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Defence Statistics
(Web Development and Surveys),
Ministry of Defence,
Floor 3 Zone K,
Main Building,
Whitehall,
London,
SW1A 2HB.

The Responsible Statistician for this publication is the Web Development & Surveys Head of Branch.
Tel: 020 7807 8792
Email: DefStrat-Stat-WDS-Hd@mod.uk

The Background Quality Report for this publication can be found [here](#).

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Statistical Bulletins Series 4 provides figures on the equipment of the United Kingdom's Armed Forces.

Statistical Bulletin 4.02 is an annual publication which provides information on equipment holdings of the UK and other nations within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty (CFE), as at 1 January each year.

This bulletin provides UK equipment holdings within the scope of the CFE by equipment type for 2007 to 2014, and other nations' equipment holdings for 2009 to 2014. It updates figures previously released in the 2013 edition of this bulletin, which provided statistics up to 2013.

Key Points and Trends

- Between 2013 and 2014 there were reductions in the numbers of battle tanks (by 9%), armoured combat vehicles (13%), attack helicopters (3%) and combat aircraft (3%) held by the UK in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the CFE, but an increase in the number of artillery pieces (by 5%).
- Between 2007 and 2014, the number of battle tanks held by the UK in Europe reduced by 31%, artillery pieces by 10%, armoured combat vehicles by 42%, attack helicopters by 34%, and combat aircraft by 33%.
- The number of Viking armoured combat vehicles held by the UK in Europe decreased from 131 in 2013 to 2 in 2014. This is because they are being withdrawn from service.
- The number of Puma combat support helicopters held by the UK in Europe halved from 44 in 2013 to 22 in 2014. This is because they went out of service for an upgrade and are now coming back into service.
- The number of Merlin combat support helicopters held by the UK within the scope of the CFE reduced from 28 in 2013 to 17 in 2014. This is because they are gradually being taken over by the Royal Navy, which puts them outside the scope of the CFE.
- The number of tanks held by the USA in Europe reduced from 53 in 2013 to 9 in 2014, as part of their ongoing programme of withdrawal from Germany.
- The data for the Russian Federation continues to be unavailable since it suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007.

Further Information

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- Phone Defence Statistics (Web Development and Surveys) 020 7807 8792, or mil: 9621 78792.
- Email: DefStrat-Stat-Enquiries-Mailbox@mod.uk

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Other contact points within Defence Statistics and Defence Economics are:

Defence Expenditure Analysis	030 679 34531	DefStrat-Econ-ESES-DEA-Hd@mod.uk
Price Indices	030 679 32100	DefStrat-Econ-ESES-PI-Hd@mod.uk
Naval Service Manpower	02392 547426	DefStrat-Stat-Navy-Hd@mod.uk
Army Manpower	01264 886175	DefStrat-Stat-Army-Hd@mod.uk
RAF Manpower	01494 496822	DefStrat-Stat-Air-Hd@mod.uk
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A National Statistics publication

The United Kingdom Statistics Authority has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007, and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs;
- are well explained and readily accessible;
- are produced according to sound methods; and
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

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Contents

		Page	
	Further Information	2	
	Symbols and Conventions	4	
	Introduction	5	
	<u>UK Holdings</u>		
Table 4.02.01	UK Tank and Artillery Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year	7	NS
Table 4.02.02	UK Armoured Combat Vehicle Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year	8	NS
Table 4.02.03	UK Aircraft Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year	9	NS
	<u>International Holdings</u>		
Table 4.02.04	Declared Tank Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country	10	NS
Table 4.02.05	Declared Armoured Combat Vehicle Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country	11	NS
Table 4.02.06	Declared Artillery Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country	12	NS
Table 4.02.07	Declared Attack Helicopter Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country	13	NS
Table 4.02.08	Declared Combat Aircraft Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country	14	NS
	Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations	15	

Tables marked as **NS** are National Statistics. Those without are Official Statistics but have not been badged as National Statistics. Details are provided above individual tables.

Symbols and Conventions

Symbols

- * not applicable
- .. not available
- Zero or rounded to zero

Italic figures are used for percentages and other rates, except where otherwise indicated.

Revisions

There are no regular planned revisions of this Bulletin. Amendments to figures for earlier years may be identified during the annual compilation of this Bulletin. This will be addressed in one of two ways:

- i. where the number of figures updated in a table is small, figures will be updated and those which have been revised will be identified with the symbol "r". An explanation for the revision will be given in the footnotes to the table.
- ii. where the number of figures updated in a table is substantial, the revisions to the table, together with the reason for the revisions, will be identified in the commentary at the beginning of the relevant chapter / section, and in the commentary above affected tables. Revisions will not be identified by the symbol "r" since where there are a large number of revisions in a table this could make them more difficult to read.

Occasionally updated figures will be provided to the editor during the course of the year. Since this Bulletin is now published electronically it is possible to revise figures during the course of the year. However to ensure continuity and consistency, figures will only be adjusted during the year where it is likely to substantially affect interpretation and use of the figures.

Abbreviations

See Glossary.

Introduction

Exchange of this data between states

Under the terms of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty (CFE), all participating states are required to exchange information annually with all other participating states on their equipment holdings within the terms of Coverage outlined below. This data is exchanged no later than 15th December and is valid as at 1st January the following year. Therefore the figures in this bulletin have been available to all other participating states since then.

Users

The information in this bulletin has a wide range of users including CFE participating states, the media, politicians, academic researchers and the general public who use the information to:

- understand the size and organisation of the United Kingdom's Armed Forces holdings in Europe;
- set the context for other information on Defence;
- assist in understanding the impact of changes in Defence policy.

Coverage

Land Coverage

The area of application of the treaty is:

- **The States Parties' entire land territory in Europe** from the Atlantic Ocean to the Ural Mountains, which incorporates all the European island territories of the States Parties, including the Faroe Islands of the Kingdom of Denmark, Svalbard including Bear Island of the Kingdom of Norway, the islands of Azores and Madeira of the Portuguese Republic, the Canary Islands of the Kingdom of Spain, and Franz Josef Land and Novaya Zemlya of the USSR;
- In relation to the USSR, the area of application includes all territory lying west of the Ural River and the Caspian Sea;
- In the case of the Republic of Turkey, the area of application includes the territory of the Republic of Turkey north and west of a line extending from the point of intersection of the Turkish border with the 39th parallel to Muradiye, Patnos, Karayazi, Tekman, Kemaliye, Feke, Ceyhan, Dogankent, Gözne and thence to the sea.

Holdings by States Parties outside Europe, such as in Afghanistan and the Falkland Islands, and in parts of Europe which are not their own territory or the territory of other States Parties, are not within the area of application of the Treaty, and so are not included in this publication.

Therefore, while historically these statistics may have given a good estimate of the total equipment resources available to the UK Armed Forces, this is no longer the case.

Although Cyprus is non-CFE territory, the UK Sovereign Base Areas on Cyprus are CFE territory.

Equipment Coverage

Conventional armaments and equipment **limited by the Treaty** are battle tanks, armoured combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft and attack helicopters subject to the **numerical limitations** set forth in Articles IV, V, and VI. All battle tanks, armoured combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft and attack helicopters, as defined in Article II, within the area of application shall be subject to the numerical limitations and other provisions set forth in Articles IV, V, and VI, with the exception of those which in a manner consistent with a State Party's normal practices:

- A. Are in the process of manufacture, including manufacturing-related testing;

- B. Are used exclusively for the purposes of research and development;
- C. Belong to historical collections;
- D. Are awaiting disposal, having been decommissioned from service in accordance with Article IX;
- E. Are awaiting, or being refurbished for, export or re-export and are temporarily retained within the area of application. Such battle tanks, armoured combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft and attack helicopters shall be located elsewhere than at sites declared under the terms of Section V of the Protocol on Information Exchange, or at no more than 10 such declared sites which shall have been notified in the previous year's annual information exchange. In the latter case, they shall be separately distinguishable from conventional armaments and equipment limited by the Treaty;
- F. Are, in the case of armoured personnel carriers, armoured infantry fighting vehicles (AIFVs), heavy armament combat vehicles (HACVs) or multi-purpose attack helicopters, held by organisations designed and structured to perform in peacetime internal security functions; or,
- G. Are in transit through the area of application between an origin and final destination both outside the area of application, and are in the area of application for no longer than a total of seven days.

Conventional armaments and equipment **subject to the Treaty** are battle tanks, armoured combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft, combat helicopters, primary trainer aircraft, unarmed trainer aircraft, unarmed transport helicopters, armoured vehicle launched bridges, armoured personnel carrier look-alikes and armoured infantry fighting vehicle look-alikes subject to **information exchange** in accordance with the Protocol on Information Exchange.

Tables 4.02.01 to 4.02.03 provide information on holdings by the UK of equipment subject to both information exchange and numerical limitation (battle tanks, armoured combat vehicles, artillery, combat aircraft, and attack helicopters), and holdings by the UK of equipment subject to information exchange only (armoured combat vehicle look-alikes, armoured vehicle launched bridges, primary trainer aircraft, combat support helicopters, and unarmed transport helicopters). **Navy equipment in these categories has not been included as it is not subject to numerical limitation, and only some is subject to information exchange.**

Tables 4.02.04 to 4.02.08 provide information on holdings by the CFE States Parties of equipment subject to both information exchange and numerical limitation.

A complete set of definitions for all the equipment terms can be found in the Glossary.

Changes to these statistics

There have been no changes to these statistics from the 2013 edition.

Data Sources

The figures in this bulletin are supplied by the Joint Arms Control Implementation Group (JACIG), and taken from the Consolidated Matrix, which shows equipment held under the ratified CFE Treaty.

Data Quality

The data in this bulletin are compiled annually via a census, which is sponsored by JACIG. It directs all UK military Formations and Units to provide detailed information on their holdings of military hardware. Primarily, this information is sourced to meet the data requirements of the CFE, The Vienna Document 2011(VD11), and The Global Exchange of Military Information (GEMI). The data provided through the census are error checked by the military Chain-of-Command and by JACIG, who are responsible for the collation and dissemination of the data to signatory states of each Treaty / Agreement. The data tables have also been subjected to sense checks by Government statisticians.

Further information can be found in the [Background Quality Report](#).

Table 4.02.01 UK Tank and Artillery Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

Under the Treaty, battle tanks and artillery are subject to both information exchange and numerical limitation.

This table is a National Statistic.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Battle Tanks ¹	392	354	328	357	337	334	296	270
Challenger 1	12	10	9	8	6	4	3	9
Challenger 2	337	306	293	325	308	319	288	255
Chieftain ²	30	30	19	18	17	7	4	4
Centurion ²	13	8	7	6	6	4	1	2
Artillery ¹	355	347	357	356	322	338	305	321
Multiple Launch Rocket System	47	42	46	51	48	49	39	34
105 mm Light Gun	132	132	134	118	98	113	98	109
AS90 155mm Gun	119	134	121	130	128	128	124	130
FH70 155m Towed Howitzer	11	8	10	8	8	8	7	7
105 mm Pack Howitzer ²	23	14	23	24	23	21	17	21
5.5" Towed Howitzer ²	13	9	12	14	10	11	12	12
Abbot 105mm Self-Propelled Gun ²	5	3	5	5	3	4	4	4
M110 8" Self-Propelled Howitzer ²	3	3	4	4	2	3	3	3
Tampella Mortar ²	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. See descriptions of equipment in the Glossary.

2. Obsolete non-operational equipment used as training aids, gate guardians and museum pieces on CFE declared sites.

Table 4.02.02

UK Armoured Combat Vehicle Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

Under the Treaty, armoured combat vehicles are subject to both information exchange and numerical limitation, but armoured combat vehicle look-alikes and armoured vehicle launched bridges are subject to information exchange only.

This table is a National Statistic.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Armoured Combat Vehicles ¹	2 054	1 728	1 459	1 735	1 351	1 492	1 368	1 189
Warrior	450	352	313	357	364	365	355	352
AFV 432 Rarden	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AFV 432	631	484	524	646	409	466	465	453
Saxon ²	362	265	95	109	-	-	-	-
Spartan	453	451	364	374	371	377	330	326
Stormer	21	33	28	30	17	15	20	20
Viking	102	98	102	98	99	132	131	2
Mastiff	-	18	14	95	75	70	20	18
Warthog ³	-	-	-	-	-	58	40	14
Humber ⁴	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saracen ⁴	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	-
Saladin ⁴	8	6	6	6	4	5	3	4
Scorpion ⁴	21	13	12	19	11	3	3	-

Armoured Combat Vehicle Look-alikes	1 243	958	1 018	996	742	702	636	608
Warrior RA	61	49	43	48	38	37	35	36
Warrior Rep	85	75	75	74	67	72	67	69
Warrior Rec	33	23	23	27	18	24	24	21
AFV 434	138	118	126	147	99	57	54	53
AFV 432 81mm Mortar	43	34	15	11	22	24	26	17
AFV 432 CP/RA	113	103	111	102	78	38	23	21
AFV 432 EW	25	19	21	19	25	-	-	-
AFV 436	230	200	200	204	112	155	157	162
AFV 439	43	43	43	9	-	-	-	-
Samson	43	36	36	47	32	33	29	26
Saracen CP ⁴	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
Saxon AD	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saxon CP	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Saxon FCC	41	19	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saxon Maintenance	33	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shielder	25	20	28	16	-	-	-	-
Spartan Milan	9	1	1	6	6	1	1	-
Spartan Javelin	-	-	2	6	2	2	-	-
Stormer HVM	55	92	109	104	62	60	43	43
Striker ⁴	47	7	-	2	2	2	2	-
Sultan	187	76 ⁵	167	157	162	180	163	160
Fuchs NBC	11	12	11	11	11	11	11	-
Viking Rep/Rec	6	5	5	5	5	5	1	-

Armoured Vehicle Launched Bridges ¹	44	39	27	27	20	13	10	18
Chieftain	38	25	6	5	3	2	2	2
Titan	6	14	21	22	17	11	8	16

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. See descriptions of equipment in the Glossary.
2. Taken out of service during 2010.
3. New in service during 2011.
4. Obsolete non-operational equipment used as training aids, gate guardians and museum pieces on CFE declared sites.
5. 2008 Sultan figures exclude mainland UK Army figures, due to inaccuracies with a new tracking system.

Table 4.02.03 UK Aircraft Holdings in the UK, Germany, Cyprus and Gibraltar within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

Under the Treaty, attack helicopters and combat aircraft are subject to both information exchange and numerical limitation, but primary trainer aircraft, combat support helicopters and unarmed transport helicopters are subject to information exchange only.

This table is a National Statistic.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Attack helicopters ¹	278	269	242	233	187	190	190	184
Lynx	81	65	59	63	59	59	61	60
Gazelle	124	127	113	100	62	71	64	56
Apache	58	64	54	55	53	47	54	57
Scout ²	15	13	16	15	13	13	11	11

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Combat aircraft ¹	471	452	434	417	411	404	324	315
Canberra	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Harrier ³	95	96	95	91	90	85	3	3
Jaguar	73	68	68	65	66	65	64	68
Tornado	259	240	223	207	193	180	159	140
EuroFighter2000 ⁴	34	40	39	44	52	64	90	96
Buccaneer ²	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F4 Phantom ²	6	5	5	5	5	5	4	4
Hunter ²	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Lightning ²	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Primary Trainers ¹	164	154	152	154	159	165	165	146
Hawk	130	127	125	127	133	138	139	138
Jet Provost	34	27	27	27	26	27	26	8

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Combat Support Helicopters ¹	124	128	100	105	123	126	131	97
Chinook	43	43	15	27	46	50	50	50
Puma	45	45	46	43	41	42	44	22
Wessex	9	7	6	1	2	2	5	4
Gazelle (RAF)	5	5	5	6	6	4	4	4
Merlin	22	28	28	28	28	28	28	17

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Unarmed Transport Helicopter ¹	28	28	33	29	24	31	31	33
Sea King	28	28	33	29	24	31	31	33

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. See descriptions of equipment in the Glossary.
2. Obsolete non-operational equipment used as training aids, gate guardians and museum pieces on CFE declared sites.
3. Since 2013, obsolete non-operational equipment used as training aids, gate guardians and museum pieces on CFE declared sites.
4. Eurofighter 2000 also known as 'Typhoon'.

Table 4.02.04 Declared Tank Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country

Includes Treaty Limited Equipment with land-based maritime sources such as Marines and Naval Infantry.

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

This table is a National Statistic.

	Holdings						Ceiling
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Countries not in NATO							
Armenia	110	110	110	110	109	144	220
Azerbaijan	381	381	381	381	381	484	220
Belarus	1 476	1 475	1 469	1 462	1 392	1 379	1 800
Georgia	137	135	136	136	136	138	220
Moldova	-	-	-	-	-	-	210
Russia ¹	4 508	3 716	3 660	..	..	..	6 350
Ukraine ²	2 792	2 767	2 522	2 395	2 311	2 212	3 200

Countries in NATO							
Belgium	135	106	106	98	92	36	334
Bulgaria	565	564	524	484	362	361	1 475
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	77
Czech Republic	178	174	166	164	123	123	957
Denmark	171	147	60	51	46	46	353
France	814	809	776	588	525	529	1 306
Germany	1 385	1 201	1 048	858	815	814	4 069
Greece	1 635	1 614	1 620	1 622	1 622	1 622	1 735
Hungary	156	156	155	155	155	154	835
Italy	1 199	1 168	1 178	1 178	1 176	1 173	1 348
Netherlands	183	139	134	145	139	137	743
Norway	81	76	76	76	76	76	170
Poland	947	900	900	900	892	888	1 730
Portugal	195	216	224	224	220	220	300
Romania	1 239	1 280	1 098	890	857	827	1 375
Slovakia	235	232	69	30	30	30	478
Spain	495	532	510	506	484	476	891
Turkey	2 453	2 624	2 543	2 618	2 389	2 067	2 795
United Kingdom	328	357	337	334	296	270	1 015
United States of America	90	100	100	98	53	9	4 006

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. The Russian Federation suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007. Consequently, Russia did not submit the annual exchange of information required by the Treaty. The given numbers of holdings are taken from the "Consolidated Information" provided by the Russian Federation on 15 December 2010 as a sign of goodwill.
2. The figures include Treaty Limited Equipment belonging to the Naval Infantry and Coastal Defence Forces of Ukraine.

Table 4.02.05 Declared Armoured Combat Vehicle Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country

Includes Treaty Limited Equipment with land-based maritime sources such as Marines and Naval Infantry. Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

This table is a National Statistic.

	Holdings						Ceiling
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Countries not in NATO							
Armenia	140	140	140	140	143	262	220
Azerbaijan	181	181	181	181	181	143	220
Belarus	2 337	2 324	2 270	2 160	2 159	2 155	2 600
Georgia	128	208	209	195	195	191	220
Moldova	208	208	208	202	201	201	210
Russia ¹	8 944	7 926	7 690	..	..	..	11 280
Ukraine ²	3 937	3 833	3 855	3 815	3 782	3 794	5 050
Countries in NATO							
Belgium	325	245	229	213	226	167	1 005
Bulgaria	930	738	738	737	681	681	2 000
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	263
Czech Republic	490	513	494	528	501	442	1 367
Denmark	298	321	299	303	229	244	336
France	2 550	2 646	2 735	2 617	2 876	3 140	3 820
Germany	2 306	2 214	2 050	1 981	1 774	1 653	3 281
Greece	2 188	2 179	2 178	2 187	2 187	2 187	2 498
Hungary	647	622	599	597	597	597	1 700
Italy	3 202	3 097	3 091	3 110	3 145	3 071	3 339
Netherlands	668	715	725	863	634	630	1 040
Norway	210	208	218	221	232	216	275
Poland	1 435	1 480	1 492	1 511	1 570	1 657	2 150
Portugal	362	424	424	411	425	398	430
Romania	1 750	1 699	1 594	1 479	1 272	1 280	2 100
Slovakia	453	430	352	329	327	319	683
Spain	1 003	992	988	989	1 007	967	2 047
Turkey	3 055	2 962	2 528	3 020	2 972	2 771	3 120
United Kingdom	1 459	1 735	1 351	1 492	1 368	1 189	3 176
United States of America	561	606	701	597	439	353	5 152

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. The Russian Federation suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007. Consequently, Russia did not submit the annual exchange of information required by the Treaty. The given numbers of holdings are taken from the "Consolidated Information" provided by the Russian Federation on 15 December 2010 as a sign of goodwill.

2. The figures include Treaty Limited Equipment belonging to the Naval Infantry and Coastal Defence Forces of Ukraine.

Table 4.02.06

Declared Artillery Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country

Includes Treaty Limited Equipment with land-based maritime sources such as Marines and Naval Infantry.

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

This table is a National Statistic.

	Holdings						Ceiling
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Countries not in NATO							
Armenia	239	239	239	239	232	232	285
Azerbaijan	404	425	469	516	516	624	285
Belarus	1 407	1 407	1 285	1 285	1 284	1 283	1 615
Georgia	203	221	221	240	240	238	285
Moldova	148	148	148	148	148	148	250
Russia ¹	5 364	4 465	4 634	..	..	..	6 315
Ukraine ²	3 228	3 216	3 149	3 108	3 101	3 063	3 600
Countries in NATO							
Belgium	134	133	133	133	133	113	320
Bulgaria	1 260	1 176	1 161	1 127	1 035	1 022	1 750
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Czech Republic	259	258	244	194	182	179	767
Denmark	57	42	56	56	56	56	503
France	711	704	666	654	638	603	1 292
Germany	1 201	1 070	734	404	401	387	2 445
Greece	1 733	1 723	1 722	1 920	1 920	1 920	1 920
Hungary	124	115	30	30	30	30	840
Italy	1 481	1 424	1 436	1 439	1 456	1 241	1 955
Netherlands	259	252	258	250	135	132	607
Norway	68	67	67	67	67	67	491
Poland	1 051	1 046	1 048	1 057	1 007	929	1 610
Portugal	381	381	165	381	377	377	450
Romania	1 338	1 335	1 287	1 276	1 273	1 281	1 475
Slovakia	244	162	122	99	68	67	383
Spain	886	896	387	810	811	813	1 370
Turkey	3 217	3 214	3 239	3 232	3 260	3 198	3 523
United Kingdom	357	356	322	338	305	321	636
United States of America	199	206	204	198	123	125	2 742

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. The Russian Federation suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007. Consequently, Russia did not submit the annual exchange of information required by the Treaty. The given numbers of holdings are taken from the "Consolidated Information" provided by the Russian Federation on 15 December 2010 as a sign of goodwill.

2. The figures include Treaty Limited Equipment belonging to the Naval Infantry and Coastal Defence Forces of Ukraine.

Table 4.02.07 Declared Attack Helicopter Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

This table is a National Statistic.

	Holdings						Ceiling
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Countries not in NATO							
Armenia	8	8	15	8	8	8	50
Azerbaijan	15	15	26	27	27	24	50
Belarus	22	22	22	22	21	21	80
Georgia	6	6	6	6	6	6	50
Moldova	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Russia ¹	410	385	365	..	..	..	855
Ukraine	161	150	147	136	121	116	250
Countries in NATO							
Belgium	39	31	31	31	27	27	46
Bulgaria	20	19	19	19	12	12	67
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Czech Republic	29	26	25	24	24	17	50
Denmark	8	12	12	12	12	12	18
France	256	246	254	248	237	234	374
Germany	165	163	153	156	158	132	280
Greece	31	31	30	29	29	29	65
Hungary	45	30	23	23	23	18	108
Italy	127	119	107	107	107	89	142
Netherlands	16	16	21	21	21	21	50
Norway	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Poland	91	90	84	84	83	84	130
Portugal	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
Romania	31	23	23	23	23	22	120
Slovakia	16	16	15	15	12	12	40
Spain	32	32	28	28	27	27	80
Turkey	32	29	25	25	23	26	130
United Kingdom	242	233	187	190	190	184	356
United States of America	48	48	48	48	48	48	396

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. The Russian Federation suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007. Consequently, Russia did not submit the annual exchange of information required by the Treaty. The given numbers of holdings are taken from the "Consolidated Information" provided by the Russian Federation on 15 December 2010 as a sign of goodwill.

Table 4.02.08 Declared Combat Aircraft Holdings and Ceilings within the scope of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty, at 1 January each year, by country

Full information on the extent of the land and equipment coverage of the Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty is given in the Introduction.

This table is a National Statistic.

	Holdings						Ceiling
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Countries not in NATO							
Armenia	16	16	16	16	15	15	100
Azerbaijan	75	75	79	79	88	53	100
Belarus	153	133	128	126	122	66	294
Georgia	12	12	12	12	12	12	100
Moldova	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Russia ¹	1 828	1 679	1 542	..	..	..	3 416
Ukraine	525	519	517	511	507	491	800
Countries in NATO							
Belgium	85	77	77	68	67	66	232
Bulgaria	67	62	57	57	53	49	235
Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
Czech Republic	42	42	38	38	39	39	230
Denmark	62	62	62	45	45	45	106
France	433	431	424	421	415	424	800
Germany	324	306	301	308	296	244	900
Greece	568	588	595	595	588	589	650
Hungary	89	50	50	26	26	25	180
Italy	437	442	434	395	372	342	650
Netherlands	106	101	93	85	79	80	230
Norway	57	56	56	56	56	56	100
Poland	131	130	118	119	115	113	460
Portugal	111	120	89	89	84	84	160
Romania	84	74	99	98	98	98	430
Slovakia	46	23	23	23	19	18	100
Spain	168	169	174	177	172	159	310
Turkey	304	317	335	263	321	327	750
United Kingdom	434	417	411	404	324	315	900
United States of America	216	209	185	183	179	161	784

Source: Joint Arms Control Implementation Group

1. The Russian Federation suspended the implementation of the CFE Treaty on 12 December 2007. Consequently, Russia did not submit the annual exchange of information required by the Treaty. The given numbers of holdings are taken from the "Consolidated Information" provided by the Russian Federation on 15 December 2010 as a sign of goodwill.

Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

CFE Conventional Armed Forces in Europe Treaty

Ministry of Defence The Ministry of Defence (MOD) is the United Kingdom government department responsible for implementation of government defence policy and is the headquarters of the British Armed Forces. The principal objective of the MOD is to defend the United Kingdom and its interests. The MOD also manages day to day running of the armed forces, contingency planning and defence procurement.

MOD see **Ministry of Defence**

NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

RAF see **Royal Air Force**.

Royal Air Force The RAF's mission is: "To generate air power to meet the Defence Mission."

RN see **Royal Navy**.

Royal Navy The sea-going defence forces of the UK, including ships, submarines, and Naval aircraft and their personnel, but excluding the Royal Marines and the Royal Fleet Auxiliary Service (RFA). From 1 April 2000 the Royal Navy incorporated Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service (QARNNS).

UK Statistics Authority The UK Statistics Authority is an independent body, and is directly accountable to Parliament. It was established on 1 April 2008. The Authority's overall objective is to promote and safeguard the quality of official statistics that serve the public good. It is also required to safeguard the comprehensiveness of official statistics, and ensure good practice in relation to official statistics. The UK Statistics Authority has three main functions: oversight of the Office for National Statistics (ONS) (its executive office), monitoring and reporting on all UK official statistics, and independent assessment of official statistics.

Descriptions of Equipment

The following descriptions are adumbrated from Article II of the CFE Treaty.

Armoured combat vehicle A self-propelled vehicle with armoured protection and cross-country capability. These vehicles include armoured personnel carriers, armoured infantry fighting vehicles and heavy armament combat vehicles.

Armoured infantry fighting vehicle An armoured combat vehicle designed and equipped primarily to transport a combat infantry squad, normally providing the capability for the troops to deliver fire from inside the vehicle under armoured protection, and armed with an integral or organic cannon of at least 20 millimetres calibre and sometimes an antitank missile launcher. These vehicles serve as the principal weapon system of armoured infantry or mechanised infantry or motorised infantry formations and units of ground forces.

Armoured infantry fighting vehicle look-alike An armoured vehicle based on the same chassis as, and externally similar to an armoured infantry fighting vehicle, which does not have a cannon or gun of 20 millimetres calibre or greater and has been constructed or modified in such a way as not to permit the transportation of a combat infantry squad. Taking into account the provisions of the Geneva Convention "For the Amelioration of the Conditions of the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field" of 12 August 1949 that confer a special status on ambulances, armoured personnel carrier ambulances shall not be deemed armoured combat vehicles or armoured personnel carrier look-alikes.

Armoured personnel carrier An armoured combat vehicle designed and equipped to transport a combat infantry squad and, as a rule, armed with an integral or organic weapon of less than 20 millimetres calibre.

Armoured personnel carrier look-alike An armoured vehicle based on the same chassis as, and externally similar to, an armoured personnel carrier, which does not have a cannon or gun of 20 millimetres calibre or greater and has been constructed or modified in such a way as not to permit the transportation of a combat infantry squad. Taking into account the provisions of the Geneva Convention "For the Amelioration of the Conditions of the Wounded and Sick in Armed Forces in the Field" of 12 August 1949 that confer a special

status on ambulances, armoured personnel carrier ambulances shall not be deemed armoured combat vehicles or armoured personnel carrier look-alikes.

Armoured vehicle launcher bridge A self-propelled armoured transporter-launcher vehicle capable of carrying and, through built-in mechanisms, of emplacing and retrieving a bridge structure. Such a vehicle with a bridge structure operates as an integrated system.

Artillery systems Large calibre systems capable of engaging ground targets by delivering primarily indirect fire. Such artillery systems provide the essential indirect fire support to combined arms formations. Large calibre artillery systems are guns, howitzers and artillery pieces combining their characteristics; mortars and multiple launch rocket systems with a calibre of 100 millimetres and above. In addition, any future large calibre direct fire system with a secondary effective indirect fire capability shall be counted against the artillery ceilings.

Attack helicopter A combat helicopter equipped to employ anti-armour, air-to-ground, or air-to-air guided weapons and equipped with an integrated fire control and aiming system for these weapons. The term "attack helicopter" comprises specialised attack helicopters and multi-purpose attack helicopters.

Battle Tank A self-propelled armoured fighting vehicle, capable of heavy firepower, primarily of a high muzzle velocity direct fire main gun necessary to engage armoured and other targets, with high cross-country mobility and a high level of self-protection, not designed and equipped primarily to transport combat troops. Such vehicles serve as the principal weapon system of ground-force tank and other armoured formations.

Battle tanks are tracked armoured fighting vehicles which weigh at least 16.5 metric tons unladen weight and which are armed with a 360-degree traverse gun of at least 75 millimetres calibre. Also, any wheeled armoured fighting vehicles entering into service which meet all the other criteria stated above shall also be deemed battle tanks.

Combat aircraft A fixed-wing or variable-geometry wing aircraft armed and equipped to engage targets by employing guided missiles, unguided rockets, bombs, guns, cannons, or other weapons of destruction, as well as any model or version of such an aircraft which performs other military functions such as reconnaissance or electronic warfare. The term "combat aircraft" does not include primary trainer aircraft.

Combat helicopter A rotary wing aircraft armed and equipped to engage targets or equipped to perform other military functions.

Combat support helicopters A combat helicopter which does not fulfil the requirements to qualify as an attack helicopter and which may be equipped with a variety of self-defence and area suppression weapons, such as guns, cannons and unguided rockets, bombs or cluster bombs, or which may be equipped to perform other military functions.

Heavy armament combat vehicle An armoured combat vehicle with an integral or organic direct fire gun of at least 75 millimetres calibre, weighing at least 6.0 metric tonnes unladen weight, that does not fall within the definitions of an armoured personnel carrier, or an armoured infantry fighting vehicle or a battle tank.

Multi-purpose attack helicopter An attack helicopter designed to perform multiple military functions and equipped to employ guided weapons.

Primary trainer aircraft These aircraft are designed and constructed for primary flying training and means aircraft which may possess only limited armament capability necessary for basic training in weapon delivery techniques.

Specialised attack helicopter An attack helicopter designed primarily to employ guided weapons.

Unarmed transport helicopters These helicopters are not equipped for the employment of weapons.