

Avian influenza (bird flu) controls

Rules on meat produced from poultry and farmed game birds originating in the Protection Zone

03 November 2020 (updated 13 May 2022)

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Summary

This document applies to food business operators (FBOs) (excluding distributors and retailers) following the declaration of protection and surveillance zones to control Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) in the following locations:

- Near Chirk, Wrexham (declared on 2 November 2021)
- Near Alcester, Bidford, Warwickshire (declared on 8 November 2021)
- Near Frinton-on-Sea, Tendring, Essex (declared on 12 November 2021)
- Near Salwick, Fylde, Lancashire (declared 14 November 2021)
- Near Leeming Bar, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (declared on 14 November 2021)
- Near Kirkham, Fylde, Lancashire (declared 17 November 2021)
- Near Willington, South Derbyshire, Derbyshire (declared 19 November 2021)
- Near Pokesdown, Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole (declared 19 November 2021)
- Near Silecroft, Copeland, Cumbria (declared on 21 November 2021)
- Near Mouldsworth, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire (21 November 2021)
- Near North Fambridge, Maldon, Essex (21 November 2021)
- Near Wells-next-the-Sea, North Norfolk, Norfolk (22 November 2021)
- Near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (24 November 2021)
- Second premises near Leeming Bar, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (24 November 2021)
- Second premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (24 November 2021)
- Near Barrow-upon-Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire (25 November 2021)
- Third premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (26 November 2021)
- Near Poulton-le-Fylde, Wyre, Lancashire (26 November 2021)
- Near Gaerwen, Isle of Anglesey, Wales (26 November 2021)
- Fourth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (26 November 2021)
- Fifth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (28 November 2021)
- Second premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire (30 November 2021)

- Sixth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (2 December 2021)
- Near Tutbury, East Staffordshire, Staffordshire (2 December 2021)
- Near Leominster, North Herefordshire, Herefordshire (2 December 2021)
- Near Gretna, Dumfriesshire, Scotland (3 December 2021)
- Near Crickhowell, Powys, Wales (3 December 2021)
- Near Richmond, Richmondshire, North Yorkshire (3 December 2021)
- Near Newent, Forest of Dene, Gloucestershire (5 December 2021)
- Seventh premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (5 December 2021)
- Third premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire (6 December 2021)
- Fourth Premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire (7 December 2021)
- Near Pocklington, East Yorkshire, East Riding of Yorkshire (7 December 2021)
- Second premises near Gretna, Dumfriesshire, Dumfries and Galloway, Scotland (7 December 2021)
- Near Sudbury, Babergh, South Suffolk (8 December 2021)
- Eighth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (8 December 2021)
- Near Aspatria, Allerdale, Cumbria (9 December 2021)
- Near Annan, Dumfriesshire, Scotland (9 December 2021)
- Near Moffat, Dumfriesshire, Scotland (10 December 2021)
- Near Highworth, Swindon, Wiltshire (10 December 2021)
- Near Clifford, Hereford and South Herefordshire (10 December 2021)
- Near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (11 December 2021)
- Second premises near Willington, South Derbyshire, Derbyshire (11 December 2021)
- Second premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (12 December 2021)
- Third premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (12 December 2021)
- Near Middleton-in-Teesdale, County Durham, Durham (14 December 2021)
- Second premises near Pocklington, East Yorkshire, East Riding of Yorkshire (14 December 2021)
- Fourth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (14 December 2021)

- Fifth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (14 December 2021)
- Near Wem, North Shropshire, Shropshire (15 December 2021)
- Near Market Bosworth, Hinckley and Bosworth, Leicestershire (16 December 2021)
- Sixth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (16 December 2021)
- Ninth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire (16 December 2021)
- Seventh premises near Alford East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (16 December 2021)
- Eighth premises near Alford East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (17 December 2021)
- Ninth premises near Alford East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (18 December 2021)
- Near Helsby, Cheshire West & Chester, Cheshire (18 December 2021)

- Near King's Lynn and West Norfolk District (28 December 2021)

- Near North Somercotes, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire in Lincolnshire (28 December 2021)
- Near Watlington, King's Lynn and West Norfolk, Norfolk (30 December 2021)
- Near Romsey, Test Valley, Hampshire (30 December 2021)
- Near Mablethorpe. East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (31 December 2021)
- Near Louth, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (31 December 2021)
- Tenth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (3 January 2022)
- Near Lazonby, Eden, Cumbria (4 January 2022)
- Second premises near North Somercotes, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (5 January 2022)
- Near Upholland, West Lancashire, Lancashire (7 January 2022)
- Second premises near Louth, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire (10 January 2022)
- Near Tattenhall, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire (13 January 2022)
- Second premises near Tattenhall, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire (13 January 2022)
- Near Ross-on-Wye, Hereford and South Herefordshire, Herefordshire (20 January 2022)
- Near Crewe, Cheshire East, Cheshire (22 January 2022)

- Near Inverurie, Aberdeenshire (22 January 2022)
- Near Byker, Newcastle upon Tyne, Tyne & Wear (25 January 2022)
- Near Calveley, Cheshire East, Cheshire (28 January 2022)
- Near Ashleworth Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire (28 January 2022)
- Near Bishop's Waltham, Winchester, Hampshire (4 February 2022)
- Near Holy Island, Berwick upon Tweed, Northumberland (9 February 2022)
- Near Grimsby, North East Lincolnshire, Lincolnshire (21 February 2022)
- Near Newtown, Montgomeryshire, Powys, Wales (21 February 2022)
- Near Welshpool, Montgomeryshire, Powys, Wales (21 February 2022)
- Near Gateshead (23 February 2022)
- Near Ledbury, North Herefordshire, Herefordshire (25 February 2022)
- Near Elmswell, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk (26 February 2022)
- Near Redgrave, Mid-Suffolk, Suffolk (1 March 2022)
- Near Collieston, Aberdeenshire, Scotland (11 March 2022)
- Second premises near Redgrave, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk (11 March 2022)
- Premises near Market Weston, West Suffolk, Suffolk (12 March 2022)
- Near Beith, North Ayrshire (18 March 2022)
- Aberdeenshire, Near Strichen (19 March 2022)
- Near Woodbridge, East Suffolk, Suffolk (20 March 2022)
- Second premises near Woodbridge. East Suffolk, Suffolk (27 March 2022)
- Near Stowmarket, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk (28 March 2022)
- Third premises near Woodbridge, East Suffolk, Suffolk (30 March 2022)
- Near Newton St Cyres, Mid Devon, Devon (6 April 2022)
- Near Ely, East Cambridgeshire, Cambridgeshire (6 April 2022)
- Near Tedburn, St Mary, Teignbridge, Devon (7 April 2022)
- Near Ilminster South Somerset, Somerset (8 April 2022)
- Near Eye, Mid-Suffolk , Suffolk (8 April 2022)
- Near Tedburn St Mary , Teignbridge, Devon (13 April 2022)
- Near ilkeston, Erewash, Derbyshire (22 April 2022)
- Near Lowdham, Newark and Sherwood , Nottinghamshire (07 May 2022)

It provides an explanation of the specific rules to be followed for any meat produced from poultry or farmed game birds originating within the Protection Zone(s).

The rules relate to the marking, separation and movement of meat intended for human consumption.

We make these rules to reduce animal health risks. Other meat including poultry not originating within the Protection Zone (PZ) is unaffected.

The Food Standards Agency (FSA) advises that, based on scientific evidence, avian influenza poses a very low food safety risk for consumers. Properly cooked poultry and poultry products remain safe to eat.

This document only applies in respect of an outbreak of HPAI in poultry and is not a definitive statement of the law. The precise requirements are set out in legislation and the General Licenses we have issued.

Meat from poultry or farmed game birds originating within the PZ can be moved or sold, subject to several conditions.

These include a requirement that the health mark is replaced with a specific mark which must remain with it throughout any processing or repackaging. In England the mark is approved by the Secretary of State at the outset of each new outbreak. In Wales the mark is approved by the Welsh Ministers.

Under some specific circumstances, the recipient of poultry meat is permitted to remove the specific mark temporarily for production, and in some circumstance not to re-apply it.

Legal basis for this guidance

The following legislation is relevant to these outbreaks of HPAI:

- [The Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals \(England\) \(No.2\) Order 2006.](#)
- [The Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals \(Wales\) \(No 2\) Order 2006](#)

Restricted and unrestricted meat

The term “**restricted meat**” is used to mean:

- Meat from poultry originating from a PZ;

- Meat from poultry originating from an area that subsequently became a PZ and was slaughtered **within** 20 or fewer days of the date estimated by a veterinary inspector as being the earliest date of infection at a premises in the relevant zone. This date may change as the epidemiology of the outbreak develops. A list of dates is provided in the Table of Key Dates below;
- Meat that has not been kept separate from the previous 2 categories;
- Any meat, processed meat or meat products derived from any of the above;

To help businesses the dates which apply to restricted meat will be published online. This date may change as the epidemiology of the outbreak develops.

The term “**unrestricted meat**” is used to mean:

- Meat from poultry originating outside of a PZ; or
- Meat from poultry originating in an area that subsequently became a PZ but was slaughtered at least 21 days **before** the date estimated by a veterinary inspector as being the earliest date of infection at a premises in the relevant PZ. This date may change as the epidemiology of the outbreak develops. A list of dates is provided in the [Table of Key Dates](#) below.
- Any meat falling into the restricted meat category that has been heat treated to at least 70°C throughout by an approved establishment (in accordance with Article 4 of Regulations (EC) No 853/2004) becomes unrestricted meat and can be marked with the oval identification mark.

There are no special measures for meat produced from wild game birds during an outbreak of HPAI **in poultry**, thus all such meat is unrestricted¹.

Meat from birds slaughtered after the lifting of the PZ will be unrestricted meat.

However, meat from any birds slaughtered before the PZ is lifted and falling under the definition of restricted meat will remain restricted, as will any meat that is subsequently not kept separate from restricted meat.

Requirements of restricted meat

- Restricted meat must be marked with a special mark by an approved establishment. The special mark must then be carried throughout the chain (see illustration below)
- The special mark must not be removed except under the terms of the licence

¹ Additional measures may be introduced for outbreaks of HPAI H5N1 which will be published at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu> alongside this document

EXD264(HPAI)(EW)² which allows for the removal and reapplication of the mark for processing and repackaging;

- FBO receiving live poultry, farmed game or farmed game carcasses from a PZ must ensure that meat from those birds is obtained, cut, transported, and stored separately from other meat;
- Restricted meat which is fully packaged and correctly marked might be stored and transported alongside packaged unrestricted meat.
- Restricted meat which is not fully packaged must not be stored or transported alongside unrestricted meat, whether or not the unrestricted meat is packaged.
- Restricted meat must be produced in accordance with:
 - [Article 63 \(2\) of The Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals \(England\) \(No.2\) Order 2006](#) in England
 - [Article 63 \(2\) of The Avian Influenza and Influenza of Avian Origin in Mammals \(Wales\) \(No 2\) Order 2006](#) in Wales

Slaughterhouses which are designated by the FSA to receive and process birds from a PZ must notify its clients accordingly.

The special mark shall be:



Special mark:

- (a) UK – letters 8 mm high
- (b) XXXX – numbers 11 mm high (where XXXX is the approval number of the premises, as referred to in point 7 of Part B or Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004)
- (c) Diameter (to outer edge of border) – not less than 30 mm
- (d) thickness of border - 3mm

***When applied to retail packaging, the size of the mark may vary according to the size of the packaging; however, it must be legible to the naked eye**

In the case of packaging containing cut meat or offal, the mark must be applied to a label

² Published at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu> alongside this document

fixed to the packaging, or printed on the packaging, in such a way that it is destroyed when the packaging is opened.

This is not necessary, however, if the process of opening destroys the packaging.

When wrapping provides the same protection as packaging, the label may be affixed to the wrapping.

The mark may be applied to the external surface of products of animal origin that are placed in transport containers or large packages. This includes containers or packages for further handling, processing, wrapping, or packaging in another establishment.

You are required to maintain the special mark on packaging or wrapping throughout the chain until it reaches the consumer.

General licence EXD264(HPAI)(EW)³ allows for the special mark to be removed for the purposes of processing and/or repacking, subject to the conditions set out in the Schedule.

Retail butchers and catering establishments directly supplying the final consumer may remove the special mark and are not required to reapply it.

Any unrestricted meat that has come into contact with restricted meat must be handled as if it were controlled meat.

This includes if it has come into contact at any stage of transport, storage, processing, or handling. In these circumstances the above conditions, including marking, must be applied.

Movement of restricted meat and products

General licence EXD249(HPAI)(EW)⁴ is available to allow movements subject to the conditions of that licence being met. Movement of restricted meat out of Great Britain cannot be authorised.

Requirements for premises to process meat during an outbreak

Slaughterhouses are required to apply to the FSA for designation if they are located:

- in a PZ
- in a Surveillance Zone (SZ), or

³ Published at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu> alongside this document

⁴ Published at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/avian-influenza-bird-flu> alongside this document

- outside of the PZ and SZ and receive and process poultry originating from within the PZ or SZ

Apply for a designation by emailing: approvals@food.gov.uk.

These designations are defined as:

- Level 1 – Slaughterhouses handling only unrestricted poultry originating from the SZ or slaughterhouses located within the PZ or SZ receiving poultry from outside the PZ which will produce unrestricted meat during an outbreak of avian influenza
- Level 2 – Slaughterhouses receiving poultry originating from within the PZ which will produce restricted meat during an outbreak of avian influenza

Disposal of waste and animal by-products

Level 2 designated slaughterhouses processing birds from the PZ are required to adhere to the special animal by-product (ABP) categorisation and disposal rules in accordance with [Articles 9, 10, 13 and 14 of Regulation \(EC\) No 1069/2009](#), as amended:

- No raw product is allowed to go into pet food production
- FBO will need a written confirmation from the rendering company that Category 3 ABP material will be subjected to a minimum heat treatment of 70°C
- If the FBO does not have this confirmation, Category 3 ABPs from birds originating from a PZ must be disposed as Category 2 ABP or above
- If Category 3 ABPs from birds originating in the PZ get mixed with Category 3 ABP from birds outside the PZ, the above controls apply to the entirety.

All approved meat processing establishments handling restricted meat bearing the special mark are advised to dispose of Category 3 ABP through a route that involves heat treatment to a minimum of 70°C.

On-farm slaughtering and exemptions from identification and health marking

You must obtain a Licence from APHA before you slaughter your poultry at your on-farm slaughter facility when it is in a Protection or Surveillance Zone.

This Licence includes a requirement for pre-slaughter inspection and, in the Protection Zone, additional conditions for onward movement of the meat.

Find out more about applying for a specific licence on GOV.UK.

Registered on-farm slaughter facilities are only registered for the direct supply of small quantities of fresh meat from poultry and lagomorphs (hares and rabbits) slaughtered on the farm to:

- the final consumer local retail establishments directly supplying the final consumer as fresh meat

Registered slaughter facilities are not eligible to apply a health or identification mark to meat.

At these establishments, the Special Mark described in this document must not be applied as this would suggest a degree of meat inspection and control that does not apply at these premises.

The absence of a mark achieves the same outcome as the animal health Special Mark as the meat may only be sold within Great Britain and is not eligible for export to Third countries, including countries of the European Union.

Where the slaughterhouse is not an FSA Approved establishment, the facility must have been registered with [your Local Authority](#) for a Primary Producer exemption in line with the requirements of the retained EU Regulations (EC) No 853/2004.

Where a registered on-farm slaughter facility is in the PZ you must also apply to APHA for your On-farm Slaughter Facility to be designated before slaughtering.

Table of key dates

In the rules, the terms “restricted meat” and “unrestricted meat” are defined on the basis of when poultry are slaughtered, and by reference to the date estimated by a veterinary inspector as being the earliest date of infection at a premise in the relevant zone.

The following list, for each recent Infected Premises (IP), defines this date. This information may change as the epidemiology of an outbreak develops.

HPAI H5N1 Outbreak October 2021 onwards

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Near Lowdham, Newark and Sherwood, Nottinghamshire	7 May 2022	TBC	TBC	TBC
Near Ilkeston, Erewash, Derbyshire	22 April 2022	13 April 2022	24 March 2022	TBC
Near Tedburn St Mary, Teignbridge, Devon	13 April 2022	8 April 2022	19 March 2022	TBC
Near Eye, Mid-Suffolk, Suffolk	8 April 2022	28 March 2022	8 March 2022	TBC
Near ilminster, South, Somerset, Somerset	8 April 2022	2 April 2022	13 March 2022	TBC
Near Tedburn, St Mary, Teinbridge, Devon	7 April 2022	29 March 2022	09 March 2022	TBC
Near Ely, East Cambridgeshire, Cambridgeshire	6 April 2022	31 March 2022	11 March 2022	TBC
Near Newton St Cyres, Mid Devon, Devon	6 April 2022	15 March 2022	23 February 2022	TBC
Third premises near Woodbridge, East Suffolk, Suffolk	30 March 2022	21 March 2022	1 March 2022	TBC
Near Stowmarket, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk	28 March 2022	22 March 2022	2 March 2022	TBC
Second premises near Woodbridge , East Suffolk, Suffolk	27 March 2022	20 March 2022	28 February 2022	TBC
Near Woodbridge, East Suffolk, Suffolk	20 March 2022	13 March 2022	21 February 2022	TBC
Aberdeenshire, near Strichen	19 March 2022	6 March 2022	14 February 2022	TBC
Near Beith, North Ar Yorkshire	18 March 2022	24 March 2022	4 March 2022	TBC

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Premises near Market Weston, West Suffolk, Suffolk	12 March 2022	25 February 2022	5 February 2022	TBC
Second premises near Redgrave, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk	11 March 2022	7 March 2022	15 February 2022	TBC
Near Collieston, Aberdeenshire, Scotland	11 March 2022	27 February 2022	7 February 2022	TBC
Near Redgrave, Mid-Suffolk, Suffolk	1 March 2022	23 February 2022	3 February 2022	TBC
Near Elmswell, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk	26 February 2022	11 February 2022	22 January 2022	TBC
Near Ledbury, North Herefordshire, Herefordshire	25 February 2022	9 February 2022	20 January 2022	TBC
Near Gateshead	23 February 2022	16 February 2022	27 January 2022	TBC
Near Welshpool, Montgomeryshire, Powys, Wales	21 February 2022	15 February 2022	26 January 2022	TBC
Near Newtown, Montgomeryshire, Powys, Wales	21 February 2022	15 February 2022	26 January 2022	TBC
Near Grimsby, North East Lincolnshire, Lincolnshire	21 February 2022	15 February 2022	26 January 2022	TBC
Near Holy Island, Berwick upon Tweed, Northumberland	9 February 2022	4 February 2022	15 January 2022	TBC
Near Bishop's Waltham, Winchester, Hampshire	4 February 2022	23 January 2022	24 January 2022	TBC
Near Ashleworth,	28 January	22 January	2 January 2022	TBC

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire	2022	2022		
Near Calveley, Cheshire East, Cheshire	28 January 2022	23 January 2022	3 January 2022	TBC
Near Byker, Newcastle upon Tyne, Tyne & Wear	25 January 2022	18 January 2022	29 December 2021	TBC
Near Inverurie, Aberdeenshire	22 January 2022	22 November 2021	2 November 2021	TBC
Near Crewe, Cheshire East, Cheshire	22 January 2022	16 January 2022	27 December 2021	TBC
Near Ross-on-Wye, Hereford and South Herefordshire, Herefordshire	20 January 2022	14 January 2022	25 December 2021	TBC
Second premises near Tattenhall, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire	13 January 2022	7 January 2022	18 December 2021	TBC
Near Tattenhall, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire	13 January 2022	7 January 2022	18 December 2021	TBC
Second Premises near Louth, East Lindsey,	10 January 2022	3 January 2022	14 December 2021	TBC

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Lincolnshire				
Near Upholland, West Lancashire, Lancashire	7 January 2022	22 December 2021	2 December 2021	14 March 2022
Second premises near North Somercotes, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	5 January 2022	31 December 2021	11 December 2021	24 March 2022
Near Lazonby, Eden, Cumbria	4 January 2022	27 December 2021	7 December 2021	12 March 2022
Tenth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	3 January 2022	28 December 2021	8 December 2021	16 March 2022
Near Louth, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	31 December 2021	25 December 2021	5 December 2021	28 March 2022
Near Mablethorpe, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	31 December 2021	21 December 2021	1 December 2021	TBC
Near Romsey, Test Valley, Hampshire	30 December 2021	25 December 2021	5 December 2021	5 February 2022
Near North Somercotes, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire in	28 December 2021	21 December 2021	1 December 2021	24 March 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Lincolnshire				
Near Watlington, King's Lynn and West Norfolk District	28 December 2021	23 December 2021	3 December 2021	9 February 2022
Near Helsby, Cheshire West & Chester, Cheshire	18 December 2021	12 December 2021	22 November 2021	8 March 2022
Ninth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	18 December 2021	10 December 2021	20 November 2021	23 March 2022
Eighth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	17 December 2021	10 December 2021	20 November 2021	23 March 2022
Seventh premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	16 December 2021	8 December 2021	18 November 2021	23 March 2022
Ninth Premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	16 December 2021	8 December 2021	18 November 2021	5 March 2022
Sixth Premises, near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	16 December 2021	10 December 2021	20 November 2021	16 March 2022
Premises near Market Bosworth, Hinckley and Bosworth, Leicestershire	16 December 2021	8 December 2021	18 November 2021	9 February 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Near Wem, North Shropshire, Shropshire	15 December 2021	9 December 2021	19 November 2021	9 February 2022
Second premises near Gretna , Dumfriesshire, Dumfries and Galloway, Scotland	3 December 2021	10 December 2021	20 November 2021	10 January 2022
Fifth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	14 December 2021	9 December 2021	19 November 2021	23 March 2022
Fourth premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	14 December 2021	7 December 2021	17 November 2021	23 March 2022
Second premises near Pocklington, East Yorkshire, East Riding of Yorkshire	14 December 2021	8 December 2021	18 November 2021	7 February 2022
Near Middleton-in-Teesdale, County Durham, Durham	14 December 2021	5 December 2021	15 November	17 February 2022
Third premises near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	12 December 2021	5 December 2021	15 November 2021	23 March 2022
Second premises near Alford, East Lindsey,	12 December 2021	7 December 2021	17 November 2021	23 March 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Lincolnshire				
Second premises near Willington, South Derbyshire, Derbyshire	11 December 2021	26 November 2021	6 November 2021	13 February 2022
Near Alford, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire	11 December 2021	2 December 2021	12 November 2021	23 March 2022
Near Clifford, Hereford and South Herefordshire, Herefordshire	10 December 2021	5 December 2021	15 November 2021	25 January 2022
Near Highworth, Swindon, Wiltshire	10 December 2021	4 December 2021	14 November 2021	29 January 2022
Near Moffat, Dumfriesshire, Scotland	10 December 2021	2 December 2021	12 November 2021	5 January 2022
Near Annan, Dumfries and Galloway, Scotland	9 December 2021	3 December 2021	13 November 2021	7 January 2022
Near Aspatria, Allerdale, Cumbria	9 December 2021	3 December 2021	13 November 2021	31 January 2022
Eighth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	8 December 2021	2 December 2021	12 November 2021	21 January 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Near Sudbury, Babergh, South Suffolk	8 December 2021	30 November 2021	10 November 2021	20 January 2022
Near Pocklington, East Yorkshire, East Riding of Yorkshire	7 December 2021	28 November 2021	8 November 2021	7 February 2022
Forth premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire	7 December 2021	30 November 2021	10 November 2021	3 February 2022
Third premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire	6 December 2021	29 November 2021	9 November 2021	3 February 2022
Seventh premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	5 December 2021	28 November 2021	8 November 2021	5 March 2022
Near Newent, Forest of Dene, Gloucestershire	5 December 2021	21 November 2021	1 November 2021	24 January 2022
Near Richmond, Richmondshire, North Yorkshire	3 December 2021	25 November 2021	5 November 2021	5 March 2022
Near Crickhowell, Powys, Wales	3 December 2021	26 November 2021	6 November 2021	4 January 2022
Near Gretna,	3 December	26	6 November 2021	10 January

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Dumfries and Galloway, Scotland	2021	November 2021		2022
Near Leominster, North Herefordshire, Herefordshire	2 December 2021	25 November 2021	5 November 2021	14 January 2022
Near Tutbury, East Staffordshire, Staffordshire	2 December 2021	18 November 2021	29 October 2021	25 January 2022
Sixth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	2 December 2021	25 November 2021	5 November 2021	5 March 2022
Second premises near Barrow upon Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire	30 November 2021	22 November 2021	2 November 2021	3 February 2022
Fifth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	28 November 2021	22 November 2021	2 November 2021	5 March 2022
Forth premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	26 November 2021	18 November 2021	29 October 2021	5 March 2022
Near Gaerwen, Isle of Anglesey, Wales	26 November 2021	19 November 2021	30 October 2021	18 December 2021
Near Poulton-le-Fylde, Wyre, Lancashire	26 November 2021	13 November 2021	24 October 2021	17 February 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Third premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	26 November 2021	19 November 2021	30 October 2021	5 March 2022
Near Barrow-upon-Soar, Charnwood, Leicestershire	25 November 2021	18 November 2021	29 October 2021	3 February 2022
Second premises near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	24 November 2021	16 November 2021	27 October 2021	5 March 2022
Second premises near Leeming Bar, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	24 November 2021	17 November 2021	28 October 2021	31 December 2021
Near Thirsk, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	24 November 2021	15 November 2021	26 October 2021	5 March 2022
Near Wells-next-the-Sea, North Norfolk, Norfolk	22 November 2021	12 November 2021	23 October 2021	24 December 2021
Near North Fambridge, Maldon, Essex	21 November 2021	15 November 2021	26 October 2021	23 December 2021
Near Mouldsworth, Cheshire West and Chester, Cheshire	21 November 2021	13 November 2021	24 October 2021	18 January 2022

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Near Silecroft, Copeland, Cumbria	21 November 2021	12 November 2021	23 October 2021	4 January 2022
Near Pokesdown, Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole	19 November 2021	13 November 2021	24 October 2021	20 December 2021
Near Willington, South Derbyshire, Derbyshire	17 November 2021	9 November 2021	20 October 2021	TBC
Near Kirkham, Fylde, Lancashire	17 November 2021	9 November 2021	20 October 2021	24 December 2021
Near Leeming Bar, Hambleton, North Yorkshire	14 November 2021	4 November 2021	15 October 2021	31 December 2021
Near Salwick, Fylde, Lancashire	14 November 2021	6 November 2021	17 October 2021	24 December 2021
Near Frinton-on-Sea, Tendring, Essex	12 November 2021	28 October 2021	8 October 2021	17 December 2021
Near Alcester, Bidford, Warwickshire	8 November 2021	30 October 2021	10 October 2021	3 December 2021
Premises in the	4 November	27 October	7 October 2021	26 November

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Angus constituency, Scotland	2021	2021		2021
Near Chirk, Wrexham, Wales	2 November 2021	26 October 2021	6 October 2021	26 November 2021

*** These tables of dates will be updated as the outbreak develops. The earliest infection date and the related “restricted” date may change as the investigations into the source of disease on each infected premises develops. We will update this table to reflect revised dates.**

Restricted meat remains restricted despite the ending of the Protection Zone.

HPAI Outbreaks November 2020 – April 2021

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Near Uttoxeter, East Staffordshire	29 March 2021	18 March 2021	26 February 2021	22 April 2021
Near Redcar, North Yorkshire	8 February 2021	30 January 2021	10 January 2021	2 March 2021
Near Amlwch, Wales	28 January 2021	20 January 2021	31 December 2020	20 February 2021
Near Exmouth, East	29 December	19 December	29 November	21 January

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Devon, Devon	2020	2020	2020	2021
Ickburgh, near Watton, Breckland, Norfolk	28 December 2020	12 December 2020	22 November 2020	27 January 2021
Attleborough, Breckland, Norfolk	28 December 2020	2 December 2020	12 November 2020	19 January 2021
Hawes, Richmondshire, North Yorkshire	22 December 2020	9 December 2020	12 November 2020	10 January 2021
Attleborough, Breckland, Norfolk	20 December 2020	29 November 2020	9 November 2020	19 January 2021
Gillingham, North Dorset, Dorset	19 December 2020	12 December 2020	22 November 2020	11 January 2021
Orkney, Scotland	19 December 2020	6 December 2020	16 November 2020	12 January 2021
Willington, South Derbyshire	15 December 2020	30 November 2020	10 November 2020	8 January 2021
Kings Lynn, Norfolk	5 December 2020	28 November 2020	8 November 2020	10 January 2020
Attleborough, Norfolk	4 December 2020	27 November 2020	7 November 2020	9 January 2021
Northallerton, North Yorkshire	3 December 2020	22 November 2020	2 November 2020	29 December 2020
Northallerton, North Yorkshire	3 December 2020	22 November 2020	2 November 2020	29 December 2020
Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire	23 November 2020	13 November 2020	24 October 2020	17 December 2020

Infected Premises	Protection Zone Declared	Earliest Infection Date*	Meat produced from poultry originating in this area on or since this date is restricted *	Until the Protection Zone is lifted
Leominster, Herefordshire	12 November 2020	4 November 2020	15 October 2020	9 December 2020
Frodsham, Herefordshire	3 November 2020	24 October 2020	4 October 2020	27 November 2020

*** These tables of dates will be updated as the outbreak develops. The earliest infection date and the related “restricted” date may change as the investigations into the source of disease on each infected premises develops. We will update this table to reflect revised dates.**

Restricted meat remains restricted despite the ending of the Protection Zone.

Legal references

From 1 January 2021, other than in Northern Ireland, any references to EU Regulations should be read as meaning retained EU law.

You can access retained EU law via [HM Government EU Exit Web Archive](#). This should be read alongside any EU Exit legislation that was made to ensure retained EU law operates correctly in a UK context.

The [EU Exit legislation](#) is available on legislation.gov.uk. In Northern Ireland, EU law will continue to apply in respect to most of the food and feed hygiene and safety law, as listed in the Northern Ireland Protocol, and retained EU law will not apply to Northern Ireland in these circumstances.