**KEY FACTS**

6.8 million
People in need of humanitarian assistance in Syria (UNHCR)

4.25 million
Internally Displaced Persons in Syria (UNHCR)

2.1 million
Syrian refugees in neighboring countries (UNHCR)

£500 million

Of which:

Syria: £138 million
already allocated to partners providing humanitarian assistance inside Syria

Region: £162 million
Already allocated (£95m) or in the final stages of allocation to partners (£77m) in Lebanon, Jordan, Turkey and Iraq.

£200 million allocations to partners currently being finalised for Syria and the region

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As conflict continues to rage in Syria, millions of people are in desperate need of assistance. The UK has committed £500 million to provide support including food, medical care and relief items for over a million people in Syria and the region.

The results below for ‘Support Inside Syria’ and for ‘Support to the Region’ describe £223 million of UK humanitarian aid already allocated to partners responding to the crisis.

Allocations to partners of the additional £277 million are currently being finalised. Additional results will be incorporated into this summary as new allocations to partners are made.

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**SUPPORT INSIDE SYRIA**

The UK has provided £138 million of assistance to help people affected by the conflict across Syria, including in opposition held and contested areas.

**Food**

UK aid has provided food for over 156,000 people a month across Syria through our partner the World Food Programme (WFP).

**Water**

UK funding has already delivered water purification supplies and repairs to water infrastructure benefitting over 900,000 people. Our partner UNICEF is repairing water systems, trucking water and dispensing water purification tablets to provide clean drinking water to Syrian families.

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**Shelter and relief items**

Through UNHCR and others the UK has funded the supply of relief items (such as cooking sets, blankets, mattresses etc.) to over 305,000 persons affected by the violence. The UK has also funded improvements to buildings accommodating displaced people. New funding to IOM will provide an additional 65,000 displaced people with essential relief items.

**Health**

UK support to WHO will provide vulnerable Syrians with essential access to comprehensive health services. WHO are also supporting trauma systems, delivering essential supplies and augmenting health systems to respond to outbreaks of diseases. Across Syria the UK has already funded over 244,000 medical consultations to critically injured and sick people.

**Livelihoods**

UK support through FAO will provide poultry and vegetable seeds to 6,000 households. It will also instruct 240 community trainers to support Syrians in improved farming methods.

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“Where aid is getting through to hundreds of thousands of people, it can be the difference between life and death. The UK has led the way in responding to this crisis so far and we will continue to stand alongside the Syrian people in their time of need”

- Justine Greening, UK International Development Secretary

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Note: Financial allocations and planned results in this document are rounded, indicative and subject to change.

Icon source: UN OCHA
The UK has earmarked £162.1 million to help Syrian refugees and host communities in the region. The results below describe £85 million of UK humanitarian aid already allocated to partners to respond to the Syrian crisis. Additional results will be incorporated into this summary as new allocations to partners of £77 million are made.

**Food**

UK assistance will provide food for 243,000 refugees in Jordan for a two month period. UK support will also help WFP provide food vouchers to almost 20,000 Syrian refugees in Lebanon and over 16,000 refugees in Turkey for six months.

**Water**

Through UNICEF, the UK will provide safe drinking water and sanitation services (toilets and latrines) to over 200,000 people in Jordan and Lebanon in camps and in communities hosting Syrian refugees.

**Health**

The UK has provided significant medical care to Syrian refugees and to vulnerable host communities in Jordan and Lebanon. To date the UK has funded over 44,000 medical consultations.

In Jordan, UK support will mean that vulnerable Syrian refugees and host communities can get essential access to comprehensive health services through WHO, as well as supporting trauma systems, delivering essential supplies, and preparing health systems so they can best respond to outbreaks of communicable diseases. UK support to the International Rescue Committee (IRC) will provide healthcare for over 12,000 people.

UK support to UNICEF is helping to provide toilets, showers and waste management services to refugee camps in Jordan, Lebanon and Iraq. It is also providing support for 25,000 children in Jordan, including psychosocial care. The UK is also funding water and sanitation services for over 27,000 refugees across the region through UNHCR.

**Livelihoods**

UK support to FAO in Lebanon will support over 3000 households with agricultural livelihoods through training, animal feed and vaccinations.
SUPPORT TO VULNERABLE GROUPS

The impact of humanitarian crises is often borne disproportionately by vulnerable groups including women and children. Such vulnerable groups are a priority for the UK humanitarian assistance and protection programmers. Some examples include:

**Children**

Children are among the most at risk in the ongoing Syrian conflict, and over 50% of refugees are under 18 years of age. One example of support the UK is providing is to UNICEF's work in Syria and in the region for psychosocial support services and child protection for 15,000 of the most vulnerable Syrian children and their carers, as well as counselling services for refugee children in neighbouring countries.

Conflict often seriously disrupts children’s education. One intervention UK support is providing is through UNICEF, the UK is providing education for 1,000 refugee children, as well as training teachers, and providing educational supplies to schools. We are also funding language lessons for 700 children to help them overcome the barriers preventing them from getting the most out of school.

In Iraq, the UK has also provided clothing to over 4,700 affected children through Save the Children.

**Women and girls**

The crisis has placed many women and girls at risk of violence, exploitation and insecurity. Due to conflict and population displacement many of the most vulnerable households are increasingly supported by women, who often lack the assets to meet their needs and those of their children. The UK has provided cash assistance to help female refugees in Jordan pay rent through the Danish Refugee Council. Through FAO we are providing livelihoods support to women including: training, hens, feed, seeds and tools.

Pregnant women are particularly at risk, and the UK is providing new-born kits for over 200 mothers and pregnant women in Iraq, and reproductive health services for nearly 6000 women in Jordan. We are also providing financial support to 1,800 vulnerable Syrian women who are thought to be at risk of coerced marriage, to help reduce their risk of exploitation. Our partner International Rescue Committee (IRC) is providing cash assistance to 700 vulnerable women and girls.

**Host communities**

Communities in neighbouring countries have been extraordinarily generous in hosting vulnerable Syrian refugees. The UK recognises that this is putting an enormous strain on their resources and we are supporting refugee hosting communities through the humanitarian assistance programme. For example, in Jordan, the UK is funding WHO including to increase the access to comprehensive health services for Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians and to improve the national and local public health coordination and emergency response management framework under the Jordanian Ministry of Health’s leadership.

**Palestinian refugees**

There is a large population of Palestinian refugees living in Syria, who are particularly vulnerable to conflict. UK funding is supporting UNRWA in their work with Palestinian refugees affected by the violence. This funding will provide support for over 100,000 Palestinian refugees in Syria, including food parcels and relief items such as blankets and hygiene packs.

**Survivors of trauma**

Conflict can cause severe psychological harm, and the UK is providing funding for clinical care and counselling. This includes support to 12,000 Syrian men, women and children in Jordan who have experienced trauma including sexual violence.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Syria</th>
<th>Lebanon</th>
<th>Turkey</th>
<th>Jordan</th>
<th>Iraq</th>
<th>Regional/Country allocations being finalised</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) – Humanitarian coordination, information management, &amp; support to the UN Syria Emergency Response Fund</td>
<td>£2,250,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£2,250,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN Department for Safety and Security (UNDSS) – Support to UN safety &amp; security activities</td>
<td>£499,950</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>£499,950</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN Refugee Agency (UNHCR) – Assistance to Internally Displaced Peoples through the Syrian Humanitarian Response Plan (SHARP) &amp; refugees through the Regional Response Plan</td>
<td>£4,680,000</td>
<td>£1,960,000</td>
<td>£1,400,000</td>
<td>£7,420,000</td>
<td>£1,540,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£17,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN World Food Programme (WFP) – Food aid &amp; support to logistics operations via the Emergency Operation and Special Operation in Syria &amp; the Regional Response Plan (SHARP)</td>
<td>£39,000,000</td>
<td>£5,189,035</td>
<td>£3,778,916</td>
<td>£14,829,053</td>
<td>£202,996</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£63,000,000</td>
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<td>World Health Organisation (WHO) – Health sector funding inside &amp; outside Syria</td>
<td>£7,957,338</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,500,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£9,457,338</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN Children’s Fund (UNICEF) – Water, sanitation, hygiene &amp; child protection for the SHARP, &amp; armoured vehicles for the safe delivery of assistance, &amp; an education programme in Jordan in partnership with UAE</td>
<td>£9,822,080</td>
<td>£3,298,540</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£14,279,904</td>
<td>£201,556</td>
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<td>£27,602,080</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) – Provision of poultry – Provision of poultry, vegetables, seed kits &amp; training</td>
<td>£4,005,885</td>
<td>£1,979,947</td>
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<td>£4,993,155</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Organisation for Migration (IOM) – Transportation services to Syrian refugees from border areas to camps</td>
<td>£3,700,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,958,296</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£5,658,296</td>
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<tr>
<td>UN Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) – Provision of food parcels &amp; household items for Palestinian Refugees in Syria &amp; the region, &amp; protection services in Jordan</td>
<td>£3,600,000</td>
<td>£1,200,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£200,000</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>£5,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Save the Children International (SCI) – Clothing, shelter kits &amp; vouchers</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£4,767,509</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) – Shelter &amp; protection support</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£4,000,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£4,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Turkish Red Crescent (TRC) – Provision of supplies to refugees in Turkey to help prepare for winter</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,000,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Doctors of the World (MdM) – Provision of medical aid including primary health care and cash assistance in Lebanon</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£375,932</td>
<td>£0</td>
<td>£566,692</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£942,624</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Rescue Committee (IRC) – Provision of medical aid including primary health care &amp; cash assistance in Lebanon</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,295,818</td>
<td>£0</td>
<td>£2,236,462</td>
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<td>£3,532,280</td>
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<tr>
<td>Danish Refugee Council (DRC) – Provision of cash assistance, funding for winter items, clothing &amp; blankets</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>£4,538,373</td>
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<td>£4,538,373</td>
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<tr>
<td>Undisclosed humanitarian agencies, not named for security reasons (operating outside of the UN led response) – Multi sectoral humanitarian supplies including medical aid, water &amp; sanitation &amp; food</td>
<td>£60,458,192</td>
<td>£3,134,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,500,000</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>£65,092,192</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanitarian agency allocations currently being finalised – (includes agencies working inside &amp; outside the UN led appeals)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£8,506,794</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technical assistance to humanitarian partners and DFID in the region</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£217,000</td>
<td>£73,250</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£120,000</td>
<td>£1,789,750</td>
<td>£2,200,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>In kind contributions – Includes reinforced 4WD vehicles for UN agencies to deliver humanitarian programmes safely</td>
<td>£1,739,360</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£1,739,360</td>
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<tr>
<td>Allocations to partners being finalised including to fulfill the “Lost Generation Initiative”</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£38,886,053</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£38,200,000</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>£261,996,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>£137,712,805</td>
<td>£66,303,834</td>
<td>£6,252,166</td>
<td>£87,228,780</td>
<td>£2,302,769</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>£500,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>