Driving school minibuses
Advice for schools and local authorities

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About this guidance

This is non-statutory advice jointly produced by the Department for Education (DfE), the Department for Transport (DfT) and the Association of Chief Police Officers (ACPO) on driving licence entitlement when driving a school minibus.

This advice does not constitute legal advice nor is it a ruling on the law: individual, schools etc should seek independent legal advice on these issues if they have any queries or concerns. The relevant legislation is Part III of the Road Traffic Act 1988 and the Motor Vehicles (Driving Licences) Regulations 1999 (SI 1999/2864):


Expiry or review date

This document replaces the relevant section of the DfE health and safety departmental advice. It will be reviewed should the law change.

Who is this advice for?

This advice is for:

- School employers including local authorities, governing bodies, academy trusts and proprietors, and
- Head teachers and other school staff.

This advice may also be of interest to local authority youth workers and charitable groups working with young people.

Key points

There are circumstances in which a member of school staff with a car driving licence (category B) can drive a minibus. This licence entitlement is set out here and in an interactive flowchart on the DfT website. Schools are also advised to check their insurance and any employer’s policies on this matter.

There is also an exemption under which drivers can drive minibuses on behalf of non-profit making bodies such as schools using a Section 19 permit. If schools are in any doubt about their legal position they are advised to apply for a Permit.

1 Please note that legislation on these links are not generally consolidated and therefore may not show subsequent amendments.
Driving school minibuses

What is a minibus and who can drive one?

1. A minibus is a motor vehicle with between 9 and 16 passenger seats. It is described as a category D1 vehicle by the Driving Vehicle Licencing Authority.

2. Drivers who hold a full D1 (or D) PCV entitlement can drive minibuses for hire or reward.

3. There are, however, circumstances when a driver can drive a minibus within the UK when they hold a car (category B) licence. These circumstances vary depending on when the driver passed their car driving test. These arrangements only apply when driving the minibus in the UK not if driving abroad.

   a. If you passed your category B (car) driving test before 1 January 1997, you can drive a minibus that is not being used for hire or reward as these licences automatically include category D1 (101) (not for hire or reward) entitlement. This means school staff with such a licence can drive a minibus carrying up to 16 passengers with no maximum weight restriction on the vehicle. Drivers with a D1 + E (101) (not for hire or reward) entitlement can tow a trailer over 750kg.

   b. If you passed your category B driving test on or after 1 January 1997, you may drive a minibus that is not being used for hire and reward if the following conditions are met:

- you are over 21 and have held a category B licence for at least 2 years;
- the minibus is used by a non-commercial body for social purposes,
- you receive no payment other than the recovery of your out of pocket expenses (e.g. fuel and parking costs);
- you provide the service on a voluntary basis;
- the gross vehicle weight of the minibus is not more than 3.5 tonnes (or 4.25 tonnes if including any specialist equipment to carry disabled passengers); and
- you do not tow a trailer.

The driver’s seat does not count for these purposes.

Drivers who have renewed their licence (e.g. when a photo licence is issued) should check that this entitlement has been retained.

Maintained schools, Free Schools and academies are considered non-commercial bodies, as are independent schools holding charitable status.

The weight of the vehicle (sometimes known as the Maximum Authorised Mass or MAM) is shown on a metal or plastic plate situated in the engine shell or on a door pillar. At least three manufacturers are currently making lightweight minibus models of 3.5 tonnes or less which are available in the UK.
What is Hire and reward?

4. A vehicle which is operated for hire or reward is one where payment is made, in cash or in kind, for the carrying of passengers, or matters which include the carrying of passengers, irrespective of the person to whom the payment is made. This includes direct payments such as a fare or an indirect payment which gives a person an opportunity to travel. It does not matter whether or not the operator is a profit-making entity. A minibus is used for hire or reward if there is a clear and logical link between payment and the transport provided and that link is not too remote.

5. A minibus is not being used for hire or reward, for example, where the pupils are not obliged to pay in exchange for the right to be passengers. This applies where independent schools with charitable status, Free Schools and academies use a minibus not for a passenger service on a commercial basis but to take pupils off-site for trips within the school day or as an extra-curricular activity, where the pupils do not pay for their transport. Independent, fee-paying schools which lack charitable status could be viewed as commercial bodies that operate minibuses for hire or reward; the hire or reward element being school fees. We advise such schools to seek legal advice.

6. If schools (or their insurers) are concerned that they may not meet the definition of not operating for hire or reward they are advised to consider applying for a Section 19 permit (see below)

What are Social Purposes?

7. We consider social purposes to mean non-commercial activities. This includes school trips and travel to sporting fixtures within the school day or as an extra-curricular activity.

8. Where a minibus is operated to provide passenger services for commercial purposes, the driver must hold a full D1 licence (or a full D licence, which entitles the holder to drive minibuses).

What are Out of Pocket Expenses?

9. Out of Pocket Expenses are remuneration for any fuel costs, parking fees, toll fees or similar expenses incurred as part of a trip. The driver should receive no other payments for driving the minibus.

What is ‘On a Voluntary Basis’?

10. In our view, if the terms and conditions of a teacher’s contract of employment state that driving minibuses is a part of their duties, or if a teacher is paid an additional sum specifically for driving the minibus (other than a sum to reimburse the teacher for out
of pocket expenses on a cost recovery basis), such staff would be deemed as receiving payment for driving a minibus and would not be driving the minibus ‘on a voluntary basis’. In these cases, a full D1 licence (or a full D licence) would be needed.

11. However, in our view, if a teacher’s contract of employment does not state that driving minibuses is part of their duties and they receive no additional payment for driving a minibus to take pupils on trips or to social sporting events (except for reimbursement for out of pocket expenses), they will be driving on an extra-contractual, voluntary basis. In this case, the category B licence would suffice (assuming the conditions are met) even if the school reimburses the teacher for fuel, parking and tolls.

Medical standards and renewing a driving licence

12. When your category B driving licence expires at age 70, the entitlement to drive a minibus can be renewed upon request, if you meet the medical standards for category D1 drivers. You will need to complete a D2 application form and provide a Medical Examination Report (D4). Further information can be obtained from the DVLA’s INF28 leaflet, Driving a Minibus.

13. Every driver must comply with medical standards for any driving licence issued.

Driving under the Section 19 permit scheme

14. A Section 19 permit is usually issued free of charge and is given to non-profit making bodies\(^6\) that run transport services which benefit the community. Section 19 Permits are issued to bodies to enable them to provide transport for their own members or other people whom the organisation exists to help. The vehicle must not be used for carriage of members of the general public. It must also not be used with a view to profit, nor incidentally to an activity which is itself carried out with a view to profit. Category B and Category D1 (101) (not for Hire or reward) licence holders are entitled drive minibuses that are operated for hire or reward in accordance with a Section 19 permit. Apart from the hire or reward test, the same driving licence requirements as described in paragraph 9 apply.

15. Permits are available free, or for a small fee, from Traffic Commissioners and designated bodies such as local authorities and various church organisations. Once a permit has been obtained, a member of staff can drive a minibus under the conditions outlined above. These Permits only apply within the UK.

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\(^6\) Examples of such non-profit making bodies are bodies concerned with education, religion, social welfare, recreations and other activities that are beneficial to the community. Schools would fall within this classification.
Insurance, other legal requirements and Police

16. It is up to drivers to check with their insurer whether their insurance policy covers a minibus in the circumstances in which it is proposed to be driven.

17. It is also up to drivers to check whether their driving triggers other legal requirements, such as the laws in respect of drivers’ hours, tachographs and Certificates of Professional Competence.

18. This guidance has been cleared by the Association of Chief Police Officers, who will promote awareness of this legislation amongst local traffic police officers.
Frequently Asked Questions

**Question:** We are taking a small group of pupils on a school trip and asking for a contribution toward petrol costs. Does this constitute *hire or reward*?

**Answer:** Yes, we would consider a payment by pupils toward petrol costs to fall within the meaning of *hire or reward*.

**Question:** Do staff need MIDAS\(^7\) training?

**Answer:** The MIDAS scheme allows organisations to assess and train minibus drivers and is highly recommended for school staff driving on a category B licence. Although the scheme is not mandatory there are many advantages to successful completion of the training. Drivers will feel more confident in their ability to drive and valuable experience of driving a minibus is gained, increasing competence. Some employers may require drivers to have taken this training and some insurance companies may offer lower premiums based on drivers having completed the training.

**Question:** How does the status of the school affect the teacher's right to drive under the above derogations (usually in Charitable Trusts, Private Schools)?

**Answer:** The right to charitable status for a fee paying school is determined by a number of criteria, one of which is how the school will work with the local community. It is arguable that a fee paying school which does not have charitable status operates as a business rather than on a community basis and that their teachers would be driving minibuses on a “hire and reward” basis because the pupils’ school fees amount to a payment for matters that include carriage by minibus. Schools without charitable status are advised to seek legal advice. (Academies and Free School have charitable status.)

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\(^7\) MiDAS is the Minibus Driver Awareness Scheme (organised by the Community Transport Association UK) which promotes a nationally recognised standard for the assessment and training of minibus drivers.
Further sources of information

The DfT website has an interactive flowchart to help drivers identify whether or not they meet the conditions to drive a minibus.

All drivers should be familiar with the Highway Code.

Further details of exemptions and permits:

Driving a minibus - GOV.UK.

Schools may also like to consult The Outdoor Education Advisers’ Panel website http://oeap.info.