Final consumption, including non-energy use, at 150.1 million tonnes of oil equivalent in 2013 was 1.2 million tonnes higher than final consumption in 2012, reflecting slightly colder temperatures. The transport sector consumed 35½ per cent of all of the energy consumed in the UK while the domestic and industrial sectors accounted for 29 per cent and 16 per cent respectively.

Final energy consumption in 2013

Final consumption, including non-energy use, at 150.1 million tonnes of oil equivalent

Indigenous production and imports in 2013

In MS Excel format

Statistics by Energy Source

Digest of UK Energy Statistics

An annual publication which includes tables, charts and commentary covering all the major aspects of energy, it provides a detailed and comprehensive picture of fuel production and consumption during the last three years.

The Digest is also available on the Internet. This includes some additional information including data (available in MS Excel format) from earlier years which are not contained in the printed copy publication.

Available from The Stationery Office 0870 600 3322 or www.gov.uk/goVERNMENT/collections/digest-of-uk-energy-statistics-digests

UK Energy Sector Indicators

An annual internet only publication containing numerous charts designed to show the extent to which secure, diverse and sustainable supplies of energy to UK businesses and consumers, at competitive prices, are ensured.

Statistical information is available in MS Excel format.

www.gov.uk/goVERNMENT/collections/uk-energy-sector-indicators

Statistics by Energy Source in MS Excel format

• DECC posts Energy statistical information on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis by energy source. All of these statistics are produced in MS Excel format.

www.gov.uk/goVERNMENT/collections/energy-statistics-source

Energy Flow Chart 2013

This chart updates the last energy flow chart which showed data for 2012. It is based on statistics taken from the Digest of United Kingdom Energy Statistics 2014, Table 1.1 – Energy Balance 2013. The flow chart is a simplification of these figures, illustrating the flow of primary fuels from the point at which they become available from home production or imports (on the left) to their eventual final uses (on the right). They are shown in their original state and after being converted into different kinds of energy by the secondary fuel producers. The flows are measured in million tonnes of oil equivalent, with the widths of the bands approximately proportional to the size of the flow they represent.

In 2013 indigenous production and imports totalled 292.3 million tonnes of oil equivalent. Just under 27 per cent of this energy was exported or used in marine bunkers. A further 16 per cent was lost in converting primary energy into electricity and other energy products, with 5½ per cent taken up by energy industry own use and through distribution losses. Final consumption of energy, including non-energy use, accounted for 150.1 million tonnes of oil equivalent.

Energy Flow Chart 2013

Million tonnes of oil equivalent

Final energy consumption in 2013

Final consumption, including non-energy use, at 150.1 million tonnes of oil equivalent

Indigenous production and imports in 2013

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Energy Flow Chart 2013 (million tonnes of oil equivalent)

Footnotes:
1. Coal imports and exports include manufactured fuels.
2. Bioenergy is renewable energy made from material of recent biological origin derived from plant or animal matter, known as biomass.
3. Includes heat sold.
4. Includes non-energy use.

This flowchart has been produced using the style of balance and figures in the 2014 Digest of UK Energy Statistics, Table 1.1.