Procurement Policy Note – EU statistics on public procurement – annual return for calendar year 2012

Action Note 07/13 06 August 2013

Issue
1. Request for annual statistical returns on utilities procurement contracts awarded in calendar year 2012. These should be emailed to the Cabinet Office at eustatistics2012@cabinet-office.gsi.gov.uk

Timing
2. Annual statistical returns should be inputted to the Cabinet Office system by 9th September 2013.
   a. Please respond to eustatistics2012@cabinet-office.gsi.gov.uk including a relevant email address for the person in your organisation responsible for the annual statistical returns by 16th of August 2013, to enable individual invitations to be issued in time. However, authorities are asked to request registration without delay and not wait until that date.
   b. Once they have registered, authorities are requested to ensure that their returns are entered into the data collection system as soon as possible and no later than 9th September 2013. Nil returns are required.

Dissemination
3. This PPN is directly applicable to Central Government Departments (including their Executive Agencies, and Non Departmental Public Bodies) and the wider public sector (including local authorities and NHS bodies).
4. Please circulate this document to the relevant individual within your organisation for action and to all Contracting Authorities for which you are responsible.

Contact
5. Enquiries about this PPN should be directed to the Service Desk 0845 000 4999 servicedesk@cabinet-office.gsi.gov.uk.

Background
6. The provision relating to the statistics exercise can be found in Regulation 40 of the Public Contracts Regulations (PCR):
   and in Regulation 46 of the Defence and Security Regulations (DSPCR):

7. Information is required for each contract or framework agreement awarded during calendar year 2012 where the estimated value is above the threshold of the Regulations (or is otherwise caught by the aggregation rules) and it does not fall within the scope of one of the specified exemptions contained within the Regulations. This is a legal requirement, not a matter of discretion. Please note that we do not require information on contracts “called-off” from framework agreements as it is
information about the framework agreement itself that is required.

8. Annex 1 is the detailed request for data for the Defence and Security Regulations. Further details on the general requirements in respect of the public procurement and DSPCR returns respectively; and allowable justifications for use of the negotiated procedure (if and where applicable) for the PCR and DSPCR respectively, together with instructions on use of the new data input process [will be sent with the registration email/will be available via the system].

Detail

9. Separate returns (including nil-returns) are required for each contracting authority, including Non-Departmental Public Bodies (NDPBs), Local Authorities, NHS bodies, relevant education bodies and Registered Social Landlords / Housing Associations, unless an Agency appears as a separate entity in Annex 1 of this PPN. Similarly, returns from discrete operational units or individual purchasing units within a contracting authority should be incorporated into the main return and not separately identified.

10. For supply contracts, the Ministry of Defence should submit separate returns for those contracts subject to the World Trade Organisation’s Government Procurement Agreement (GPA) and those that are subject to the EU rules only.

11. Government departments should complete the on-line data forms in place of sending returns to the Cabinet Office. Contracting authorities that are not Government departments are also asked to input their returns directly. This is a change from previous years, when these authorities submitted their returns to the relevant parent body, for onward transmission to the Cabinet Office. The responsible departments are not required to aggregate and input the individual returns from the bodies for which they are responsible. They are, however, requested to ensure that the bodies for which they are responsible input complete, credible returns, submitted on time.

12. The following entities are considered to be the responsibility of the administration or department shown alongside their title:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entity</th>
<th>Responsible Body</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authorities subject to the legislative competence of the Scottish Parliament</td>
<td>The Scottish Procurement Directorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authorities subject to the legislative competence of the National Assembly for Wales</td>
<td>Value Wales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authorities subject to the legislative competence of the Northern Ireland Assembly</td>
<td>Department of Finance &amp; Personnel Central Procurement Directorate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BBC</td>
<td>Department of Culture Media and Sport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Universities and further education establishments</td>
<td>Department for Business, Innovation and Skills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing Associations and Registered Social Landlords</td>
<td>Communities and Local Government</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Background

The Defence and Security Public Contracts Regulations (DSPCR) 2011 applies to defence and sensitive security procurements by contracting authorities throughout England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland where procurement procedures began on or after 21 August 2011. Defence Equipment and Support (DE&S) within the Ministry of Defence (MOD) has the lead in reporting DSPCR activity to the EU on behalf of the UK. In DE&S this responsibility is held by DES Director Commercial Services CPaG 3A.

Reporting Requirement

As with the PCR, DSPCR statistical information is required for each contract or framework agreement awarded during calendar year 2012 where the estimated value is above the threshold of the regulations and does not fall within the scope of one of the specified exemptions contained within the regulations. Again, this is a legal requirement, not a matter of discretion. The process for reporting varies with the status of the reporting body:

DSPCR returns from all non MOD contracting authorities and utilities: In accordance with Chapter 18, Para 11 DSPCR 2011 dated 21 August 2011 - http://www.mod.uk/NR/rdonlyres/C3A838F8-FB63-4B1B-A4DE-1DDCB13C920D/0/dspcr_chapter18_stast_reports_update2.pdf all DSPCR returns from non-MOD bodies are to be entered in the same way as non defence and security returns using the data collection system by 30 August 2013. Nil returns are required. The Cabinet Office will collate these responses and forward to DES Comrcl CPaG 3A@mod.uk.

DSPCR returns from MOD (including Trading Fund Agencies): In accordance with Chapter 18, Para 13 DSPCR 2011 dated 21 August 2011 - http://www.mod.uk/NR/rdonlyres/C3A838F8-FB63-4B1B-A4DE-1DDCB13C920D/0/dspcr_chapter18_stast_reports_update2.pdf all MOD bodies are to report DSPCR activity within using DEFFORM 49B to DES Comrcl CPaG 3A@mod.uk (Gillian Lewis) (EU DSPCR Stats rev 09/11) within 15 working days after each contract award. Statistics will be automatically gathered electronically by CPaG throughout the year and no additional reporting is required.

Within DES, Comrcl CPaG 3A will collate all DSPCR returns and send a co-ordinated report to the EU on behalf of the UK. Any queries are to be directed to DES Comrcl CPaG 3A@mod.uk (Gillian Lewis).

Information is required in respect of each supply, work and Part A service awarded in 2012. All authorities must provide a contact name, e-mail address and telephone number.

In obtaining and preparing returns, departments should note the following general points:

a) EU procurement Thresholds applicable in 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>SUPPLY</th>
<th>WORKS</th>
<th>SERVICES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entities listed in</td>
<td>£113,057</td>
<td>£4,348,350</td>
<td>£113,057*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule 1 (See Annex A)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other public sector</td>
<td>£173,974</td>
<td>£4,348,350</td>
<td>£173,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contracting authorities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*With the exception of the following services, which have a threshold of £173,974

- Part B (residual) services
- Research & Development Services (Category 8)
- The following Telecommunications services in Category 5
  - CPC 7524 - Television and Radio Broadcast services
  - CPC 7525 - Interconnection services
  - CPC 7526 - Integrated telecommunications services
- Subsidised services contracts under regulation 34 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2006

b) Contracting authorities are required to provide statistics for each contract at or above the relevant threshold awarded under the Regulations during 2012 (but see note l. below on aggregation). Only contracts which were awarded during calendar year 2012 should be included in returns. Contracts for which the award procedure commenced in 2012 but for which the contract was not awarded until 2013 should not be included.

c) Actual or estimated total contract values, exclusive of VAT, should be given. Please do not include annual figures.

d) Contracting authorities should include contracts which they have themselves awarded. This includes procurements for which another contracting authority has acted as an agent. A procurement by one department from another should be included (by the former) only if the requirement was put out to competition and awarded under the Regulations. Details of procurements not covered by contracts, for example customer service agreements with gas or water companies, are not required. Purchase orders are regarded as contracts.

e) A number of contracting authorities have formed consortia to act as central purchasing bodies. Such consortia are themselves contracting authorities and should submit a return,
either under their own name or one of the consortium members.

f) Wherever possible, the price at which a contract was awarded should be used. If this is not possible, e.g. because the contract was for call-offs up to a certain value, or contains a variation of price formula or provides the contracting authority with an option to extend - the best estimate of the total value should be used.

g) Where a framework agreement has been awarded in accordance with the rules this should be indicated on the input form. The value shown should be the estimated value of anticipated call-offs or the maximum possible value of call-offs. Where more than one framework agreement has been awarded in response to a single requirement authorities should estimate the likely total value of call-offs. Authorities should not report the value of call-offs, either from their own or from centrally arranged frameworks that have been awarded on their behalf. The assumption should be that the authority that has awarded the framework would report the information. Similarly Schedule 1 bodies should not include any below threshold information on such centrally arranged frameworks.

h) Care should be taken to state the nationality of suppliers and not the origin of goods or services. For instance, a contract for foreign built computers bought from a UK dealer or a UK subsidiary of the manufacturer should be treated as a UK contract.

i) CPV codes must be used. The relevant code can be obtained from the contract notice or contract award notice used for the procurement in question. Alternatively they can be downloaded from the SIMAP website – http://simap.europa.eu/codes-and-nomenclatures/codes-cpv/codes-cpv_en.htm. We have had clarification from the European Commission that it is only necessary to include the category of CPV code i.e. the first five digits. For example, “15321” is sufficient for procurements for orange juice (CPV 15321100-5).

j) Contracting Authorities should indicate whether contracts advertised in the Official Journal (OJEU) were awarded under the open, restricted, competitive dialogue or negotiated procedure. For contracts awarded under the negotiated procedure, whether advertised in the OJEU or not, the appropriate justification for the use of that procedure should be given. The text of the possible justifications set out in the regulations is reproduced at Annex 3.

General Requirements

These should be entered in the same way as the non-defence and security returns, by completing the online survey upon receipt of an invitation. When submitting your returns please select from the drop down menu that the defence and security public contract regulations were used. This website should be used for completing the statistical returns, including NIL returns. Information is required in respect of each supply, work and Part A service awarded in 2012. All authorities must provide a contact name, e-mail address and telephone number.

In obtaining and preparing returns, departments should note the following general points:

a) Defence and Security Public Procurement Thresholds applicable in 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Goods and Services</th>
<th>Works</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>£347,868</td>
<td>£4,348,350</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b) Contracting authorities are required to provide statistics for each contract at or above the relevant threshold awarded under the Regulations during 2012 (but see note l. below on aggregation). Contracting authorities which are included in Schedule 1 to the Public Contracts Regulations (or their successors) are also required to report the estimated total value of their below threshold contracts.

c) Only contracts which were awarded during calendar year 2012 should be included in returns. Contracts for which the award procedure commenced in 2012 but for which the contract was not awarded until 2012 should not be included.

d) Actual or estimated total contract values, exclusive of VAT, should be given. Please do not include annual figures.

e) Contracting authorities should include contracts which they have themselves awarded. This includes procurements for which another contracting authority has acted as an agent. A procurement by one department from another should be included (by the former) only if the requirement was put out to competition and awarded under the Regulations. Details of procurements not covered by contracts, for example customer service agreements with gas or water companies, are not required. Purchase orders are regarded as contracts.

f) A number of contracting authorities have formed consortia to act as central purchasing bodies. Such consortia are themselves contracting authorities and should submit a return, either under their own name or one of the consortium members.

g) Wherever possible, the price at which a contract was awarded should be used. If this is not possible, e.g. because the contract was for call-offs up to (but not necessarily reaching) a certain value, or contains a variation of price formula or provides the contracting authority with an option to extend - the best estimate of the total value should be used.

h) Where a framework agreement has been awarded in accordance with the rules this should be indicated on the spreadsheet. The value shown should be the estimated value of anticipated call-offs or the maximum possible value of call-offs. Where more than one framework agreement has been awarded in response to a single requirement authorities should estimate the likely total value of call-offs. Authorities should not report the value of call-offs, either from their own or from centrally arranged frameworks that have been awarded on their behalf. The assumption should be that the authority that has awarded the framework would report the information. Similarly Schedule 1 bodies should not include any below threshold information on such centrally arranged frameworks.

i) Care should be taken to state the nationality of suppliers and not the origin of goods or services. For instance, a contract for foreign built computers bought from a UK dealer or a UK subsidiary of the manufacturer should be treated as a UK contract.

j) CPV codes must be used. The relevant code can be obtained from the contract notice or
contract award notice used for the procurement in question. Alternatively they can be downloaded from the SIMAP website –http://simap.europa.eu/codes-and-nomenclatures/codes-cpv/codes-cpv_en.htm. We have had clarification from the European Commission that it is only necessary to include the category of CPV code i.e. the first five digits. For example, “15321” is sufficient for procurements for orange juice (CPV 15321100-5)

k) Contracting Authorities should indicate whether contracts advertised in the Official Journal (OJEU) were awarded under the restricted, competitive dialogue or negotiated procedure. For contracts awarded under the negotiated procedure, whether advertised in the OJEU or not, the appropriate justification for the use of that procedure should be given. The text of the possible justifications set out in the regulations is reproduced at Annex 3 (A)

l) Contracts that are below the threshold should be included in the detailed returns where they have been advertised because of the aggregation rules. This applies where they are part of a series of contracts for goods of the same type which, in aggregate, exceed the threshold.
Annex 3 – Justification for the use of the Negotiated Procedure

Contracting authorities should indicate in their return the justification for non-advertisement of a contract by reference to the appropriate letter (A-O) which relate to the specific provisions shown below, taken from regulations 13 and 14 of the Public Contracts Regulations.

Part 1
Use of the negotiated procedure with prior publication of a contract notice.

A

13. A contracting authority may use the negotiated procedure with the prior publication of a contract notice in accordance with regulation 17(3) in the following circumstances—

(a) subject to regulation 14(1)(a)(i), in the event that the procedure leading to the award of a contract by the contracting authority using the open procedure, the restricted procedure or the competitive dialogue procedure was discontinued because of—

(i) irregular tenders; or

(ii) unacceptable tenders following an evaluation made in accordance with regulation 15(11) or 16(7);

but only if the original terms of the proposed contract offered in the discontinued procedure have not been substantially altered in the negotiated procedure;

B

(b) exceptionally, when the nature of the work or works to be carried out, the goods to be purchased or hired or the services to be provided under the contract or the risks attaching to them are such as not to permit prior overall pricing;

C (services only)

(c) in the case of a public services contract, when the nature of the services to be provided, in particular in the case of services specified in category 6 of Part A of Schedule 3 and intellectual services, such as services involving the design of work or works, is such that specifications cannot be established with sufficient precision to permit the award of the contract using the open procedure or the restricted procedure; or

D (works only)

(d) in the case of a public works contract, when the work or works are to be carried out under the contract solely for the purpose of research, testing or development but not with the aim of ensuring profitability or to recover research and development costs.
Part 2

Use of the negotiated procedure without prior publication of a contract notice

14. —(1) A contracting authority may use the negotiated procedure without the prior publication of a contract notice in accordance with regulation 17(3) in the following circumstances—

E

(a) in the case of a public contract—

(i) when a contracting authority is using the negotiated procedure in accordance with regulation 13(a) and invites to negotiate the contract every economic operator which submitted a tender following an invitation made during the course of the discontinued open procedure or restricted procedure (not being a tender which was excluded in accordance with regulation 15(11) or 16(7));

F

(ii) subject to paragraph (2), in the absence of tenders, suitable tenders or applications in response to an invitation to tender by the contracting authority using the open procedure or the restricted procedure but only if the original terms of the proposed contract offered in the discontinued procedure have not been substantially altered in the negotiated procedure;

G

(iii) when, for technical or artistic reasons, or for reasons connected with the protection of exclusive rights, the public contract may be awarded only to a particular economic operator;

H

(iv) when (but only if it is strictly necessary) for reasons of extreme urgency brought about by events unforeseeable by, and not attributable to, the contracting authority, the time limits specified in—

(aa) regulation 15 for the open procedure;

(bb) regulation 16 for the restricted procedure; or

(cc) regulation 17 for the negotiated procedure;
cannot be met;

I (supplies only)

(b) in the case of a public supply contract—

(i) when the goods to be purchased or hired under the contract are to be
manufactured solely for the purpose of research, experiment, study or
development but not when the goods are to be purchased or hired with
the aim of ensuring profitability or to recover research and development
costs;

J (supplies only)

(ii) subject to paragraph (3), when the goods to be purchased or hired
under the contract are required by the contracting authority as a partial
replacement for, or in addition to, existing goods or an installation and
when to obtain the goods from a supplier other than the supplier which
supplied the existing goods or the installation would oblige the
contracting authority to acquire goods having different technical
characteristics which would result in—

(aa) incompatibility between the existing goods or the installation
and the goods to be purchased or hired under the contract;
or

(bb) disproportionate technical difficulties in the operation
and maintenance of the existing goods or the installation;

K (supplies only)

(iii) for the purchase or hire of goods quoted and purchased on a
commodity market;

L (supplies only)

(iv) to take advantage of particularly advantageous terms
for the purchase of goods in a closing down sale or in a
sale brought about because a supplier is subject to a
procedure referred to in regulation 23(4)(a), (b) or (c);

M (services only)
(c) in the case of a public services contract, when the rules of a design contest require the contract to be awarded to the successful contestant or to one of the successful contestants, provided that all successful contestants are invited to negotiate the contract;

N (works or services only)

(d) in the case of a public works contract or a public services contract—

(i) subject to paragraph (4), when a contracting authority wants an economic operator which has entered into a public works contract or a public services contract with the contracting authority to carry out additional work or works or provide additional services which were not included in the project initially considered or in the original public works contract or public services contract but which through unforeseen circumstances have become necessary, and such work, works or services—

(aa) cannot for technical or economic reasons be carried out or provided separately from those under the original contract without major inconvenience to the contracting authority; or

(bb) can be carried out or provided separately from those under the original contract but are strictly necessary to the later stages of the performance of that contract; and

O (works or services only)

(ii) subject to paragraph (5), when a contracting authority wants an economic operator which has entered into a public works contract or a public services contract with that contracting authority to carry out new work or works or provide new services which are a repetition of the work or works carried out or the services provided under the original contract and which are in accordance with the project for the
A contracting authority may use the negotiated procedure without the prior publication of a contract notice in accordance with Regulation 16 in the following circumstances:

**Part 1**

**Use of the negotiated procedure with prior publication of a contract notice.**

**A**

(i) subject to paragraph (2), in the absence of tenders, suitable tenders or applications in response to a restricted procedure, a negotiated procedure with prior publication of a contract notice or a competitive dialogue procedure but only if the original terms of the proposed contract offered in the discontinued procedure have not been substantially altered in the negotiated procedure;

(ii) when, for technical reasons, or for reasons connected with the protection of exclusive rights, the contract may be awarded only to a particular economic operator;

(iii) when the periods laid down for the restricted procedure and negotiated procedure with the prior publication of a contract notice, including the shortened periods referred to in regulations 16(6), 16(19) and 17(8), are incompatible with the urgency resulting from a crisis;

(iv) when, (but only if strictly necessary) for reasons of extreme urgency brought about by events unforeseeable by and not attributable to, the contracting authority, the time limits specified in:-

(aa) Regulation 16 for the restricted procedure; or

(bb) Regulation 17 for the negotiated procedure;

cannot be met.

**B**

In the case of a supply contract:-

(i) Subject to Paragraph (3), when the goods to be purchased or hired under the contract are required by the contracting authority as a partial replacement for, or in addition to, existing goods or an installation and when to obtain the goods from a supplier other than the supplier which supplied the existing goods or the installation would oblige the contracting authority to acquire goods having different technical characteristics which would result in:-

(aa) incompatibility between the existing goods or the installation and the goods to be purchased or hired under the contract; or
(bb) disproportionate technical difficulties in the operation and maintenance of the existing goods or the installation.

(ii) For the purchase or hire of goods quoted and purchased on a commodity market;

(iii) To take advantage of particularly advantageous terms for the purchase of goods in a closing down sale or in a sale brought about because a supplier is subject to a procedure referred to in Regulation 22(4)(a), (b) or (c).

C

In the case of a services or supply contract:

(i) for research and development services other than those referred to on regulation 6 (1) (l);

(ii) when the good to be purchased or hired under the contract are to be manufactured solely for the purpose of research or development but not when the goods are to be purchased or hired with the aim of ensuring profitability or to recover research and development costs.

D

In the case of a works contract or a services contract:

(i) Subject to paragraph (5), when a contracting authority wants an economic operator which has entered into a works or services contract with the authority to carry out additional work or works or provide additional services which were not included in the project initially considered or in the original works contract or services contract, but which through unforeseen circumstances have become necessary, and such work, works or services:

(aa) cannot for technical or economical reasons be carried out or provided separately from those under the original contract without major inconvenience to the contracting authority; or

(bb) can be carried out or provided separately from those under the original contract but are strictly necessary to the later stages of the performance of the contract; and

(ii) Subject to paragraph (6), when a contracting authority wants an economic operator which has entered into a works contract or a services contract with that contracting authority to carry out new work or works or provide new services which are a repetition of the work or works carried out or the services provided under the original contract and which are in accordance with the project for the purpose of which the first contract was entered into.

E

In the case of a contract related to the provision of air and maritime transport services for the armed forces or security forces of a member state deployed or to be deployed abroad, when the contracting authority has to procure such services from economic operators that guarantee the validity of their tenders only for such short periods that the time limit for the restricted procedure or the negotiated procedure with the prior publication of a contract notice, including the shortened time limits as referred to in regulations 16(6), 16(9) and 17(8), cannot be complied with.
In the event that the procedure leading to the award of a contract by the contracting authority using the restricted procedure, the negotiated procedure with the prior publication of a contract notice or the competitive dialogue procedure was discontinued because of-

(i) Irregular tenders, or

(ii) Unacceptable tenders following an evaluation made in accordance with regulations 22, 23, 24 and 25, but only if-

(aa) the original terms of the proposed contract offered in the discontinued procedure have not been substantially altered;

(bb) the contracting authority invites all of, and only, those economic operators which submitted a tender following an invitation made during the course of the discontinued procedure (not being a tender which was excluded in accordance with regulation 16(7), 17(9) or 18(10)) to negotiate the contract.

Use of the Negotiated Procedure with Prior Publication of a Contract Notice (Regulation 18)

Under DSPCR the negotiated procedure with prior publication of a contract notice (also referred to as the “competitive negotiated procedure”) does not have the same limitations for application as under PCR.

Therefore there is no requirement to identify the justification for using this procedure on the DSPCR statistical return.
Annex 4 – How to fill in your Statistics Returns for 2012

This guide will help you fill in your annual statistical (stats) return for 2012. It is important that you read and understand this before you complete the form. You must submit your returns by **30 August 2013**.

This new process is easier, quicker and more convenient and there is additional on-screen help and hover-over tools should you need it. The new online form closely follows the design on last year’s spreadsheet; the main difference is that this can now be completed online. It intended to be easier to read and use than previous years’ forms. However, should you be unable to use the new system then returns the same as last year’s form will still be accepted (in which case please contact the Service Desk for a copy of the form – contact details are below).

1) To receive access to the online form, first you must email the EU stats returns with an email address(es) of the person(or people) that are carrying out the EU stats return on behalf of your contracting authority (please note that this has already been done for all local authorities). The email address for the return of these emails is eustatistics2012@cabinet-office.gsi.gov.uk. The deadline for this is the **9th of September 2013**, to enable individual invitations to be issued in time for the deadline of completion.

2) Upon receipt of this email address the named party will shortly be sent an email from **GPSSurveyUser** that will look like the email below. This email will contain a hyperlink, and this hyperlink will take you directly to the registration entry page.

3) Once you are taken to the entry page please enter your first name, Last Name, E-mail and Work Phone number. Please note: that there is no need to enter your preferred language, preferred number format, preferred date format or time zone as these are all set to a default. These details will confirm your identity for entry into the survey and this will allow you to re-enter the survey as and when you choose by only re-entering your E-mail.
4) Once you click the Save and go to Survey button this will take you to the online form. This online form will look like the page below. For further details of each data input, more detail will be revealed by hovering over any particular column title for a couple of seconds. You are asked to fill in your returns onto this online form directly.

5) Section A: is the responder identity section. Please input all the identity information as required, including if you are/are not a Schedule 1 body (or a successor). A comprehensive list of the Schedule 1 (and successor) bodies are listed in Annex 5. In the final question 'Please state if data has been submitted' – this will automatically default to NIL return. If you are submitting a NIL return then please leave this as the default answer and go straight to clicking on the submit button at the bottom of the survey. If not, please select the Return Data Being Submitted option from the drop down menu and continue to the next section.

6) Section B: Below Threshold Amounts – Please note that this year this section is only applicable to returns for the DSPCR. For every all other returns please leave this blank.

7) Section C: Above threshold amounts – this is applicable to all contracting authorities please fill in this section for each above threshold contract that has been awarded for the calendar year of 2012. If you have used the Defence and security regulations for your contract then please select
Yes from the drop down menu for this. If not please leave this as its default of No. Nationality codes are provided if you hover over the Nationality of provider column title. Please select using the drop down menus; the type of contract, the contract award, the reason for negotiated procedure use (if applicable) and framework information. For all other fields please enter the information into the space provided. Upon completion of all of your contracts for 2012 please click on the submit button.

8) Once you have filled in your contracts and you have clicked submit, you have completed your annual statistical return for 2013.
Cabinet Office

Office of the Parliamentary Counsel

Central Office of Information

Charity Commission

Crown Estate Commissioners (Vote Expenditure Only)

Crown Prosecution Service

Department for Business, Innovation and Skills

  Competition Commission
  Gas and Electricity Consumers’ Council
  Higher Education Funding Council for England
  National Weights and Measures Laboratory
  Office of Manpower Economics
  Patent Office

Department of Communities and Local Government

  Rent Assessment Panels

Department for Culture, Media and Sport

  British Library
  British Museum
  Commission for Architecture and the Built Environment
  The Gambling Commission
  Historic Buildings and Monuments Commission for England (English Heritage)
  Imperial War Museum
  Museums, Libraries and Archives Council
  National Gallery
  National Maritime Museum
  National Portrait Gallery
  Natural History Museum
  Science Museum
  Tate Gallery
  Victoria and Albert Museum
  Wallace Collection
Department for Education

Department for Energy and Climate Change

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
  Agricultural Dwelling House Advisory Committees
  Agricultural Land Tribunals
  Agricultural Wages Board and Committees
  Cattle Breeding Centre
  Countryside Agency
  Plant Variety Rights Office
  Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew
  Royal Commission on Environmental Pollution

Department of Health
  Dental Practice Board
  National Health Service Strategic Health Authorities
  NHS Foundation Trusts
  Prescription Pricing Authority

Department for International Development

Department of the Procurator General and Treasury Solicitor
  Legal Secretariat to the Law Officers

Department for Transport
  Maritime and Coastguard Agency

Department for Work and Pensions
  Disability Living Allowance Advisory Board
  Independent Tribunal Service
  Medical Boards and Examining Medical Officers (War Pensions)
  Occupational Pensions Regulatory Authority
  Regional Medical Service
  Social Security Advisory Committee

Export Credits Guarantee Department

Foreign and Commonwealth Office
  Wilton Park Conference Centre

Government Actuary’s Department

Government Communications Headquarters

Home Office
HM Inspectorate of Constabulary

House of Commons
House of Lords

Ministry of Defence
  Defence Equipment & Support
  Meteorological Office

Ministry of Justice
  Boundary Commission for England
  Combined Tax Tribunal
  Council on Tribunals
  Court of Appeal - Criminal
  Employment Appeals Tribunal
  Employment Tribunals
  HMCS Regions, Crown, County and Combined Courts (England and Wales)
  Immigration Appellate Authorities
  Immigration Adjudicators
  Immigration Appeals Tribunal
  Lands Tribunal
  Law Commission
  Legal Aid Fund (England and Wales)
  Office of the Social Security Commissioners
  Parole Board and Local Review Committees
  Pensions Appeal Tribunals
  Public Trust Office
  Supreme Court Group (England and Wales)
  Transport Tribunal

The National Archives
National Audit Office
National Savings and Investments
National School of Government
Northern Ireland Assembly Commission
Northern Ireland Court Service
  Coroners Courts
  County Courts
Court of Appeal and High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland
Crown Court
Enforcement of Judgements Office
Legal Aid Fund
Magistrates’ Courts
Pensions Appeals Tribunals

Northern Ireland, Department for Employment and Learning
Northern Ireland, Department for Regional Development
Northern Ireland, Department for Social Development
Northern Ireland, Department of Agriculture and Rural Development
Northern Ireland, Department of Culture, Arts and Leisure
Northern Ireland, Department of Education
Northern Ireland, Department of Enterprise, Trade and Investment
Northern Ireland, Department of the Environment
Northern Ireland, Department of Finance and Personnel
Northern Ireland, Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety
Northern Ireland, Office of the First Minister and Deputy First Minister

Northern Ireland Office
  Crown Solicitor’s Office
  Department of the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland
  Forensic Science Laboratory of Northern Ireland
  Office of the Chief Electoral Officer for Northern Ireland
  Police Service of Northern Ireland
  Probation Board for Northern Ireland
  State Pathologist Service

Office of Fair Trading
Office for National Statistics
  National Health Service Central Register

Office of the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration and Health Service Commissioners
Paymaster General's Office
Postal Business of the Post Office
Privy Council Office
Public Record Office
HM Revenue and Customs
   The Revenue and Customs Prosecutions Office
Royal Hospital, Chelsea
Royal Mint
Rural Payments Agency
Scotland, Auditor-General
Scotland, Crown Office and Procurator Fiscal Service
Scotland, General Register Office
Scotland, Queen’s and Lord Treasurer’s Remembrancer
Scotland, Registers of Scotland
The Scotland Office
The Scottish Ministers
   Architecture and Design Scotland
   Crofters Commission
   Deer Commission for Scotland
   Lands Tribunal for Scotland
   National Galleries of Scotland
   National Library of Scotland
   National Museums of Scotland
   Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh
   Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland
   Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council
   Scottish Law Commission
   Community Health Partnerships
   Special Health Boards
   Health Boards
   The Office of the Accountant of Court
   High Court of Justiciary
   Court of Session
   HM Inspectorate of Constabulary
   Parole Board for Scotland
   Pensions Appeal Tribunals
   Scottish Land Court
Sheriff Courts
Scottish Police Services Authority
Office of the Social Security Commissioners
The Private Rented Housing Panel and Private Rented Housing Committees
Keeper of the Records of Scotland

The Scottish Parliamentary Body Corporate

HM Treasury
United Kingdom Debt Management Office

The Wales Office (Office of the Secretary of State for Wales)

The Welsh Ministers
Higher Education Funding Council for Wales
Local Government Boundary Commission for Wales
The Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Wales
Valuation Tribunals (Wales)
Welsh National Health Service Trusts and Local Health Boards
Welsh Rent Assessment Panels