About this form

Use this form to claim back tax we owe you on a flexible access pension payment you recently received where you've:
• taken a pension flexibility payment which used up all your fund
• received a serious ill health lump sum payment
• received a P45 from your pension provider

If you're not a UK resident for tax purposes you do not need to complete this form. Instead, go to www.gov.uk/tax-foreign-income/taxed-twice or phone the Taxes Helpline on 0300 200 3300.

So that we can make sure we repay the right amount of tax to you, complete this form with details of any other income that you expect to receive during the tax year. If you do not know the final figures enter the most accurate estimates you can.

If you fill in a Self Assessment (SA) Tax Return:
• you'll need to tell us in the declaration section of this form whether or not you want us to include estimated SA income when calculating your repayment
• and you do not want us to include estimated SA income in your claim, you do not need to include it when completing this form
• you'll still need to pay any balancing payments owed and payments on account when due, you can ask us to use your repayment to lower your payments on account

About you

1 Title
   For example Mr, Mrs, Miss, Ms or Dr

2 Your surname or family name

3 Your first name

4 Your address
   Postcode

5 Your contact telephone number

6 Best time to contact you

7 Your date of birth  DD MM YYYY

8 Your National Insurance number
   Example - QQ123456A

9 Your employer PAYE reference number
   Example - 123/A246

What to do now

Fill in questions 1 to 9 below, then complete all other questions which are relevant to you.

Use whole numbers, rounded down to the nearest pound.

Make sure that you sign the declaration on page 9.

For more guidance you can phone Tax help for Older People on 01308 488 066. They're an independent charity who give free tax advice to older people on low incomes.

If you need a large print version of the form phone the Taxes Helpline on 0300 200 3300.
Employment income

Enter your total pay from all employment (including any part-time work) before tax is taken off. You should include the income you expect to receive from 6 April to 5 April of the tax year you received your flexibly accessed pension payment. If you’ve more than one job, list each employer and the amount of expected pay from each.

If you’ve any taxable benefits such as a company car or medical insurance, you also need to include an estimated figure for these. For more information on Tax and National Insurance on company benefits, go to www.gov.uk/tax-company-benefits

If you’re not sure of the amount of taxable benefit that you’re going to receive, you can ask your employer for an estimate of the amount for the tax year.

10 Do you expect to receive income from paid employment during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No   □  If No, go to question 11

Yes □  If Yes, fill in the table below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employer</th>
<th>Expected amount of income from employer before tax</th>
<th>Do you receive taxable benefits from this employer (Y/N)</th>
<th>Total estimated amount of taxable benefits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Self-employment income

Only show profits from self-employment. Paid employment should be included in question 10. Tax is only paid on profits from income or earnings after any deductions for expenses or allowances. Enter the amount before tax is taken off.

11 Do you expect to receive any profit from self-employment during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No   □  If No, go to question 13

Yes □  If Yes, go to question 12

12 Total amount of profits

£00
UK pension income

We’ll ask about State Pension details at question 14.

This includes income from:
- pension annuities
- workplace
- occupational and personal pensions
- small pension (trivial commutation)
- flexible pension payments paid as lump sums
- serious ill health lump sum
- lump sum death benefit payment

Customers filling in this form should not include non-taxable income in this section so any lump sum death benefit payment that is tax free, should not be declared.

Enter the full amount of any UK pension income that you expect to get before tax is taken off and the taxable part of the flexible pension payment (this will be shown on Part 1A of the form P45 that your pension provider gave you).

For more information on how your pension income is taxed, go to www.gov.uk/tax-on-pension

13. Have you or do you expect to receive income from any UK pension during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>If No, go to question 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>If Yes, fill in the table below</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pension payer's full name and address</th>
<th>Full amount of any UK pension income you expect to receive before tax is taken off</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Details of pension flexibility payments or serious ill health lump sum payments paid as lump sums

Do not include any non-taxable element of the payment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of pension company making the flexibility payment or serious health lump sum payment</th>
<th>Tax deducted</th>
<th>Taxable lump sum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Taxable state benefits

The most common taxable state benefits are:
• taxable Incapacity Benefit
• Jobseeker’s Allowance
• State Pension
• taxable Employment and Support Allowance
• taxable Carer’s Allowance

If you put off claiming your State Pension and you’ve received or expect to receive a lump sum this tax year you should include the amount in this section. For more information on benefits and a full list of all taxable state benefits, go to www.gov.uk/income-tax/taxfree-and-taxable-state-benefits

List each type of taxable state benefit and the amount you get or expect to get separately.

To work out the amount you’ll get, multiply the amount of your regular payment by the number of payments you expect to get in the tax year.

14 Do you expect to receive any taxable state benefits during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No ☐  If No, go to question 15

Yes ☐  If Yes, fill in the table below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of taxable state benefit</th>
<th>Full amount of any taxable state benefits you expect to receive before tax is taken off</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Taxed interest on UK savings and investment income

As well as bank and building society interest, include interest from other deposit takers and interest paid by:

- UK authorised unit trusts (AUTs)
- open-ended investment companies (OEICs)
- National Savings and Investment products such as fixed rate Guaranteed Income or Growth Bonds
- investment trusts
- Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) compensation payments

The bank should have sent you statements showing the interest paid.

Only enter details of any interest that will be taxed before you receive it. If you've a joint account only enter your share, usually 50%, of the interest received.

These investments sometimes pay dividends. If this applies then you'll need to answer the questions under Dividends from UK companies. For more information on bank and building society accounts, go to [www.gov.uk/apply-tax-free-interest-on-savings](http://www.gov.uk/apply-tax-free-interest-on-savings)

15 Do you expect to receive taxed interest on UK savings and investment income during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

- No □ If No, go to question 18
- Yes □ If Yes, go to question 16

16 Total amount of savings interest (before tax)

£ 0

17 Total tax paid

£ 0

Untaxed interest on UK savings

Examples of accounts and products that may pay untaxed interest are:

- National Savings and Investment products such as
  - Direct Saver
  - Easy Access Savings Accounts (EASAs)
  - Income Bonds
  - Investment Accounts
- bank and building society accounts and other deposit takers (including where you completed an R85)
- interest paid on private loans
- interest received on Payment Protection Insurance (PPI) compensation payments

You do not need to include tax exempt products such as ISAs in this section.

For more information about investments that give a tax-free return, go to [www.gov.uk/apply-tax-free-interest-on-savings](http://www.gov.uk/apply-tax-free-interest-on-savings)

If you've a joint account only enter your share, usually 50%, of the interest received and only enter interest that will not be taxed before you receive it.

If you get interest from National Savings Ordinary Accounts only enter the amount above £70.

18 Do you expect to receive untaxed interest on UK savings during the tax year 2022 to 2023?

- No □ If No, go to question 20
- Yes □ If Yes, go to question 19

19 Total amount of untaxed interest you expect to receive

£ 0
Dividends from UK companies

These include:
- UK company dividends
- stock dividends
- dividends from UK Authorised Unit Trusts (AUTs)
- Open-ended Investment Companies (OEICs)
- investment trusts

For more information on dividends, go to www.gov.uk/tax-on-dividends

Each dividend voucher will show the tax credit and dividend payable. Enter the total of all dividends you were paid or expect to be paid. Do not include the tax credit.

20 Do you expect to receive dividend income from stocks and shares in the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No ☐ If No, go to question 22

Yes ☐ If Yes, go to question 21

21 Total amount of dividend income

£0

Any other income

This includes income from:
- property
- trusts
- commissions
- tips
- foreign income (give the type of foreign income, for example dividends)
- profits paid out on UK life insurance policies – the insurance company should have sent you a chargeable event certificate showing this information
- any other income that you've not entered anywhere else on the form

For more information on trusts, go to www.gov.uk/personal-tax/trusts or tax on foreign savings and investments, go to www.gov.uk/tax-foreign-income

Make a separate entry for each type of income. For more information on taxable and non-taxable income at a glance, go to www.gov.uk/income-tax

If the income is a payment from a life insurance policy only enter the profit amount. The insurance company should have sent you a chargeable event certificate showing this information.

22 Do you expect to receive any other income in the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No ☐ If No, go to question 23

Yes ☐ If Yes, fill in the table below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source of any other income</th>
<th>Full amount of other income you expect to receive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Gift Aid payments

The Gift Aid scheme is for gifts of money to charities or Community Amateur Sports Clubs (CASCs). The charity or CASC will ask you to declare that you pay UK tax and will then claim the tax back from HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC).

If you've not paid tax equal to the amount the charity or CASC claims back we'll include the difference when we work out your repayment.

For more information on Giving to charity through Gift Aid, go to www.gov.uk/donating-to-charity/gift-aid

23 Do you expect to make any Gift Aid payments in the tax year 2022 to 2023?

No ☐ If No, go to ‘How we'll make your repayment’

Yes ☐ If Yes, go to question 24

24 Total amount of Gift Aid payments you expect to make in the tax year 2022 to 2023?

You should include regular payments and any one-off payments

£ 0

25 Total amount of one off Gift Aid payments

Total amount of one-off Gift Aid payments included in question 24

£ 0

How we'll make your repayment

When we've worked out any repayment due to you, we'll send you a cheque. We can send this direct to you at your home address or to your nominee’s address. The cheque can only be paid into an account held in your name or your nominee’s.

Repayments cannot be made by Bacs (Bankers Automated Clearing Service).

26 Where should we send the repayment to?

☐ Your address (go to Declaration)

☐ Your nominee’s address (go to question 27 to 29)

A nominee’s address details

27 Name of nominee

28 If your nominee is your tax advisor, enter their reference

29 Nominee’s address

Postcode
Declaration

I can confirm that the information on this form is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I enclose Parts 2 and 3 of all P45 forms that I have received for flexibly accessed pension payments or serious health lump sum payments.

Self Assessment customers
Do you want us to include your self-assessment income when calculating any repayment of tax due to you?

No ☐

Yes ☐

I confirm I've read the self-assessment section on page 1 and know I must declare any repayment received on my next tax return.

Full name

Signature

Date DD MM YYYY

Daytime telephone number (including area code)

If you've signed on behalf of someone else, give the capacity in which you're signing this form

Claims can be made by:
• the person authorised by the courts to look after the affairs of a mentally incapacitated adult (or the Department for Work and Pensions appointee)
• an attorney authorised by an ordinary or general power of attorney

Tell us if you've signed the form as either:
• Administrator
• Executor
• Power of Attorney
• Receiver
• Trustee
What to do now
We cannot deal with your claim without parts 2 and 3 of your P45 form, your pension provider should have given you this. If you've lost or not received your P45 ask your pension provider for duplicate details before sending this form. If you later find the original P45, you must not give parts 2 and 3 to any new employer or pension provider because this may affect the tax you pay at the end of the year. Do not send photocopies.

Select one of the options below

☐ I've enclosed parts 2 and 3 of my form P45 'Details of employee leaving work'

☐ I cannot get a form P45

Tell us why in the box below, for example because you're retired or a UK Crown servant employed abroad.

☐ Check you've completed all parts of the form that are relevant to you

☐ Check that you've completed, signed and dated the declaration on page 9

Send this form to:
Pay As You Earn
HM Revenue and Customs
BX9 1AS

How we use your information
HMRC is a Data Controller under the Data Protection Act 1998. We hold information for the purposes specified in our notification to the Information Commissioner, including the assessment and collection of tax and duties, the payment of benefits and the prevention and detection of crime, and may use this information for any of them.

We may get information about you from others, or we may give information to them. If we do, it will only be as the law permits to:
• check the accuracy of information
• prevent or detect crime
• protect public funds

We may check information we receive about you with what is already in our records. This can include information provided by you, as well as by others, such as other government departments or agencies and overseas tax and customs authorities. We'll not give information to anyone outside HMRC unless the law permits us to do so. For more information go to www.gov.uk/hmrc and look for Data Protection Act within the Search facility.

Your rights and obligations
Your Charter explains what you can expect from us and what we expect from you. For more information go to www.gov.uk/government/publications/your-charter