2

## **Trade Union Independence**

A trade union which is on the list of trade unions may apply for a certificate of independence. Independence is defined as meaning independence from an employer or group of employers. This chapter discusses independence and explains how such applications are dealt with and their outcome.

## The statutory provisions

2.1 Section 5 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992 ("the 1992 Act") defines an independent trade union as:

"... a trade union which -

- (a) is not under the domination or control of an employer or group of employers or of one or more employers' associations; and
- (b) is not liable to interference by an employer or any such group or association (arising out of the provision of financial or material support or by any other means whatsoever) tending towards such control".
- 2.2 The procedure for determining the independence of trade unions is provided for in section 6 of the 1992 Act. A union must be listed (see Chapter 1) before it can apply for a certificate of independence. A fee is payable on application (see Appendix 10). The Certification Officer keeps a public record of all applications for such certificates and their outcome. He may not take a decision on an application until at least one month after it has been entered in the record. A notice that an application has been received is placed on the 'News' page of the Certification Officer's website, www.gov.uk/certificationofficer, and is normally published in the London Gazette and/or the Edinburgh Gazette as appropriate. The Certification Officer must take into account any relevant information submitted by any person and is required to give reasons if a certificate of independence is refused. A union which has been refused a certificate of independence has a right of appeal on a point of law to the Employment Appeal Tribunal (EAT).
- 2.3 Where two or more trade unions, each with a certificate of independence, amalgamate, a certificate of independence will automatically be issued to the new union when the instrument of amalgamation is registered by the Certification Officer. The newly amalgamated union will, however, have its certificate of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In Squibb UK Staff Association v Certification Officer ([1979] 2 All ER 452, [1979] IRLR 75, CA), it was held that the word "liable" in this context should be interpreted as implying "vulnerability to interference" rather than "likelihood of interference".

independence removed if it does not send certain prescribed information to the Certification Officer within six weeks of the date the amalgamation takes effect or such longer period as the Certification Officer may specify. The information to be sent to the Certification Officer is a copy of the rules of the new union, a list of its officers and the address of its head or main office, together with the prescribed fee (see Appendix 10).

- 2.4 The Certification Officer may withdraw a certificate of independence at any time if he is of the opinion that the trade union concerned is no longer independent. As in the case of a refusal, a trade union aggrieved by a decision to withdraw its certificate has a right of appeal on a point of law to the EAT.
- 2.5 Once the Certification Officer has determined that a trade union is independent and has issued a certificate, that certificate remains valid until it is withdrawn by the Certification Officer or is cancelled. This applies even to certificates issued under legislation in force prior to its consolidation into the 1992 Act.
- 2.6 The 1992 Act provides that, where a question as to the independence of a particular union arises in proceedings before the courts, employment tribunals, Central Arbitration Committee or the EAT and no certificate has been issued or refused, those proceedings may not continue until that question has been decided by the Certification Officer. The granting of a certificate by the Certification Officer, or its refusal, is conclusive evidence for all purposes that the union is or, as the case may be, is not independent. This position was considered by the Court of Appeal in the case of *Bone v North Essex Partnership NHS Foundation Trust* [2014] IRLR 635. The Court of Appeal held that a certificate of independence was retrospective in its effect for a reasonable period before the date of the certificate.

## Criteria

2.7 The principal criteria which have been used by the Certification Officer in determining whether or not an applicant union satisfies the statutory definition are explained in the Office's booklet *Guidance for trade unions wishing to apply for a certificate of independence*. These appear under the headings: history, membership base, organisation and structure, finance, employer-provided facilities and negotiating record. A copy of the guidance can be found on the Certification Officer's website and is available on request from the Office. The Certification Officer's decision is strictly bound by the statutory definition, having regard to the circumstances as a whole. Other considerations, such as the effect the issue of a certificate might have on employment relations, may not be taken into account.

## Applications, decisions, reviews and appeals

- 2.8 During the reporting period one certificate of independence was issued. This was to National Crime Officers Association. The certificate was issued on 4 June 2015.
- 2.9 An application for a certificate of independence was received from Artists' Union England on 24 March 2016. The certificate of independence was issued on 2 June 2016, outside this reporting period.

- 2.10 No formal reviews of existing certificates of independence were undertaken during the period.
- 2.11 Five certificates of independence were cancelled in this reporting period because the unions concerned had ceased to exist. These are set out below. Those marked with an asterisk ceased to exist as a result of a merger.

Association of Professional Ambulance Personnel Federation of Professional Railway Staff National Association of Colliery Overmen Deputies and Shotfirers (South Wales Area) Staff Association of the Bank of Baroda\* Unity\*

2.12 On 31 March 2016 there were 98 unions which held certificates of independence, compared to 102 at the end of the last reporting period.