This report provides statistics on National Insurance Numbers (NINo) allocated to adult overseas nationals entering the United Kingdom (UK). A NINo is generally required by any overseas national looking to work or claim benefits / tax credits in the UK, including the self-employed or students working part-time.

Figures are based on recorded registration date on the HMRC National Insurance Recording and Pay as you Earn System, i.e. after the NINo application process has been completed. This may be a number of weeks or months (or in some cases years) after arriving in the UK.

Main stories

825 thousand NINo’s registered in the year to September 2016:
Both EU and Non EU show a fall from the previous year (to September 2015), however latest quarterly figures show registrations remaining level

76% from within the EU

Registrations in thousands

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total (thousand)</th>
<th>EU (thousand)</th>
<th>Non EU (thousand)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>YE Sep 04</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YE Sep 07</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YE Sep 10</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>450</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YE Sep 13</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YE Sep 16</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>629</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What you need to know

This summary contains statistics on National Insurance Numbers (NINo) allocated to adult overseas nationals, covering the period from January 2002 to September 2016.

The NINo statistics show the number of people registering for a NINo in order to work or to claim benefits / tax credits and are one of a number of supplementary measures produced by Government of immigration to the UK.

They are a measure of in-flow to the UK, primarily for employment, including both short-term and long-term migrants. They include foreign nationals who have already been in the country but not previously required a NINo as well as migrants who may have subsequently returned abroad.

The statistics are published as part of the scheduled timetable for the release of cross-Government migration statistics. The Migration Statistics Quarterly Report (MSQR) is a summary of the quarterly releases of official international migration statistics by the Office for National Statistics (ONS).

NINo statistics are not a direct measure of long term migration and therefore are not directly comparable with ONS long-term estimates of immigration. On 7 March 2016, the ONS published an information note explaining the reasons why long-term international immigration figures from the International Passenger Survey (IPS) could differ from the number of NINo registrations.

On 12 May 2016, ONS published a follow up analytical paper presenting analysis that has been undertaken across government to help understand why the 2 series are showing different trends, with focus on EU migration.

World Areas

For reporting purposes, countries have been grouped into ‘world areas’ based primarily on geographical location. Countries are grouped according to current world area status for the entire back series.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>World Area</th>
<th>Sub Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Union (EU)</td>
<td>European Union EU15 (original EU members), European Union EU8 (joined EU in 2004), European Union EU2 (Romania &amp; Bulgaria), European Union Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-European Union (Other Europe)</td>
<td>Other Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>Middle East and Central Asia, East Asia, South Asia, South East Asia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rest of the World</td>
<td>Sub-Saharan Africa, North Africa, Central and South America, Oceania</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Where in the world are people registering from?

Registrations to EU8 are half of their peak in 2007 while EU15 and EU2 make up 55% of all registrations.

Following a generally increasing trend since 2010, registrations to EU nationals over recent quarters have remained level, though differences can be seen within the EU.

There were 167 thousand registrations to EU8 nationals, a 17% decrease on the previous year: half of what they were in 2007.

The number of NINo registrations from EU2 nationals (Bulgaria and Romania) was 227 thousand, an increase of 22 thousand (11%) on the previous year.

Top 5 individual nationalities, registrations in year to September 2016 (thousands) and the % change from previous year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nationality</th>
<th>EU Registrations</th>
<th>% Change</th>
<th>Non EU Registrations</th>
<th>% Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Romania</td>
<td>187 (-13%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>India</td>
<td>34 (-8%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>101 (-18%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>13 (-7%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>61 (+3%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>China</td>
<td>13 (-8%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>48 (-11%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pakistan</td>
<td>12 (-13%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulgaria</td>
<td>41 (-1%)</td>
<td></td>
<td>United States</td>
<td>10 (-2%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Nationalities with the largest increases in registrations in the year to September 2016 are: Romania (see above). Greece up 29% to 14,000. Syria up 89% to 5,000.

See table 3 for summary statistics and Stat-Xplore for the full data series.

Outside of the EU, South Asia has the most registrations

Registrations (thousands) in the year to September 2016 by world area

- Oceania
- Central & S. America
- North America
- North Africa
- Sub-Saharan Africa
- South East Asia
- South Asia
- East Asia
- Middle East & Central Asia
- EU2
- EU8
- EU15
Where in the UK are people registering?

50% of all registrations are in London (38%) or the South East (12%)

The darker areas of the map show local authorities with higher levels of registrations.

NINo registrations in the year to September 2016, by Local Authority

NINo registrations (thousands) in the year to September 2016, by Region

Where you live
Find out more information about your Local Authority in our interactive map. This shows Local Authority information on registrations by world area (NINo registrations for 2015 / 2016)

To access the interactive version click here
About these statistics

Source

DWP receive a quarterly cumulative scan from HMRC’s National Insurance Recording and Pay as you Earn System (NPS) which contains details of all adult overseas nationals allocated a NINo. This is used to produce these National Statistics.

The registration date referred to in this report represents the date the information on the individual was processed on HM Revenue and Customs' National Insurance Recording and Pay as you Earn System (NPS) i.e. after the NINo application and allocation process has been completed. This may be a number of weeks or months after arriving in the UK. The registration series is not subject to any future change.

Data Quality

A change to the process of recording NINOs during the quarter April-June 2014, means that the volume of NINo registrations recorded were lower in that quarter and then higher in the subsequent quarter July to September 2014 than would otherwise be the case. Therefore, comparisons of NINo registrations over time for these quarterly periods should be viewed with caution.

Coverage

The DWP NINo data covers people allocated a NINo for all types of work – including the self-employed and students working part-time – and whatever the length of stay in the UK. It also covers adult overseas nationals allocated a NINo to claim benefits or tax credits. The data represents 100% of NINo’s allocated to adult overseas nationals held at the individual level.

The DWP NINo data does not show when overseas nationals subsequently depart the UK, nor does it show length of stay in the UK. The DWP figures are therefore a measure of inflow of overseas nationals registering for a NINo. It does not measure outflow or overall stock of overseas nationals in the UK.

The NINo statistics are not directly comparable to the LFS employment estimates which indicate the stock of people working in the UK, nor do they necessarily align well with ONS long-term estimates of immigration since the NINo statistics will include both short-term as well as long-term (1 year+) flows as well as migrants who may have subsequently returned abroad.

The figures reflect adult overseas nationals allocated a NINo through the adult registration process. In addition there will be a small number of overseas nationals (aged 16-19 yrs) allocated a NINo automatically through the Juvenile Registration scheme. This occurs when the individual has previously been allocated a child registration number. These juvenile cases are not captured by the statistics.
Where to find out more

Other statistics on migration

This document and the summary tables can be found here: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-insurance-number-allocations-to-adult-overseas-nationals-entering-the-uk

Build your own tables using Stat-Xplore: https://stat-xplore.dwp.gov.uk/

See our interactive map: Click here


The Migration Statistics Quarterly Report (MSQR) provides a comprehensive picture of the various sources of migration statistics available and analysis of trends and includes headline NiNo statistics.

DWP would like to hear your views on our statistical publications. If you use any of our statistics publications, we would be interested in hearing what you use them for and how well they meet your requirements publication, please contact DWP via stats-consultation@dwp.gsi.gov.uk.

Enquires

Press enquiries should be directed to the Department for Work and Pensions Press Office: 0203 267 5144.
Other enquiries about these statistics should be directed to: steven.watkins@dwp.gsi.gov.uk