



RATIFICATIONS  
ETC.

Treaty Series No. 31 (2007)

THIRD  
SUPPLEMENTARY LIST  
OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS,  
WITHDRAWALS, ETC., FOR 2007

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 29(2007), Cm 7267]

*Presented to Parliament  
by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs  
by Command of Her Majesty  
January 2008*

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	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>COUNCIL OF EUROPE</b> (continued)		
The amended text of Article 26 is worded as follows:		
“Members shall be entitled to the number of Representatives given below:		
Albania	4	
Andorra	2	
Armenia	4	
Austria	6	
Azerbaijan	6	
Belgium	7	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	5	
Bulgaria	6	
Croatia	5	
Cyprus	3	
Czech Republic	7	
Denmark	5	
Estonia	3	
Finland	5	
France	18	
Georgia	5	
Germany	18	
Greece	7	
Hungary	7	
Iceland	3	
Ireland	4	
Italy	18	
Latvia	3	
Liechtenstein	2	
Lithuania	4	
Luxembourg	3	
Malta	3	
Moldova	5	
Monaco	2	
Montenegro	3	
Netherlands	7	
Norway	5	
Poland	12	
Portugal	7	
Romania	10	
Russia	18	
San Marino	2	
Serbia and Montenegro	7	
Slovak Republic	5	
Slovenia	3	
Spain	12	
Sweden	6	
Switzerland	6	
“the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia”	3	
Turkey	12	
Ukraine	12	
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	18 ”	





	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>DRUGS</b></p> <p><b>United Nations Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances</b></p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 19 June 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Brunei Darussalam</i>, a notification, under articles 7(8), (9), 12<sup>1</sup> as follows;</p> <p>1. Competent authority under article 7 (8):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade Jalan Subok Bandar Seri Begawan BD 2710 Brunei Darussalam</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Telephone: (673) 226 1177 Fax: (673)226 1709 Email: mfa@gov.bn</p> <p>2. Competent authority under article 12:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Narcotic Control Bureau Prime Minister's Office Jalan Tungku, Gadong Bandar Seri Begawan BE 2110 Brunei Darussalam</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Telephone: (673) 244 8877 242 2479, 242 2480 Fax: (673) 242 2464 Email: ncb@brunet.bn</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.429.1993.TREATIES-8 of 07 January 1994</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 31 May 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Democratic People's Republic of Korea</i>, a notification, under articles 7(8), (9), 17 (7)<sup>1</sup> as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Ministry of People's Security Wasan-dong, Sosong District Pyongyang, DPR Korea.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Fax: +850-2-381-5833 Tel.: +850-2-381-5833</p>	<p>Vienna/New York 20 Dec., 1988 -20 Dec., 1989</p>	<p>026/1992 Cm 1927</p>

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>DRUGS</b> (continued)</p> <p>Maritime Administration Tonghun-dong Central District Pyongyang, DPR Korea.</p> <p>Fax: +850-2-381-4410 Tel.: +850-2-18111 ext. 8059 E-mail: Mab@silibank.com</p> <p>On the same date, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea notified the Secretary-General that English has been chosen as its language for the purpose of article 7 (9) of the Convention.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.288.2007.TREATIES-3 of 19 March 2007</p>		
<p><b>FREEDOM OF INFORMATION</b></p>		
<p><b>European</b> Convention on Information on Foreign Law [ETS No. 62]</p> <p>Note- On 20 April 2007, the Secretary-General of the Council of Europe, as depositary, received from the government of the Federal Republic of <i>Germany</i>, a notification, as follows:</p> <p><b><u>New address concerning the Land of Mecklenburg-Vorpommern:</u></b></p> <p>Justizministerium Mecklenburg-Vorpommern Puschkinstraße 19-21 D - 19055 Schwerin</p> <p>Postal Address: 19048 - Schwerin</p>	<p>London 07 June, 1968</p>	<p>117/1969 Cmnd 4229</p>
<p><b>HEALTH</b></p>		
<p><b>Framework</b> Convention on Tobacco Control</p>	<p>Geneva 21 May, 2003</p>	<p>013/2005 Cm 6514</p>
<p>Ratification- Uganda .....</p>	<p>20 June, 2007</p>	
<p>Entry into Force- Uganda .....</p>	<p>18 Sep., 2007</p>	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b></p> <p><b>International</b> Covenant on Civil and Political Rights</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 19 September 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, issued a communication relating to the reservation lodged by the government of <i>Bahrain</i>, following its accession to the covenant , as follows;</p> <p>The Secretary-General of the United Nations, acting in his capacity as depositary, communicates the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. On 28 December 2006, the Secretary-General circulated a reservation lodged by Bahrain following its accession to the Covenant (refer to depositary notification C.N. 1140.2006. TREATIES-24 of 28 December 2006).</li> <li>2. On 27 July 2007, the Secretary-General received from the Government of the Netherlands an objection to the reservation made by Bahrain (refer to depositary notification C.N.805.2007. TREATIES-11 of 10 August 2007).</li> </ol> <p><b>Subsequently, the Secretary-General received objections from;</b></p> <p>Latvia (refer to depositary notification C.N 822.2007. TREATIES-15 of 18 September 2007),</p> <p>Portugal (refer to depositary notification C.N. 842.2007. TREATIES-18 of 18 September 2007),</p> <p>the Czech Republic (refer to depositary notification C.N. 878.2007.TREATIES-23 of 18 September 2007),</p> <p>Estonia (refer to depositary notification C.N.883.2007. TREATIES-26 of 19 September 2007),</p> <p>Canada (refer to depositary notification C.N. 884.2007. TREATIES-27 of 19 September 2007)</p> <p>and Australia (refer to depositary notification C.N. 885.2007. TREATIES-28 of 19 September 2007).</p> <p>In view of the above and in keeping with the depositary practice followed in such cases, the Secretary-General is not in a position to accept the reservation made by Bahrain for deposit.</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 11 June 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Peru</i>, a notification, made under article 4(3) of the above convention, as follows;</p>	<p>Adopted New York 16 Dec., 1966</p>	<p>006/1977 Cmnd 6702</p>

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p><i>[Translation : Original Spanish]</i></p> <p>The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Secretariat of the United Nations and, in compliance with the provisions of article 4 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, has the honour to announce that Supreme Decree No. 044-2007-PCM issued on 24 May 2007, a copy of which is attached, extended the state of emergency in the provinces of Huanta and La Mar, Department of Ayacucho; the province of Tayacaja, Department of Huancavelica; the province of La Convención, Department of Cusco; and the province of Satipo, the Andamarca and Comas districts of the province of Concepción and the Santo Domingo de Acobamba and Pariahuanca districts of the province of Huancayo, Department of Junin, for a period of 60 days as from 25 May 2007. A previous extension was communicated in Note 7-1-SG/009 of 28 March 2007.</p> <p>During the state of emergency, the rights to inviolability of the home, liberty of movement, freedom of assembly and liberty and security of person, which are recognised, respectively, in article 2, paragraphs 9, 11, 12 and 24 (f), of the Political Constitution of Peru and in articles 17, 12, 21 and 9 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, are suspended.</p> <p>The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations takes this opportunity to renew to the Secretariat of the United Nations the assurances of its highest consideration.</p> <p>Extension of the state of emergency in various provinces and districts of the Departments of Ayacucho, Huancavelica, Cusco and Junin.</p> <p>Supreme Decree No. 044-2007-PCM</p> <p>The President of the Republic Considering:</p> <p>That Supreme Decree No. 026-2007- PCM of 21 March 2007 extended the state of emergency for sixty (60) days in the provinces of Huanta and La Mar, Department of Ayacucho; the province of Tayacaja, Department of Huancavelica; the province of La Convención, Department of Cusco; the province of Satipo, the Andamarca district of the province of Concepción and the Santo Domingo de Acobamba district of the province of Huancayo, Department of Junin;</p> <p>That by said Supreme Decree, a state of emergence was declared in the Comas district of the province of Concepción and the Pariahuanca district of the province or Huancayo, Department of Junin, for a period of 60 days;</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p>That, although the state of emergency mentioned in the preceding paragraph is about to expire, the conditions that led to the declaration of a state of emergency in those provinces and districts still persist;</p> <p>In compliance with article 118, paragraphs 4 and 14, of the Political Constitution of Peru; with the endorsement of the Council of Ministers and subject to notification of the Congress of the Republic;</p> <p>Decrees:</p> <p>Article 1: Extension of the state of emergency</p> <p>The state of emergency in provinces of Huanta and La Mar, Department of Ayacucho; the province of Tayacaja, Department of Huancavelica; the province of La Convención, Department of Cusco; and the province of Satipo, the Andamarca and Comas districts of the province of Concepción and the Santo Domingo de Acobamba and Pariahuanca districts of the province of Huancayo, Department of Junin, shall be extended for sixty (60) days as from 25 May 2007.</p> <p>Article 2. Suspension of constitutional rights</p> <p>During the state of emergency referred to in the preceding article, the constitutional rights set out in article 2, paragraphs 9, 11, 12 and 24 (f), of the Political Constitution of Peru shall be suspended.</p> <p>Article 3. Endorsement</p> <p>The present Supreme Decree shall be endorsed by the President of the Council of Ministers, the Minister of Defence, the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Justice.</p> <p>Done at Government House, Lima, on 23 May 2007.</p> <p>Alan Garcia Perez Constitutional President of the Republic</p> <p>Jorge Del Castillo Galvez President of the Council of Ministers</p> <p>Alan Garcia Perez Constitutional President of the Republic</p> <p>Allan Wagner Tizon Minister of Defence</p> <p>Luis Alva Castro Minister of the Interior</p> <p>Virginia Borra Toledo Minister for Women's Affairs and Social Development Officer-in-Charge, Cabinet, Ministry of Justice</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 11 June 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Peru</i>, a notification, made under article 4(3) of the above convention, as follows;</p> <p><i>[Translation: Original Spanish]</i></p> <p>The Permanent Mission of Peru to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Secretariat of the United Nations and, in compliance with the provisions of article 4 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, has the honour to announce that Supreme Decree No. 045-2007-PCM issued on 25 May 2007, a copy of which is attached, proclaimed a state of emergency in the Santa Anita district of the province of Lima, Department of Lima, for a period of seven days.</p> <p>During the state of emergency, the rights to inviolability of the home, liberty of movement, freedom of assembly and liberty and security of person, which are recognised, respectively, in article 2, paragraphs 9, II, 12 and 24 (t), of the Political Constitution of Peru and in articles 17, 12,21 and 9 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, are suspended.</p> <p>Proclamation of a state of emergency in the Santa Anita district of the province of Lima, Department of Lima</p> <p>SUPREME DECREE No. 045-2007-PCM</p> <p>THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC CONSIDERING:</p> <p>That, in accordance with article 44 of the Political Constitution of Peru the primary duties of the State are to guarantee the full exercise of human rights, to protect the population against threats to its safety and to promote the general well-being based on justice and on the comprehensive and balanced development of the Nation;</p> <p>That article 137, paragraph 1, of the Constitution authorises the President of the Republic to decree a state of emergency in the event of a disturbance of the peace or the domestic order or of serious circumstances affecting the life of the Nation and, during the state of emergency, to restrict or suspend the exercise of constitutional rights concerning the rights to liberty and security of person, inviolability of the home, freedom of assembly and movement within national territory;</p> <p>That article 27, paragraph 1, of the American Convention on Human Rights allows a State party to suspend the exercise of certain human rights in time of public danger or other emergency that threatens its security;</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p>That, following acts contrary to domestic order affecting the normal pursuit of activities by the population in the Santa Anita district of the province of Lima, Department of Lima, it is necessary to adopt the measures envisaged in the Constitution to take preventative measures and restore domestic order;</p> <p>That the scale of events requires the adoption of measures to allow the State to take immediate action aimed at minimising existing risks;</p> <p>In compliance with article 118, paragraphs 4 and 14, of the Political Constitution of Peru; with the endorsement of the Council of Ministers and subject to notification of the Congress of the Republic;</p> <p>DECREES:</p> <p>Article 1. Proclamation of a state of emergency</p> <p>The state of emergency in the Santa Anita district of the province of Lima, Department of Lima, shall be proclaimed for a period of seven days;</p> <p>Article 2. Suspension of constitutional rights</p> <p>During the state of emergency referred to in the preceding article, the constitutional rights set out in article 2, paragraphs 9, 11, 12 and 24 (f), of the Political Constitution of Peru concerning the rights to liberty and security of person, inviolability of the home, freedom of assembly and movement within national territory shall be suspended;</p> <p>Article 3. Entry into force of the decree</p> <p>The present Supreme Decree shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Diario Oficial.</p> <p>Article 4. Endorsement.</p> <p>The present Supreme Decree shall be endorsed by the President of the Council of Ministers, the Minister of Defence, the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Justice.</p> <p>Done at Government House, Lima, on 24 May 2007.</p> <p>Alan Garcia Perez Constitutional President of the Republic</p> <p>Jorge Del Castillo Galvez President of the Council of Ministers</p> <p>Allan Wagner Tizon Minister of Defence Luis Alva Castro Minister of the Interior</p> <p>Virginia Borra Toledo Minister for Women's Affairs and Social Development Officer-in-Charge, Cabinet, Ministry of Justice</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)		
<p><b>Convention</b> on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women</p>	<p>Adopted New York 18 Dec., 1979</p>	<p>002/1989 Cm 643</p>
<p>Note-</p> <p>On 09 July 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, a communication from the government of <i>Italy</i><sup>1</sup>, as follows;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>[Original English]</i></p> <p>“...with regard to the reservations made by Oman upon accession to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women of 18 December 1979, the Government of Italy has carefully examined the reservations made by the Sultanate of Oman on 7 February 2006 upon accession to the above mentioned Convention. The reservations state that the Sultanate of Oman does not consider itself bound by provisions of the Convention that are not in accordance with the provisions of the Islamic Sharia and legislation in force in the Sultanate of Oman, and also state that it is not bound by Article 9 (2), Article 15 (4) and Article 16, subparagraphs (a), (c) and (f) of the Convention.</p> <p>The Government of Italy is of the opinion that by giving precedence to the principles of the Sharia and its own national law over the application of the provisions of the Convention, the Sultanate of Oman has made a reservation which leaves it unclear to what extent it feels bound by the obligations of the Convention and which is incompatible with the object and purpose of the Convention. Furthermore, the reservation to Article 9 (2), Article 15 (4) and Article 16 will unavoidably result in a legal situation that discriminates against women, which is incompatible with the object and purpose of the Convention. Pursuant to Article 28 (2) of the Convention, reservations that are incompatible with the object and purpose of the Convention shall not be permitted.</p> <p>The Government of Italy therefore objects to the above-mentioned reservations. This objection shall not preclude the entry into force of the Convention between Italy and the Sultanate of Oman.”</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.193.2006.TREATIES-1 of 1 March 2006 (Oman: Accession)</p>		
<p>Note-</p> <p>On 05 July 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received a withdrawal of reservation made at upon ratification , from the government of <i>New Zealand</i><sup>1</sup>, as follows;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>[Original: English]</i></p> <p>“WHEREAS New Zealand deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations its instrument of Ratification of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (hereinafter referred to as “CEDAW”) on 10 January 1985;</p>		



	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p>AND WHEREAS the said instrument of Ratification contained a reservation, made pursuant to paragraph 1 of Article 28 of CEDAW, to the effect that the Government of New Zealand, the Government of the Cook Islands and the Government of Niue reserved the right not to apply the provisions of CEDAW in so far as they are inconsistent with policies relating to recruitment into for service in: (a) the Armed Forces which reflect either directly or indirectly the fact that members of such forces are required to serve on armed forces aircraft or vessels and in situations involving armed combat; or (b) the law enforcement forces which reflect either directly or indirectly the fact that members of such forces are required to serve in situations involving violence or threat of violence, in their territories;</p> <p>NOW THEREFORE the Government of New Zealand, having considered the said reservation, HEREBY WITHDRAWS the said reservation in respect of the metropolitan territory of New Zealand pursuant to paragraph 3 of article 28 of CEDAW;</p> <p>AND DECLARES that, consistent with the constitutional status of Tokelau and taking into account the commitment of the Government of New Zealand to the development of self-government for Tokelau, there having been consultations regarding CEDAW between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of Tokelau; the withdrawal of the said reservation shall also apply to Tokelau...”</p> <p>In this connexion, the Secretary General wishes to refer to article 28 (3) of the Convention which reads as follows:</p> <p>“Reservations may be withdrawn at any time by notification to this effect addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, who shall then inform all States thereof. Such notification shall take effect on the date on which it is received.”</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.17.1985.TREATIES-2 of 25 February 1985 (New Zealand: Ratification)</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 11 May 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received an objection from the government of <i>Slovak Republic</i><sup>1</sup>, as follows; <i>[Original: English]</i></p> <p>“The Government of Slovakia has carefully examined the content of the reservations made by the Brunei Darussalam upon its accession to the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW).</p> <p>The Government of Slovakia is of the opinion that the reservation containing the reference to the beliefs and principles of Islam is too general and raises serious doubt as to the commitment of Brunei Darussalam to the object and the purpose of the Convention.</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b> (continued)</p> <p>Moreover, the Government of Slovakia considers that one of the aims of the Convention is to grant the equality between men and women with respect to determine the nationality of their children. Therefore it finds the reservation of Brunei Darussalam to paragraph 2 of article 9 of the Convention as undermining one of key provisions of the Convention and is incompatible with its object and purpose. It is therefore inadmissible and shall be permitted, in accordance with paragraph 2 of article 28 of the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women.</p> <p>For these reasons, the Government of Slovakia objects to the above mentioned reservations made by the Brunei Darussalam upon its accession to the Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination against Women.</p> <p>This objection shall not preclude the entry into force of the Convention between Slovakia and the Brunei Darussalam. The Convention enters into force in its entirety between Slovakia and the Brunei Darussalam without the Brunei Darussalam benefiting from its reservations.”</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.467.2006.TREATIES-3 of 16 June 2006 (Brunei Darussalam: Accession)</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 24 July 2007, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, received a withdrawal of a reservation made upon ratification, from the government of <i>United Kingdom</i><sup>1</sup>, as follows; <i>[Original: English]</i></p> <p>“The United Kingdom reserves the right to continue to apply such immigration legislation governing entry into, stay in, and departure from, the United Kingdom as it may deem necessary from time to time and, accordingly, its acceptance of Article 15 (4) and of the other provisions of the Convention is subject to the provisions of any such legislation as regards persons not at the time having the right under the law of the United Kingdom to enter and remain in the United Kingdom.”</p> <p>The notification took effect on 24 July 2007 in accordance with article 28 (3) of the Convention, which reads as follows;</p> <p>“Reservations may be withdrawn at any time by notification to this effect addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, who shall then inform all States thereof. Such notification shall take effect on the date on which it is received.”</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Refer to depositary notification C.N.108.1986.TREATIES-4 of 7 August 1986 (Ratification: United Kingdom)</p>		



























	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)</p> <p>In accordance with Article 9, paragraph 4, of the Convention, the Russian Federation declares that the transfer of person who for reasons of mental condition cannot be held criminally responsible for the commission of an offence, will be carried out in accordance with an international treaty entered into by Russian Federation, or on the basis of reciprocity.</p> <p>In accordance with Article 16, paragraph 7, of the Convention, the Russian Federation, declares that it must be notified of any transport of a sentenced person by air over the territory of the Russian Federation.</p> <p>In accordance with Article 17, paragraph 3, of the Convention, the Russian Federation, declares that requests for transfer of sentenced persons addressed to the Russian Federation as well as supporting documents must be accompanied by a translation into the Russian language, unless the Russian Federation and the requesting Party have agreed otherwise.</p> <p><i>Declaration+</i> The Republic of Mexico, ...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To the effects of the present Convention, and in accordance with its article 3, paragraph 4, it will be understood as nationals: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Those born on the territory of the Republic of Mexico, regardless of their parents nationality;</li> <li>b. Those born in a foreign country from Mexican parents born in national territory, or from a Mexican father born in national territory, or from a Mexican mother born in national territory;</li> <li>c. Those born in a foreign country from Mexican parents by naturalisation, or from a Mexican father by naturalisation, or from a Mexican mother by naturalisation;</li> <li>d. Those born on Mexican vessels or aircraft, whether military or civil ones;</li> <li>e. Those aliens who obtain from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs a certificate of naturalisation, and</li> <li>f. Any alien woman or man who marries a Mexican man or woman, who has or who establishes residence in national land territory and complies with the requirements set forth by the Law for that purpose.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. In accordance with Article 5, paragraph 3, of the Convention, requests for transfers and replies will be done by diplomatic channels through the Ministry for Foreign Affairs.</li> </ol>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)		
3. Article 9, paragraph 1, sub-paragraph b, will not apply if the Mexican Government is the State answering favourably to a request.		
4. In accordance with Article 17, paragraph 3, of the Convention, any request for transfer and its supporting documents must be accompanied by a translation into Spanish.		
<b>European Charter of Local Self-Government</b> [ETS No. 122]	Strasbourg 15 Oct., 1985	106/2000 Cm 4845
Ratification- Serbia .....	06 Sep., 2007	
Entry into Force- Serbia .....	01 Jan., 2008	
<b>Convention</b> on Laundering, Search, Seizure and Confiscation of the Proceeds from Crime [ETS No. 141]	Strasbourg 08 Nov., 1990	059/1993 Cm 2337
Note- On 06 September 2007, the Secretary –General of the Council of Europe, received from the government of <i>Malta</i> <sup>1</sup> , a notification, as follows;  The Government of Malta recalls the partial withdrawal of two reservations contained in a Note verbal from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Malta, dated 14 June 2006, transmitted by the Permanent Representation of Malta and registered at the Secretariat General on 20 June 2006, and requests that these two reservations be amended to read as follows:  In accordance with Article 2, paragraph 2, of the Convention, Malta declares that paragraph 1 of this article shall apply to any criminal offence punishable with more than one year imprisonment.  In accordance with Article 6, paragraph 4, of the Convention, Malta declares that paragraph 1 of this article shall apply to any criminal offence punishable with more than one year of imprisonment.  The Government of Malta submits that the amendments to the reservations have been made necessary following a relevant amendment by Legal Notice 176 of 2005, dated 31 May 2005, to the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, Chapter 373 of the Laws of Malta, by which the list of predicate offences was abolished. An explanatory note containing more detailed legal explanations for the amendments requested follows.		



	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p><b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Explanatory Note from the Office of the Attorney General of Malta</b></p> <p>The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, Chapter 373 Laws of Malta was amended in 2005 by Legal Notice 176 to the effect that the provisions of the said act apply to “criminal activity” (Art. 2(1)) which in the Second Schedule to the Act is defined as “Any criminal offence” without any further qualification as to the punishment which such an offence entails:</p> <p>(see <a href="http://docs.justice.gov.mt/lom/legislation/english/leg/vol_10/chapt373.pdt">http://docs.justice.gov.mt/lom/legislation/english/leg/vol_10/chapt373.pdt</a>)</p> <p>The Criminal Code however, in Articles 435A-D, only makes applicable the investigative and coercive measures - investigation and attachment orders, as well as freezing (vide also Art. 23A(2)) and confiscation orders (vide also Art.23B) - found under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act to “relevant offences”. “Relevant offences” are defined in Article 23A(1) of the Criminal Code as <u>offences punishable with more than one year imprisonment</u>:</p> <p>(see <a href="http://docs.justice.gov.mt/lom/legislation/english/leg/vol_1/chapt9.pdt">http://docs.justice.gov.mt/lom/legislation/english/leg/vol_1/chapt9.pdt</a>)</p> <p>Consequently it becomes self-evident why the correction is needed, since it ensures an all-embracing portrayal of the applicable legal scenario in Malta with regards to the implementation of the said Convention.</p> <p>As the reservation currently stands, it implies that one can issue investigative / coercive measures, when there is no suspicion of a money laundering offence, in relation to an offence (other than money laundering) which carries a maximum punishment of less than one year imprisonment. This is an incorrect interpretation.</p> <p>Given the relevant articles in the Criminal Code, which come into play in such a scenario there exists a legal impediment to do so. If the offence is not money-laundering related, investigative and coercive measures may only be taken if the <u>offence carries a maximum punishment of over one year imprisonment</u>. Hence the requested correction.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> <b>Note by the Secretariat:</b> The reservations partially withdrawn in June 2006 read as follows:                  “In accordance with Article 2, paragraph 2, of the Convention, Malta declares that paragraph 1 of this article shall apply to any criminal offence.                  In accordance with Article 6, paragraph 4, of the Convention, Malta declares that paragraph 1 of this article shall apply to any criminal offence.”</p>		
<p><b>Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in respect of Intercountry Adoption</b></p>	<p>The Hague 29 May, 1993</p>	<p>046/2003 Cm 6010</p>
<p>Accession-</p> <p>Cuba (<i>with notification*</i>) .. .. .</p> <p>Cambodia .. .. .</p>	<p>20 Feb., 2007 06 Apr., 2007</p>	



	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p><b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b><u>AUTHORITY</u></b></p> <p>Central Authority in accordance with Article 6 (modification):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Ministry of Education and Science Contact person: Mrs. Tamar Golubiani, Head of the Child Care Division Address; 52, Uznadze Str. Tbilisi, Georgia</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Tel: (995 32) 95 9921 E-mail: tamta@mes.gov.ge</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 29 June 2006, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, received from the government of the Federal Republic of <i>Germany</i>, an objection, to the accession of the Dominican Republic under Article 44 (3) , as follows;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">The Federal Republic of Germany raises an objection to the accession of the Dominican Republic under Article 44 (3) of the Hague Convention on protection of children and co-operation in respect of Intercountry adoption from 29 May 1993. However, Germany reserves the right to withdraw the objection.</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 26 July 2007, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Guatemala</i>, a notification, as follows;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">...the designation of the Presidential Secretariat for Social Welfare of the Republic of Guatemala as the Central Authority...</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 18 January 2007, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, received from the government of <i>The Netherlands</i>, an objection, to the accession of Dominican Republic, as follows;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">...the Kingdom of the Netherlands (the Kingdom in Europe) raises an objection to the accession of the Dominican Republic to the Convention on protection of children and co-operation in respect of Intercountry adoption, as long as no Central Authority has been designated by the Dominican Republic.</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 01 March 2007, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, issued a notification, as follows;</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p><b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)</p> <p>The Dominican Republic deposited, in accordance with Article 44 of the above-mentioned Convention, its instrument of accession to the Convention with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands on 22 November 2006.</p> <p>The Contracting States were informed of the accession by depositary notification No. 6/2006 of 18 December 2006.</p> <p>Some Contracting States raised an objection to the accession of the Dominican Republic before 01 July 2007, namely the Netherlands and Germany, whose declarations are given below. Therefore, the Convention has not entered into force between the Dominican Republic and the above-mentioned Contracting States.</p> <p>The Convention has, in accordance with its Article 46, second paragraph, sub-paragraph a, entered into force between the Dominican Republic and the other Contracting States, which have not raised an objection to the accession of the Dominican Republic, on 1 March 2007.</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 13 August 2007, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as depositary, received from the government of <i>Portugal</i>, a notification , as follows;</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>AUTHORITIES</b></p> <p>Central and competent Authority (modification):  Instituto de Segurança Social, I.P.  Address: Rua Rosa Araújo, 43  1250/194 Lisboa</p> <p>Tel: (+351) 21310 2000  Fax: (+351) 21 3102090</p> <p>E-mail: <a href="mailto:iss@seg-social.pt">iss@seg-social.pt</a>  Internet site: <a href="http://www.seg-social.pt">www.seg-social.pt</a></p>		
<p><b>Criminal Law Convention on Corruption</b> [ETS No. 173]</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>On 10 September 2007, the Council of Europe, as depositary, received from the government of <i>United Kingdom</i>, a reservation, as follows;</p> <p>In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 2, of the Convention, the Government of the United Kingdom declares that it intends to uphold, wholly, the reservations made in accordance with Article 37 of the Convention. These reservations concern Articles 7,12 and 17 of the Convention.</p>	<p>Strasbourg 27 Jan., 1999</p>	<p>027/2006 Cm 6958</p>

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p><b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b> (continued)</p> <p>With regards to Article 7, the existing provision in the law of the United Kingdom (section 1 of the Prevention of Corruption Act 1906), whilst capturing most of the conduct referred to in Article 7, does not explicitly refer to the circumstance in which a bribe is not given directly to the individual who is being induced to act in a particular way but to a third party. It was previously explained that the Government was seeking, in the context of a wider reform, to amend this aspect of the law in England, Wales and Northern Ireland to ensure explicit coverage through a draft Corruption Bill published in 2003.</p> <p>However, in light of Parliamentary criticism that Bill was not formally introduced to Parliament and in December 2005 the Government issued a further consultation paper with the aim of establishing a consensus on an appropriate formulation. The consultation closed in March 2006 and the summary of responses was published in March this year. In light of this consultation the Government has asked the Law Commission to undertake, as a priority, a further fundamental review and to prepare a draft Bill. We intend that this new Bill will, along with a wider reform, amend this aspect of the law. Separate consideration is also being given to this issue in Scotland. Therefore, for the time being, the United Kingdom wishes to maintain its reservation to Article 7 which was made in accordance with Article 37, paragraph 1.</p> <p>The United Kingdom also wishes to maintain its reservation made in accordance with Article 37, paragraph 1, not to establish as a criminal offence all of the conduct referred to in Article 12. The law of the United Kingdom covers much of the conduct referred to in Article 12 but only in so far as an agent relationship exists between the “influence seller” and the person influenced.</p> <p>In respect of Article 17, section 109 of the Anti-terrorism, Crime and Security Act 2001 [<i>for Scotland section 69 of the Criminal Justice (Scotland) Act 2003</i>], gave the United Kingdom courts jurisdiction over the common law offence of bribery, the section 1 offences of the Public Bodies Corrupt Practices Act 1889, and the section 1 offences of the 1906 Act, when they are committed overseas by United Kingdom nationals and incorporated bodies.</p> <p>The United Kingdom courts therefore apply the jurisdictional rule laid down in Article 17, paragraph 1 (b), except that jurisdiction is limited to United Kingdom nationals, and accordingly does not cover public officials or members of domestic public assemblies except where they are United Kingdom nationals. The law has not changed.</p> <p>The United Kingdom is therefore maintaining its reservation made in accordance with Article 17, paragraph 2, and Article 37, paragraph 2, to apply the jurisdictional rule laid down in Article 17, paragraph 1 (b) only where the offender is a United Kingdom national. The United Kingdom is also maintaining its reservation made under Article 17, paragraph 2, and Article 37, paragraph 2, not to apply the jurisdictional rule laid down in Article 17, paragraph 1 (c) at all.</p>		



	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Agreement</b> concerning the adoption of uniform technical prescriptions for Wheeled Vehicles, Equipment and Parts which can be fitted and/or be used on Wheeled Vehicles and the conditions for reciprocal recognition of approvals granted on the basis of these prescriptions</p> <p>Note- On 06 September 2006, Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, communicated, the following;</p> <p><b>AUSTRALIA : NOTIFICATION OF DISAGREEMENT UNDER ARTICLE 12 (2) OF THE AGREEMENT</b></p> <p>Within the period of six months from the date of depositary notifications;</p> <p><b>C.N.845.2007.TREATIES-4 of 06 September 2007</b>, by which the Secretary-General transmitted to the Governments of the Contracting Parties a copy of the following Draft regulation;</p> <p>“Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicles with regard to the forward field of vision of the driver”,</p> <p><b>C.N.846.2007.TREATIES-5 of 06 September 2007</b>, by which the Secretary-General transmitted to the Governments of the Contracting Parties a copy of the following Draft regulation ;</p> <p>“Uniform provisions concerning the approval of partitioning systems to protect passengers against displaced luggage, supplied as non-original equipment” ,</p> <p>... the Government of Australia notified, on 06 September 2007, its disagreement with the said draft Regulations. Therefore, in accordance with article 1 (4) of the Agreement, the above-mentioned Regulations will not enter into force for Australia on the date of their adoption.</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 6</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of direction indicators for motor vehicles and their trailers, 15 October 1967</p> <p>Note- In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 3 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1159.2006.TREATIES-2 of 11 December 2006</p>	<p>Geneva 20 Mar., 1958</p>	<p>007/1965 Cmnd 2535</p>

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Regulation No 7</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of front and rear position (side) lamps, stop-lamps and end-outline marker lamps for motor vehicles (except motor cycles) and their trailers, 15 October 1967</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 7 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1160.2006.TREATIES-2 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 11</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to door latches and door retention components, 01 June 1969</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 11 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1161.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 13</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of categories M, N and O with regard to braking, 01 June 1970</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 13 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1162.2006.TREATIES-2 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No.13-H.</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of passenger cars with regard to braking, 01 May 1998</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 13-H with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1163.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p>		



	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 14</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to safety-belt anchorages, 1 April 1970</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 143 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1164.2006.TREATIES-2 of 11 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 16</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. Safety-belts and restraint systems for occupants of power-driven vehicles II. Vehicles equipped with Safety-belts, 01 December 2004.</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 16 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1165.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 17</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the seats, their anchorages and any head restraints, 01 December 1970</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 05 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 17 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1166.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 19</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle fog lamps, 01 March 1971</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 19 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1167.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 26</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their external projections, 01 July 1972</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 26 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1168.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 29</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the occupants of the cab of a commercial vehicle, 15 June 1974</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 29 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1169.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 32</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a rear-end collision, 01 July 1975</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 32 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1170.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 33</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a head-on collision, 01 July 1975</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 33 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1171.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 34</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the prevention of fire risk, 01 July 1975</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 34 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1172.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 37</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of filament lamps for use in approved lamp units of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers, 01 February 1978</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 37 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1173.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No 38</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear fog lamps for power-driven vehicles and their trailers, 01 August 1978</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 38 with effect from 11 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1174.2006.TREATIES-1 of 11 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 40</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor cycles equipped with a positive-ignition engine with regard to the emission of gaseous pollutants by the engine, 01 September 1979</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 06 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 40 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1178.2006.TREATIES-1 of 12 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)		
<p><b>Regulation No. 42</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their front and rear protective devices (bumpers, etc), 01 June 1980</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 42 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1179.2006.TREATIES-1 of 12 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 43</b> Uniform provisions concerning approval of safety glazing and glazing materials, 15 February 1981</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 43 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1180.2006.TREATIES-1 of 12 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 44</b> Uniform provisions concerning approval of restraining devices for child occupants of power-driven vehicles (“child restraint system”), 01 February 1981</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 44 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1181.2006.TREATIES -1 of 12 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 45</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of headlamp cleaners, and of power-driven vehicles with regard to headlamp cleaners, 01 July 1981</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 45 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1182.2006.TREATIES-1 of 12 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 47</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of mopeds equipped with a positive-ignition engine with regard to the emission of gaseous pollutants by the engine, 01 November 1981</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 47 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1183.2006.TREATIES-1 of 12 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 48</b> Uniform provisions concerning approval of vehicles with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices, 01 January 1982</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1,2</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 48 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1184.2006.TREATIES-5 of 12 December 2006 <sup>2</sup> Ref to C.N.1185.2006.TREATIES-6 of 12 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 49</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of compression ignition (C.I.) and Natural Gas (NG) engines as well as positive-ignition (P.I.) engines fuelled with liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and vehicles equipped with C.I. and NG engines and P.I. engines fuelled with LPG, with regard to the emissions of pollutants by the engine, 15 April 1982</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 49 with effect from 12 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1186.2006.TREATIES-2 of 12 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 69</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear marking plates for slow-moving vehicles (by construction) and their trailers, 15 May 1987</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 69 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1201.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 78</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles of category L with regard to braking, 15 October 1988</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 78 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1202.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 80</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of seats of large passenger vehicles and of these vehicles with regard to the strength of the seats and their anchorages, 23 February 1989</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 80 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1203.2006.TREATIES-2 of 18 December 2006</p> <p><b>Regulation No. 81</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear-view mirrors of two-wheeled power-driven vehicles with or without side car, with regard to the mounting of rear-view mirrors on handlebars, 01 March 1989</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 81 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1204.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b> (continued)		
<p><b>Regulation No. 87</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of daytime running lamps for power-drive vehicles, 01 November 1990</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 87 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1205.2006.TREATIES-3 of 18 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 88</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of retroreflective tyres for two-wheeled vehicles, 10 April 1991</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 88 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1206.2006.TREATIES-2 of 18 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 98</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps equipped with gas-discharge light sources, 15 April 1996</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 98 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1208.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p>		
<p><b>Regulation No. 101</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of passenger cars equipped with an internal combustion engine with regard to the measurement of the emission of carbon dioxide and fuel consumption and of categories M1 and N1 vehicles equipped with an electric power train with regard to the measurement of electric energy consumption and range, 01 January 1997</p> <p>Note-</p> <p>In accordance with Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Agreement, the proposed Amendments which were circulated by the Secretary-General of the United Nations, as depositary, on 09 July 2007<sup>1</sup> were considered to be adopted and binding upon all Contracting Parties applying Regulation 101 with effect from 18 June 2007.</p> <p><sup>1</sup> Ref to C.N.1209.2006.TREATIES-1 of 18 December 2006</p>		















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