Key facts for England

Latest available alcohol figures show:

- In 2012 one in three men and one in four women reported drinking twice the recommended daily amount.

- In 2012 four in five men and more than two thirds of women on the highest income drank in the last week, compared with half of men and more than one third of women on the lowest income.

- Survey results from 2012 showed beer, lager, cider and shandy were the most popular drinks among men of all ages.

- Drinking more than twice the recommended levels was highest in the North East for both men and women.

- Men and women in the South West were least likely to have drunk more than the daily recommendation.

- In 2012 there were almost 6,500 deaths directly related to alcohol and almost two thirds of these were for alcoholic liver disease. This is a fall from the number of alcohol-related deaths in 2011 (6,800).

- In 2012 over four in ten pupils (aged 11 to 15 years) reported they had drunk alcohol at least once, and this was similar to the previous year.
• In 2012-13 there were over 1 million alcohol-related hospital admissions. Men accounted for almost two in three of these admissions (65 per cent).

• Just over 183,800 prescription items for treating alcohol dependence were dispensed in the community in 2013 compared to 178,200 in 2012.

• In 2013 the cost of drugs to treat alcohol dependence was £3.13 million, a rise of 6.7 per cent on 2012 (£2.93 million).

More Information
Access HSCIC information on:


Charities:
- Alcohol Concern
- DrinkAware
- Addaction

*Last updated: 19/06/2014