





UK Search and Rescue Overview and Capability



Why are we here?





Why are we here?





Military to Civilian SAR



Bristow UK Search and Rescue

- Bristow Helicopters History
- Bristow Group SAR History
- 2013 UK SAR Award
- Current Global SAR Footprint
- UK SAR Overview
- UK SAR Base
- Sikorsky S92A
- Agusta Westland 139/189
- Medical Capability
- Initiatives and The Future







Bristow Helicopters - History

- 1953 Established by Alan Bristow using Whirlwind Helicopters
- 1957 Seismic contract in Bolivia
- 1961 Commenced flying training for the Royal Navy
- 1963 Commence flying training for the Army
- 1965 1st UK offshore revenue Oil and Gas flight.
- 1968 Aberdeen base opens
- 1970 First flight with S-61N
- 1971 First HM Coastguard Operation Manston
- 1983 HM Coastguard Operation Sumburgh
- 1984 First flight with Aerospatiale SA330J Puma
- 1996 Merged with Offshore Logistics
- 2012 Gap SAR Award
- 2013 UK SAR Award







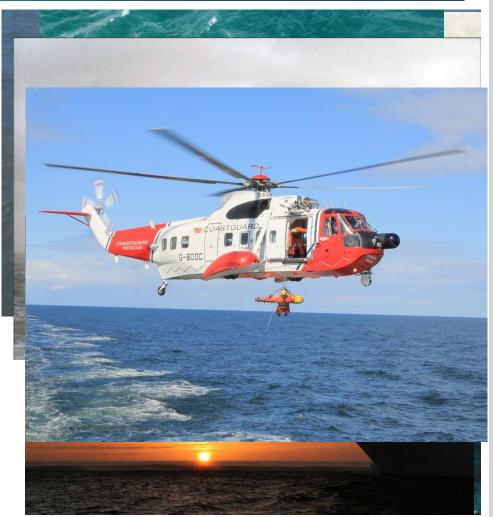
Bristow Group SAR History

Global leader with over 5 decades of experience in Search and Rescue

UK 1971 – HM Coastguard

Shell/BP North Sea 1974 – 1989

- UK 1983 2007 HM
 Coastguard SAR Government
 Contract (four bases)
- Faroe Islands 2001 Oil & Gas SAR
- BP North Sea SAR Trial 2003
- Netherlands 2003 Oil & Gas SAR with support to 7 NL Sqdn
- Solomon Islands 2006





Bristow Group Current Global SAR Footprint

Global leader with Search and Rescue contracts until 2027

 Norway – Oil & Gas SAR with support to 330 Squadron

 Trinidad – Air Guard & Oil & Gas SAR support

Australia – Restricted SAR

 Canada – Oil & Gas SAR with support to JRCC Halifax

UK Coastguard – Gap SAR

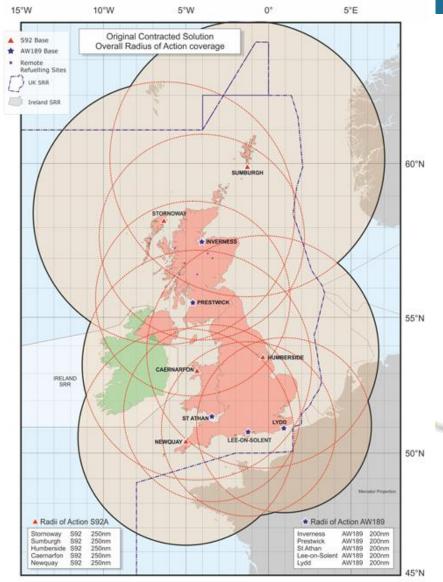
UK – Start June 2013 – 2027 –
 Maritime Coastguard UK SAR

 Falkland Islands 2015 – Oil and Gas SAR





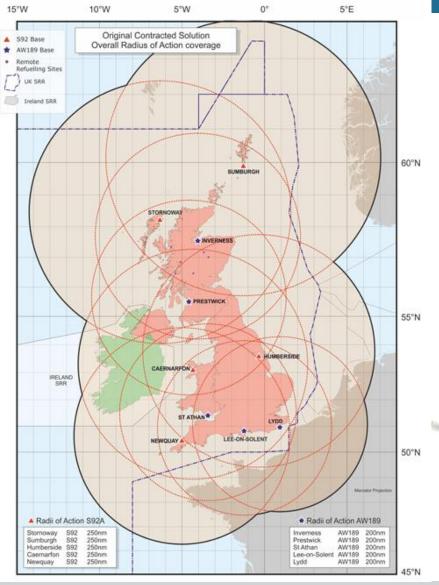
UK SAR Overview



10 – 15 year Contract
Managed by MCA
Contract value £1.6 Billion
Availability 24/7/365
Cover All UK SAR Incidents
Measured by serviceability
and response time KPIs



UK SAR Overview



Tasked by the Aeronautical Rescue Coordination Centre Requirement to be airborne within 15 minutes between 08:00 and 22:00 and 45 minutes outwith this period



Base Manning Structure

Pilots (9) 7 SAR Commanders 2 SAR Co-Pilots

- 1 x Chief Pilot (LTC)
- 1 x Deputy Chief Pilot (LTC)
- 1 x SAR Training Captain
- 1 x SAR Line Training Captain
- 2 x SAR Commanders
- 3 x Co-pilots

Rearcrew (10) Inc. Chief Crewman

- 5 x Winch Ops
- 5 x Winchman Paramedic
- (inc ATI's/ Medical Trainers/Safety Equipment)

Engineers (9) Inc. Chief Eng.

- 4 x B1 Engineers
- 4 x B2 Engineers
- 1 x Fitter





Building a SAR Base





34 week build







UK SAR - Basing





UK SAR Basing

S92 Bases at:

- Sumburgh
- Stornoway
- Inverness
- Prestwick
- Caernarfon
- Newquay

AW139/189 Bases at:

- Lydd
- St Athan
- Lee on Solent





AW139





AW189





S92



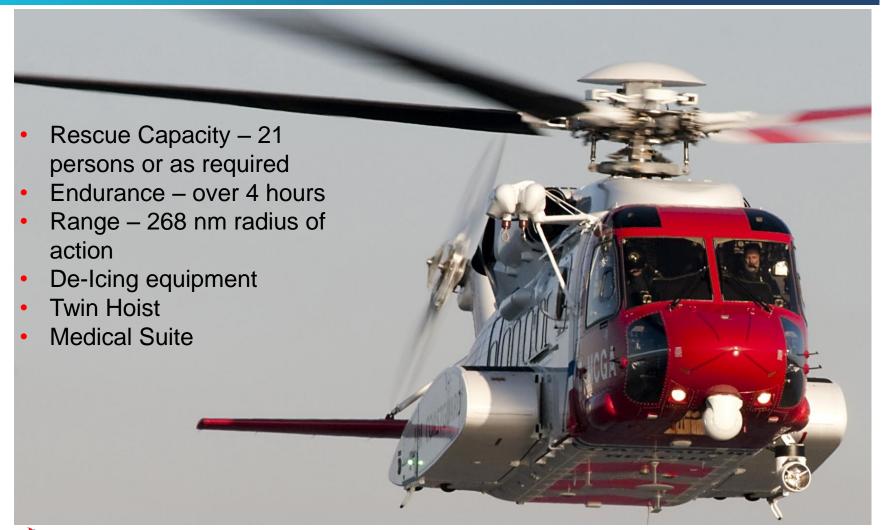


S92



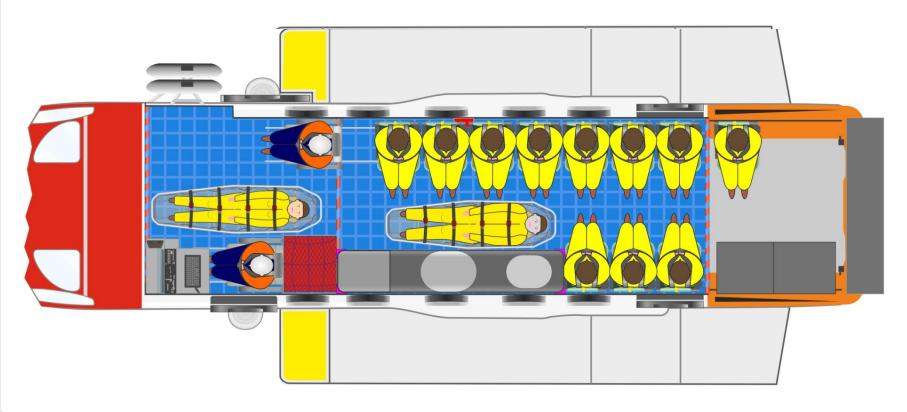


Sikorsy S92 - Capabilities





S92 Cabin Configuration



Storage rack above low profile tank not shown for clarity



S92 – Mission Equipment



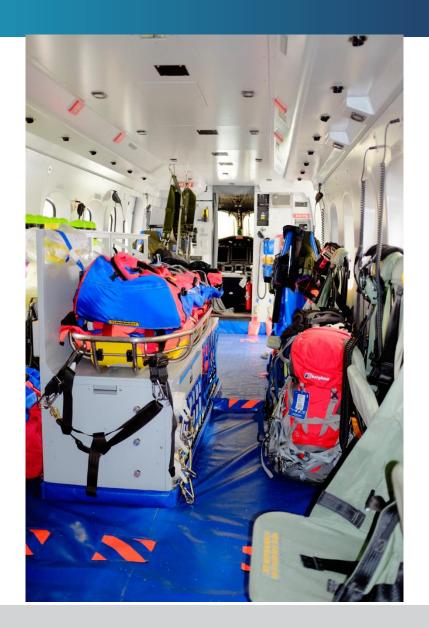
Overview

- Latest Mission
 Management System
- High Definition Forward Looking Infra Red
- Automated Search and Target Acquisition Systems
- Cabin Wireless intercom
- Winchman intercom with range in excess of 5km
- Satellite communication including broadband.
- Medical data transmission
- Full NVG Capability





S92 Cabin







AW189 - Capabilities

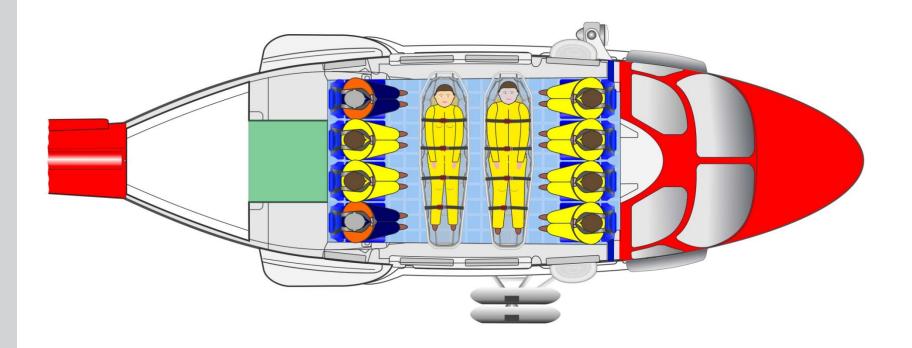
- Rescue Capacity 16 persons or as required
- Endurance over 4 hours

- Range 200 nm radius of action
- De-Icing equipment





AW189 Cabin Configuration







First we have to Rescue them!





And potentially make other Decisions...

Aircrew decisions likely to be based on the following factors:

- Golden hour/platinum ten minutes
- Location
- Weather
- Fuel
- Performance
- Trauma networks
- Operational requirements



Clinical Governance

- A robust and closely supervised clinical governance strategy is in place for Gap and UK SAR operations.
- A dedicated medical steering committee has been established to oversee and administer all aspects of medical practice - Dr Brian Michie, Bristow's (and CHC) Medical Director.
- A clearly defined medical standards structure is in place comprised of the medical director, standards winchman/paramedic, flight winchman/paramedic trainers and accountable managers.
- The medical standards organization manages operational aspects of medical practice and links with the medical steering committee.
- All medical practice is subject to clinical audit and regularly reviewed to ensure the latest practice and equipment is being utilised.
- The clinical governance policy meets the requirements of the care and quality commission.



Aircrew Medical Qualifications & Training

Qualifications

- Winchman HCPC paramedic and/or HEMT (trainee paramedic)
- Winch operator HEMT/ IIEC / HCPC paramedic
- Pilot advanced first aid and AED trained

Medical training is conducted in a variety of locations:

- On base under the supervision of flight winchman/paramedic trainers
- Clinical/hospital units/NHS ambulance service
- Specialist training organisations
- Outreach Rescue Medic Skills (ORMS)



Clinical Practice

Clinical practice is delivered in accordance with:

- JRCALC guidelines
- UK/European resuscitation guidelines
- As directed by the medical steering committee







Initiatives & The Future

Initiatives

- Wider UK SAR integration into trauma networks in conjuction with ARCC
- Continued development of SOP's for example transfer of avalanche casualties to ECMO facilities
- Ongoing interaction with specialist medical facilities to develop best clinical practice

The Future

- Maintaining clinical excellence
- Continued development of SAR specific research based clinical practice
- Development of patient group directives
- Evaluation and introduction of the latest equipment and practices



It can be a challenging environment!





Questions?



