

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
PATENTS COURT

HP-2014-000037

BETWEEN:

HOSPIRA UK LIMITED

Claimant

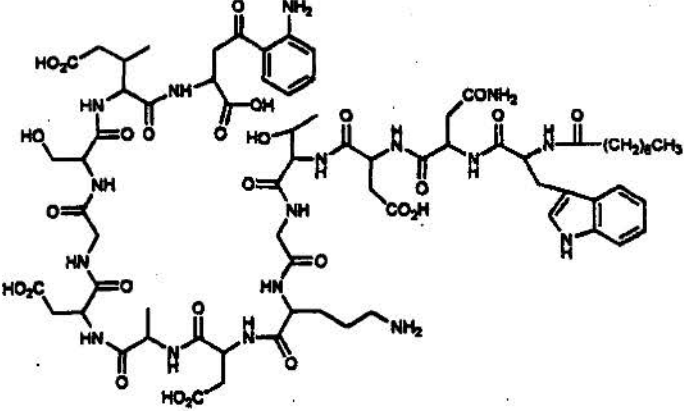
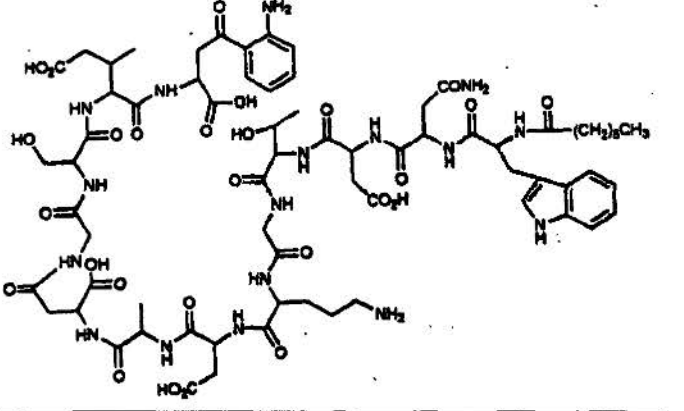
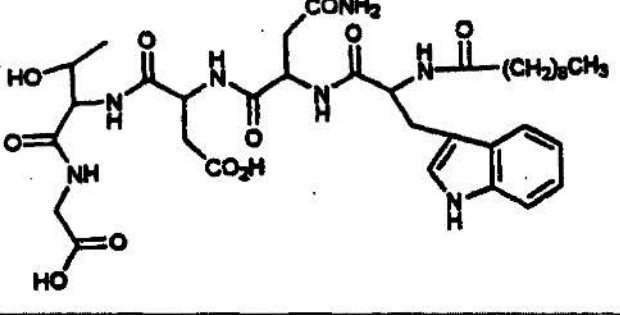
-v-

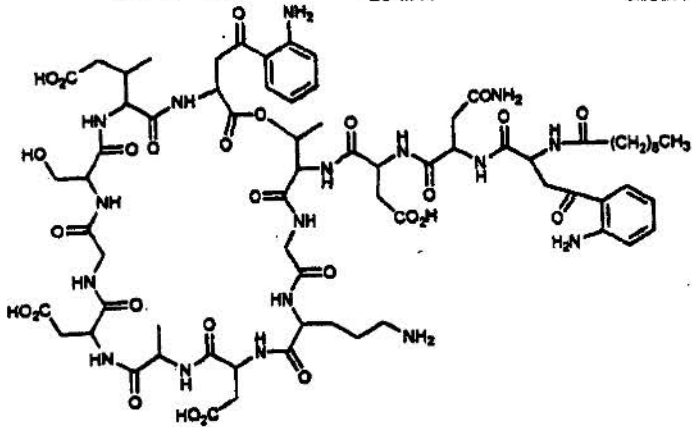
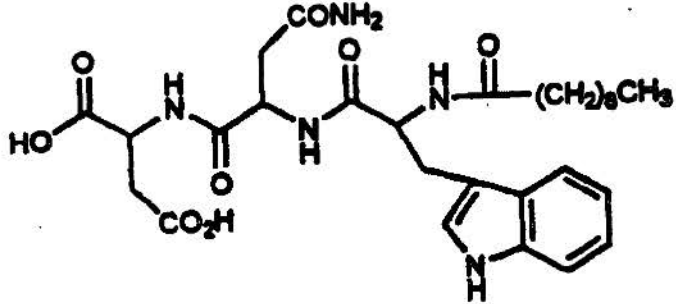
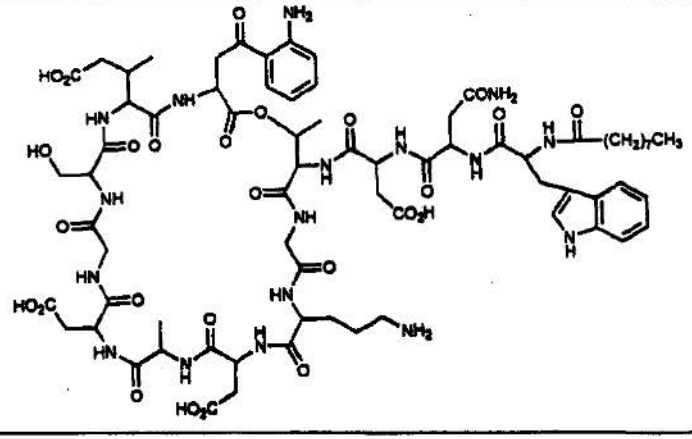
CUBIST PHARMACEUTICALS INC

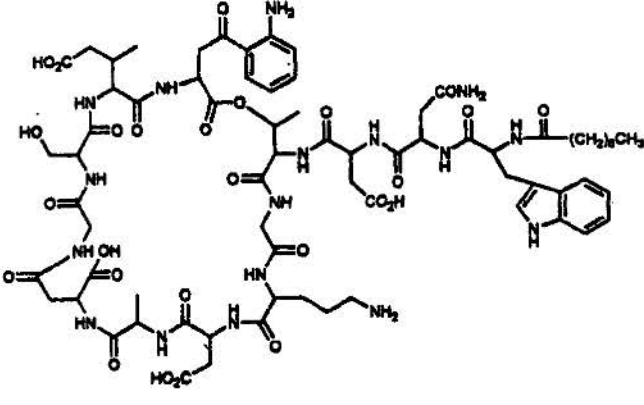
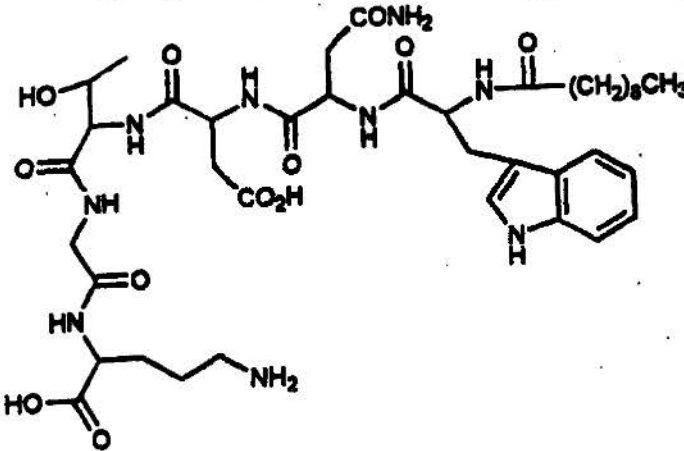
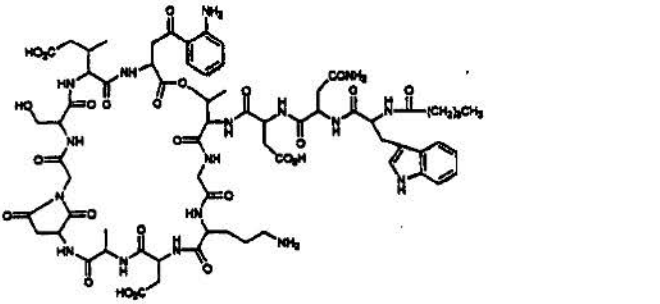
Defendant

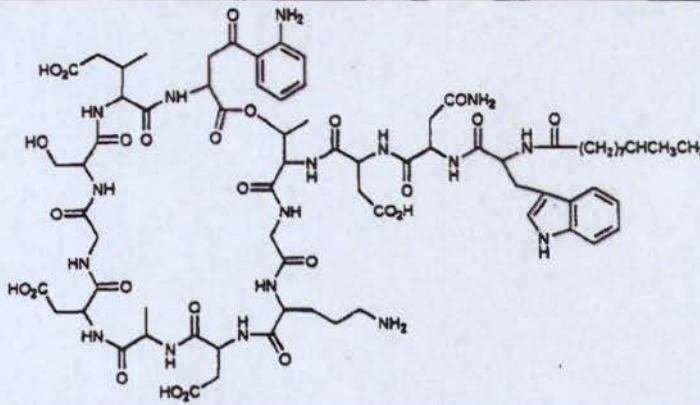
AMENDED CLAIMS AS REFERRED TO IN
STATEMENT OF REASONS IN SUPPORT OF
APPLICATION TO CONDITIONALLY AMEND
EUROPEAN PATENT (UK) NO. 1 252 179

1. A method to purify daptomycin, wherein daptomycin is selected from the group consisting of essentially pure daptomycin, daptomycin that is at least 98% pure, daptomycin that is substantially free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is essentially free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is substantially free of impurities 1 to 14 and daptomycin that is essentially free of impurities 1 to 14, wherein impurities 1 to 14 are as follows:

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
1	7.96	1638	
2	9.11	1638	
3	11.54	745	

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
4	12.28	1624	 <p>A complex peptide-like molecule with multiple amide bonds, hydroxyl, and carboxylic acid groups. It features a central chain with various side chains including a hydroxyl group, a carboxylic acid group, a benzamide group, and a long-chain amide.</p>
5	13.10	1618	=
6	14.43	587	 <p>A peptide-like molecule with a carboxylic acid group, an amide bond, and a long-chain amide. It features a central chain with a hydroxyl group, a carboxylic acid group, and a long-chain amide.</p>
7	14.43	1606	 <p>A complex peptide-like molecule, identical to the structure in row 4. It features a central chain with various side chains including a hydroxyl group, a carboxylic acid group, a benzamide group, and a long-chain amide.</p>

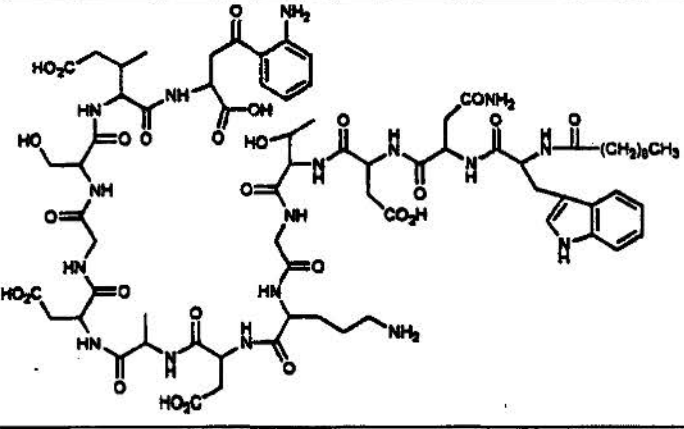
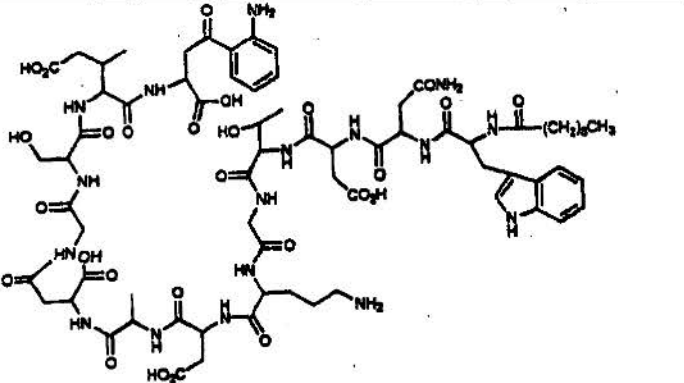
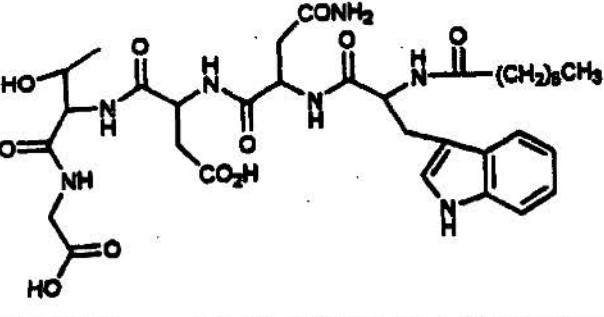
Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
8	15.10	1620	
9	17.92	874	=
10	19.57	1810	=
11	19.57	1635	=
12	20.93	859	
13	23.11	1602	

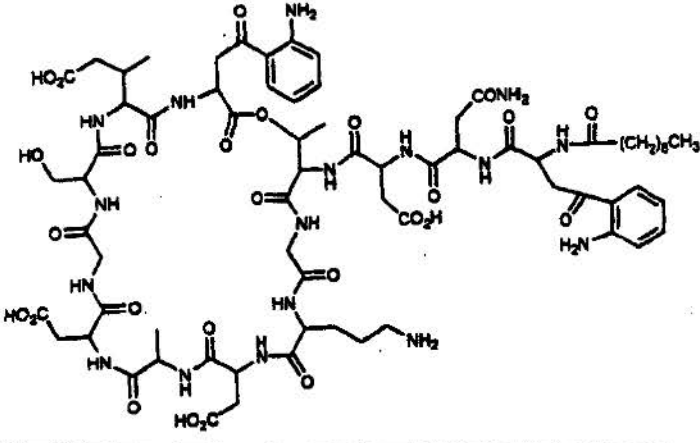
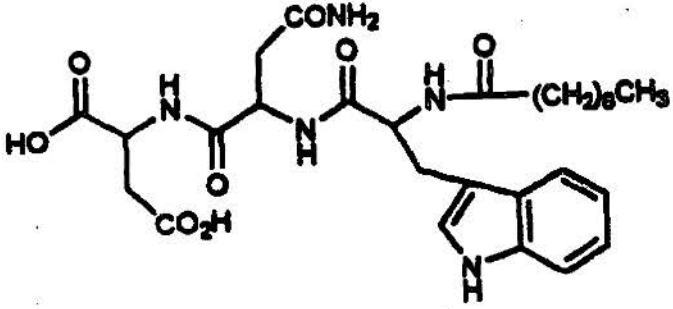
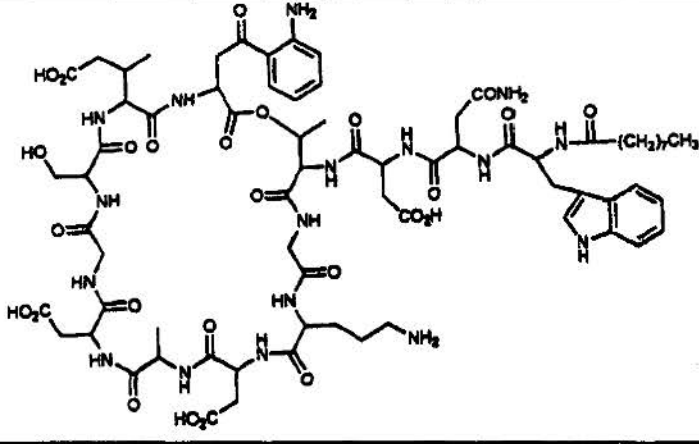
<u>Impurity</u>	<u>Retention time (minutes)</u>	<u>Molecular weight</u>	<u>Structure</u>
14	24.53	1634	

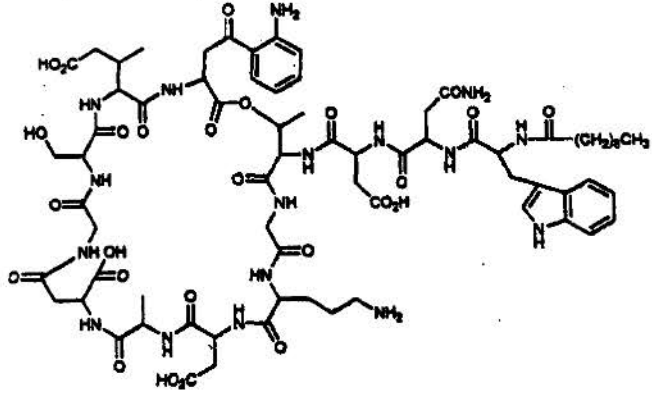
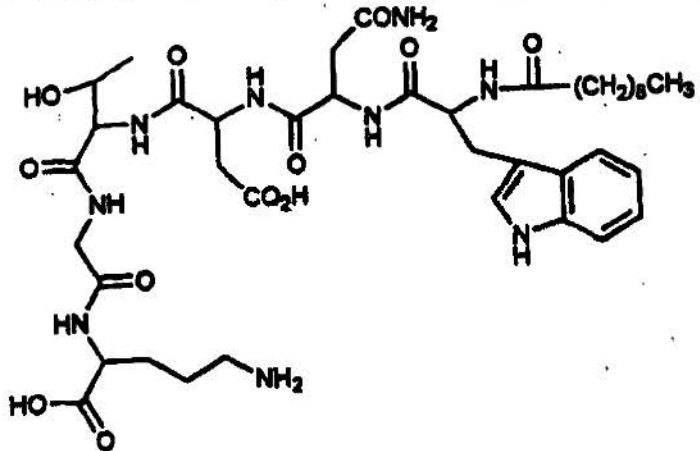
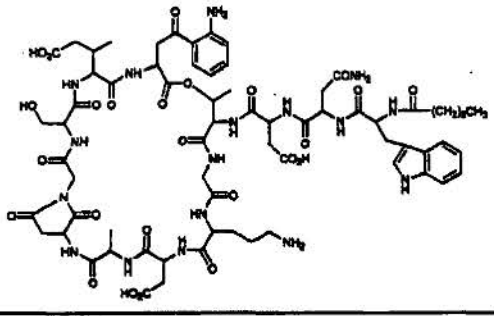
comprising the steps of:

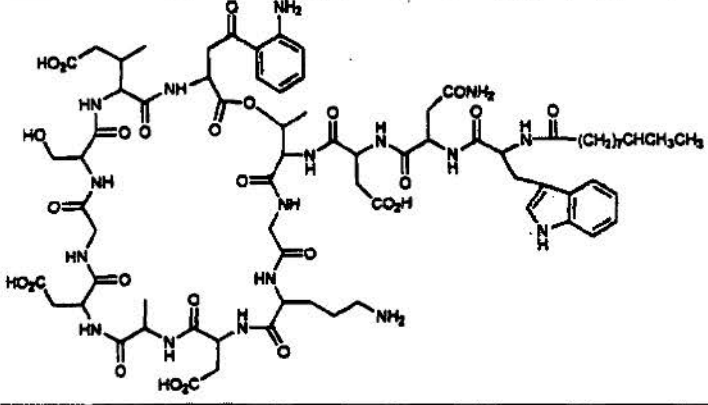
- a) supplying a daptomycin preparation that contains at least 2.5% of a combined amount of anhydro-daptomycin and β -isomer of daptomycin;
 - b) binding the daptomycin preparation to an anion exchange resin in the presence of a modified buffer under conditions in which daptomycin binds to the anion exchange resin in a monomeric and non-micellar state, wherein the modified buffer comprises a buffering agent selected from acetate, phosphate, citrate and Tris-HCl and one or more chaotropic agents selected from ammonia, urea, benzoate and ascorbate;
 - c) washing the anion exchange resin in the presence of the modified buffer under conditions that elutes anhydro-daptomycin but retains daptomycin;
 - d) eluting daptomycin in the presence of the modified buffer under conditions that separate the purified daptomycin from the β -isomer of daptomycin; and
 - e) obtaining purified daptomycin.
2. The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of filtering and concentrating the eluted daptomycin.
 3. A method to purify daptomycin, wherein daptomycin is selected from the group consisting of essentially pure daptomycin, daptomycin that is at least 98% pure, daptomycin that is substantially free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is essentially free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is free of anhydro-daptomycin and substantially free of beta-isomer of daptomycin, daptomycin that is

substantially free of impurities 1 to 14 and aptomycin that is essentially free of impurities 1 to 14, wherein impurities 1 to 14 are as follows:

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
1	7.96	1638	
2	9.11	1638	
3	11.54	745	

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
4	12.28	1624	
6	13.10	1618	=
6	14.43	587	
7	14.43	1606	

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
8	15.10	1620	
9	17.92	874	=
10	19.57	1810	=
11	19.57	1635	=
12	20.93	859	
13	23.11	1602	

Impurity	Retention time (minutes)	Molecular weight	Structure
14	24.53	1634	 <p>The chemical structure is a complex peptide molecule. It features a central backbone with several side chains: a hydroxyethyl group, a methyl group, a benzyl group, a long alkyl chain (CH₂)₇CHCH₃CH₃, and a hydroxyethyl group. The molecule also contains a benzamide group, a carboxylic acid group, and a benzimidazole ring system.</p>

comprising the step of:

- a) fermenting *Streptomyces reeseus* with a feed of *n*-decanoic acid to produce daptomycin in a fermentation broth;
 - b) clarifying the fermentation broth;
 - c) subjecting the fermentation broth to anion exchange chromatography to obtain an enriched daptomycin preparation;
 - d) subjecting the enriched daptomycin preparation to hydrophobic interaction chromatography to obtain a semi-purified daptomycin preparation; and
 - e) subjecting the semi-purified daptomycin preparation to modified buffer enhanced anion chromatography, wherein the modified buffer comprises a buffering agent selected from acetate, phosphate, citrate and Tris-HCl and one or more chaotropic agents selected from ammonia urea, benzoate and ascorbate to obtain purified daptomycin.
4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the feed of *n*-decanoic acid in step a) is regulated to achieve a residual concentration of *n*-decanoic acid of no more than 50 parts per million (ppm) during fermentation; said clarifying in step b) comprises extracting the fermentation broth with a buffer comprising butanol; the anion exchange chromatography in step c) is performed on FP-DA 13 resin; or either or both steps c) or e) comprises the use of a continuous salt gradient or step salt gradient.
5. The method according to claim 3, wherein the modified buffer enhanced anion exchange chromatography in step e) comprises the step of:
- i. supplying the semi-purified daptomycin preparation from step d) in a buffer appropriate for modified buffer enhanced anion exchange chromatography;
 - ii. binding the daptomycin preparation to an anion exchange resin in the presence of the modified buffer under conditions in which daptomycin binds to the anion exchange resin in a monomeric and non-micellar state;
 - iii. washing the anion exchange resin in the presence of the modified buffer under conditions that elutes anhydro-daptomycin but retains daptomycin; and
 - iv. eluting daptomycin in the presence of the modified buffer under conditions that permit the separation of daptomycin from β -isomer.
6. The method according to claim 3, further comprising:
the step of anion exchange chromatography prior to step e); or
the step of filtering and/or concentrating daptomycin.

7. The method according to claim 3, further comprising the step of depyrogenating daptomycin.

8. The method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of lyophilizing daptomycin.