Cherwell District Council Oxford City Council South Oxfordshire District Council Vale of White Horse District Council West Oxfordshire District Council

## Warwickshire

Warwickshire County Council Warwickshire Police Authority North Warwickshire Borough Council Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council Rugby Borough Council Stratford-on-Avon District Council Warwick District Council

#### **West Midlands**

West Midlands Police Authority
West Midlands Fire and Rescue Authority
Birmingham City Council
Coventry City Council
Dudley Borough Council

Sandwell Borough Council Solihull Borough Council Walsall Borough Council Wolverhampton City Council

## **West Yorkshire**

West Yorkshire Police Authority
West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Authority
Bradford City Council
Calderdale Borough Council

Kirklees Borough Council Leeds City Council Wakefield City Council

## Wiltshire

Wiltshire County Council
Wiltshire Police Authority
Wiltshire & Swindon Combined Fire
Authority
Swindon Borough Council

# **Annex I**Reorganised Authorities and Areas

These are authorities subject to a structural, or a structural and boundary, change which came into effect on 1 April 1995, 1 April 1996, 1 April 1997, 1 April 1998, 1 April 2000, or 1 April 2007 pursuant to-

- section 323 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999, or
- the following orders made under section 17 of the Local Government Act 1992 or section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004.

# Part I Reorganised billing authorities and areas

# (a) 1 April 1995

SI 1994/1210The Isle of Wight (Structural Change) Order 1994

Predecessor billing authority	Reorganised authority		
The Council of:		The Council of:	
The Borough of Medina	}	The Isle of Wight	
The Borough of South Wight	}	_	

# (b) 1 April 1996

SI 1995/187 The Cleveland (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority	Reorganised authority
The Council of:	The Council of:
The Borough of Hartlepool	The Borough of Hartlepool
The Borough of Langbaurgh-on-Tees	The Borough of Redcar and
	Cleveland
The Borough of Middlesbrough The Borough of Stockton-on-Tees	The Borough of Middlesbrough The Borough of Stockton-on-Tees

# SI 1995/493 The Avon (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority		Reorganised authority
The Council of: The City of Bath The District of Wansdyke	}	The Council of: The District of Bath and North East Somerset
The City of Bristol		The City of Bristol
The District of Woodspring The Borough of Kingswood The District of Northavon	} }	The District of North Somerset The District of South Gloucestershire

# SI 1995/600 The Humberside (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority	Reorganised authority
The Council of: The Borough of Beverley } The Borough of Boothferry (part) } The Borough of East Yorkshire } The Borough of Holderness }	The Council of: The District of the East Riding of Yorkshire
The Borough of Great Grimsby } The Borough of Cleethorpes }	The Borough of North East Lincolnshire
The City of Kingston-upon-Hull	The City of Kingston-upon-Hull
The Borough of Glanford } The Borough of Scunthorpe } The Borough of Boothferry (part) }	The Borough of North Lincolnshire

# SI 1995/610 The North Yorkshire (District of York) (Structural and Boundary Changes) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority	Reorganised authority
The Council of: The City of York The Borough of Harrogate (part) The District of Ryedale (part) The District of Selby (part) }	The Council of: The City of York
The Borough of Harrogate (part) The District of Ryedale (part) The District of Selby (part)	The Borough of Harrogate The District of Ryedale The District of Selby

# (c) 1 April 1997

# SI 1995/1769The Buckinghamshire (Borough of Milton Keynes) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Milton Keynes The Borough of Milton Keynes

# SI 1995/1770The East Sussex (Boroughs of Brighton and Hove) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Brighton } The Borough of Brighton and Hove

The Borough of Hove }

# SI 1995/1771The Dorset (Boroughs of Poole and Bournemouth) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Bournemouth

The Borough of Bournemouth

The Borough of Poole The Borough of Poole

# SI 1995/1772The Durham (Borough of Darlington) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Darlington The Borough of Darlington

# SI 1995/1773The Derbyshire (City of Derby) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of: The City of Derby

SI 1995/1774 The Wiltshire (Borough of Thamesdown) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Thamesdown The Borough of Swindon

SI 1995/1775The Hampshire (Cities of Portsmouth and Southampton) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The City of Portsmouth
The City of Southampton
The City of Southampton

SI 1995/1776The Bedfordshire (Borough of Luton) (Structural Change) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council Of:

The Borough of Luton The Borough of Luton

SI 1995/1779The Staffordshire (City of Stoke-on-Trent) (Structural and Boundary Changes) Order 1995

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council Of:

The City of Stoke-on-Trent } The City of Stoke-on-Trent

The Borough of Stafford (part) }

The Borough of Stafford (part)

The Borough of Stafford

SI 1996/507 The Leicestershire (City of Leicester and District of Rutland)

(Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of:The Council of:The City of LeicesterThe City of LeicesterThe District of RutlandThe District of Rutland

# (d) 1 April 1998

SI 1996/1863 The Cheshire (Boroughs of Halton and Warrington)

(Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Halton
The Borough of Warrington
The Borough of Warrington

SI 1996/1865 The Devon (City of Plymouth and Borough of Torbay)

(Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The City of Plymouth
The Borough of Torbay

The City of Plymouth
The Borough of Torbay

SI 1996/1866 The Shropshire (District of The Wrekin) (Structural Change)

**Order 1996** 

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The District of The Wrekin (now

Telford and the Wrekin)

SI 1996/1867 The Hereford and Worcester (Structural, Boundary and

**Electoral Changes) Order 1996** 

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The City of Hereford } The District of Herefordshire

The District of Leominster (part)
The District of Malvern Hills (part)

The District of South Herefordshire

The District of Leominster (part) 

The District of Malvern Hills

The District of Malvern Hills (part)

SI 1996/1868 The Lancashire (Boroughs of Blackburn and Blackpool)

(Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Blackburn (now

Blackburn with Darwen)

The Borough of Blackpool The Borough of Blackpool

SI 1996/1875 The Essex (Boroughs of Colchester, Southend-on-Sea and

Thurrock and District of Tendring) (Structural, Boundary

and Electoral Changes) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Thurrock

The Borough of Thurrock

SI 1996/1876 The Kent (Borough of Gillingham and City of Rochester

upon Medway) (Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The Borough of Gillingham } The District of the Medway Towns

The City of Rochester upon Medway } (now Medway)

SI 1996/1877The Nottinghamshire (City of Nottingham) (Structural Change)
Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority

The Council of: The Council of:

The City of Nottingham The City of Nottingham

# SI 1996/1878The Cambridgeshire (City of Peterborough) (Structural, Boundary and Electoral Changes) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority		Reorganised authority	
The Council of: The City of Peterborough (part) The District of Huntingdonshire (part)	}	The Council of: The District of Huntingdonshire	
The City of Peterborough (part) The District of Huntingdonshire (part)	} }	The City of Peterborough	

# SI 1996/1879The Berkshire (Structural Change) Order 1996

Predecessor billing authority	Reorganised authority
The Council of: The Borough of Reading The Royal Borough of	The Council of: The Borough of Reading The Royal Borough of
Windsor and Maidenhead The District of Newbury	Windsor and Maidenhead  The District of Newbury (now West Berkshire)
The Borough of Bracknell Forest The Borough of Slough The District of Wokingham	The Borough of Bracknell Forest The Borough of Slough The District of Wokingham

# (e) 1 April 2009

The following orders were made under section 7 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007.

# SI 2008/490 The Wiltshire (Structural Change) Order 2008

Predecessor billing authority		Reorganised authority
The Council of: The District of Kennet The District of North Wiltshire The District of Salisbury The District of West Wiltshire	} } }	The Council of: Wiltshire

# The Cornwall (Structural Change) Order 2008 SI 2008/491 Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority The Council of: The Council of: The Borough of Restormel Cornwall The District of Caradon The District of Carrick The District of Kerrier The District of North Cornwall The District of Penwith SI 2008/491 The Shropshire (Structural Change) Order 2008 Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority The Council of: The Council of: The Borough of Oswestry Shropshire The Borough of Shewsbury and Atcham } The District of Bridgnorth The District of North Shropshire The District of South Shropshire SI 2008/493 The County Durham (Structural Change) Order 2008 Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority The Council of: The Council of: The Borough of Sedgefield County Durham The City of Durham The District of Chester-le-Street The District of Derwentside The District of Easington The District of Teesdale The District of Wear Valley The Northumberland (Structural Change) Order 2008 SI 2008/494 Predecessor billing authority Reorganised authority The Council of: The Council of: The Borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed Northumberland The Borough of Blyth Valley The Borough of Castle Morpeth The District of Alnwick The District of Tynedale The District of Wansbeck

Reorganised authority

#### SI 2008/634 The Cheshire (Structural Changes) Order 2008

3	,		3	•
The Council of: The Borough of Congl The Borough of Crewe The Borough of Maccl	e and Nantwich	} } }	The Council of: Cheshire East	
The City of Chester The Borough of Ellesmere Port and Neston} The Borough of Vale Royal		<pre>} } } }</pre>	Cheshire West ar	d Chester
SI 2008/907 T	he Bedfordshire	(Struct	tural Changes) Oı	der 2008

#### **Predecessor billing authority** Reorganised authority The Council of: The Council of: The Borough of Bedford Bedford The District of Mid Bedfordshire Central Bedfordshire The District of South Bedfordshire

#### Part II Reorganised receiving authorities

#### 1 April 1995 (a)

Predecessor billing authority

The reorganised receiving authority is the Isle of Wight Council.

#### (b) 1 April 1996

Reorganised receiving authorities comprise all the reorganised billing authorities listed in Part I(b) above and the Council of the County of North Yorkshire.

#### (c) 1 April 1997

Reorganised receiving authorities comprise all the reorganised billing authorities listed in Part I(c) above and the Councils of the Counties of Buckinghamshire, East Sussex, Dorset, Durham, Derbyshire, Wiltshire, Hampshire, Bedfordshire, Staffordshire and Leicestershire.

#### (d) 1 April 1998

Reorganised receiving authorities comprise all the reorganised billing authorities listed in **Part I(d)** above and the Councils of the Counties of Cheshire, Devon, Shropshire, Lancashire, Kent, Worcestershire, Nottinghamshire, Essex and Cambridgeshire.

# (e) 1 April 2009

Reorganised receiving authorities comprise all the reorganised billing authorities listed in **Part I(e)** above.

# Part III Reorganised police areas

# 1 April 2000

The reorganised police authorities comprise the police authorities for Essex, Hertfordshire and Surrey and the Metropolitan Police District is a reorganised police area.

# Part IV Reorganised fire areas

1 April 2007

SI 2006/2790The Devon and Somerset Fire and Rescue Authority (Combination Scheme) Order 2006

# Predecessor fire authority Reorganised authority The Council of the County of Somerset } The Devon Fire and Rescue Authority } Reorganised authority

# **Annex J**

# **Local Transport Services**

- 1 This part of the calculation is relevant to the relative costs of providing local transport services.
- The following part of this Annex describes the calculation for Local Transport Services.
- 3 A Local Transport Services element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, Metropolitan district councils.

The *Local Transport Services* element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

# **Local Transport Services**

(a) The sum of:

the 2010/11 allocations of the Road Safety Grant, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the Road Safety Grant allocations as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government. The 2010/11 Road Safety Grant for the Integrated Transport Authorities, including where an authority has acted as the lead authority for the area, has been divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of their resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Registrar General; plus

the 2010/11 allocations of the Rural Bus Subsidy, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the Rural Bus Subsidy allocations as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government. The 2010/11 Rural Bus Subsidy for the Integrated Transport Authorities, as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government, has been divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of their resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Registrar

General; plus

the 2010/11 allocations of the Detrunking Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government

- (b) The sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (a) divided by the result of (b) multiplied by £79,000,000

# Annex K

# **Supporting People**

- This part of the calculation is relevant to the costs of providing housing related support services. The total amount relating to the former Supporting People Grant which has been rolled into formula grant for 2011/2012 is £1,625 million.
- The following part of this annex describes the calculation for Supporting People. The calculations for each of the sub-blocks are described in turn. The indicators are given labels which appear in **BOLD CAPITALS** in the text. A full description of each indicator is given either in the section for the sub-block or in Annex D.

# Isles of Scilly

From the total for Supporting People, the Secretary of State allocates £1,727 with respect to the Isles of Scilly.

# **City of London**

From the total for Supporting People, the Secretary of State allocates £653,619 with respect to the City of London.

### Rutland

From the total for Supporting People, the Secretary of State allocates £683,820 with respect to the Rutland District Council.

## **Supporting People calculation**

A Supporting People element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

metropolitan district councils non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, other than Rutland county councils London borough councils

- There are eight sub-block clusters within the element for each authority. The calculation for each sub-block is on a needs basis for each client group. The sub-blocks are older people, homeless families, young people, single vulnerable people (single homeless and mentally ill), socially excluded, people with disabilities, generic services.
- The Supporting People element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

# Supporting People

- (a) OLDER PEOPLE; plus
- (b) **HOMELESS FAMILIES**; plus
- (c) YOUNG PEOPLE; plus
- (d) SINGLE VULNERABLE (SINGLE HOMELESS); plus
- (e) SINGLE VULNERABLE (MENTALLY ILL); plus
- (f) **SOCIALLY EXCLUDED**; plus
- (g) PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES; plus
- (h) **GENERIC SERVICES**

The formula for each sub-block are described in the sections below.

## **Older People**

The total amount for the older people sub group is £318,078,373 and is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the projected population aged 60 years and over. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the older people sub-group:

POPULATION AT WEIGHTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER

RISK INDEX	WEIGHTED FOR GEATHOUT AGES OF AIRS OF ER
DEPRIVATION INDEX	The result of below to the power of 0.5:
	0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME; plus
	0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS; plus
	0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT; plus
	0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX
COST INDEX	0.010 multiplied by <b>POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX</b> ; plus

The full formula used to calculate the Older People sub group for a particular authority is:

**INDEX** 

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

## Older People

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX multiplied by DEPRIVATION INDEX multiplied by COST INDEX

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £318,078,373 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

#### **Homeless Families**

The total amount for the homeless families sub group is £118,895,212 and is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the population of households that are eligible, unintentionally homeless and in priority need. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the homeless families sub-group:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

HOUSEHOLDS THAT ARE ELIGIBLE, UNINTENTIONALLY HOMELESS AND IN PRIORITY NEED

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.8:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**: plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT:** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Homeless Families sub group for a particular authority is:

## Homeless Families

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX multiplied by DEPRIVATION INDEX multiplied by COST INDEX

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £118,895,212 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

## **Young People**

The total amount for the young people sub group £175,348,433 and is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the population of children who ceased to be looked after in care, and the number of births to teenage mothers. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the young people sub-group:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

0.518 multiplied by **BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS**;

plus

0.482 multiplied by YOUNG PEOPLE WHO CEASE TO

**BE LOOKED AFTER IN CARE;** 

divided by 1.0816

DEPRIVATION INDEX

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT:** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Young People sub group for a particular authority is:

# Young People

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 25 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX multiplied by DEPRIVATION INDEX multiplied by COST INDEX

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 25 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £175,348,433 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 25 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

## Single Vulnerable (single homeless)

The total amount for the single vulnerable (single homeless) sub group is £286,287,676 is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the numbers of single homeless, rough sleepers, and people treated for drug misuse. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the single vulnerable (single homeless) sub-group:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

0.7539 multiplied by SINGLE HOMELESS

**HOUSEHOLDS**; plus

0.0672 multiplied by ROUGH SLEEPERS; plus

0.1789 multiplied by PEOPLE TREATED FOR DRUG

MISUSE:

divided by 1.7413

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.8:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT;** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX

0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Single Vulnerable (single homeless) sub group for a particular authority is:

## Single Vulnerable (single homeless)

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £286,287,676 *divided by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION**AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

## Single Vulnerable (mentally ill)

The total amount for the single vulnerable (mentally ill) sub group is £285,081,192 is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the number of people being treated for mental health problems. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the single vulnerable (mentally ill) sub-group:

POPULATION AT PEOPLE TREATED FOR MENTAL HEALTH RISK INDEX PROBLEMS

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.8:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT;** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX:

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Single Vulnerable (mentally ill) sub group for a particular authority is:

## Single Vulnerable (mentally ill)

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £285,081,192 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011 for all authorities

(e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

# **Socially Excluded**

The total amount for the socially excluded sub group is £13,294,358 is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the numbers of asylum seekers, gypsies and travellers, and people with HIV. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the socially excluded sub-group:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

0.6334 multiplied by ASYLUM SEEKERS

**POPULATION**; plus

0.1905 multiplied by POPULATION WITH HIV; plus

0.1762 multiplied by GYPSIES AND TRAVELLERS

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.8:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT:** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

**COST INDEX** 

0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Socially Excluded sub group for a particular authority is:

## Socially Excluded

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

- (b) The result of (a) divided by the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED**

### POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011 for all authorities

- (d) £13,294,358 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 59 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

## **People with Disabilities**

The total amount for the people with disabilities sub group is £332,571,771 and is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the number of people with learning and physical disabilities using community based services. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the people with disabilities sub-group:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

PEOPLE WITH LEARNING AND PHYSICAL DISABILITIES THAT ARE USING COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.5:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT:** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the People with Disabilities sub group for a particular authority is:

## People with Disabilities

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 64 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

POPULATION AT RISK INDEX multiplied by DEPRIVATION INDEX multiplied by COST INDEX

- (b) The result of (a) divided by the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 64 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £332,571,771 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 20 TO 64 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

#### **Generic Services**

The total amount for the generic services sub group is £94,103,819 and is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the numbers of single homeless, rough sleepers, and people with drug problems. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the generic services sub-group:

# POPULATION AT RISK INDEX

0.7539 multiplied by SINGLE HOMELESS

**HOUSEHOLDS**; plus

0.0672 multiplied by ROUGH SLEEPERS; plus

0.1789 multiplied by PEOPLE TREATED FOR DRUG

MISUSE;

divided by 1.7413

# DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.8:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**: plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT:** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Generic Services sub group for a particular authority is:

# Generic Services

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £94,103,819 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 16 TO 64 IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

# Annex L

# **Housing Strategy for Older People**

- This part of the calculation is relevant to the relative costs of providing handypersons services for older people. The total amount for 2011/2012 is £15.5 million.
- The following part of this annex describes the calculation for Housing Strategy for Older People. The indicators are given labels which appear in **BOLD CAPITALS** in the text. A full description of each indicator is given either in the section or in Annex D.

# Isles of Scilly

From the total for Housing Strategy for Older People, the Secretary of State allocates £70,000 with respect to the Isles of Scilly.

# **City of London**

From the total for Housing Strategy for Older People, the Secretary of State allocates £70,000 with respect to the City of London.

## Rutland

From the total for Housing Strategy for Older People, the Secretary of State allocates £70,000 with respect to the Rutland District Council.

# **Housing Strategy for Older People calculation**

A Housing Strategy for Older People element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

metropolitan district councils non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, other than Rutland county councils London borough councils

7 The *Housing Strategy for Older People* element for a particular authority is calculated as described from paragraph 8.

## **Housing Strategy for Older People**

The Housing Strategy for Older People is distributed between each of the administering authorities, based on the projected population aged 60 years and over. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the increased costs associated with deprivation and differences

in the costs of provision between areas. The following formula is used to calculate the distribution of funding for the older people sub-group:

POPULATION AT WEIGHTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER RISK INDEX

DEPRIVATION INDEX

The result of below to the power of 0.5:

0.925 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - GEOGRAPHICAL BARRIERS**; plus

0.025 multiplied by INDEX OF MULTIPLE

**DEPRIVATION - INDOORS LIVING ENVIRONMENT;** 

plus

0.025 multiplied by POPULATION DENSITY INDEX

COST INDEX 0.010 multiplied by POPULATION SPARSITY INDEX;

plus

0.990 multiplied by LABOUR COST ADJUSTMENT

**INDEX** 

The full formula used to calculate the Housing Strategy for Older People for a particular authority is:

## Housing Strategy for Older People

(a) **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011** *multiplied by* the result of:

- (b) The result of (a) *divided by* the sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (b) *multiplied by* the sum of the **PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011** for all authorities
- (d) £15,290,000 divided by the sum of the PROJECTED POPULATION AGED 60 AND OVER IN 2011 for all authorities
- (e) The result of (c) is then *multiplied by* the result of (d)

# Annex M

# **LSC Staff Transfer**

- This part of the calculation is relevant to the funding of posts transferred to local authorities.
- The following part of this Annex describes the calculation for the LSC Staff Transfer.
- A LSC Staff Transfer element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils,

county councils,

London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

Metropolitan district councils,

Council of the Isles of Scilly.

The LSC Staff Transfer element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

## **LSC Staff Transfer**

(a) The sum of:

2010/11 allocations of LSC Staff Transfer Grant for each authority as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the LSC Staff Transfer Grant as allocated by the Department for Education and paid either in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government or, in the case of additional funding for Buckinghamshire County Council, paid directly by the Department for Education through separate invoice arrangements. For Greater Manchester, 2010/11 funding for the entire area was allocated to Bury as the lead authority, for 2010/11 this has now been reallocated to each of the metropolitan districts according to the number of staff that transferred to their authority; *plus* 

2010-11 allocations of the LSC Staff Transfer Top-Up for each authority as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the LSC Staff Transfer Top-Up as allocated by the Department for Education and paid in the Children and Young People (Revenue) Grant 2010-11 as described in Grant Determination No: 31/1825. For Greater Manchester, 2010/11 funding for the entire area was allocated

to Bury as the lead authority, for 2010/11 this has now been reallocated to each of the metropolitan districts according to the number of staff that transferred to their authority; *minus* 

the amount allocated in 2010/11 for the six staff who transferred from the LSC and who will transfer to the Young People's Learning Agency on, or before, 1 April 2011

- (b) The sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (a) divided by the result of (b) multiplied by £46,523,003

# **Annex N**

# **HIV/AIDS Support**

- 1 This part of the calculation is relevant to the relative costs of providing HIV related personal social services.
- The following part of this Annex describes the calculation for HIV/AIDS Support. The formula is specified in terms of 'indicators'. The indicators are given in labels which appear in **BOLD CAPITALS** in the text. A full description of each indicator is given in Annex D. Indicators are items of information which are available for each relevant authority.
- 3 A HIV/AIDS Support element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, London borough councils, Common Council of the City of London, Metropolitan district councils.

The client groups for the HIV/AIDS Support elements are HIV caseload in a local authority area and women and children living with HIV in a local authority area.

The *HIV/AIDS Support* element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

## **HIV/AIDS Support**

- (a) **HIV CASELOAD**
- (b) The sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (a) divided by the result of (b) multiplied by £19,530,000
- (d) WOMEN AND CHILDREN LIVING WITH HIV
- (e) The sum for all authorities of the result of (d)
- (f) The result of (d) divided by the result of (e) *multiplied by* £8,370,000
- (g) The result of (c) is added to the result of (f)

# **Annex O**

# **Preserved Rights**

- 1. This part of the calculation is relevant to the relative costs of people who were supported in residential care in April 1993 when the benefit rules changed.
- 2. The following part of this Annex describes the calculation for Preserved Rights. The formula is specified in terms of 'indicators'. The indicators are given in labels which appear in **BOLD CAPITALS** in the text. A full description of each indicator is given in Annex D. Indicators are items of information which are available for each relevant authority.
- A Preserved Rights element is calculated for the following classes of authority:
   non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county
   councils,
   county councils,
   London borough councils,
   Common Council of the City of London,
   Metropolitan district councils.
- 4. The client group for the Preserved Rights element is the number of social services clients with preserved rights reported by Local Authorities in 2009. Cost adjustments are incorporated in the formula to reflect the differences in costs of provision between areas.

5. The Preserved Rights allocation for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

## **Preserved Rights**

- (a) PRESERVED RIGHTS CLIENTS AGED 18 TO 64
- (b) The result of (a) is multiplied by the AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNGER ADULTS PSS
- (c) The sum for all authorities of the result of (b)
- (d) The result of (b) divided by the result of (c) multiplied by £200,232,000.
- (e) PRESERVED RIGHTS CLIENTS AGED 65 AND OVER
- (f) The result of (e) is *multiplied by* the **AREA COST ADJUSTMENT FOR OLDER PEOPLE'S PSS**
- (g) The sum for all authorities of the result of (f)
- (h) The result of (f) divided by the result of (g) multiplied by £28,605,000.
- (i) The result of (d) is added to the result of (h).

# **Annex P**

# **Animal Health and Welfare**

- 1 This part of the calculation is relevant to the relative costs of delivering animal health and welfare services.
- The following part of this Annex describes the calculation for Animal Health and Welfare.
- An Animal Health and Welfare element is calculated for the following classes of authority:

non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils, county councils, London borough councils,

Common Council of the City of London,

Metropolitan district councils,

Council of the Isles of Scilly.

The *Animal Health and Welfare* element for a particular authority is calculated as follows:

#### **Animal Health and Welfare**

- (a) The 2010/11 allocations of Animal Health and Welfare Grant for each authority
- (b) The sum for all authorities of the result of (a)
- (c) The result of (a) divided by the result of (b) multiplied by £4,800,000

# **Annex Q**

# County Council Functions for Civil Contingencies in London

- This part of the calculation relates to the cost to the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority of supporting the London Boroughs and the Common Council of the City of London in fulfilling their civil contingencies functions in London.
- The following part of this Annex describes the County Council Functions for Civil Contingencies in London funding element.
- A County Council Functions for Civil Contingencies in London funding element is determined for the Greater London Authority.
- 4 The County Council Functions for Civil Contingencies in London element is as follows:

**County Council Functions for Civil Contingencies in London** 

£550,000

# Annex R

# Calculation of Adjusted Formula Grant for 2010/11

The adjusted formula grant is created to enable like-for-like comparisons between the amount of formula grant an authority would have received in 2010/11, had formula grant in that year covered the same functions for each authority as it does for 2011/12. The adjusted formula grant is used in calculating the floor damping amount for each authority. These calculations do not affect an authority's grant entitlement in 2010/11.

Adjustments (b), (c) and (n) are to take account of changes in the functions exercised by local authorities.

Adjustments (d) to (x) are to take account of changes in the functions which were funded through specific grants in 2010/11 but which will be included in the functions funded through formula grant from 2011/12 onwards.

The Secretary of State has estimated the amount of adjusted formula grant for each authority as (y) in the table below, as follows:

(a) the sum of the following items:

the share of the Distributable Amount calculated in accordance with section 7 of the Local Government Finance Report (England) 2010/2011, *plus* 

the share of Revenue Support Grant calculated in accordance with section 6 of the Local Government Finance Report (England) 2010/2011, *plus* 

the amount of Police Grant calculated in accordance with section 5 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2010/2011 plus the amount specified in paragraph 4.4 of that Report, where appropriate.

- (b) An adjustment for Concessionary Travel, being:
  - (i) the 2009/10 Concessionary Travel Net Current Expenditure for each authority, uprated to reflect 2010-11 market prices, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the authority's General Revenue Accounts (RO2) ending 31 March 2010. The 2009/10 Concessionary Travel Net Current Expenditure for the Integrated Transport Authorities has been reallocated to the relevant metropolitan districts. Adjustments have been made to the

2009/10 Concessionary Travel Net Current Expenditure for the Common Council of the City of London and all London boroughs to reflect the new financing arrangements within London.

- (ii) The result of (i) above *minus* the 2010/11 allocations of the Concessionary Travel Special Grant for each authority, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the 2010/11 allocations by the Department for Transport as described in Local Government Finance (England) Special Grant Report (No. 130). The grant allocated to All London has been reallocated to the Common Council of the City of London and all London boroughs and the grant allocated to Hertfordshire County Council has been reallocated to the relevant shire districts.
- (c) An adjustment for Concessionary Travel, being:

for the Common Council of the City of London, London borough councils, metropolitan districts, non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils and county councils which have the functions of district councils, the same as for (b) above; and

for county councils which do not have the functions of district councils, the sum of (b) above for the relevant district councils.

(d) An adjustment for Concessionary Travel, being the result of:

the 2011/12 Concessionary Travel Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.37 of this Report, divided by

the control total for the Concessionary Travel Relative Needs Formula given in Annex E of this Report, multiplied by

£223,000,000

- (e) An adjustment for police funding, being the 2010/11 allocations of Additional Rule 2 for each authority as allocated by the Home Office as described in the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2010/11: Amending Report 2010/11.
- (f) An adjustment for police funding, being the 2010/11 allocations of Crime Fighting Fund for each authority as determined by the Home Office. Approval for this funding was granted by HMT on 13 May 2010.
- (g) An adjustment for police funding, being the 2010/11 allocations of

Basic Command Unit for each authority as determined by the Home Office. Approval for this funding was granted by HMT on 17 June 2010.

- (h) An adjustment for Child Death Review Processes, being the 2010/11 allocations of the Child Death Review Processes Grant as allocated by the Department for Education and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government.
- (i) An adjustment for Care Matters White Paper, being the 2010/11 allocations of the Care Matters White Paper Grant as allocated by the Department for Education and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government.
- (j) An adjustment for the Mobiles Homes Act funding, being the result of:

the 2011/12 District-Level EPCS Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.31 of section 4 of this Report, *divided by* 

the control total for the District-Level EPCS Relative Needs Formula given in Annex E of this Report, *multiplied by* 

£169,774

- (k) An adjustment for Economic Assessment Duty, being the 2010/11 allocations of the Economic Assessment Duty Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Communities and Local Government and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government
- (I) An adjustment for adult social services, being the result of:

the 2010/11 allocations of the Mental Health grant funding for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; *plus* 

the 2010/11 allocations of the Child and Adolescent Mental Health grant funding for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; *plus* 

the 2010/11 allocations of the Learning and Disability Development Fund for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; *plus* 

the 2010/11 allocations of the Mental Capacity Act and Independent Mental Capacity funding for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; plus

the 2010/11 allocations of the Carers Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; *plus* 

the 2010/11 allocations of the Adult Social Care Workforce Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government; *plus* 

the 2010/11 allocations of the Local Involvement Networks funding for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government

(m) An adjustment for adult social services, being the result of:

the sum of the 2011/12 Social Services for Older People Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.16 of section 4 of this Report plus the 2011/12 Social Services for Younger Adults Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.18 of section 4 of this Report, divided by

the control total for the Adult PSS Relative Needs Formula given in Annex E of this Report, *multiplied by* 

£303,000,000

(n) An adjustment for the transfer of planning responsibilities to the South Downs National Park, being:

For Brighton & Hove City Council, East Sussex County Council, Hampshire County Council and West Sussex County Council:

- (i) The resident population at 30 June 2007 within the National Park, as estimated by the Registrar General.
- (ii) The sum for all authorities of (i) above
- (iii) The result of (i) above *divided by* the result of (ii) above *multiplied by* £373,375

For Wealden District Council, East Hampshire District Council, Arun District Council, Adur District Council, Worthing Borough

Council, Lewes District Council, Horsham District Council, Mid Sussex District Council, Chichester District Council, Eastbourne Borough Council, Winchester City Council, and Brighton & Hove City Council:

- (iv) The resident population at 30 June 2007 within the National Park, as estimated by the Registrar General.
- (v) The sum for all authorities of (iv) above
- (vi) The result of (iv) above divided by the result of (v) above multiplied by £2,201,625
- (o) An adjustment for Private Sewers, being:
  - (i) The number of properties within each authority as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the authority's Council Taxbase Return (CTB) for October 2009
  - (ii) The sum of (i) above for all authorities
  - (iii) The result of (i) above divided by the result of (ii) above.
  - (iv) The result of (iii) above multiplied by £21,500,000
- (p) An adjustment for Planning Inspectorate SUDs Appeals Costs, being the result of:

the 2011/12 district-level Environmental, Protective and Cultural Service Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.31 of section 4 of this Report, *divided by* 

the control total for the district-level Environmental, Protective and Cultural Service Relative Needs Formula given in Annex E of this Report, *multiplied by* 

£1,000,000

(q) An adjustment for Academies, being the result of:

the 2011/12 Local Authority Central Education Services Relative Needs Formula for each authority calculated in accordance with paragraph 4.10 of section 4 of this Report, *divided by* 

the control total for the Local Authority Central Education Services given in Annex E of this Report, *multiplied by*  £145,240,000

- (r) An adjustment for local transport services, being:
  - (i) the sum of:

the 2010/11 allocations of the Road Safety Grant, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the Road Safety Grant allocations as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government. The 2010/11 Road Safety Grant for the Integrated Transport Authorities, including where an authority has acted as the lead authority for the area, has been divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of their resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Registrar General; plus

the 2010/11 allocations of the Rural Bus Subsidy, as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the Rural Bus Subsidy allocations as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government. The 2010/11 Rural Bus Subsidy for the Integrated Transport Authorities has been divided between their constituent authorities as a common amount per head of their resident population at 30 June 2009, as estimated by the Registrar General; plus

the 2010/11 allocation of the Detrunking Grant for each authority, as allocated by the Department for Transport and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

- (ii) The result of (i) above *divided by* total for all authorities of (i) above.
- (iii) The result of (ii) above multiplied by £112,000,000.
- (s) An adjustment for Supporting People, being the 2010/11 allocations of Supporting People Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Communities and Local Government and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government.

(t) An adjustment for Housing Strategy for Older People, being the sum of:

2010/11 allocations of the Minor Repairs And Adaptations (Handyperson) Grant for each authority as described in Grant Determination No: 31/1768; *plus* 

2010/11 allocations of the Minor Repairs And Adaptations (Enhanced Services – Handyperson) Grant for each authority as described in Grant Determination No: 31/1767

(u) An adjustment for Learning and Skills Council (LSC) Staff Transfer, being the sum of:

2010/11 allocations of LSC Staff Transfer Grant for each authority as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the LSC Staff Transfer Grant as allocated by the Department for Education and paid either in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government or, in the case of additional funding for Buckinghamshire County Council, paid directly by the Department for Education through separate invoice arrangements. For Greater Manchester, 2010/11 funding for the entire area was allocated to Bury as the lead authority, for 2010/11 this has now been reallocated to each of the metropolitan districts according to the number of staff that transferred to their authority; *plus* 

2010-11 allocations of the LSC Staff Transfer Top-Up for each authority as estimated by the Secretary of State. The estimate is generally derived from the LSC Staff Transfer Top-Up as allocated by the Department for Education and paid in the Children and Young People (Revenue) Grant 2010-11 as described in Grant Determination No: 31/1825. For Greater Manchester, 2010/11 funding for the entire area was allocated to Bury as the lead authority, for 2010/11 this has now been reallocated to each of the metropolitan districts according to the number of staff that transferred to their authority; *minus* 

the amount allocated in 2010/11 for the six staff who transferred from the LSC and who will transfer to the Young People's Learning Agency on, or before, 1 April 2011

(v) An adjustment for HIV/AIDs, being the 2010/11 allocations of AIDS Support Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and described in Local Authority Circular DH(2010)5.

- (w) An adjustment for Preserved Rights, being the 2010/11 allocations of Preserved Rights Grant for each authority as allocated by the Department for Health and paid in the 2010 Area Based Grant by the Department for Communities and Local Government.
- (x) An adjustment for Animal Health and Welfare, being the 2010/11 allocations of Animal Health and Welfare Grant for each authority.
- (y) An adjustment for the county council functions for Civil Contingencies in London, being, for the Greater London Council, on behalf of London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority, the sum of £606,000.
- (z) the sum of the following items as appropriate:
  - (a) as defined above minus
  - (b) as defined above plus
  - (c) as defined above plus
  - (d) as defined above plus
  - (e) as defined above plus
  - (f) as defined above plus
  - (g) as defined above plus
  - (h) as defined above plus
  - (i) as defined above *plus*
  - (j) as defined above *plus*
  - (k) as defined above plus
  - (I) as defined above plus
  - (m) as defined above minus
  - (n) as defined above minus
  - (o) as defined above minus
  - (p) as defined above minus
  - (q) as defined above plus
  - (r) as defined above plus
  - (s) as defined above plus

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- (t) as defined above plus
- (u) as defined above plus
- (v) as defined above plus
- (w) as defined above plus
- (x) as defined above plus
- (y) as defined above.

# **Annex S**

# Floor Damping Bands

The floor damping bands are based on grant dependency in 2010/11. For this purpose grant dependency is defined as the proportion of the 2010/11 Budget Requirement that was funded through the 2010/11 Formula Grant.

#### **Authorities with Education and Social Service Responsibilities**

- For London borough councils, metropolitan district councils, county councils, non-metropolitan district councils which have functions of county councils and the Common Council of the City of London the band allocated to each authority was calculated as follows:
  - (a) the 2010/11 Formula Grant was *divided by* 2010/11 Budget Requirement for each authority;
  - (b) all the authorities were then ranked in descending order based on the result of (a);
  - (c) the rank for each authority was then divided by 151 and multiplied by 4;
  - (d) for each authority, the result of (c) *plus* 0.99, rounded down to the nearest whole number.
- 3 The results are given in the tables below:

Local Authorities in Band 1		
Barking and Dagenham Borough Council	Liverpool City Council	
Birmingham City Council	Luton Borough Council	
Blackburn with Darwen Borough Council	Manchester City Council	
Bradford City Council	Middlesbrough Borough Council	
Brent Borough Council	Newcastle upon Tyne City Council	
Camden Borough Council	Newham Borough Council	
City of London	Nottingham City Council	
Doncaster Borough Council	Oldham Borough Council	
Greenwich Borough Council	Salford City Council	
Hackney Borough Council	Sandwell Borough Council	
Halton Borough Council	South Tyneside Borough Council	
Hammersmith and Fulham Borough Council	Southwark Borough Council	
Haringey Borough Council	Stoke-on-Trent City Council	
Islington Borough Council	Sunderland City Council	
Kingston upon Hull City Council	Tower Hamlets Borough Council	
Knowsley Borough Council	Waltham Forest Borough Council	
Lambeth Borough Council	Wandsworth Borough Council	
Leicester City Council	Westminster City Council	
Lewisham Borough Council	Wolverhampton City Council	

Barnsley Borough Council Plymouth City Council Portsmouth City Council

Bolton Borough Council Redcar and Cleveland Borough Council

Calderdale Borough Council
Coventry City Council
Darlington Borough Council
Derby City Council
Dudley Borough Council
Durham County Council
Ealing Borough Council
St Helens Borough Council
St Helens Borough Council

Enfield Borough Council

Stockton-on-Tees Borough Council

Tameside Borough Council

Gateshead Borough Council
Hartlepool Borough Council
Kensington and Chelsea Borough Council
Kirklees Borough Council
Leeds City Council

Tameside Borough Council
Telford and the Wrekin Council
Thurrock Borough Council
Wakefield City Council
Walsall Borough Council

Leeds City Council

North East Lincolnshire Borough Council

North Tyneside Borough Council

Walsall Borough Council

Wigan Borough Council

Wirral Borough Council

Peterborough City Council

#### **Local Authorities in Band 3**

Barnet Borough Council Lincolnshire County Council

Bedford Borough Council Medway Council

Bexley Borough Council

Bournemouth Borough Council

Brighton & Hove City Council

Bristol City Council

Bury Borough Council

Milton Keynes Council

Norfolk County Council

North Lincolnshire Council

Northamptonshire County Council

Cheshire West and Chester
Cornwall Council
Croydon Borough Council
Reading Borough Council
Redbridge Borough Council

Cumbria County Council Shropshire Council

Derbyshire County Council Southend-on-Sea Borough Council

East Riding of Yorkshire Stockport Borough Council
Harrow Borough Council Sutton Borough Council
Herefordshire Council Swindon Borough Council

Hillingdon Borough Council Torbay Council

Hounslow Borough Council

Isle of Wight Council

Warrington Borough Council

Warrington Borough Council

Lancashire County Council York City Council

Bath & North East Somerset Council North Yorkshire County Council Bracknell Forest Borough Council **Nottinghamshire County Council Bromley Borough Council** Oxfordshire County Council **Buckinghamshire County Council** Poole Borough Council Cambridgeshire County Council Richmond upon Thames Borough Council

**Rutland County Council** Central Bedfordshire Council Cheshire East Council Solihull Borough Council **Devon County Council** Somerset County Council **Dorset County Council** South Gloucestershire Council East Sussex County Council Staffordshire County Council

**Essex County Council** Suffolk County Council Gloucestershire County Council Surrey County Council Hampshire County Council Warwickshire County Council Havering Borough Council West Berkshire Council Hertfordshire County Council West Sussex County Council Kent County Council Wiltshire Council

Kingston upon Thames Borough Council Windsor and Maidenhead Borough Council

Leicestershire County Council Wokingham Borough Council North Somerset Council Worcestershire County Council

#### Shire Districts without Education and Social Service Responsibilities

- 4 For non-metropolitan district councils which do not have functions of county councils the band allocated to each authority was calculated as follows:
  - the 2010/11 Formula Grant was divided by 2010/11 Budget (a) Requirement for each authority;
  - all the authorities were then ranked in descending order based on the (b) result of (a):
  - (c) the rank for each authority was then divided by 201 and multiplied by 4;
  - (d) for each authority, the result of (c) plus 0.99, rounded down to the nearest whole number.
- 5 The results are given in the tables below:

Allerdale Borough Council
Ashfield District Council

Barrow-in-Furness Borough Council

Bassetlaw District Council

Bolsover District Council Boston Borough Council Breckland District Council Broadland District Council

Broadland District Council

Broxbourne Borough Council
Burnley Borough Council
Cambridge City Council
Charnwood Borough Council
Cherwell District Council
Chesterfield Borough Council

Copeland Borough Council Corby Borough Council

East Cambridgeshire District Council

East Lindsey District Council

East Northamptonshire District Council

Erewash Borough Council Exeter City Council

Forest Heath District Council Gedling Borough Council

Great Yarmouth Borough Council Hambleton District Council

Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council

Huntingdonshire District Council
Hyndburn Borough Council

Kings Lynn & West Norfolk Borough Council

Lancaster City Council Lincoln City Council Mansfield District Council

Newcastle-under-Lyme Borough Council

North Dorset District Council North Kesteven District Council

Norwich City Council
Pendle Borough Council
Sedgemoor District Council
South Holland District Council
South Kesteven District Council
South Staffordshire District Council
Tamworth Borough Council

Taunton Deane Borough Council Tendring District Council Tewkesbury Borough Council Torridge District Council Waveney District Council

Wellingborough Borough Council West Oxfordshire District Council West Somerset District Council

## **Local Authorities in Band 2**

Amber Valley Borough Council Ashford Borough Council

Babergh District Council

Basingstoke and Deane Borough

Blaby District Council
Broxtowe Borough Council
Cannock Chase District Council

Canterbury City Council Carlisle City Council Chorley Borough Council

Crawley Borough Council Dartford Borough Council Daventry District Council

**Dover District Council** 

East Staffordshire Borough Council Eastbourne Borough Council Eastleigh Borough Council Fenland District Council Forest of Dean District Council Gloucester City Council Gosport Borough Council

Gravesham Borough Council Hastings Borough Council Mendip District Council

Newark and Sherwood District Council

North Devon District Council

North East Derbyshire District Council

North Norfolk District Council Northampton Borough Council

Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council

Oxford City Council Preston City Council

Ribble Valley Borough Council Rushcliffe Borough Council Scarborough Borough Council

Selby District Council

South Derbyshire District Council South Norfolk District Council Stafford Borough Council

Staffordshire Moorlands District Council

Stevenage Borough Council
Swale Borough Council
Teignbridge District Council
Thanet District Council
Warwick District Council
West Dorset District Council
West Lancashire District Council
West Lindsey District Council
Worcester City Council
Wychavon District Council

Wyre Borough Council

Arun District Council
Aylesbury Vale District Council
Braintree District Council
Cheltenham Borough Council
Chichester District Council
Colchester Borough Council
Craven District Council
East Devon District Council
Eden District Council

Epping Forest District Council Fareham Borough Council Fylde Borough Council Guildford Borough Council Harlow District Council Havant Borough Council Hertsmere Borough Council High Peak Borough Council Kettering Borough Council Lichfield District Council Maldon District Council

Maldon District Council
Malvern Hills District Council
Melton Borough Council
Mid Devon District Council
Mid Suffolk District Council
New Forest District Council

North Warwickshire Borough Council North West Leicestershire District Council Oadby and Wigston Borough Council

Purbeck District Council
Redditch Borough Council
Richmondshire District Council
Rossendale Borough Council
Rugby Borough Council
Runnymede Borough Council
Rushmoor Borough Council
Ryedale District Council
Shepway District Council

South Cambridgeshire District Council

South Hams District Council
South Oxfordshire District Council
South Somerset District Council
St Edmundsbury Borough Council
Stratford-on-Avon District Council
Suffolk Coastal District Council
Test Valley Borough Council
Tunbridge Wells Borough Council
Vale of White Horse District Council
West Devon Borough Council
Wycombe District Council
Wyre Forest District Council

#### **Local Authorities in Band 4**

Adur District Council
Basildon District Council
Brentwood Borough Council
Bromsgrove District Council
Castle Point Borough Council
Chelmsford Borough Council

Chiltern District Council Christchurch Borough Council

Cotswold District Council
Dacorum Borough Council
Derbyshire Dales District Council
East Dorset District Council

East Hampshire District Council
East Hertfordshire District Council
Elmbridge Borough Council

Epsom and Ewell Borough Council

Harborough District Council
Harrogate Borough Council
Hart District Council
Horsham District Council
Ipswich Borough Council
Lewes District Council

Maidstone Borough Council Mid Sussex District Council Mole Valley District Council North Hertfordshire District Council Reigate and Banstead Borough Council

Rochford District Council Rother District Council Sevenoaks District Council South Bucks District Council South Lakeland District Council

South Northamptonshire District Council

South Ribble Borough Council Spelthorne Borough Council St Albans City Council Stroud District Council

Surrey Heath Borough Council Tandridge District Council Three Rivers District Council

Tonbridge and Malling Borough Council

Uttlesford District Council Watford Borough Council Waverley Borough Council Wealden District Council

Welwyn Hatfield Borough Council

Weymouth and Portland Borough Council

Winchester City Council Woking Borough Council Worthing Borough Council

# **Annex T**

# Shares of Formula Grant for Police Services and Fire and Rescue Services within the Greater London Authority

The share of Formula Grant for police services and for fire and rescue services for the Greater London Authority, for 2011/2012 calculated in accordance with Section 5 of this Report is given below.

	Police services	Fire and rescue
		services
Grants Rolling In Using Tailored	Not applicable	£550,000
Distribution		
Relative Needs Amount	£655,852,745	£156,213,622
Relative Resource Amount	-£66,659,040	-£22,081,344
Central Allocation	£273,471,863	£125,301,603
Police Grant <sup>1</sup>	£1,127,735,964	Not applicable
Floor Damping	£35,178,112	-£8,325,496
Formula Grant	£2,025,579,644	£251,658,385
of which:		
Revenue Support Grant	£211,997,149	£59,421,101
Share of the Distributable Amount	£685,846,531	£192,237,284
(i.e. re-distributed non-domestic		
rates)		
Police Grant <sup>1</sup>	£1,127,735,964	Not applicable

- The above amounts should be used in the calculation of the amounts for P1 and P2 as specified under section 88 and 89 of the Greater London Authority Act 1999. More specifically-
  - in relation to the calculation of P2, the amounts in the 8th, 9th and 10th rows of column 2 of the Table are specified in respect of the corresponding items in column 1; and
  - in relation to the calculation of P1, the amounts in the 8th and 9th rows of column 3 are specified in respect of the corresponding items in column 1.

<sup>1</sup> The amount of Principal Formula Police Grant for the authority for 2011/12 as shown in column (a) of the table contained in paragraph 3.1 of the Police Grant Report (England and Wales) 2011/2012

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